

TERMS TOO HARSH TO BEAR, SAYS FOE

Huns Aghast at Demands, Rantzau Tells Allies

PACT HELD TO DOOM BOCHES

Germans Assert to Sign Would Be Executing "Death Sentence" of Nation.

LEAGUE ENTRANCE IS ASKED

Teutons Protest Against Loss of Territories, Saying Much Is Settled by Germans.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Germany, although realizing that she must make sacrifices to obtain peace, is convinced that the execution of the peace treaty as drawn is "more than the German people can bear."

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the German peace delegation, thus sums up the attitude of the German nation towards the proposed treaty of peace in a note to the allied and associated powers, outlining various German counter proposals. The German note, delivered to Premier Clemenceau, president of the peace conference, last Thursday, was made public tonight by the state department.

The German delegation nowhere in its note asserts that it will refuse to sign the present treaty, but declares on behalf of the German nation that "even in her need, justice for her is too sacred a thing to allow her to stoop to accept conditions which she cannot undertake to carry out."

Huns Would Join League. Exclusion of Germany from the league of nations, the note asserts, means that in signing the peace treaty Germany would be executing a "decree for its own proscription, nay, its own death sentence."

The German people, the note says, have been disappointed in their hope for a peace of justice which had been promised and stands "aghost" at the demands made upon them by the "victorious violence of our enemies."

The German delegation agrees to reduction of Germany's army and navy on condition that Germany be admitted immediately to the league of nations; to renounce Germany's sovereign rights in Alsace-Lorraine and Posen, but as to all other territories which Germany is called upon to give up the principle of self-determination, applicable at once, is asked; to subject all German colonies to administration by the league of nations, but under German mandatory and to make the indemnity payments as required, but in amounts that will burden the German taxpayer no more heavily than the taxpayer of the most heavily burdened nation among those represented on the reparations commission.

Neutral Inquiry Asked. The note declares Germany is willing to pool her entire merchant marine with that of the associated powers. Neutral participation in the inquiry as to responsibility for the war is asked.

The text of the German note, dated May 29, and addressed to Premier Clemenceau, president of the peace conference, was made public by the state department as follows: "Mr. President—I have the honor to transmit to you herewith the observations of the German delegation on the draft treaty of peace. We came to Versailles in the expectation of receiving a peace proposal based on the agreed principles. We were firmly resolved to do everything in our power with a view to fulfilling the grave obligations which we had undertaken.

"We were aghast when we read in documents the demands made upon us by the victorious violence of our enemies. The more deeply we penetrate into the spirit of this treaty, the more convinced we become of the impossibility of carrying it out. The executions of this treaty are more than the German people can bear.

Valuable Provinces Lost. With a view to the re-establishment of the Polish state we must renounce indisputably German territory, nearly the whole of the province of west Prussia, which is preponderantly German, and Merania, Danzig, which

BOLSHEVIK FLEET IN BATTLE WITH BRITISH

REDS FLEE TO KRONSTADT AFTER BRIEF FIGHT.

Congress of Democratic Party Appeals to People for Support of Admiral Kolchak.

HELSINGFORS, June 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—A 50-minute battle took place yesterday between a bolshevik fleet comprising the battleship Petropavlovsk (23,207 ton) and three other warships which had been bombarding the coast west of Krasnaya Gorka (15 miles west of Kronstadt), and seven British warships. The Russians eventually fled to Kronstadt.

Saturday's encounter in the gulf of Finland was the second the British have had recently with bolshevik naval forces which are trying to harry the Estonian army approaching Petrograd from the west. May 18, a 35-minute naval fight occurred not far from the locality of the one now reported. It had a similar result. Some of their vessels were reported to have been hit. There were no casualties to the British forces.

OMSK, June 1.—(Russian telegraphic agency.)—An uprising against the bolsheviks began in the city of Kazan, on the Volga, north of Samara, on May 15, according to a bolshevik radio dispatch sent from Kazan. The people demanded food, the removal of bolshevik troops from Kazan and the liberation of the hostages.

