

HON ENVOYS REACH PEACE-TABLE CITY

Dr. Mueller and Dr. Bell Arrive at Versailles.

CHINESE DELEGATION BALKS

Fear of Japan's Actions Is Given as Reason.

PLACE IN LEAGUE IS LOST

Italian Plenipotentiaries Are Selected, But Will Not Be at Paris Until Sunday.

VERSAILLES, June 27.—(By the Associated Press.)—Dr. Hermann Mueller and Dr. Bell, the German plenipotentiaries to sign the peace treaty, arrived in Versailles this evening.

Everything is in readiness for the signing Saturday afternoon by the Germans of the peace treaty.

That the Germans still are dissatisfied with the treaty terms is indicated by reports that Dr. Mueller and Dr. Bell left Berlin for Versailles secretly, fearing attempts on their lives.

A cleventh hour discordant note has been struck by the Chinese delegates, who announce they will not affix their signatures to the treaty because China will not be allowed to make reservations concerning the province of Shantung.

President Wilson is expected to sail tomorrow on the steamer George Washington from Brest Sunday afternoon. Secretary of State Lansing will take the president's place in the peace councils.

Some anxiety has been aroused in Paris by news of further German aggressions against Poland. The important city of Czenstochowa, 150 miles southwest of Warsaw, is reported as being under heavy attack by artillery. At some points the Germans are declared to be within 20 miles of the city.

Vienna advices say that Austrian, German and Italian communists have decided to attempt to raise the red flag of revolution in Italy about July 15.

PARIS, June 27.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Chinese delegation announced tonight that China would not sign the peace treaty with Germany because China would not be allowed to make reservations concerning the province of Shantung, and also had refused the privilege of making a declaration at the time of the signing of the treaty.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Announcement by the Chinese peace delegation in Paris today that China would not sign the peace treaty is in line with the instructions sent the delegation several weeks ago by the Chinese government. These instructions were to refuse to sign the treaty unless some reservation was permitted as to Japan's sovereignty over the Shantung peninsula, acquired by Germany from China under the treaty of 1917. These instructions, it was learned today, have never been changed and accordingly the announcement of the Chinese delegation was not surprising to officials here.

Japanese Hold Feared. Until very recently, however, it was considered here as possible that China might sign the treaty in view of private assurances having been given her representatives that Japan's tenure of Shantung would not be long. China, it also had been believed, probably would assent to the treaty and leave the Shantung question to be worked out by the league of nations.

The Chinese declaration was believed here to be based on the following: First, that the delegation was unable to obtain definitely expressed assurances that Japan would give up the Shantung province within a short specified time and that the Japanese tenure would not be permitted to run for the remainder of the 25-year period under which Germany held the territory, and

Nation May Be Barred. Second, that definite assurances were lacking that Japan would relinquish control of the railroad from Tientsin to Tsin Tsin, including all facilities and mining rights and privileges of exploitation; of the Tsin Tsin Shanghai-Cherof cables and of facilities at the port of Kiao Chau.

Failure of China to sign the treaty, officials explained, probably will exclude her from the league of nations, including certain rights of redress under that covenant, as well as work to her detriment in the resumption of trade.

PARIS, June 27.—It is definitely known that Italy will be represented in the signing of the German peace treaty by Baron Sonnino, Marquis Imperiali di Francavilla and Dr. Silvio Cespeli. The newly appointed Italian peace conference delegation headed by Foreign Minister Tittoni will not arrive in Paris until Sunday morning.

While no official announcement has been made regarding the time for the ceremony of signing the peace treaty with Germany, arrangements for events are proceeding on the understanding that it will occur at 2 P. M. Saturday. The council of four was in session this morning perfecting plans for the signing.

YOUNG LINN FARMER DROPS FROM SIGHT

AUTO TRUCK CLOTHES BY RIVER ONLY CLEW.

Disappearance Similar to That of Corvallis Pastor; Stream Is Dragged for Body.

CORVALLIS, Or., June 27.—(Special.)—Ralph Hinds, a young farmer living near Shedd, came to Corvallis Wednesday for a truckload of cement. He got the cement, started home and has not been seen since.

The sheriff of Linn county was notified and this afternoon he discovered the auto load of cement and the young man's clothes on the banks of the Willamette about a mile and a half east of Corvallis.

