

RECONSTRUCTION MEASURE IS LOST

Rural Vote Defeats Plans for \$5,000,000 Bonds.

ENABLING ACT IS DEAD, TOO

Majority Against Main Bill Is Approximately 3779.

HOSPITAL PLAN GOES DOWN

Though Amendment Is Carried by Safe Margin, No Funds for Work Are Available.

STATE MEASURES CARRIED.
Six per cent indebtedness.
Roosevelt highway bill.
Soldiers' sailors' and marines' educational aid bill.
Market roads tax bill.
Irrigation and drainage district interest guarantee.

Measures in Doubt.
Industrial and reconstruction hospital amendment.

Measures Defeated.
Lieutenant-governor amendment.
Reconstruction bond amendment.
Reconstruction bonding bill.

The rural vote of Oregon Tuesday rallied to defeat the \$5,000,000 reconstruction bill. That element had able assistance from some of the valley towns, so that whereas Portland and Multnomah county gave the bonding proposition a favorable majority of nearly 4000, the bill appears definitely to be defeated.

The same fate was accorded the constitutional amendment enabling the people to adopt the bond bill, but the enabling amendment is defeated by a much smaller majority. In fact, the anomalous condition was nearly achieved whereby the constitution would be altered to permit an increase of \$5,000,000 in state indebtedness for reconstruction purposes in the same election that the indebtedness itself was prohibited.

Figures Nearly Complete.
With fairly complete returns from all but two of the smaller counties, the vote outside of Multnomah county on the reconstruction bill is 17,908, no 26,155. When the Multnomah county figures are added to these totals the result is yes 30,349, no 24,218. Majority against 3779.

The same upstate counties gave on the companion constitutional amendment an affirmative vote of 18,153 and a negative vote of 23,152. With the addition of the Multnomah county figures the total stands yes, 30,521, no, 24,198; majority against, 587. The complete returns, according to present indications, will increase this unfavorable majority and the amendment is probably defeated.

Latest Returns Show Trend.
The disclosures that the main opposition to the reconstruction measure was in the rural districts came in the manner in which the returns were received. Earlier figures are almost exclusively from county seats, and indicate the trend of voting in those towns. Tuesday night the first returns from towns and cities outside of Portland indicated that the reconstruction bill had received a small adverse majority upstate, which would be readily overcome by the large favorable majority cast in Multnomah county.

But later returns, which come from the country districts, overthrow this calculation completely. As the country districts reported, the unfavorable majorities swelled larger and larger. Particular heavy votes were cast against the measure in Washington, Marion, Linn, Douglas and Clackamas counties.

State Opposes Hospital.
Outside of Portland the amendment authorizing location of a reconstruction hospital at a place other than the state capital was disapproved by the voters. The returns as far as received give an adverse majority against this amendment of 3546 outside of Multnomah county. But the vote in Multnomah county in favor of the amendment more than offsets the up-state vote at present.

The incomplete returns including returns from Multnomah, stand, Yes 20,740; no, 28,970. Majority for 1770.
The fate of the amendment is still somewhat in doubt, but if it is shown finally to have a narrow majority, there will exist authority to locate the hospital elsewhere than at Salem, but there will be no appropriation for it. The appropriation was carried in the defeated reconstruction bonding bill.

Multnomah Saves East.
The returns also find Multnomah county saving the day for the measure permitting guarantee of interest for five years on approved irrigation and drainage district bonds. Multnomah county gave this measure an affirmative majority of nearly 6000 votes, but the counties outside of Multnomah county, so far as reports are in, went against it by about 700 votes. The totals for up-state counties with Multnomah added are as follows: Yes 33,219, no 25,008. Majority for 3211.
On other measures the counties stood

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SAN FRANCISCO PUTS BAN ON STRAWBERRY

RETAIL MERCHANTS AND HOTELERS BALK AT HIGH PRICES.

