

HUNS PICK ENVOYS TO ACCEPT TREATY

Dr. Mueller, Foreign Minister, and Dr. Bell Named.

PEACE MAY COME SATURDAY

Report So Far Unofficial, But Is Only News Received.

BERLIN TORN BY RIOTING

Disorder in German Capital and Escape of Former Prince Viewed With Alarm by Allies.

(By the Associated Press.)

While no official information is as yet at hand regarding the appointment by the German government of plenipotentiaries to proceed to Versailles to sign the peace treaty, the latest unofficial advice arriving in Paris from Germany are that Dr. Hermann Mueller, foreign minister in the cabinet of Herr Bauer, and Dr. Bell, the minister of colonies, have been chosen for the duty.

The time for the signing of the treaty also is still in doubt. The German delegation, say the reports, will reach Versailles Saturday morning, having been due to depart from Berlin Thursday night. There has been some talk of the possibility of setting Sunday as the date for the function and Monday also has been spoken of.

Reparation to Be Asked.

The allied and associated powers have informed the German government that reparation will be required for the sinking of the German fleet in Scapa Flow and also that the individuals guilty of this violation of the armistice will be tried by a military court. Likewise reparation is to be required for the burning by the Germans of several French battle flags.

Another warning has been sent to the Germans: It is to the effect that the German government will be held to account for failure to withdraw troops from the new Polish territory and for any aid rendered the insurgents against the Poles in those regions.

No News from ex-Prince.

No further news from any source has been received regarding the intentions of the former German crown prince, who has escaped from the quarters where he had been interned in Holland since hostilities ceased.

The escape of Frederick William Hohenzollern is regarded in conference circles as having possible significance in view of other recent happenings in connection with the German situation.

Another vote of confidence has been given the new German government by the Prussian national assembly following a discussion of the peace situation.

The disorders, both in Berlin and Hamburg, where there has been considerable street fighting and looting, apparently are on the wane. A news agency dispatch from Copenhagen says 15 persons were killed in the rioting at Hamburg. The casualties in Berlin have not been made public.

British Labor Asks Change.

The British labor party, with only one dissenting vote, in a resolution has called for a revision, by the league of nations, of "harsh provisions" of the peace treaty, which are declared to be not consistent with the statements made by the allied governments when the armistice was signed. Protest also was made against the blockade of Germany and failure to incorporate in the peace treaty measures for the restoration of industry throughout Europe with equality in fiscal treatment.

PARIS, June 26.—Efforts were being made today to arrange for the signing of the peace treaty at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon. The council of three is apparently satisfied with the semi-official assurances that the Germans would be on hand.

PARIS, June 26.—Germany has been notified in a note sent today by the allies that they possess the right to punish the persons responsible for the destruction of the German ships and to collect reparation for the loss.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Major Leon Goodman, Des Moines, Ia., in command of the 16th engineers, arrived today on board the Pastores.

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R. M. WILCOX WINS MEDALS

Portland Captain in New York With Two Decorations.

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FOREST FIRE CONTROLLED

Cigar Stub Believed to Have Caused Blaze Near Sisters.

BEND, Or., June 26.—(Special.)—Fire which has been burning in the yellow pine timber near Sisters was under control this morning, Supervisor N. G. Jacobson reported today.

A cigar stub tossed into the underbrush by a camper is believed to have caused the conflagration.

Harry Wicks Is Indicted.

SPOKANE, Wash., June 26.—(Special.)—Harry M. Wicks, alleged I. W. W. and radical spellbinder, arrested last spring at a hotel here in company with Emma Lee Lamb of Portland, today was indicted by the federal grand jury, with one count charging him with violation of the Mann act.

NONPARTISAN LEAGUE MEASURES ARE BEHIND

EARLY RETURNS IN NORTH DAKOTA AGAINST PROPOSALS.

Vote Is From Towns and Villages and Country Districts Are Not Yet Heard From.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., June 26.—Early returns from Ramsey county indicate a two-to-one vote against the referendum measures. Nelson county is close, the vote standing now 282 yes and 229 no on senate bill 157.

