

SHAKE CELEBRITIES MARK TREATY ABOVE

Secretary Gives Germans Ultimatum at Versailles.

LEADER LEAVES AT ONCE

Back of Interpreter Rather Confuses Things, Allies and Huns Not Understanding Talk.

VERSAILLES, June 16.—(By the Associated Press.)—The reply of the allied and associated governments to Germany's counter-proposals and a revised copy of the peace treaty tonight are in the hands of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, who is on his way to Weimar, there to present to the German national assembly the final word of the victors in the war.

Few changes have been made in the revised treaty. Five days was the allotted period originally fixed for the Germans to answer yes or no to the demands of the allies; but two days additional have been granted because of the insistence of the German delegation that not sufficient time had been allowed for proper consideration of the revised terms. This will extend the time limitation to Monday, June 23.

If Germany's reply is yes, the treaty will be immediately signed; if Germany declines to accede to the demands, the armistice will be automatically terminated and the allied armed forces will take whatever steps they deem requisite to the occasion.

Changes Marked in Red.

The revised treaty contained interpellations in red ink where changes had been made in it. It had been impossible to reprint the treaty in time for its presentation today.

The covering note of Premier Clemenceau severely castigates Germany for protesting against the treaty on the ground that the treaty conflicts with the terms of the armistice. M. Clemenceau says Germany failed to understand the position she occupies today in the estimation of the world for being responsible for a war which was "the greatest crime against humanity and the freedom of the people that any nation, calling itself civilized, has ever consciously committed."

Without ostentation, Paul Dutasta, general secretary of the peace conference, at 6:45 o'clock this evening placed the revised draft of the treaty and the note in the hands of German Legation Secretary Simon and Baron von Loerzer.

Herr Simon protested against the short time given Germany to make known her intentions.

Parcel in Brown Paper.

M. Dutasta arrived in Versailles at 6:30 o'clock, carrying the momentous documents in two parcels wrapped in prosaic brown paper, and was conducted to the reading room of the Hotel Reservoirs.

Here the party was grouped along one side of the room. In front of M. Dutasta was a large marble-topped table, upon which the documents were placed in two piles. The Germans took their places at the other side of the table.

At 6:49 o'clock Herr Simon formally reached across the table and took the documents and handed them to Baron von Loerzer, this actually constituting the formal receipt of the treaty and the ultimatum. A receipt from the Germans for the documents was required.

The Germans then returned to their apartment in the hotel, von Loerzer carrying the documents under his arm in a green portfolio.

Brookdorff-Rantzau boarded a train for the Weimar, taking the papers with him.

Interpreter Is Absent.

The interpreters, however, were not present. The two groups were rather confused. No provision for an interpreter had been made.

Secretary Dutasta spoke in French and Herr Simon replied in German. Neither of the principals apparently was aware of just what the other said.

The Germans plainly intimated their intention to demand an extension of time. On receiving the treaty, Herr Simon said:

"I must observe, on behalf of my government, that the time allowed in which to answer is rather short."

OCEAN SURVEYS ORDERED

SOUNDINGS TO BE TAKEN OFF CALIFORNIA COAST.

Charts to Be Prepared Giving Mariners Accurate Information Regarding Danger Points.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 16.—To obviate further catastrophes like the wrecking of the steamer Columbia and Bear off Cape Mendocino, Cal., the United States coast and geodetic survey is dispatching several ships through the Panama canal to make soundings along that part of the Pacific coast where so many fatalities have occurred.

The steamer lanes will reach Cape Mendocino the latter part of July and will be joined later by the Sialia, which was formerly the private yacht of Henry Ford.

Soundings will be made off Cape Mendocino and around Humboldt bay by charts prepared affording mariners the most complete and accurate information as to that section of the coast. The steamer lanes will be surveyed out to the 1000-fathom depth, which at most places along the Pacific coast is about 75 miles from land.

A bill appropriating \$2,500,000 to match a similar amount voted by the people of Oregon for the completion of the Roosevelt military highway along the Oregon coast was introduced by Representative Hawley today. Representative Lea of California will introduce a bill in the house tomorrow asking \$1,500,000 to extend this highway to San Francisco.

The state of California is building a highway along the coast to Crescent City, on the Oregon line, and will soon have it completed to Seaside. Representative Lea plans to obtain an appropriation to bring this state highway up to the standard proposed for the Oregon part of the road.