Public "Requested" to Go Without Until Cost Comes Down; Growers Accused of Unfairness.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 4.—(Special.)—San Francisco retail merchants have started a bitter fight against exorbitant food prices. They fired the opening gun this morning with a boycott against fresh strawberries. After today there will be no fresh strawberries on sale in any San Francisco retail store. Consumers are going to do without them upon "request" and advice of their corner groceryman.

The large jobbing houses have already taboed them and their action will be followed by every retail dealer in the city.

The boycott action was decided upon at a meeting of the large dealers held this afternoon. Every small retail groceryman was notified of the action. No purchases will be made after today. All of the restaurants and hotels have combined with the retailers in their fight, and have made a verbal agreement not to use strawberries until the action taken results in lower prices. The retail merchants say they have been discriminated against this season.

While they have been forced to pay \$12 to \$15 a chest of 40 pounds of strawberries, the same berries are sold to the canneries at 10 and 14 cents a pound, equivalent to a trifle over \$5 a chest, by the Central California Strawberry Growers' association.

The fight against the strawberry price is the widest and strongest that has ever taken place in San Francisco against any article of food. It is something that has been threatened for many weeks, but reached the critical point today when the growers boosted the wholesale market to \$15 a chest.

BOY MAKES BEST BREAD

Harry Moore of Eugene Takes Honors in Cooking Contest.

EUGENE, Or., June 4.—(Special.)—Harry Moore, 16 years old, of Eugene, won first prize on his bread at a cooking contest held in connection with an athletic meeting at the Dunn school club near this city.

The meeting was featured by a club programme, club yells, songs, demonstrations of cooking and sewing and a general celebration in honor of the fact that their club was the first in the state to have a sewing club.

Miss Helen J. Cowgill, assistant state club leader at the Oregon Agricultural college, was present at the meeting. She says she is but voicing the feeling of the boys and girls when she says that much of the credit for the victory is due to Mrs. E. L. Seater, their local leader. Seven boys are members of the club. Most of them take the cooking club work in order to be able to cook on camping parties.

LOANS TO SOLDIERS URGED

Texas Proposes to Let Men Have \$5000 to Purchase Farms.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Straight loans to soldiers and sailors of not to exceed \$5000 for the purchase of farms was proposed to the house public lands committee by Representative Garner of Texas as a substitute for Secretary Lane's project for farms for service men. While he favored generally the Lane plan, Mr. Garner said he regarded it as an attempt to deceive the soldier by offering him something which was a reclamation scheme.

He gave notice that he would offer his plan as an amendment in the house.

STRIKING COAL MINERS WIN

War Bonus to Continue and Men Will Resume Work Today.

ELENSBURG, Wash., June 4.—Striking coal miners of Cle Elum and Roslyn, near here, will return to work tomorrow, a telegram having been received today from Indianapolis stating the strikers had won their point.

Recently representatives of the employers and strikers went to Indianapolis to lay the question before the international president of the miners' union. The men struck when the company stopped paying what it termed a war bonus.

FIRST FOREST FIRE OUT

Mill Crews and Ranchers Fight Blaze in Jackson County.

GOLD HILL, Or., June 4.—(Special.)—The first forest fire of the season in the north end of Jackson county occurred this week on the railway leading out from the Rogue River Lumber & Box company's mills, six miles north of Gold Hill. Mill and timber crews and ranchers prevented a heavy loss. A heavy wind was blowing. After burning over quite an area and destroying logs yarded along the railway, the fire was extinguished.

The warm weather is a serious menace to crops on unirrigated lands.

SAILORS TO BE DISCHARGED

Naval Personnel Ordered Reduced to 250,000 Men.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Secretary Daniels today ordered reduction of the naval personnel to 250,000 men or less by July 1. Commandants of all shore stations and districts were directed to discharge immediately every man who could possibly be spared without impairing the efficiency of the navy.

On June 1 there were approximately 273,000 men in the navy, of whom about 125,000 were at shore stations.

EVIDENCE SECURED IN BIG BOMB PLOT

Federal Operatives Silent as to Exact Nature.

TRAIL LEADS TO NEW YORK

Clues Point to Russia, Radicals' Headquarters.