An uprising at Nizhni-Novgorod recently was suppressed with great cruelty. The headquarters of the general staff of the Siberian army has been transferred from Ekaterinburg to Perm. The commander of the army issued a proclamation to the people of Ekaterinburg expressing his appreciation of the help given him.

The congress of the constitutional democratic party in an open telegram to Admiral Kolchak, the head of the all-Russian government, urges all citizens of Russia to unite around the admiral in the name of the unity and independence of Russia.

"SKY PILOT" SOON REALITY

Methodist Minister Will Preach Sermon From Airplane.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The first sermon from the air, preached by a "sky pilot" of the Methodist church, will be a headliner at the Methodist centenary exposition, to be held at Columbus, O., June 29 to July 14, according to tentative plans announced here today.

The organizers of the exposition have taken a leaf from the book of the ordinary work-a-day circus and have obtained the services of a press agent, who states the aerial sermon will be preached by a minister who will float above the heads of his congregation at a height of 2000 feet or so. His message will be audible to all by means of a wireless telephone and a megaphone attachment.

AUSTRIA GETS PACT TODAY

Allies to Present Treaty to Foe in Incomplete Form.

PARIS, June 1.—(Havas.)—The council of four did not meet today, but the representatives of the great powers continued their examination of the German counter proposals to the peace terms. The answer of the allied and associated governments probably will be delivered at the end of the present week.

On the programme for tomorrow is the presentation of the peace terms to the Austrian delegation. Only the political, territorial and military clauses of the treaty will be communicated, the financial clauses being withheld for later presentation.

LEAGUE TO FURNISH MUSIC

Organization Formed During War Will Continue Activities.

NEW YORK, June 1.—To provide music for military and civil hospitals, prisons, asylums and other institutions, the Music Service League of America was organized yesterday, with Charles M. Schwab, president of the Bethlehem Steel corporation, as its president. Mrs. Andrew Carnegie is among the vice-presidents.

The league is the outgrowth of the National Phonograph Records' Recording corps, which distributed instruments among soldiers and sailors during the war. This work will be continued by the league, its national headquarters being in New York.

COLLEGE COMPLETES FUND

Whitman Raises \$375,000 to Secure State Aid.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., June 1.—Dr. S. E. L. Penrose, of Whitman college, announced yesterday that Whitman college has completed its contract with the general education board and has raised \$375,000 in cash, by which it will receive \$125,000 from the board.

FLIERS HIT 10,000 FEET UP

Army Aviators Fall to Death When Planes Collide at New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 1.—Lieutenant Melvin Kelscher, Franklin, Ind., and Corporal Joseph Katzman, Brooklyn, army aviators from Mineola, N. Y., were killed this afternoon when their airplane collided with another machine while flying at a height of 10,000 feet

RHINE REPUBLIC'S BIRTH ANNOUNCED

Proclamation Welcomed in Various Cities.

PEOPLE'S SUSPENSE RELIEVED

New Government Is Ins at Weisbaden.

DR. DORDEN IS EXECUTIVE

Situation in Germany Generally Becomes Hourly More Involved. Break-Up Is Imminent.

MAYENCE, June 1.—(Havas.)—The Rhine republic was proclaimed today in various Rhine cities. The population welcomed the event with satisfaction and expressed the hope that it would put an end to the painful uncertainty prevailing in the Rhine provinces regarding the allied nations' and Germany.

The new government is headed by Dr. Dorden. It has been installed provisionally at Wiesbaden. Dr. Dorden addressed a message to the different governments and to the peace conference.

BY CYRIL BROWN. (Copyright by the New York World. Published by arrangement.) BERLIN, June 1.—(Special Cable.)—With the peace crisis and its final decision believed imminent, the situation in Germany is becoming hourly more involved, although, paradoxically, Berlin has never appeared so apathetic as today, when the text of Germany's covenant and a full digest of the counter proposals were published in all the papers.