Sheriff Gelatley of Corvallis was notified and the firemen's grappling hooks were secured and rushed to the scene, where the river is now being dragged for the body. So far as is known Mr. Hinds was having no family or financial trouble and his young wife, who was formerly Miss Ruth Primm of Philomath, is nearly distracted.

Rev. J. Cronenberger disappeared from this city this summer in a similar manner. His empty automobile and his clothing were found by the river's edge. After searching the river for his body for nearly a week, it was discovered that he had fled the country and had left his effects on the river bank as a blind. He has not yet been discovered.

CADET PLUNGES INTO WELL

Portland Youth, Calling on Best Girl, Gets Unexpected Bath.

NEWPORT, Or., June 27.—(Special.)—While calling on his best girl at the residence of Martin Klinge, last night, Milo Bauman of Portland fell down the Klinge well. Young Bauman, who is a cadet at Mt. Tamapala Military academy, was dressed in his uniform and approached the Klinge residence through the back yard. As he peered the porch on which his inamorata stood waiting to greet him, he suddenly pitched downward into the well. Part of the well had caved in and the depth was scarcely more than six feet and contained water in which are many trout.

Bauman was uninjured and got out of the well without difficulty, being an excellent swimmer.

He came home wearing his girl's coat and this afternoon emerged from a tailor's shop in a neatly creased uniform ready for further adventure.

BEACON PILES ARE READY

Scout Fires Tonight May Celebrate Signing of Treaty.

We're just waiting for the Hunns to sign, said James E. Brockway, master of Portland Boy Scouts, referring to the gigantic beacon fire planned by the boys in celebration of the consummation of the peace treaty.

Dispatches announce that the Germans will sign the treaty this afternoon. Official announcement of the actual signing of the treaty will be the signal tonight for the kindling of the beacon fire, built by the Boy Scouts, on Healey Heights.

On the summit, the mass of tar and oil-soaked timbers, with other combustible substances, is 20 feet in height, and in full flame the beacon should cast its light for many miles.

Such beacon fires in celebration of the final victory by the allies will be burned in every city and town in the country where there are Boy Scouts.

HOME AIR SERVICE READY

Enough Planes for 50 Squadrons Available in United States.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Army airplanes in commission or available for immediate service number 2400. It was officially announced today after an inventory had been made at air service fields and stations over the country. The survey shows that should an emergency arise today, there will be available for instant duty—as soon as the flyers could be put down at the hangars—a total of 1240 "battle planes," or enough to form 50 squadrons.

Backing up the 1240 battle planes are 852 of the same type in storage, but recently tested and capable of being put in commission within a few hours.

In trained personnel there are 1234 flying officers.

KICK FOUND IN PERFUMES

Society Men and Women Said to Be Indulging Freely.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Declaring that society and other women, as well as men, in Washington were purchasing for beverage purposes perfumes, baby rum and other toilet articles of high alcoholic content, F. T. Stone, representing the Washington Druggists' association, asked the senate judiciary subcommittee today not to require druggists to place labels on bottles showing the alcoholic strength of the contents.

BRITISH PLANE IS READY

Admiral Kerr Hopes to Start His Flight Today.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., June 27.—Vice-Admiral Mark Kerr announced tonight he hoped to start his trans-atlantic flight in the Handley-Page biplane tomorrow.

MORE CREDITS ANNOUNCED

France, England and Roumania Borrow Total of \$63,000,000.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Credits announced today by the treasury included \$50,000,000 to France, \$10,000,000 to Italy, and \$3,000,000 to Roumania.

WILSON WILL SAIL FOR HOME SUNDAY

President to Leave Paris Saturday Evening.

CONGRESS TO GET REPORT

Executive Returns Satisfied With Conference Results.

TREATY CHANGES OPPOSED

U. S. Mandate in Turkey Left Open for Senate—Lansing May Sign French Treaty.

PARIS, June 27.—(By the Associated Press.)—The sojourn of President Wilson in Europe will come to an end tomorrow, when he starts homeward immediately following the signing of the peace treaty. All arrangements for his departure have been completed, and the special presidential train will leave the Gare des Invalides at 9:30 Saturday evening. It will arrive at Brest Sunday morning, where the president will board the steamship George Washington, which will sail about noon.

On his arrival in the United States President Wilson will go straight to Washington to lay before congress the results of the peace conference. He will leave soon after for an extended tour of the country for the purpose of explaining directly to the people all questions relating to the peace treaty and the league of nations covenant.

