

# JURY PROBES DEATH OF TUCK IN CITY JAIL

Autopsy Discloses Pneumonia Cause of Tuck's Demise.

POLICE NEGLIGENCE CHARGED

Illness Severe but Even Proper Care Might Have Failed, Says Attorney.

That Eugene Tuck should have been in the emergency hospital instead of a cell at the city jail on May 15 and 16, and that his illness was such that it could be observed by any intelligent person looking at him on Monday or Tuesday preceding the day of his death were two of the main contentions presented to the jury of seven citizens appointed by Mayor Baker to conduct an investigation in connection with the case by John A. Collier.

Collier, who was one of the attorneys for the dead man, issued statements to the newspapers charging City Health Officer Parrish, City Physician Ziegler and members of the police department with neglecting properly to care for Tuck which resulted in the calling of the present probe. Mayor Baker told the jury that he would abide by its recommendations and that it was his purpose in calling the hearing to determine if any city employes or officials were guilty of negligence in connection with the care of Eugene Tuck.

**Pneumonia Cause of Death.**  
Double lobar pneumonia following influenza was given as the cause of Tuck's death by Dr. C. H. Wheeler, who performed the autopsy. That the man should have been in the emergency hospital, that his case should have been diagnosed early and readily but that all such attention would probably not have saved his life, were the main points in Dr. Wheeler's testimony.

Deputy City Attorney E. Y. Lansing Jr. is conducting the case in behalf of the city, with Attorneys John A. Collier and William M. Davis backing up the allegations made against the city officials by Mr. Collier.

Mr. Collier, who was the first witness called by the city, said that he first saw Tuck on Monday morning. At that time, he said, Tuck was suffering from a severe cold. On Monday evening, when the inquest was held at the courthouse to determine the cause of the death of Mrs. Edna Tuck, Mr. Collier testified that he had seen Tuck (Tuck) had requested medical attention but had received none.

**Medical Aid Asked.**  
"Learning that Tuck was in a bad condition, I spoke to Captain Jenkins and requested him to see that my client was taken care of," said Mr. Collier. "Captain Jenkins assured me that he would do this and I was certainly surprised when on Tuesday I found Tuck in his cell and not in the emergency hospital."

"On Tuesday morning Drs. Ziegler and Parrish were in the jail corridor on some other business," said Mr. Collier. "When I saw them, I told them that I know very well, I told him that Tuck was a very sick man. Dr. Ziegler asked Tuck to walk across the corridor which he did. Tuck was told to walk back. He staggered and tottered, rather than walked."

"Dr. Ziegler asked him if he had used drugs and he replied in the negative. Dr. Ziegler then said 'Damned if I know what is the matter with him.' When I suggested to Dr. Ziegler that Tuck should be sent to the hospital he said they could not do that as he was a murder suspect and it would be necessary to put a ball and chain on him. I told Dr. Ziegler that such procedure would not be necessary as the man was too sick to attempt to get away. Then Dr. Ziegler ordered some calomel for Tuck and ordered him moved to a quiet cell. There was no diagnosis made by either Dr. Ziegler or that man Parrish that I know of."

Frequently Mr. Collier referred to City Health Officer Parrish as "that man Parrish."

**Original Trouble Influenza.**  
Dr. C. H. Wheeler, who performed the autopsy on the body of Mr. Tuck, told the jury that death was caused by double lobar pneumonia and that his investigation showed that both lungs were affected.

"My opinion is that the man's original trouble was influenza with pneumonia as the contributing factor," said Dr. Wheeler. Other organs were in a healthy state and the type of pneumonia which caused Mr. Tuck's death is the type which follows influenza cases."

Dr. Wheeler's statement opened a lengthy discussion over the disease of influenza and its contributing diseases which finally ended in Dr. Wheeler testifying that cases differed. He cited one case in which came under his observation and died the same day. Another of the same type came under his observation and did not die for four days later. Both men when first seen, he said, were able to walk to his office, but both were sent to the hospital immediately.

"It is not difficult to diagnose influenza," said Dr. Wheeler, and this case should have been diagnosed early and readily. The man should have been sent to the emergency hospital for the emergency hospital was established for that purpose."