The text of the allied peace proposals, too, has for several days been available to the German public. The official German translation, which swells the original French-English text, is purchasable at all book stores and from street hawkers for 35 cents a copy, but the general public shows no disposition to get excited about the rival texts.

The Berlin masses continue to go quietly about their business and pleasure, inspiring even the professional observer with a false sense of security. Peace symptoms, however, carry a suggestion of a coming general break-up. Below the surface all Germany is in a state of flux with no forestalling the probable outcome.

Recent Clash Significant.

A suggestive symptom of a coming possible class war was the renewed clash yesterday in the Prussian parliament between the junkers and the socialists during a debate on the timely subject of "increased police protection against highway robberies by country workers" in the north Prussian district. At the Junker seat to honest German labor the independent socialist members went wild with rage, emitting a fierce chorus of indignation in which significant

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TWO OREGON BOYS ON WRECKED TROOP TRAIN

BOTH RESCUED AND NOW IN OMAHA HOSPITAL.

Many Soldiers Injured When Cars Leave Track and Plunge Into Creek in Nebraska.

OMAHA, June 1.—Twenty-five out of 276 casuals, including five officers and one Y. M. C. A. secretary, all members of the 567th Hoboken casual company, were slightly injured when five of the coaches bearing them to the Presidio, San Francisco, plunged down a 30-foot embankment into Salt creek, about a half-mile east of Ashland, Neb., about 1:30 o'clock Sunday morning. The men were taken to Fort Omaha.

George F. Reifel of Astoria and Bee Snyder of Myrtle Point, Or., were among the returning heroes aboard the troop train. Westbound, which left the rails and plunged into a stream near Omaha, Neb., this morning. Both men were rescued and are now in the Fort Omaha hospital, where they are receiving medical treatment. No word has been received here as to the extent of their injuries.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 1.—A troop train carrying more than 200 soldiers from Camp Merritt, N. J., to San Francisco and Pacific coast points, was derailed by a washout on the Burlington railroad near Ashland, Neb., 25 miles east of Lincoln, early this morning.

According to a report received over the long distance telephone from Fort Omaha, about 50 of the soldiers were injured, none seriously.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 1.—Approximately 50 soldiers en route to the Presidio here were injured early today when six coaches of a troop train plunged over an embankment into a river near Omaha, Neb., according to advices reaching this city tonight. No deaths were reported.

The train was carrying casual company No. 557 and a detachment of engineers from the 25th regiment.

According to Ordnance Sergeant Farley, who sent notification of the wreck to this city, the injured, all of whom suffered but slight hurts, were removed to a school at Omaha in automobiles volunteered by residents of Omaha. He said the wreck had been caused by a washout and that the arrival of the troops in San Francisco would be delayed about two days.

COLLEGE GIRLS SAVE AUTO

Co-Eds Get Stranded Machine Out of Newport Surf.

NEWPORT, Or., June 1.—(Special.)—Five Oregon Agricultural college co-eds rescued E. J. Abbey of Newport and his new auto from the surf last night. They were Alice Cady, Madelon Smith, Pearl Finnegan, Viola Dinger and Freda Harlen. Mr. Abbey was learning to operate his car and drove it into soft sand on the edge of the surf near jump-off Joe.

The car settled down and Mr. Abbey started for assistance. The girls happened to be near by on the beach and Miss Cady, who is an expert driver, jumped into the car and took the wheel, while the other girls pushed or pulled according to her directions and the auto was soon speeding up the beach with Mr. Abbey, surrounded by five pretty girls, riding in it.

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TRIUMPHANT FLIER CHEERED IN LONDON

Commander Read Gets Enthusiastic Reception.

ARRIVAL OF HERO SURPRISE

Joyous American Soldiers Hoist Aviators to Shoulders.

HAWKER SHOUTS GREETING

Proud Pilot Confident NC-4, With Few Repairs, Could Make Trip Back Across Atlantic.

BY JOSEPH W. GRIGG. (Copyright by the New York World. Published by arrangement.)