FARGO, N. D., June 26.—First reports on the referendum election held today in North Dakota on seven measures of the Non-Partisan league, passed by the last legislature, show that the vote so far received was almost 2 to 1 against the measures.

The vote is from towns and villages, nothing being heard from the rural districts, where the league counts on scoring heavily. The figures are from Normans township, 2 to 1 against the measures, Finley village, almost 3 to 1 against, and four wards in Fargo, 2 to 1 against.

An analysis of the figures being made at the Non-Partisan league offices here shows that the vote for the league measures in Fargo averages a 10 per cent gain for the league over that cast for Governor Frazier in the last election.

NEWPORT VIEWS WARSHIP

Submarine Chaser Enters Yaquina Bay on Way to Bremerton.

NEWPORT, Or., June 26.—(Special.)—The United States submarine chaser SC-231, commanded by Ensign Burwell and Ensign Hohaus, arrived at Newport at 7:15 tonight from Coos bay. The Yaquina bay coast guard boat, commanded by Captain Hunt, piloted the visiting vessel into Yaquina bay. The officers reported an uneventful voyage.

The chaser left New York February 5 and passed a month at San Diego and another at San Francisco, and is en route to Bremerton navy-yard, Puget sound. The boat is only 119 feet long and 13 feet 6 inches beam, but came under her own power. She carries a crew of 20 besides the two officers.

HUNS WANTED IN LEAGUE

British Labor Party Asks for Germany's Admittance.

SOUTHPORT, Eng., June 26.—The British labor party conference today adopted a resolution calling for the speedy admission of Germany to the league of nations and the immediate revision by the league of the "harsh provisions" of the treaty which are not consistent with statements made on behalf of the allied governments when the armistice was made. There was only one dissenting vote.

Another resolution adopted protested against the lack in the peace treaty of any adequate international control of raw material and food.

GREEKS ADD TO FORCES

Reinforcements Sent to Smyrna to Fight Turks.

PARIS, June 26.—Greek reinforcements have been sent to Smyrna to aid the Greeks there who have been attacked by strong Turkish forces, according to advices today.

SALONIKI, June 26.—Bands of Bulgarians and Turks, co-operating closely, are reported to have committed serious crimes in a number of villages in Thrace now occupied by their forces, according to advices received by the Athens news agency. The situation there is said to be becoming daily more acute.

SHIPS COLLIDE AT SEA

Steamer Searching for Sailing Boat Believed Lost.

NEW YORK, June 27.—A wireless message from the Japanese steamer Teuruga Maru at 12:15 this morning said that she had collided with a sailing ship, about 60 miles outside New York, and that the sailing ship had not been sighted since. The Teuruga said that she was remaining in the vicinity and searching for the missing vessel.

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48-HOUR WEEK IS URGED FOR WOMEN

Industrial Welfare Conference Favors Change.

WOOLEN MILLS ACCEPT PLAN

Music Demonstrators and Elevator Operators Hit.

NIGHT HOURS PROHIBITED

Theater Ushers and Cinema Girls Alone Excepted From Provisions of Rulings.

Elimination of the provision which permits woolen mills to employ women in excess of 48 hours each week, or nine hours in any one day; alteration in the classification of sheet music demonstrators to prevent their employment after 6 o'clock P. M.; similar action with reference to women elevator operators, and recommendations that there be no change in regulations governing women ushers in theaters, or women workers at cigar stands in hotel lobbies, and no change in the present orders relative to one day of rest in seven, featured yesterday's session of the Industrial Welfare conference, held in the courthouse.

The eight-hour day and 48-hour week will be the basis on which woolen mills will have to operate, replacing the 10-hour day and 54-hour week, granted to enable western manufacturers to compete with easterners who were operating on a 60-hour weekly basis. Action in this regard was taken following a hearing at which the woolen mills of Oregon City, Salem, Eugene and Portland were represented, but by some employees as well.

Women Seek Longer Day.