Representative McArthur has advised Chairman William J. Graham of the

Graham committee, which is to investigate war expenditures, that he will head the subcommittee which is to go to the Pacific coast to investigate aviation and other matters connected with the war. The other members of the committee will be Representatives Albert W. Jeffries of Nebraska, and Jerome F. Donovan of New York. As this committee will have considerable work to do here in Washington, it was said today that the trip to the Pacific coast probably will not be made before September. The committee will sit at Camp Lewis and in Portland.

Major Christopher C. Fitzgerald, formerly of The Dalles, Or., is back in Washington from one year's service overseas. He expects to go soon to Havana, Cuba, where he will be engaged in some construction work.

Members of the naval affairs committee of the house were entertained at the capital today by Representative Will J. Browning of New Jersey at a luncheon at which the piece de resistance was genuine Royal Chinook salmon received from Captain J. Speler, harbormaster for the Port of Portland.

"Enjoy this salmon while you can, gentlemen," said Representative McArthur of Oregon, one of the members of the committee, "because you are going to find it the most expensive bit of fish you ever ate when we get down to business with you on our demands for a naval base on the Columbia and a few other needed improvements on the Oregon coast."

ALIEN LABOR IS ATTACKED

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN AND ENGINEMEN OPPOSE.

Convention Votes Appropriation to Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America.

DENVER, June 16.—A resolution designed to eliminate alien labor from competition with American labor in positions occupied by members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, was adopted at today's session of the triennial convention of the brotherhood here.

The resolution was sent to the president of the United States and likewise to both houses of congress. It sets forth that it is unfair to prohibit the Japanese from competing with employers while they are permitted to compete with labor.

The convention also voted an appropriation to the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America to sustain the members during the present strike of that union. The contribution will be given through the grand lodge of both organizations. The amount was not made public.

No action resulted from the discussion of the Winnipeg strike situation, and, according to C. McLaughlin, vice-president of the brotherhood, nothing will be done until a full report is received from Canada.

BAKER ASKS MORE MEN

ARMY THAT IS "ADEQUATE."

Senate Committee Told House Action, if Carried Out, Will Cripple Effectiveness of Forces.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Secretary Baker, appearing today before the senate military committee, insisted that congress make provision for an army of 500,000 men until a permanent military policy can be adopted. He decried the force and 200,000 proposed in the annual appropriation bill as passed by the house was "inadequate."

Secretary Baker told the committee that in addition to the army of occupation in Germany a sufficient force must be maintained for Mexican border duty and to take care of vast stores of government supplies both in France and Italy.

He also pointed out the committee to dissent from the house rider prohibiting the department from buying real estate. He said the amendment would cause loss to the government which would be simply prodigious.

Elimination by the house of funds for educational recreation" taken from the army also was opposed by Mr. Baker.

As the army reverted to 250,000 men, if it must under the law unless special provision is made before July 1, 1920, General March said, the air service, motor transports corps and other auxiliary services must be abolished.

General March said he thought the study of gases should continue under the engineering corps and everything be held in readiness to manufacture them if the occasion should arise. England will maintain an army of about 900,000 men, General March said.

Do you believe we will have a sufficient army to fulfill the obligations imposed by section 19 of the league of nations covenant? asked General Frelinghuysen, republican, of New Jersey.

"If all the nations united in force they could raise an adequate army," General March replied.

Questioned regarding the mutiny of a company of Americans at Archangel, General March said so far as he knew no one had been punished.

General March said he had ordered the purchase of 1050 new planes.

OLCOTT ENDS AIR VOYAGE

OREGON'S GOVERNOR REACHES MATHER FIELD SAFELY.

Journey by Plane From Ashland Called "Delightful Trip"—Has Trout for Executive.

MATHER FIELD, Sacramento, Cal., June 16.—Governor Olcott of Oregon arrived here early tonight from Portland in an army airplane. He was a passenger in the plane piloted by Lieutenant-Colonel Henry L. Watson, commander of the squadron of four that left Ashland, Or., shortly before noon today.

Two other airplanes reached the field, but a fourth was unable to complete the flight because of mechanical difficulty.

Governor Olcott brought a basket of trout from Grants Pass, Or., for Governor Stephens. He said he had a "delightful trip." He was welcomed at the field by Warren Bovard, executive secretary of Governor Stephens.

Representative of the executive of California, who is in San Francisco. Lieutenant James F. Krull and Charles E. Schwartz were the pilots of the other two airplanes. Milton R. Klepper, president of the Oregon Aero club, was a passenger with Schwartz.

