

FOURTH LETTER.

THE STORM.

A SEA VOYAGE without a storm would come to be a monotonous affair. We had it to crown the events of many fruitful days. It is not yet over. There was no sudden outbreak. It was the approach of a storm of clamor and sensation which came in the past week.

SOMEWHERE NEAR THE WAR

BEING AN AUTHENTIC AND MORE OR LESS DIVERTING CHRONICLE OF THE PILGRIMAGE OF TWELVE AMERICAN JOURNALISTS TO THE WAR ZONE, WITH SOME ACCOUNT OF THEIR ADVENTURES THERE AND THEREABOUTS.

BY
EDGAR B. PIPER
Editor THE OREGONIAN

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"SOMEWHERE NEAR THE WAR"

THE OREGONIAN has assembled and published in book form—under the title "Somewhere Near the War"—the twenty-six letters from Edgar B. Piper, written from Great Britain and the war zone in October and November, 1918. The requests that the series be issued in a single volume have come from many sources; and the result is a well-printed book of 150 pages, printed on Antique book paper in large type, with wide margins and adequate illustrations.

There is no material change in the text of the original letters as published in The Oregonian. But they have been rearranged and fully annotated.

The nominal price of 50 cents has been fixed. Postage will be additional. The book may be obtained at the business office of The Oregonian or it may be ordered by mail.

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Sealed Anywhere, 33c.

SALMON TREATY DRAFT OUT

FOUR MEMBERS ARE PROVIDED FOR COMMISSION.

Agreement Affects Fraser River in Canada, Gulf of Georgia and Juan de Fuca Strait.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The state department Sunday made public the draft of a proposed treaty and regulations to govern the sockeye salmon fishing industry of the Fraser river system, which includes the waters of the Fraser river in Canada and the lower portion of the gulf of Georgia and Juan de Fuca strait in the state of Washington.

The proposed treaty provides that an international commission consisting of four persons, two from each country, shall be appointed to conduct investigations into the life history of sockeye salmon, hatchery methods, spawning grounds and other related conditions which the commission could also recommend for the consideration of the two governments, modifications in the regulations that experience may indicate as desirable, and that the treaty shall remain in force for 15 years and thereafter.

Receipt to Make a Gray Hair Remedy

A. L. Parison, M. D., who has practiced medicine in New York City for many years, gave out the following recipe for a home-made gray hair remedy: "Gray, streaked or faded hair can be immediately turned black, brown or light brown, whichever shade you desire, by the following simple remedy that you can make at home:

"Merely get a box of Orlex powder at any drug store. It costs very little and no extra to buy. Dissolve it in 4 oz. of distilled or rain water and comb it through the hair. Directions for mixing and use and a gold bond guarantee come in each box.

"It is safe, it does not rub off, is not sticky or greasy, and leaves the hair fluffy. It will make a gray-haired person look twenty years younger."—Adv.

after until either government wishes to discontinue it.

The regulations contemplate the licensing of the fisheries by Canada and the state of Washington, respectively, as heretofore; that no greater number of licenses for any class of fishing shall hereafter be issued in Washington state than was granted in 1918, and that no more than 1800 gill net licenses shall be granted on the Canadian side; that licenses shall be restricted in Canada to resident Canadians in British Columbia, or to companies licensed to do business in the province and in Washington state to resident American citizens or to companies authorized to do business in the state.

JAVA LOOKS TO AMERICA

Goods Formerly Received From Germany to Be Bought Here.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 31.—(Special.)—J. van Loukhem of Batavia, Java, arrived in Seattle yesterday. He is here to establish commercial relations with the United States, and to look over the business field in general.

"Before the war we were largely dependent upon German manufacturers for the products which we used in Java," he said, "but as Germany will not be able to furnish us any goods for at least 18 years, we will look to the United States, France and England, and it is our belief that there will be lively competition for the trade."

As to whether we will be able to use lumber from the state of Washington will depend entirely upon the shipping. We need the lumber but could never handle it at the prevailing rates. Another thing that may work against a great volume of trade between the port of Seattle and Java is that the business men here, I understand, are turning their attention largely to the orient instead of to India.

YANKS HOME QUICKLY AIM

President Optimistic Over Peace Conference and League.

PARIS, March 31.—(By the Associated.)—President Wilson today assured a delegation of congressmen that it was his intention to get the American troops home quickly. He expressed an optimistic view concerning the peace conference and the issue surrounding the covenant of the league of nations and the Monroe doctrine.

Phone your want ads to The Oregonian. Phone Main 7070, A 4953.

DRY WORLD PROHI PLAN

BREWERS AND DISTILLERS TO BE FOUGHT ABROAD.

Mexico, China, India, Panama, Cuba, Korea and Siam on Presbyterians' Programme.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Plans for a world-wide prohibition campaign to counteract an alleged plan of American brewers and distillers to transfer their activities to other countries after the United States goes "bone dry," was announced here tonight at headquarters of the New Era movement of the Presbyterian church.

Especially emphasized, it was said, will be given to the campaign in the orient, as, according to the statement, the Presbyterian church "fears that the brewers and distillers have particular designs on China and India."

The anti-liquor fight, it was announced, will be waged by missionaries already in the field as well as special agents, some of whom already are operating in foreign countries. In addition to the anti-liquor fight in Mexico it was announced that the church also would conduct an extensive campaign against gambling, cock fighting and bull fighting.

Four representatives of the church, it was said, are already in Europe planning the prohibition fight there.

A campaign is also being planned for Panama, South America, Cuba and Guatemala. Missionaries have started similar work in Korea, Siam and Japan.