I. W. W. HEAD MENTIONED

Partial Confession from Suspect Held at Pittsburg May Lead to Solution of Mystery.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Secret service heads were uncommunicative but hopeful tonight as to prospects in the nation-wide hunt for the perpetrators of the series of bomb outrages Monday night. William J. Flynn, appointed but not formally installed as the head of the investigation bureau of the department of justice, was assisting in the operations and it was admitted that much evidence had been gathered which would prove helpful, though nothing could be disclosed as to its nature.

Members of a coroner's jury assembled today to find a verdict as to the death of the bomb planter killed by the explosion of his own bomb at the home of Attorney-General Palmer adjourned without a meeting to complete a verdict.

President Cables Palmer.
Officials said there was nothing to decide in view of the circumstances.

Washington police were still working in conjunction with New York and Philadelphia authorities and with the special agents of the department of justice, but no arrests were made.

President Wilson in a cablegram to Mr. Palmer today said: "My heartfelt congratulations on your escape. I am deeply thankful that the miscreants failed in all their attempts."

Man-Hunt Nation-Wide.
More than 50 suspects have been taken into custody in various parts of the country, but no information had been received that would indicate the capture of the actual plotters. Not since the early days of the war, when the efforts of the department were centered on spies and dangerous enemy aliens, has there been such a man-hunt.

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POTASH MEN FEAR FRANCE

Competition from Alsace to Be Based on Buying Trade.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Western potash producers, representing that shipment of potash from Alsace and other points in Europe already are being brought to the United States, have secured the promise of Chairman Poindestor of the senate committee on mines to give early consideration to legislation designed to protect the industry from foreign products.

Licensing of imports so as to permit importers to bring in quantities in proportion to their purchases in the domestic market was proposed as the foundation for committee action.

RUST INJURES WHEAT CROP

Nebraska Winter Production May Be Cut Down Considerably.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 4.—Orange leaf rust, usually prevalent in Nebraska, may reduce production of the state's winter wheat crop, according to a statement issued today by A. E. Anderson of the United States bureau of crop estimates.

HOUSE TO MAKE FIVE WAR-COST INQUIRIES

COMMITTEE IS INCREASED TO MEMBERSHIP OF 15.

Aviation, Ordnance, Camps, Quartermaster Supplies and Foreign Expenditures to Be Probed.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Unanimous approval was given by the house today to a resolution increasing the war expenditures committee to 15 members so that five separate investigations of disposition of funds by the war department may be made. The vote came after two hours' debate and after the republicans had refused to permit the democrats to offer an amendment to the resolution under which the committee membership would have been divided, nine republicans and six democrats, instead of ten republicans and five democrats.

The republican leaders explained that inquiries were planned into expenditures for aviation, ordnance, camps and cantonments, quartermaster supplies and in foreign countries. Each inquiry will be conducted by a subcommittee composed of two republicans and one democrat.

The resolution came before the house today from the rules committee as a special order of business. During the debate the democrats charged that the investigations were to be made by the republicans "in search of political capital for the 1920 campaign," and declared they were welcomed by the administration. Republican spokesmen, however, said the investigations were to be "non-partisan" and were designed solely to inform the country what had become of the \$18,000,000,000 appropriated for the war department during the war.

"This is not to be in the spirit of making political capital," said Representative Mondell, the republican leader, "but to provide an audit so as to inform the people regarding the great expenditures."

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OREGON LEADS WAY IN ROOSEVELT ROAD

Government Matching of \$2,500,000 Issue Next.

7 COUNTIES TO PRESS ACTION

Same Name for Highway by Other States Suggested.

FOREST FUNDS EXPECTED

Six Per Cent Indebtedness to Enable Counties to Carry Out Extension Road Programme.

Oregon has taken the initiative for a coast military road in authorizing the governor to issue \$2,500,000 bonds in the next five years for the Roosevelt memorial highway. The next step is up to the government.

Ben F. Jones, secretary of the Roosevelt Highway association, and author of the measure, will be sent to Washington within a week by the seven counties directly interested in the road. Word was received from each of the counties yesterday that they will direct immediately all their efforts on the federal government. The bonds are contingent on the federal government matching the sum and the Oregon delegation in Congress already has promised its support.