President Wilson will return to the United States with more than satisfied, his friends say, with the net results of the conference, and, all things considered, it is his opinion that the conference has regarded as a disadvantageous peace for Germany, yet against this it is held that Germany committed a great wrong and quite naturally and inevitably must make just reparation for that wrong.

But outside of German results, the conference is viewed in presidential quarters as liberating peoples who never before had a chance of liberty, such as Poland, Jugo-Slavia and Czechoslovakia. Also, the conference is credited with handing together the people of the world to make the peace regime enduring. Other large results, it was pointed out, are the giving of a charter to labor, removing restrictions on international intercourse and many other international results which can be summed up as a "colossal business, such as the world never dreamed of before."

Amendments Not Desired. The peace treaty and the league of nations covenant should be ratified without amendment, according to the presidential view as it is understood, for certain definite reasons, namely, that if any one power seeks to make

HARRY THAW CASE REVIVED

Extradition to New York for Trial on Assault Charge Ordered.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Papers intended to bring about the extradition of Harry K. Thaw from Pennsylvania to have him tried here on the indictment charging him with assaulting Frederick Gump of Kansas City, in New York several years ago, were ordered prepared immediately by District Attorney Swann today.

The prosecutor said he had been informed that Thaw for the second time had been allowed to leave Philadelphia sanitarium, where he has been confined, in order to visit his mother in Pittsburgh.

HINES WILL MEET BILLS

Railroad Obligations Falling Due July 1 Are Provided For.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The railroad administration announced today that it would be able to meet the obligations falling due July 1, although the appropriation bill carrying funds for the railroad administration recently passed by congress has not been signed by the president.

The sum to be paid out embraces interest on indebtedness of the various federal-controlled roads and dividend payments and totals about \$100,000,000.

AMERICAN MARINES OCCUPY SCHLESWIG

WILSON TRANSFERS MEN TO PLEBISCITE IS COMPLETED

Reports in Paris Say Pershing Will Resign if Not Made Chief of Army Staff.

BY HERBERT BAYARD SPOPE. (Copyright by the New York World. Published by arrangement.)

PARIS, June 27.—(Special Cable.)—President Wilson late last night authorized the dispatch of 600 marines to Schleswig to act as part of the occupation force provided for in the treaty to continue in occupation until the plebiscite is taken. This must be completed within ten weeks after the treaty is signed. High importance is attached to the president's action, since it may be a precedent for the use of our forces in many other European regions where similar plebiscites are called.

In any event the step shows how far America is committed to the settlement of the general situation abroad.

In the meantime General Pershing is completing plans for the transport home of 400,000 American troops in the month of July. He expects to have practically all the American expeditionary force out of Europe by the end of August, save for the small covering force which is to be left in the Rhineland as our representation in the occupying army.

Secretary of War Baker's unexpected opposition to General Pershing's appointment as chief of staff is not believed to be earnest. If it continues, General Pershing will resign.

I make this statement without his authority, but it may be taken as the actual belief of his friends. However, those close to President Wilson have every confidence that General Pershing will be given the same rank in America as he holds here, which will call for his appointment as chief of staff, as any other position would subordinate him to that officer.

President Wilson held a final conference today with the American correspondents who have covered the peace session.

MINORITY TO WAGE FIGHT

Backed up by representatives from districts outwardly hostile to wartime prohibition, the minority will attempt a flying wedge fight in the hope of so amending the manufacture and sale of 2% per cent beer. While the prohibition leaders assert they have sufficient votes to put the bill through without substantial change, they conferred informally tonight to decide upon a plan of action, believing there was no indication that the president, before July 1, would issue a proclamation declaring demobilization—and wartime prohibition—ended.

Anti-prohibition forces in the house counted heads today and agreed to put up a desperate battle for wholesale modifications for severe sections. There was wide difference of opinion among members tonight as to how soon the fight might begin.

ULTIMATE PASSAGE NOT DOUBTED

After the bill was formally reported out late today Chairman Volstead announced he would ask for a rule giving it the right of way, but strong objection developed. The general view was that the bill would not be called up in the house until July 7 at the earliest. There was little disagreement on the bill's ultimate passage, for the house is counted "dry" by a big margin.