When A. B. Ridgeway, foreman of the citizen's jury, sought to establish if proper attention might have saved Tuck's life, Dr. Wheeler said that it was problematical and that surely Tuck was suffering from pneumonia three days prior to his death, all the attention in the world would not have saved him.

**Tuck Sick Before Arrest.**  
Mr. Tuck was sick on Friday, the day prior to his arrest, according to the testimony of Stephen E. Westover, superintendent of the boiler department of the Willamette Iron & Steel Works, where Mr. Tuck was employed. Mr. Westover told the jury that Tuck had been called in the superintendent's office on Friday afternoon and at that time complained of feeling "rotten."

According to Mr. Westover, Tuck said on Monday night that he had asked for medical attention, but had received none. The witness said that he noticed that Tuck's face bore a pallor, his eyes were glassy and he appeared to be very weak. It was necessary, he said, to assist Tuck down the stairs in the court house following the inquest.

Through the testimony of Police Inspector Wright it was established that Tuck managed to leave the room in which the inquest was held and make his way to the lavatory, at least 200 feet from the room, and return without assistance on Monday night.

"Inspector Gordon and myself were at the inquest in charge of Tuck," testified Wright. "Tuck was sitting with his friends and we were across the room from him. All of a sudden a noticed that he was missing and Gordon asked me where Tuck was. We started to search and found him returning to the room in which the inquest was being held."

"What would you have done if your

## When can you save in clothes?

THE best time to save in clothes is when you buy them; and the best way to save is to buy good clothes. Look closer at the goods than at the price; be more particular about what you get than what you pay.

The clothes we sell are good clothes; made to give you long wear and service.

**Hart Schaffner & Marx** make them of all-wool fabrics tailored to last and keep shape. We guarantee your satisfaction in them or give your money back.

You'll Get Exceptional Values at \$40 and \$45 Some More—Some Less

Waist-seam Styles for Young Men A new assortment just arrived today

# Sam'l Rosenblatt & Co.

The Men's Store for Quality and Service

Gasco Bldg. Fifth and Alder

Straw and Panama Hats New Shapes Now at Your Disposal



Copyright 1919 Hart Schaffner & Marx

prisoner had escaped?" sought Mayor Baker.

"Looked for a new job, I guess," was the officer's reply.

The appearance of Tuck was changed on Monday night from that of Saturday and Sunday, according to Police Inspector Wright, who was one of the arresting officers. On Saturday he said that Tuck was brazen and bold, on Sunday he asked for a cigarette and smoked it, but on Monday night he looked haggard and worn out. At no time did Tuck ask Inspector Wright for medical attention, he said.

All that he noted in particular about his condition was the hacking cough, which the police officer said he attributed to constant use of cigarettes. Tuck was suffering from a severe mental strain on Monday, according to the belief expressed by Leo Gotsch, deputy county coroner, who observed the prisoner on Saturday, Monday and Tuesday. On Tuesday, he testified, Tuck seemed to be sick, which he believed was due to Tuck's mental condition more than anything else.

The jury hearing the evidence in

the hearing is composed of A. B. Ridgeway (foreman), Mrs. A. C. Newill, Dr. John E. Beaumont, J. L. Wright, J. R. Straight, Walter S. Asher and B. Lee Page.

indicted with the other defendants, had their indictments dismissed when they turned state's evidence.

**Representative Dies of Hemorrhage.**

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Representative Carl C. Van Dyke of St. Paul, commander-in-chief of the United Spanish War Veterans, died of hemorrhage of the stomach today at a Washington hospital.