NURAYA TEA.—Nutritious-flavor. Closet & Devere, Portland.—Adv.

ALLIES' FINAL REPLY IS GIVEN TO TEUTON

Minor Changes Made in Draft of Treaty at Huns' Request.

WAR HELD GREATEST CRIME

Those Responsible Must Be Given Trial—List to Be Furnished Within One Month's Time.

(Continued From First Page.)

ified with that growing prosperity and influence to which Germany was entitled, and which all other nations were willing to accord her; that they should be able to dictate and tyrannize over a subservient Europe, as they dictated and tyrannized over a subservient Germany.

Hostility Always Sown.

"In order to attain their ends they used every channel through which to educate their own subjects in the doctrine that might was right in international affairs. They ceased to expand German armaments by land and sea, and to propagate the falsehood that it was necessary because Germany's neighbors were jealous of her prosperity and power.

"She sought to sow hostility and suspicion, instead of friendship between nations. The Germans developed a system of espionage and intrigue through which they were enabled to stir up international rebellion, and even to make secret offensive preparations within the territory of their neighbors, whereby they might, when the moment came, strike down with greater certainty and ease. Europe in a ferment by threats of violence, and when they found that their neighbors were resolved to resist their arrogant will, they determined to assert their predominance in Europe by force.

"As soon as their preparations were complete, they encouraged a subservient ally to declare war on Germany, and hours' notice, a war involving the control of the Balkans, which they knew could not be localized and which was bound to unchain a general war.

Refused All Parleys.

"In order to make doubly sure, they refused any parley or conciliation and conference until it was too late and the world war was inevitable, for which they had plotted and for which, since among the nations, they were adequately prepared.

"Germany's responsibility, however, is not confined to having planned and started the war. She is no less responsible for the savage and inhuman manner in which it was conducted. Though Germany was herself the guaranty of Belgium, Germany violated the rules after a solemn promise to respect the neutrality of this unoffending people.

"Not content with this, they deliberately carried out a campaign of bombing and long-distance shooting, and they were the first to use poisonous gas, notwithstanding the appalling suffering it entailed. They began the bombing and long-distance shooting, and they were the first to use poisonous gas, notwithstanding the appalling suffering it entailed.

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Liebes' Mid-Month Selling Event Continues Today

This low-priced selling event is designed to quickly Remove All Incomplete Size, Price and Color Assortments—Odd Lots—and All Stocks Where Choice Is Limited Because of Past Month's Regular Selling, to Make Room for New Merchandise

The Repricings for Today Include:

Suits Capes and Dolmans Dresses Skirts
Wash Dresses Blouses Sport Coats
Sweaters Lingerie

The Period for Selling at Mid-Month Event Prices Is Limited to Closing Time Today.

H. Liebes & Co.
Established 1864 FURS
149-151 BROADWAY

Just punishment should be meted out, and continued:

"Justice, therefore, is the only possible basis for the settlement of the accounts of this terrible war. Justice is what the German delegation asks for, and says that Germany has been promised that. But it must be justice for all. There must be justice for the dead and wounded and for those who have been made orphans and bereaved. There must be justice for the people who now stagger under war debts, which exceed \$20,000,000,000 that liberty might be saved. There must be justice for those millions whose homes and lands, ships and property German savagery has spoiled and destroyed.

"That is why the allied and associated powers have insisted as a cardinal feature of the treaty that Germany must undertake to make reparation to the very utmost of her power, for reparation for wrongs inflicted is the essence of justice."

BONAR LAW GIVES WARNING

Full Fruits of Victory May Be Lost, Says British Leader.

LONDON, June 16.—The peace terms to be presented to Germany today are the final reply of the allies, Andrew Bonar Law, government spokesman in the house of commons, declared in opening the victory loan campaign at the Guildhall today. The speaker said the allies hoped earnestly the Germans would sign the terms.

"It is for them to choose within five days," Mr. Bonar Law added. "They must sign or the armistice is at an end. There must be a just peace, but a just peace must be a stern peace."

The speaker said that the chief of the British staff had declared 23 different wars were now going on, and added:

"It is not all over. It is quite possible, by want of vision or absence of spirit, by disunion among the allies and by want of unity at home to lose the victory, but the full force of the victory which has been bought dearly."

