

CHICAGO RACE RIOTS GROWING IN SCOPE

Italians Enter Fray Against Blacks on North Side.

STATE TROOPS WAIT CALL

Negroes and Whites Both Take Initiative in Clashes, While Police Fire Into Crowds.

(Continued From First Page.)

reserve units were mobilized at various towns throughout the state, awaiting word to enter for Chicago. This gave a potential military force of approximately 6,000 as a background for the city police force.

The police concentration was the most complete in the city's history, exceeding even that which preceded successfully with the Haymarket anarchists more than three decades ago.

Governor Lowden interrupted a trip to Nebraska and hurriedly returned to Chicago. With Adjutant-General Dickson, he was in full co-operation with the municipal authorities, and in constant touch with developments.

The troops already here will be kept in the armories, the governor said, as preparation for any emergency.

Square Deal Urged.

"I want to see all the citizens of Chicago get thorough protection and a square deal all around," said Mayor Thompson, and his thought was echoed by the governor. The mayor said he wanted to appeal to all citizens to give their protection to their fellow citizens and to aid the authorities in restoring order.

The governor said he had no idea as to the responsibility for the outbreak of violence, and said he could see no point in going into responsibility at this time, but that the present duty was to suppress disorder and uphold the law.

"I am sure a large majority of the people are in favor of law and order," continued the governor, "and they must do everything to avert another outbreak of race feeling."

General Dickson, who made several trips of inspection through the negro district, said he found the police better distributed than on previous nights.

Body of Negro Found.

The body of a negro who had been shot to death and burned was found tonight in the west side Italian district when the police were looking for a riot. He had been stabbed also and gasoline poured on his body and set afire.

The most serious situation prevailed in the south side, where thousands of negroes and whites had gathered.

Virtually all north side and loop police were ordered to this area, thus leaving almost without police protection sections from which came reports of intermittent outbreaks.

A sinister silence that prevailed in the black belt on the south side at dusk gave way to confusion and sharp clashes later.

Negro Meetings Broken Up.

Where these outbreaks occurred the negroes predominated in numbers. Several meetings at negro halls were broken up by the police, after which crowds formed on the streets.

Troops had not been ordered to patrol the black belt, the police maintaining that they were still able to handle the situation.

The street car strike seemed to aid the spread of race rioting, which surged up from the south side into the loop on the heels of thousands walking from work who ordinarily ride. Streets ordinarily almost deserted were busy with pedestrians, men and boys, whose numbers afforded rich opportunities for racial quarrels.

Throughout the day and evening Governor Lowden was in conference with city officials, state officers and heads of state militia units. He also called for advice from Colonel Milton Foreman, Abel Davis, Henry J. Kelly, Henry Allen and John W. Clinch, who commanded Illinois regiments in France.

In addition, Colonel Joseph R. Sanborn, who led the old "Dandy First" overseas, was reported en route to Chicago from Springfield. Samuel Insull, former chairman of the state council of defense, and Roger Sullivan, democratic leader, also saw the governor.

The governor let it be known that four regiments of state troops were ready for duty at a minute's notice, and that they would be sent into the riot district as soon as a request came from the proper municipal authorities.

Prisoners Since Battle.

Some of the most serious rioting of the day occurred at the city jail when 100 negro prisoners exercising outside their cells overpowered a negro guard and raced into the exercise room of the white prisoners. There were between 600 and 700 white prisoners in the room. When the negroes rushed into the room there was an instant clash.

The regular force of guards was unable to control the prisoners, and rather than attempt to quiet them locked the doors and appealed for aid. The prisoners fought for an hour before they were beaten into submission with clubs. Several of the negro prisoners, it was reported, carried knives, and a number of white prisoners are said to have been seriously wounded.

Italians Attack Blacks.

The first clash on the north side was at 645 West Division street, a building is occupied by two negro families. Italians living in the neighborhood attacked the building. A dozen shots were fired and bricks were hurled through the windows. Two detectives attracted by the shots held the mob at bay until 75 policemen arrived armed with rifles. No one was seriously hurt.

A short time later at Milton avenue and West Division street, a negro leaped from an alley and knocked a white man down. In a moment a crowd of Italians started for the assailant, who ran and escaped. The police arrested four Italians, two of them armed with sawed-off shotguns and two with revolvers.

Italians also were participants in rioting on the west side, according to the police. William Donelson, a negro, was attacked by a crowd, beaten and shot in the head and neck. He was taken to a hospital where it was said he might die.

Negro Thrown in River.

On the south side fights continued in many localities. John Johnson, 15 years old, a negro, was stabbed, beaten and thrown into the river at Archer avenue and South Halsted street. He was rescued by the police and taken to a hospital.

Negroes at Fifty-fourth and South State streets dragged John Duffin, white, a florist, from his wagon, and beat him so badly that he was taken to a hospital. At Root street and Went-

worth avenue a negro was shot in the head and probably fatally wounded. The police were especially alert when blacks gathered in automobiles tonight. It had been reported that the attempt of "flying squadrons" last night to "clean up" on one section of whites would be renewed on a larger scale, and that a score of cars had been procured.

Grand Jury Probe Ordered.