WOOL TRADE SOON NORMAL

British Government Gradually Taking Off Restrictions.

LONDON.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The wool trade of Great Britain, which has been controlled by the government since the middle of 1916, is gradually being freed from restrictions and soon will be practically on a pre-war basis. The only remaining restriction will be that the government, which has bought the forthcoming Australian clip, will not act as merchants and put this on the market at auctions at fixed minimum prices, which, however, will be somewhat elastic as the sales proceed.

The first auctions will be held in the first week of April and about 60,000 bales are expected to be catalogued during that month. Belgian, French and Italian buyers will be allowed to compete with the British trade for supplies, but there will be no American competition.

The chairman of the wool council, in making the latter announcement the other day, said that "the contract for 225,000 bales, free on board, Australia and New Zealand, entered into just before the armistice, appeared to cover very fully the requirements of the United States for some time to come, and no provision had therefore been made in the British import program for any sales of wool to America through London. If any alteration in these arrangements were desired it would be necessary to consider such proposals very carefully, with a view to providing for reasonable American requirements, but of course, to do this would need some months' notice."

Regarding prices he said it was impossible to continue the favored position wherein British manufacturers had been placed during the war, of obtaining their wool supplies very much below the American level of values. "The policy of the United States," he continued, "quite naturally appeared to be to reduce the selling price of heavy stocks of government wool to more or less the British level, whatever that may be from time to time."

The value of a bale of Australian wool is now about 60 pounds against a pre-war value of 20 pounds, while a bale of South African wool is worth 50 pounds.

MURDERED MAN IDENTIFIED

HARRY DUNMIRE BELIEVED SLAIN FOR \$22,000.

Wife Recognizes Victim, Half Buried Near Renton, Wash., by Articles in Pockets.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 31.—(Special.)—Positive identification of the body found half buried near Renton on February 14 as that of Harry Dunmire was made today. Proof that Dunmire was murdered for \$22,000 in bills of large denominations, which the slayer believed his victim possessed and which in fact Dunmire may have had with him at the time he met death, has been brought to light by county authorities investigating the mystery.

Mrs. Margaret Dunmire of Seattle, wife of the murdered man, declares that he has been missing for four years, or ever since the day he was supposed to have withdrawn his money from a local bank through fear that the world war might tie it up. He previously intended using the money to buy a ranch. That he was induced through fear to withdraw the money and then, while ostensibly looking for acreage, lured to a lonely spot in the woods a mile and a half east of Renton, and murdered, is the belief of the authorities.

Mrs. Dunmire made the identification by means of an old-fashioned watch which her husband carried, two pairs of eyeglasses and a razor found in his pockets, and a general description of his height, the texture of his clothing and the size of his shoes, which tallied exactly with those found in the shallow grave.

CHURCH UNOIN PROPOSED

Merger of Wesleyan Methodist and Church of England Suggested.

LONDON.—Definite proposals for a union of the Wesleyan Methodist church with the Church of England are made by the Rt. Rev. Arthur E. W. Ingram, bishop of London. The bishop suggests that Anglicans and Wesleyans should unite, because, he says, "no religious body was ever closer to the church than the Wesleyans."

Under his plan bishops would be present at the ordinations of the Wesleyan Methodist church, which would become an order within the church of England, but would retain its own practices. Wesleyan pastors would, if they preferred, be ordained by Wesleyan bishops.

When the principle of union was established the bishop of London would favor exchange of pulpits, but he declared that he would reserve judgment on the question of confirmation, as he regarded it as an open question.

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HELP FOR MEXICO IS HOPE

Organization Plans to Do Reconstruction Work in Country.

LOS ANGELES.—The perfection of a coalition of Mexicans to work for the reconstruction of Mexico and to re-establish the constitution of 1857, is the aim of an organizing committee formed here recently as the nucleus of a proposed "nationalist alliance."

Practically every Mexican faction opposing the Carranza regime is represented by the committee formed here. The committee members are: Dr. Leopoldo Pailan, Eugenio de la Sierra, D. M. Ortiz, Pedro de Leon, Miguel B. Alvarez, Jose M. Gutierrez, Ricardo Gomez Robelo, I. L. McManus,

Mariano Ruiz, Ignacio L. Montenegro, Eduardo R. Arnold, Jose Carmona, Dr. Fernando Zarraga, Luis E. Torres, R. Ramos, Jacinto Pimentel, Helderio Duenas, Jorge Vera Estanol, Federico Garcia Alva. Dr. Zarraga is president and Mr. Duenas secretary.

The founders of the alliance expressed confidence the organization will unite many factions heretofore unable to work together and that, through political activity, it will eventually bring about better conditions and better government in the Mexican republic.

The object of the "nationalist alliance" is set forth in the following programme tentatively adopted:

"First—Restoration of the constitution of 1857.

"Second—The study and execution of practical means of bringing about the Mexican agricultural and agrarian problem.

"Third—The study and execution of the founders of the alliance expressed confidence the organization will unite many factions heretofore unable to work together and that, through political activity, it will eventually bring about better conditions and better government in the Mexican republic.

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Of the arrivals 178 were women, a great majority of them "picture brides."

"Bayer Cross" on Tablets. American Owned, Entirely!

HEADACHE FADES RIGHT AWAY

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" Offer Relief—with Safety!

For Headache Colds Neuralgia Grippé Toothache Influenza Colds Earache Achy Joints Rheumatism Neuritis Lumbago Pain! Pain!

Adults—Take one or two "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" with water. If necessary, repeat dose three times a day.

Children—Take one or two "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" with water. If necessary, repeat dose three times a day.

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