Some of the prohibition members pointed out there was no great division except on the definition of intoxicating liquor, and while they expected a

WETS IN CONGRESS PLAN FINAL FIGHT

Beer With Mild "Kick" Hope of Anti-Drys.

DESPERATE BATTLE BREWING

Sweeping Changes in Drastic Provisions Wanted.

2.75 PER CENT DRINK AIM

Prohibition Members Declare Great Division Is on Definition of Intoxicating Liquor.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The whole question of prohibition enforcement was transferred today from the judiciary committee to the house, without promise or assurance of speedy consideration.

A general enforcement measure, embracing both wartime and constitutional prohibition, put together in such a way as to let one stand independently of the other, was reported out by a vote of 17 to 2 after the committee had refused to split it into two separate and distinct parts. But this vote did not accurately represent the sentiment of the committee, some members of which will send in a minority report and insist upon the elimination of some of the drastic provisions.

Minority to Wage Fight. Backed up by representatives from districts outwardly hostile to wartime prohibition, the minority will attempt a flying wedge fight in the hope of so amending the manufacture and sale of 2% per cent beer. While the prohibition leaders assert they have sufficient votes to put the bill through without substantial change, they conferred informally tonight to decide upon a plan of action, believing there was no indication that the president, before July 1, would issue a proclamation declaring demobilization—and wartime prohibition—ended.

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SHIP FUND INCREASE APPROVED BY SENATE

BUT ONE VOTE CAST AGAINST LARGER APPROPRIATION.

Solons Emphatic in Approval of \$491,000,000 Sum to Complete Merchant Fleet Plans.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Increase in the shipping board fund from \$276,000,000 to \$491,000,000 for completion of the government's authorized shipbuilding programme was approved by the senate with but one dissenting vote at a late session tonight held in an effort to pass the judiciary civil appropriation bill.

Protracted debate on the shipbuilding appropriation item and the committee amendment to cut off all funds from the tariff commission caused several important items, including \$10,000,000, the appropriation for acquisition of the Cape Cod canal, to be passed over until tomorrow, thereby preventing passage of the measure tonight as planned.

There was little opposition, however, to the shipbuilding increase, which merely authorized sufficient money to complete projects already under way. The house appropriation for the shipping board's use, it was explained, was due to a miscalculation.

GOVERNMENT WANTS FLOUR

Grain Corporation Asks Millers and Dealers to Submit Bids.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Flour mills and wheat-flour dealers were notified today by the food administration grain corporation that it would receive bids on July 1 for hard and spring wheat flour. Only bids received on that day will be considered. The purchases will be made subject to the provisions of the flour purchase plan of February 18, 1918, with certain exceptions.

The additional conditions provide for payment within 10 days of acceptance of the offer and offers are particularly requested for flour in transit that can be diverted. The prices are f. o. b. Boston, N. Y., Philadelphia and Baltimore for export. Sellers are required to submit samples and all deliveries must be equal to the sample.

JOBS AWAITING SOLDIERS

70 Per Cent of Men Discharged Since Armistice Have Positions.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Seventy per cent of the soldiers discharged since the armistice have positions awaiting them, Colonel Arthur Woods, assistant to the secretary of war, who is in charge of obtaining employment for discharged men, announced today.

Colonel Woods again emphasized the fact that one of the difficulties is the unusual demand among discharged "serviced men" for clerical labor, and the fact that the average man to perform farm labor.

MESSAGE SENT FROM SKY

Sermon Delivered From Big Airplane Distinctly Heard.

COLUMBUS, O., June 27.—From a height of 300 feet above an immense crowd, the Methodist centenary celebration here this afternoon, Dr. Edward Soper delivered a sermon through a megaphone from the decks of the big army dirigible A-4, which came here today from Akron. Dr. Soper's voice could be distinctly heard. The sermon was about 300 words in length.

Former President William H. Taft was principal speaker today—Sunday school day.

AUTO ACCIDENT COSTS TWO LIVES

VANCOUVER, B. C., June 27.—When an automobile in which they were riding overturned today, P. D. Stuart, Red Stone, E. C. and John Spencer, addressed here this afternoon, Dr. Edward Soper delivered a sermon through a megaphone from the decks of the big army dirigible A-4, which came here today from Akron. Dr. Soper's voice could be distinctly heard. The sermon was about 300 words in length.