E. L. Thompson of the Portland Woolen Mills entered objection to the eight-hour day on the grounds that employees now, by their own choice, are employed eight hours and 45 minutes, with a half-holiday on Saturday. Similar conditions prevail at the Oregon City Mills, according to J. Collie, superintendent.

Whether employees should be permitted to work longer hours for a few more days, or be employed a shorter number of hours on all working days of the week, was a question put to the conference by the mill representatives, who said hours now in effect are governed wholly by the employees, who recently voted for the present schedule.

Men May Get Places.

A change to conform with desires of the conference, representatives pointed out, would not affect the work.

CANADA TO RAISE REINDEER

Inquiry Made Concerning American Herds in Alaska.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 26.—Request for information relative to the herds of reindeer the American government has fostered in Alaska for the benefit of the natives there has been received by William T. Lopp, head of the Alaska division of the bureau of education, with offices here, from Arthur Meighan, Canadian minister of interior.

Canada, Meighan says, is planning to carry out the suggestion made by Vilhjalmur Stefansson, arctic explorer, for converting the arctic and sub-arctic regions of the dominion into a great area for the raising of reindeer. Stefansson maintains that reindeer could be profitably raised for the market.

HIGH PRICE PAID FOR WOOL

300,000 Pounds Sold at Condon. One Lot Brings 55 1/2 Cents.

CONDON, Or., June 26.—Many buyers were present at the wool sale today. A total of 300,000 pounds was sold at prices ranging from 50 to 55 1/2 cents. The principal buyers were The Dalles Scouring Mills, Hallowell, Jones & Donald, Simmons & Pierce and the American Woolen company of Lawrence, Mass.

William Rettle's clip of 21,000 pounds brought 55 1/2 cents, the highest price ever paid in this state.

CROWN PRINCE MAKES ESCAPE TO GERMANY

PEACE CONFERENCE STIRRED BY NEWS FROM HOLLAND.

Frederick William Hohenzollern Breaks Away From Island of Wieringen.

PARIS, June 26.—Frederick William Hohenzollern, the former German crown prince, has escaped from Holland and made his way into Germany.

News of his escape caused a considerable stir in peace conference circles. While it is not felt that he is a figure around which the reactionaries and monarchists would gather enthusiasts, nevertheless his act is regarded as a sign of considerable significance in view of other German recalcitrancy.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Confidential reports that the former German crown prince and also probably the former emperor would attempt to re-enter Germany after the signing of the peace treaty were received recently by government officials here. This became known today.

The former German crown prince was interned by the Dutch government on the island of Wieringen and if he preserves his status as a soldier the opinion of international law authorities here is that The Netherlands government may be held accountable for his escape. Officials said one effect of the escape undoubtedly would be to cause the authorities of Holland to renew precautions to prevent the escape of the former emperor. It was assumed that the former crown prince either must have had encouragement from Germany to believe that the government would refuse to surrender him for trial or that a coup d'etat was in contemplation involving the conservative elements and officers of the army.

OPEN CONTRACTS HALTED

Fear That Small Yards Will Destroy Market Is Shared by Hurley and Operators.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 26.—Prospects for the shipbuilding industry of the Pacific coast and elsewhere were greatly improved today by the action of the appropriations committee of the senate in increasing the shipping board appropriation from the \$276,000,000 allowed by the house to \$481,000,000.

This was the full amount asked by Senator Jones of Washington, who calculated that this sum, with unexpended balances in other funds and money realized on the sale of ships, will give the shipping board between \$700,000,000 and \$800,000,000 for carrying out the ship construction program.

OPEN CONTRACTS HALTED

As the result of an understanding between Chairman Edward N. Hurley of the shipping board and Harrison S. Robinson, representing the Pacific coast shipbuilders, the house committee on merchant marine and fisheries ordered the Jones bill freeing American shipbuilders from shipping board domination in the matter of foreign contracts to lie on the table.

Chairman Hurley said that there should be no such legislation at this time because it would interfere with the successful sale of ships that is now going on. Mr. Robinson, for the Pacific coast builders, said that conditions had changed somewhat in the last two weeks and that the interests of the shipping board and of the shipbuilders have become identical. He therefore agreed to having the bill go over for a time, saying, however, that the legislation might be urged a little later.