LONDON, June 1.—(Special Cable.)—Surrounded by a frenzied cheering mob of American doughboys and sailors in Paddington station this afternoon, two men grasped hands for a second and then were hoisted to the shoulders of the crowd. They were Lieutenant-Commander Read and Harry Hawker. Hawker had come to congratulate Read on the latter's trans-Atlantic flight.

The next minute the spacious station rang with three cheers for Read, followed by three cheers for Hawker, followed in turn with rounds of cheers for Towers and Belinger.

Hawker's hearty greeting of Read struck the imagination of the American soldiers and sailors. Hoisted on the shoulders of two husky American "gobs" he was carried full tilt into the crowded street behind Read, who was undergoing a similar precarious shoulder ride.

Reception Is Enthusiastic.

Once in the street the two danced before they were finally rushed back into the station to the relief of the Royal Aero club reception committee and the American naval and military headquarters representatives who had provided cars for the party, gaily decorated with American flags, to continue the journey to the aero club, where an informal reception was held.

Read was finally placed by the enthusiastic doughboys in a small automobile which the soldiers and sailors at once proceeded to drag through the London streets, followed by the highly decorated cars and an automobile in which were Hawker and his wife.

Arrival of Heroes Surprise.

The arrival of the heroes of the hour was a complete surprise, for it was decided when the crews of the American seaplanes would start for London. But the crowd which met Read was liberally sprinkled with Britishers and colonials and more joined in as this whirlwind procession proceeded on through the streets. Before it reached Hyde Park most of the decorated automobiles had turned into side streets.

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OLCOTT'S STATUS WILL BE FIXED WEDNESDAY

SUPREME COURT EXPECTED TO HAND DOWN DECISION.

Capital Looks for Opinion Holding Olcott Governor in Fact; Koser Is Selected as Secretary.

SALEM, Or., June 1.—(Special.)—It is now practically certain that the supreme court will hand down the long expected decision in the Olcott-Hoff mandamus proceedings next Wednesday.

Chief Justice McBride indicated that the decisions which are due to come down on Tuesday will be delayed until Wednesday because of the special state election.

That the supreme court will sustain the contention of Attorney-General Brown that Mr. Olcott is governor-in-fact and entitled to serve out the full unexpired term of the late Governor Withycombe is the general belief in Salem.

If this is done the governor will resign immediately as secretary of state and name a successor to that office. In that event, it likewise seems practically certain that Samuel A. Koser, deputy secretary of state, will receive the appointment.

MANY DIE IN THEATER FIRE

Eighty Bodies Removed, 53 of Whom Are Children and 21 Women.

VALENCIA, SUR-RHONE, June 1.—Fire broke out today during the performance in a moving-picture house here and a large number of persons were killed or injured. Early this evening the list of dead had reached 89, the bodies of 53 children and 21 women having been found at that hour. The injuries of most of those taken from the building were slight. There were some 100 of these.

Four thousand spectators were in the theater and when the fire broke out in the operator's cabinet there was a mad rush for the exits. Many children were trampled on.

ENGLAND HAS OIL WELL

Strike Is Made for First Time in Derbyshire.

LONDON, June 1.—(British wireless.)—For the first time, mineral oil of high quality and in considerable quantities, is being produced in England. It was discovered in Derbyshire. For some months past, through the initiative of Lord Cowdray, experimental borings have been in progress near Chesterfield, in Derbyshire.

Oil was first struck on Tuesday night at a depth of approximately 2900 feet. Oil rose in the boring to a height of 50 feet, and yesterday had further risen until it stood at 400 feet. It is described by American drillers as a very fine show.

DUBLIN APPEARS FIDGETY

Fear Felt That Government Contemplates Some Stroke.

(Copyright by the New York World. Published by arrangement.) LONDON, June 1.—(Special.)—A Dublin correspondent says that a strange nervousness has been noticeable there during the past few days. There is an idea that something serious is about to happen.