HUNS PLAN FOR DISCUSSION

National Assembly to Pass on Peace Terms Saturday.

BERLIN, Sunday, June 15.—(By the Associated Press.)—Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau has informed the Berlin government that immediately after receiving the allied reply to the German counter-proposals he will leave for Weimar, arriving Tuesday afternoon.

The situation will be laid before the national assembly Wednesday. The cabinet will hold a final meeting, probably Friday, and will submit the German answer to the national assembly Saturday for ratification.

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—an instantaneous hit!!!

The innovation just introduced, namely, the service daily at the dinner hour in the main restaurant of

4 different table d'hote DINNERS

50c 75c \$1.00 & \$1.25 Give 'em the "once over"

Imperial Hotel

Phil Mathan

Best Light Food for Summer Bobby

Post Toasties

Best of corn flakes

O.A.C. THIRD TIME HONORED

DISTINCTION IS CONFERRED BY WAR DEPARTMENT.

Institution, From Military Standpoint, Is Placed Among Ten Best in the Country.

OREGON AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Corvallis, June 16.—(Special.)—The "distinguished college" honor has been given the Oregon Agricultural college by the war department for the third time, the government having placed the institution, from a military standpoint, among the 10 best in the country.

News of this action was received today by President W. J. Kerr from Washington. D. C. While Colonel Joseph K. Partello, professor of military science and tactics, and Captain Dennis Hayes, adjutant, who put the members of the college regiment through strenuous drill the week before the inspection was made, are given much praise for their work, credit for the honor is declared largely due to the spirit shown by the men developed through years of leadership by such men as Brigadier-General U. G. McAlexander, Brigadier-General V. A. Caldwell, Major T. F. Maginnis, Colonel Alfred C. Sharpe and Colonel Partello.

It is because of the excellent morale and facilities for military work that the government has seen fit to make a veritable West Point out of the institution, establishing infantry, field artillery, engineer corps, signal corps and motor corps units, and supplying equipment valued at more than half a million dollars. The government also is contemplating establishing a cavalry unit here.

SALARY INCREASES ASKED

Officials of Fire Bureau Petition and Men Also May Follow Suit.

Officials in the Portland fire bureau have petitioned for increase in salaries. It is understood that this petition will be followed by another seeking increases for men in the ranks of the fire bureau. All increases sought will be definitely passed upon by the city council.

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council June 25 if present plans are carried into effect.

The petition presented by the fire department officials includes requests for increases for the following men: Fire Chief B. F. Dowell, from \$250 to \$300; Assistant Chief M. Laudenklos, from \$205 to \$250; Fire Marshal Ed Green, from \$175 to \$225; Battalion Chief Holden, from \$175 to \$200; Battalion Chief Young, from \$175 to \$200; C. A. Savarian, superintendent, fire alarm telegraph, from \$145 to \$225; Colonel M. W. Weidner, chief clerk, from \$175 to \$200; H. T. Blakeslee, clerk, from \$120 to \$160; E. M. Kraut, clerk, from \$125 to \$160; M. F. Harvey, stenographer, from \$85 to \$100.

SAILOR SEEKS PHYSICIAN

Discharged Naval Man Finds His Orders Cannot Be Carried Out.

NEWPORT, Or., June 16.—(Special.)—Ernest M. Horn of Almiria, Or., an honorably discharged sailor, arrived in Newport last week with traveling orders issued by Chief Medical Adviser Banks at Washington May 27, directing him to report to Dr. W. U. Thompson for examination. Horn arrived with only \$1.50 and learned that Dr. Thompson left Newport some months ago.

Isaac N. Blanton, a soldier who resides in Eugene, arrived with similar orders April 16. Learning that Dr. Thompson left, he wired the treasury department for further orders and money. He was told to apply to the first and last Cross station for aid and given further orders.

Horn will telegraph Washington authorities for orders and funds. If unsuccessful, he will arrange to get some money which he has in a Eugene bank.

Tillamook Holds School Election.

TILLAMOOK, Or., June 16.—(Special.)—The annual school election for Tillamook city was held today. T. Merrill Smith and H. H. Rosenberg were elected directors. Mr. Smith getting the long term of three years and Mr. Rosenberg the one-year term. The third member of the board is H. T. Betts. Erwin Harrison was elected clerk.

S. & B. green stamps for cash. Holman Fuel Co., Main 352, A 222. Blackwood, short alabaster, Rock Springs and Utah coal; sawdust.—Adv.

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