L. J. Simpson yesterday sent the following telegram of suggestion to the association headquarters:

State Co-operation Sought.
"Congratulations upon the success of the Roosevelt highway measure and the splendid campaign which you have conducted for it. I understand that California has funds to complete its coast highway from the Mexican line to the Oregon line to connect with the Roosevelt highway in Oregon and that Washington either has or will provide funds to construct a coast highway from some point on the Columbia river north through Willapa and Grays harbor, along the coast of the Olympic peninsula, following the shores of Puget sound to Port Townsend; thence north to the Canadian line.

"I suggest immediate request be made to the states of California and Washington to name the same name to their coast highways as we have given ours in Oregon. Favorable action upon their part would give a continuous coast military highway from Mexico to Canada and would be a fitting memorial to that great American statesman, Roosevelt, who during his life so ardently advocated preparedness and strenuous Americanism.

The assistance of senators and congressmen is requested.

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RECALL IN COOS WINS BY LARGE MAJORITY

C. R. WADE NAMED JUDGE AND H. G. KERN COMMISSIONER.

James Watson and Archie Phillip Lose Following Charges Made of Waste of County Funds.

MARSHFIELD, Or., June 4.—(Special.)—C. R. Wade, justice of the peace, a democrat, becomes county judge and Henry G. Kern, banker, foundryman and mayor of North Bend, county commissioner, as a result of an overwhelming landslide in the recall election yesterday in this county.

The 2-10-1 vote against County Judge James Watson and the 2-1-1 against Commissioner Archie Phillip surprised the most ardent adherent of the recall, and the defeat is attributed here to a campaign waged by the Agitator, a free lance paper, that had been after the county court for several years; the Evening Record of Marshfield and the Coos Bay Times, also of Marshfield.

The main charge against the county officials was extravagance and waste of county funds and the good roads money, and in the case of Phillip, of assuming regular salaried employment for the county.

The new officials, it was stated, will assume office immediately upon the official canvass being made and announced. The vote for Wade was 2138, for Watson 1023, Kern 2418 and Phillip 756. These represent the entire vote, save four precincts.

The Coos County Taxpayers' league today sent the Oregon Journal, a Portland newspaper, this telegram: "Glad to inform you that Coos county's recall on Judge Watson and Commissioner Phillip carried by overwhelming majority. Desire to express appreciation for Portland Journal's assistance to us in establishing good government in Coos county, as Coos county people believe justly opposite to what the Journal says. The coming nearer the truth by your carrying back to us the truth of the Coos County recall, we are very grateful. We are sure you will continue to give us the truth in the Journal, the result would have been nearly unanimous instead of three to one. You might convey information to your friends, the Warren Construction company."

INDIANS DRUNK ON BEANS

Prohibition Worker Wants Reds Kept from Using Peyot Bean.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Prohibitionists gathered here today at the convention of the Anti-Saloon League of America heard Mrs. Gertrude Bonin, a worker among Indians, make a plea for the prohibition of Indians from the use of the peyot bean, used by them as an intoxicant. She declared the habit of using the bean was spreading throughout the reservations.

Representative Cooper of Ohio assailed Samuel Gompers for his stand on prohibition. He accused the labor leader of not telling the truth when he made the statement that organized labor was against prohibition.

LISTER'S CONDITION BETTER

Temperature of Governor 98.6, and Pulse 108.

SEATTLE, June 4.—Considerable improvement over his condition last night and early today was reported in Governor Ernest Lister's condition tonight.

The temperature was given as 98.6, respiration 24 and pulse 108.

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SUFFRAGE ADOPTED IN SENATE 56 TO 25

Amendment Wins After 40 Years of Struggle.

STATES MUST RATIFY NEXT

Measure Is Drafted by Susan B. Anthony in 1875.