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LAWYERS IN HOLDUP SAYS AGED WOMAN

Mrs. Permelia Tyler Makes Star Witness.

DIFFICULT STORY IS RELATED

"Like Man With Gun," Says Complainant.

SYMPATHY WITH MOTHER

Pathetic Tale Unfolded of Efforts to Protect Son From Jail and Woman.

"It was like a man holding a gun to my head, I had to do it."

Thus Mrs. Permelia L. Tyler yesterday described the proceedings by which Attorneys George A. Hall and John N. Sievers arranged with her the settlement of a \$100,000 alienation suit for stocks valued at more than \$20,000 in January, 1918. She spoke with the difficulty of one who felt the weight of 85 years, her words coming slowly and uncertainly from lips that trembled.

"I was sick and in bed when they came to my home. I didn't want to see them. One sat at the head of the bed and one at the foot. I was so alone, except for my son, and they told me he was in trouble and had been arrested. They demanded \$50,000." For a moment the aged woman seemed almost overcome by her recollections, but she straightened and continued.

Must Settle or Go to Jail

"They told me I would lose everything I had and go to the penitentiary if I did not settle things," she was sobbing, weakly. "I asked them to give me time to write my nephew in Kansas City, who always handled my business affairs, but they said it had to be settled at once."

Sympathies of auditors were with the wrinkled old lady as she told her pitiful story in which the refrain was "I had to do it." Several of the jurors "frankly wiped tears from their eyes and blew their noses. Circuit Judge Kasonough blinched away gathering moisture. Attorney Dan J. Malarky swallowed hard before continuing his questioning and brushed his eyes with the back of his hand.

Even spectators in the rear of the courtroom who by no chance could hear the low spoken words of Mrs. Tyler appeared touched by the scene. The woman was seated, bowed, in a large leather chair, which had been placed directly in front of the jury box. The judge had descended from the bench so as to hear the replies and the attorneys gathered close around the pathetic figure.

Hall, so the witness said, had demanded \$50,000 for his client, Harry Henderson, who had brought suit against the aged woman for conspiring to win for her son, William Tyler, the affections of Mrs. Ethel Henderson by lavish gifts, luxuries, and expensive raiment. Though Hall did most of the talking, Sievers, who was supposed to be representing Mrs. Tyler, occurred in the belief that she should settle the claim, she declared.

\$20,000 Given to Attorney

"John Sievers was my attorney and I thought I had to do what he said," she asserted. "Well, you had better give Hall \$20,000 and settle the case, he told me."

During the meeting, Mrs. Tyler said her son had little to say, leaving the matter to Sievers, who suggested the \$20,000 settlement first, she testified. When the stocks had been turned over, Hall cautioned secrecy, saying, "I'll go to jail if anything is said about this," asserted the witness.

Regarding the truth of allegations in the alienation suit, concerning gifts and attempts of the aged woman to win Mrs. Henderson for her son, Mrs. Tyler was quite positive.

"I never gave her a nickel," said the witness. "I never gave her one article of clothing. I only saw her twice in my life, and I did not like her. I did not know of any affection between her and my son."

One of the occasions that Mrs. Tyler saw Ethel Henderson was at her 55th birthday anniversary dinner, when her son brought the woman to her home. The other was a time when Mrs. Henderson was at Mrs. Tyler's home with William Tyler and ventured into the aged woman's room.

"She came in my room and sat down," said the witness. "She said, 'Aren't you lonesome here?' I said that I was not lonesome and that I liked to be alone, and she went out. I took such a great dislike to her I could hardly treat her nice."

\$150,000 Inheritance Received

Mrs. Tyler testified that she had never been accustomed to business affairs or the handling of much money, as she had never been in comfortable circumstances until she inherited \$150,000 at the death of a brother several years ago. She was over 80 years of age when she received this legacy. Of the amount \$50,000 was paid to settle an alienation suit brought a year prior to the one now in discussion by Mrs. Tyler against Mrs. Permelia Tyler for alienating the affection of William Tyler, husband of Mrs. Vina Tyler. Attorneys in that case were legal associates of the attorneys accused of conspiracy.

There was testimony concerning the difficulty in getting Sievers to come to

THIS EIGHT-HOUR WORKING DAY FOR WOMEN IS A FINE THING, BUT WOULDN'T IT BE AWFUL IF HOUSEWIVES WERE INCLUDED?



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