SHAKED PRICES FEARED.

In explaining the reasons why the legislation should not be adopted at this time Chairman Hurley said that the shipping board will approve contracts for foreign account where they do not interfere with the board's plans and prices. He said the board desired to help American shipbuilders, but pointed out the necessity of protecting the standard yards from those which spring up suddenly to meet a war demand and which, in their present desperation, are inclined to jump into the market and offer to do business at prices that

SENATE GIVES AID TO SHIPBUILDERS

Appropriation Is Increased to \$491,000,000.

\$700,000,000 IS AVAILABLE

Outlook for Coast Yards Now Held Much Brighter.

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TWO GIRLS INJURED AS AUTO OVERTURNS

MACHINE DRIVEN BY PASTOR'S DAUGHTER WRECKED.

Car in Which Elizabeth Stansfield and Frances Fisher Rode With 3 Boys Bounces Over Curbing.

Miss Elizabeth Stansfield, 19, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Joshua Stansfield, 1193 Fairfax boulevard, and Miss Frances Fisher, 17, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Fisher, 650 Tillamook street, were injured seriously about 3 P. M. yesterday by the overturning of an automobile driven by Miss Stansfield on Arlington Heights at Kingston street and Fairfax boulevard.

Both girls are in the Good Samaritan hospital. Miss Stansfield's skull may be fractured. Miss Fisher's right ankle was broken.

The girls and three boys had been auto riding on Arlington Heights in a machine owned by Charles E. Dant, 825 Alameda drive. Miss Stansfield, it is said, was driving at a high rate of speed as she approached the turn. The car bounced over the curbing of Kingston street across the sidewalk and struck a pile of boulders between the sidewalk and the City park.

The force of the collision with the rocks reduced the automobile to junk. R. C. Linton, patrolman, who investigated the wreck, said the machine had turned over endwise, and then had rolled over sideways once, in the direction of the park. The car, a seven-passenger machine, stopped with a big boulder sticking up between the front seats.

The three boys—Thomas Dant, 15, of Alameda drive; Ray Brooks, 17, of 425 West Park street, and Jack Merrill, 15, of the Trinity apartments—escaped without injury. Young Dant is the son of the owner of the automobile, and was taken to Patrolman Linton, had according to Patrolman Linton, been taken it from the garage in disobedience to his father's orders.

Miss Stansfield had not recovered consciousness at a late hour. Her father is pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church.

Miss Stansfield is a graduate of Lincoln high school, and for the past year has been a kindergarten teacher at the Portland Social Center. The auto party had called for her at her home just a few minutes before the wreck.

Miss Fisher is a student at Jefferson high school. She and Miss Stansfield are old acquaintances. C. F. Fisher, the girl's father, is with the Pacific Building & Loan works.

BLOCK OHIO FIGHT, PLEA

Representative Randall Terms Willard and Dempsey Slackers.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—A resolution requesting the governor of Ohio to prevent the "threatened desecration of the nation's birthday" by a prizefight between Willard and Dempsey at Toledo, O., July 4 was introduced today by Representative Randall, prohibitionist of California.

"One of the participants in this proposed fight," Mr. Randall said, "engaged in a similar fight a few years ago with Jack Johnson, a fugitive from justice, who has confessed that he was bought off and threw the fight to his adversary."

"Why should a fight between bruiser slackers, who were not brave enough to join the war against German murderers, be permitted in this country?"

PARTY'S LOYALTY AVOWED

Republicans Not Opposing League, Says Chairman Hays.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Chairman Hays of the republican national committee, conferred today with Republican Leader Lodge, Senator Knox, republican of Pennsylvania, and other senators.

None of them would discuss the conference, but Mr. Hays later reiterated that the league of nations must not be considered a party issue and that the country should not get the impression that the republican party was opposing it.

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The Weather.

YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 65 degrees; minimum, 50 degrees.

TODAY'S—Fair; moderate westerly winds.

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German crown prince escapes from Holland. Page 1.

National.

Senate adds millions to naval appropriation bill. Page 6.