APPLAUSE GREETS PASSAGE

Signature of President Unnecessary. Opponents of Amendment Are Democrats, Except for 8.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Action by congress on equal suffrage, subject of a fight of 40 years' duration, ended late today in adoption by the senate by a vote of 56 to 25 of the historic Susan B. Anthony constitutional amendment resolution.

The proposed amendment, adopted by the house by a vote of 504 to 59 May 21 as the first act of the new congress, now goes to the states, ratification by legislatures of three-fourths of which is required for its incorporation in the federal constitution.

Margin Is Slight.
The recall today showed two votes more than the necessary two-thirds for the resolution, which was drafted by Susan B. Anthony in 1875 and introduced by Senator Sargent of California in 1878. Counting paired and absent members, the senate actually stood 68 to 20 for the measure.

Loud applause, unchecked by the presiding officer, swept the senate chamber when the final vote was announced following two days' debate and many jubilation meetings were in progress tonight at headquarters of various women's organizations which have been active in support of the measure.

Immediately after the senate's action, the resolution was taken to Speaker Gillett's office and signed. It was rushed back to the senate for its presiding officer's signature, but arrived after the senate had adjourned and will be approved tomorrow.

Wilson's Signature Unessential.
President Wilson's signature, it was stated, is not necessary, although the resolution will be sent to the White House as usual and may be signed by the executive. It will be certified to the states by the state department.

Upon the senate's recall today the vote was as follows:
For adoption:
Republicans—Capper, Cummins, Curtis, Edge, Eklund, Hall, Ferriss, Frank, Fryling, Gurnea, Hale, Harding, Johnson of California, Jones of Washington, Kellogg, Kenyon, Keays, Latollette, Leavelle, McCord, McCreary, McPherson, McNary, Nelson, Newberry, Norris, Papp, Phipps, Poindexter, Sherman, Smoot, Spencer, Sterling, Sutherland, Warren, Watson. Total, 56.

Democrats—Buckhead, Buchanan, Culbertson, Harris, Henderson, Jones of New Mexico, Kendrick, Kirby, McKellar, Myers, Nugent, Phelan, Pittman, Randall, Shoup, Smith of Arizona, Stanley, Thomas, Walsh of Massachusetts, Walsh of Montana. Total, 20.

Total for adoption, 56.
Eight Republicans Opposed.
Against:
Republicans—Borah, Brandegee, Dillingham, Knox, Lodge, McLean, Moses and Washburn. Total, 25.

Democrats—Backlund, Beckham, Dial, Fletcher, Gay, Harrison, Hitchcock, Ovgeman, Reed, Simmons, Smith of Maryland, Smith of South Carolina, Swanson, Trammel, Underwood, Williams and Wolcott. Total, 27.

Total against, 25.
Those paired were: Senators Ball and King for, while Shields against; Calder and Townsend for, with Penrose against; Gerry and Johnson of South Dakota for, with Martin against; Gore and Cole for, with Penrose against.

Senators Owen, Robinson and Smith of Georgia were absent and were not paired.

Amendment Is Brief.
Of the absence, Senators Owen and Robinson favored the resolution and Senator Smith of Georgia was an opponent. Including paired and absent senators, the actual lineup was 49 republicans and 25 democrats for the resolution and 3 republicans and 24 democrats in opposition.

The amendment, as it will be added to the constitution if ratified by the states, reads:

"Article —, Section 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex.

"Section 2. Congress shall have power, by appropriate legislation, to enforce the provisions of this article."

All efforts to amend the resolution in the senate failed.

Although a few state legislatures now are in session, woman suffrage champions tonight claimed that ratification soon would be secured, probably by next spring. In today's debate, however, Senator Gay predicted that with the southern states opposing the measure, because of established disfranchisement of negro women, the required number of states would refuse to ratify and cause its rejection.

Opponents again occupied most of today's debate and reiterated arguments that the resolution is destructive of state rights and popular rule.

Since the resolution was drafted by Susan B. Anthony, the woman suffrage pioneer, virtually a continuous fight has been waged for its submission by congress to the states.

Among the spectacular features of (Continued on Page 4, Column 1.)