State's Attorney Hoyne today ordered a grand jury investigation. The August grand jury will be sworn in Monday, and that body probably will begin the inquiry immediately.

Chief Garrity suspended a policeman charged with failure to arrest a white youth who threw a stone which struck an unidentified negro youth, knocking him from a raft at the 29th street beach Sunday. The negro was drowned and that incident has generally been conceded as the start of the riots.

More than 1,200 negroes in employ of the municipal government were sent home, to remain off duty until the rioting ceased. All street repair work was stopped because about one-half of the employees are negroes.

The department of public works closed nine public playgrounds in neighborhoods where whites and negroes are the patrons.

The police department received notice from the provost marshal at the Great Lakes naval training station that every effort was being made to prevent sailors joining the race riots.

Several fights took place at State and Van Buren streets. At least three negroes were stabbed and beaten. A colored man, who said he was a Canadian army overseas and had been both wounded and gassed, was severely wounded.

CHICAGO WALKS TO WORK

SURFACE AND ELEVATED LINES ARE TIED UP BY STRIKE.

Citizens Organize Volunteer Police to Prevent Traffic Congestion and No Disorders Are Expected.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Chicago's surface and elevated lines were at a standstill tonight as the result of the strike at 4 P. M. today of the employees of both systems after their refusal to ratify an agreement reached between officials of the companies and of the employees' union.

With the traffic in the downtown district irregular and at times badly congested during the day, officials of the street car companies declared that no immediate settlement of the situation was in sight.

In the morning traffic in the loop became congested as a result of the removal to the lot area of all traffic policemen. Later, however, a number of these were recalled for duty at street intersections, and the congestion at the busy hour tonight had been somewhat relieved. Police officials expect to have the situation in hand tomorrow, when a citizens' traffic squad, which is being organized, will aid the depleted traffic force.

With the strike of 2,000,000 persons resorted to every means of transportation possible today or stayed at home. Workers in the business district took the situation coolly, and declared that they would not be inconvenienced by a strike rather than have the companies submit to terms which might necessitate a general strike.

President Britton, I. Budd of the elevated lines made no statement other than to say that no effort would be made to run trains for the present. Union officials made no statement.

The American Red Cross issued a statement in which it was declared that the strike threatened to interfere with its relief work.

Roseburg Teacher Returns.

ROSEBURG, Or., July 29.—(Special.)—Following a year or more spent in the service of the government, Miss Olive Mathis, a teacher in the public schools of this city, returned here today, and will resume her work this fall. For many months she has been stationed at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

Miss Mathis was one of six young women who resigned teachers' positions here to take up war work and is the first of that number to get home.

New Principal Chosen.

ROSEBURG, Or., July 29.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the school board last evening Professor G. H. McKnight of Junction City was selected principal of the Roseburg high school. Professor McKnight has been engaged in war work for the past year. Rose McGee, present incumbent, was re-elected as clerk of the board, and will also act in capacity of purchasing agent for the city schools.

Threat to Kill Charged.

ROSEBURG, Or., July 29.—(Special.)—Charged with assault with intent to kill, Harry Hatfield a young farmer of the Deer creek section, was arrested late today on a warrant sworn out by his wife, Mrs. Hatfield alleges in the complaint that her husband severely beat her and that she believed her life was endangered. Hatfield is a member of one of the prominent pioneer families of the state.

S. & H. green stamps for cash. Holman Fuel Co., Main 553, A. 2333. Blockwood, short slabwood. Rock Springs and Utah coal; sawdust.—Adv.

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REVIEW OF FLEET DELAYED BY WILSON

Time for Arrival in San Francisco Is Changed.

DEFINITE DATE NOT SET

President May Not Leave Capital on Speaking Tour of Country Before Late in August.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—President Wilson will not leave on his speaking tour of the country before August 15 and possibly not until late in August. This was indicated tonight by the formal announcement by Secretary Daniels after a conference at the White House that the review of the newly organized Pacific fleet at San Francisco, originally set for August 15, had been postponed in order that the president might be present.

It was announced at the White House that Mr. Wilson would resume his conferences with republican senators tomorrow.

As there remain 33 republican senators whom the president has not invited to the White House, it was believed his conferences with those opposing the league of nations would require about 16 days. This also was taken to indicate that the president did not contemplate beginning his trip until probably the middle of next month.

Daniels to Meet Fleet August 6.

The change in the date for the fleet review at San Francisco, however, Secretary Daniels said, would not affect the schedule for the arrival of the fleet at San Diego, August 7, and at Los Angeles August 9. The fleet, he said, would be held at a southern California port pending the arrival of the president.

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two vessels, each 565 feet long, are being built side by side.

The yard at present comprises about 250 acres. A navy commission, however, is completing purchase arrangements for the addition of 27 acres adjoining the yard, and work has started on a fill along the water front portion of the yard, which, with a sea wall, will add another 40 acres to the yard. For this \$750,000 was carried in the last congressional appropriation bill.

An army of 3,800 industrial employees is kept busy at the yard, and calls have been issued for 500 more men.

Officials at the navy yard are making plans to receive the first of the fleet, the Montana, about September 10, the commission today.

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