Effort to line up league foes begun in senate. Page 2.

New opinion permits beer containing 2.75 per cent alcohol. Page 4.

Wartime try law is effective Monday. Page 1.

Domestic.

Union heads to submit phone compromise. Page 4.

Sports.

Pacific Coast league results: Los Angeles 4, Sacramento 1; San Francisco 9, Salt Lake 6; Seattle 4, Oakland 1; Portland 1, Vernon 6. Page 15.

Portland Golf club tournament nears. Page 15.

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City to lose cargo; tank space lacking. Page 17.

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Portland welcomes Oregon boys of 148th field artillery. Page 8.

Encouraging reports received in Salvation Army drive. Page 29.

Hearing of Tyler case against attorney enlivens court. Page 12.

County employes get salary increases. Page 26.

Chicago hotel man is elected president of Greater of America. Page 6.

WAR-TIME DRY LAW EFFECTIVE MONDAY

Bills for Additional Enforcement Are Delayed.

PRESENT ACT IS HELD AMPLE

Penalty for Violation Will Be Enforced, Is Belief.

DISBANDING ARMY FACTOR

Wilson, by Proclamation, After Demobilization Could Permit Saloons to January 16, 1920.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Wartime prohibition will become effective next Monday at midnight without enactment meanwhile by congress of additional legislation for its enforcement.

Out of a maze of confusing developments, this fact stood out clearly today with the decision of the house judiciary committee, charged with the duty of preparing and submitting enforcement machinery, to report three bills in one, each standing on its own legs, and capable of holding its own in the event the others were made invalid by congress or the courts.

Present Penalties Ample.

Chairman Volstead, of the committee, declared tonight there was no possibility of the passage of the joint measure before July 1, but there existed ample means of enforcement and ample penalties, for violation of the wartime act. The full and explicit definition of intoxicating liquors—any beverage or product containing more than one-half of one per cent alcohol—set by the bureau of internal revenue left no doubt, he said, as to how the courts would construe the law or deal with offenders.

No attempt was made by prohibition members of the committee to conceal their satisfaction in having ordered the three bills sent to the house so as to prevent more than one fight. Some members intimated that title one, the war-time-enforcement measure, would still be unpassed when actual wartime prohibition was declared ended. It was pointed out by others that the law made it mandatory on the president to say when demobilization was completed, which would automatically permit saloons to resume operations until January 15, when constitutional prohibition would become effective.

Action by Wilson Expected.

Members of the judiciary committee said it was inconceivable that demobilization would be delayed beyond the middle of January. While they did not look for action by the president this week or next, the general view was that with the signing of the treaty by Germany and the government assurance of speedy demobilization, issuance of the president's proclamation might not be held up longer than Labor day at the latest.

Indeed, it appeared to be the opinion among many members of the house that saloons in cities where the sale of liquor is permitted, may be serving drinks much sooner than the public imagines.

Bill Has Three Parts.

As the prohibition enforcement measure finally is put in shape for the house it will be divided into three parts, or titles, first, general enforcement of wartime prohibition effective on its approval; second, constitutional prohibition; third, regulations for the manufacture of industrial alcohol, the latter two effective Jan. 1, 1920.

For the first part the committee decided to substitute bodily the bill introduced yesterday by Representative Gard, democrat of Ohio, his being the measure prepared last winter by Mr. Gard, Chairman Volstead and Representative Whaley of South Carolina.

It stands alone and its provisions are less drastic than the constitutional bill.

Volstead Measure Drastic.

Title two is the straight Volstead bill, indorsed by anti-liquor organizations and regarded as the most drastic measure of the kind ever put before congress. Title three, the Dyer bill, relates to industrial alcohol, its manufacture and regulation.

In one respect the agreement of members as to the policy to be adopted today changed overnight. When it came to a straight vote on the proposal by Representative Walsh, republican of Massachusetts, to report out the Gard bill separately, the committee refused, 10 to 8. A moment later it voted, 10 to 8, to substitute the Gard measure bodily as the wartime enforcement plan and to bunch all three bills.