This feeling, the dispatch explains, is perhaps due to the zealous efforts of certain newspapers to make it appear the government is contemplating some stroke. The suppression of the Sinn Fein organization is mentioned.

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IRISH OREGONIANS DEMAND FREE ERIN

Race Convention Enthusiastic Affair.

ACTION BY LAWMAKERS URGED

"Hedging" Representatives in Congress Denounced.

McNARY TELEGRAM HISSED

Message From Senator Borah of Idaho Received With Acclaim. Ringing Resolutions Adopted.

Determination of residents of Oregon of Irish descent to assist in bringing about self-determination for Ireland under the league of nations programme was so forcefully expressed at yesterday's session of the Irish race convention, in the auditorium of the Lincoln high school, that new hope and enthusiasm were aroused among them and the movement was given decided impetus.

Denunciation of representatives in congress who appear to be hedging on the issue; a call to all who believe in liberty and freedom for Erin, and a review of the great work done for other nations, now enjoying the privileges denied the land of the shamrock, featured the addresses, which brought round upon round of applause.

Senators Asked to Act.

Fashioned after the declaration of independence of the United States, resolutions were presented by a committee consisting of D. J. McLaughlin, of Portland; George Dooley, of Albany, and Frank McNally, of Pendleton, and were unanimously adopted. The resolutions declare that the convention is opposed to a league of nations that does not guarantee self-determination to the people of Ireland, and call upon United States Senators Chamberlain and McNary to endorse the plan taken by the Irish people who are citizens of Oregon.

Hisson greeted the reading of a long telegram from Senator McNary, in which it was asserted by speakers, the senator was endeavoring to evade the issue. Messages from Representatives McArthur and Sinnott, wholly in support of the movement, were received with joyous acclaim, while a message from Senator Borah of Idaho, created such an impression that the big audience remained standing during its reading.

Borah's Support Appreciated.

By unanimous vote of the convention, thanks were extended to Senator Borah, and it was decided that a telegram should be sent to Senator McNary, telling him, in effect, that his sympathy was not so much desired as his vote.

"Smoke 'em out," was the popular slogan applied to delegates in congress who do not seem disposed to support the movement for Irish independence, and all present were urged by the chairman to appear to representatives and senators, insisting upon favorable action. The ballot in the coming election was suggested as the weapon to be wielded in case the demands are not complied with.

Dr. A. C. Smith Presides.

Organization of the convention occupied but a short time, following invocation by Rev. W. A. Daly of Portland. Andrew C. Smith was unanimously chosen president of the convention; Miss Anna Kearns secretary and P. E. Sullivan vice-president. A committee of five was appointed to pass on credentials; members of this body being P. E. Sullivan, E. H. Deery, M. J. Driscoll, M. C. Menamin, Heppner, and Thomas Brown of Salem.

Led by Mrs. Winnie Flannigan, the convention sang the "Star Spangled Banner," and five were appointed to pass on resolutions. Judge D'Arcy of Salem delivered an address advocating self-determination for Ireland. Judge D'Arcy brought the convention to its feet with cheers as he drew from his pocket a silken banner which he said was that of the land of his father and mother, and again when he unfurled a miniature American flag, emblem of the world's greatest exponent of freedom and liberty.

Irish Martyrs Recalled.

While the audience stood with bowed heads, Judge D'Arcy read the names of 16 of the foremost Irish martyrs of 1816, and followed with a dedication that England's treatment of those men had made Ireland Sinn Fein "from top to bottom." He referred to George Washington as the "Sinn Fein of America," and reviewed briefly the dark days of the revolution and incidents which served to turn the tide in favor of the colonies.

Judge D'Arcy was the unanimous choice of the convention as state delegate to the national convention to be held June 15 in Washington, D. C.

McNary to Be Queried.

Following the reading of the telegram from Senator McNary, motion was made that the convention telegraph that official, asking him if he "thinks he is serving America when he votes for a league of nations, giving England five votes and the United States but one." As an amendment, P. E. Sullivan offered the suggestion that the convention inform Mr. McNary that it is not

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