**Representative Van Dyke was a democrat and served in the 44th and 45th congresses. He was a native of Minnesota, born at Alexandria, February 13, 1881.**

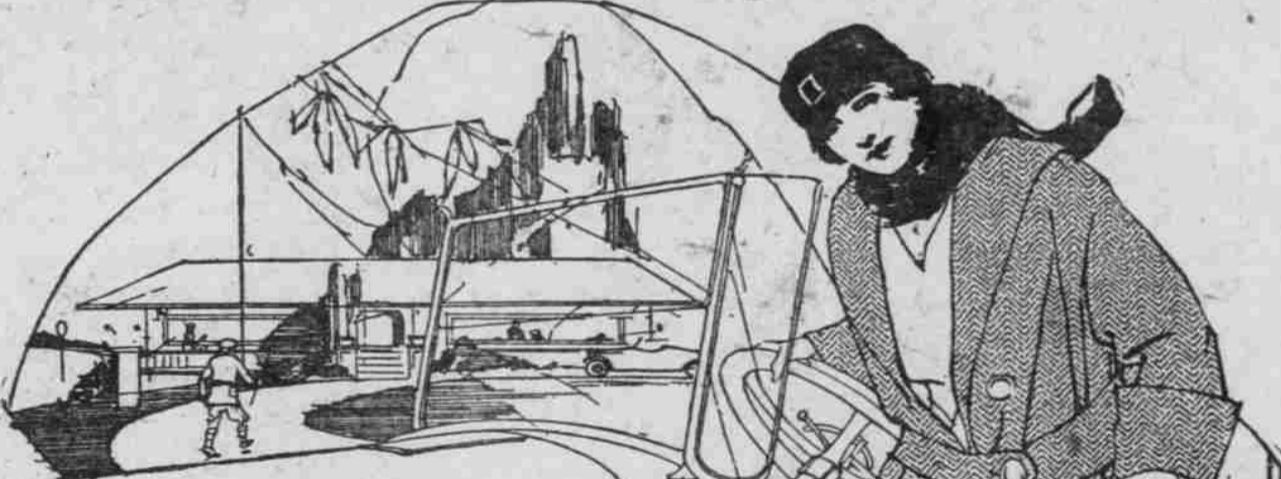
**Purchase of Baja, California, Up.**

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Purchase of Lower California and also a tract of northern Sonora were proposed in a resolution today by Senator Ashurst, democrat, of Arizona, which was referred without action to the foreign relations committee.

**Centralians Seek Escape From Punishment for Shipping Liquor.**

CENTRALIA, Wash., May 20.—(Special.)—The attorneys for Bruce Richards and August Oess, two Centralians convicted in the federal court in Tacoma Saturday on a charge of conspiring to ship liquor into the state from California, yesterday entered a motion for a new trial. The motion will probably be acted upon Friday.

In their motion the attorneys alleged that Richards and Oess are entitled to further consideration because the evidence was not sufficient to convict them; that the jury was not kept together during the progress of the trial, and that Joe Lucas and J. H. Boomer,



## "It's the Best"

"I don't know much about gasoline but I know that 'Red Crown' is the best there is, and I've tried all kinds. It's dependable, and you don't have to fill so often." The Girl knows the results of high-quality gasoline.

"Red Crown" is straight-distilled, all-refinery gasoline with the full and continuous chain of boiling points necessary for easy starting, quick and smooth acceleration, steady dependable power and long mileage. Look for the Red Crown sign before you fill.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (California)

The Gasoline of Quality



## Here's the answer

Can you tell all wool from part cotton? Good tailoring from bad? Real style from "almost"?

You can't You don't need to

Ask for our label; it stands for all the things you want When you see it, buy

**Hart Schaffner & Marx** Clothes that save

You get Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes here; you get your money back if you're not satisfied.

**Sam'l Rosenblatt & Co.** Fifth and Alder



Phone Your Want Ads to THE OREGONIAN Main 7070 A 6095

## The Government Says Ezonall Contains No Soap

THE Internal Revenue Department has classified Ezonall for taxation as a toilet preparation. Other shaving creams and powders are classified as soaps.

Ezonall contains no alkali or acid, responsible for the "drawn" feeling that follows the shave with lather, due to the astringent action of soap. In the barber shop Ezonall keeps from your face the lather brush that has traveled over hundreds of faces before yours. You have no means of knowing how many of them suffered from skin infections. To the home shaver also Ezonall gives sanitary shaving protection, sterilizing every part of the face with which it comes in contact as well as the fingers and the razor itself.

In tubes or jars as you prefer. For Sale at Drug Stores and Better Barber Shops. EZONALL PRODUCTS COMPANY, SEATTLE