REDS HOLD BRITONS IN MOSCOW PRISONS

Refugee Tells of Men Captured in North Russia.

OFFICERS KEPT IN CELLS

Efforts Made to Win Men Over to Bolshevik Cause; Petrograd's Death List 4000 Daily.

LONDON, via Montreal, March 24.—Forty British naval and military prisoners captured in northern Russia are at present captives in Moscow, according to a British refugee just arrived from Russia.

The refugee says the bolsheviki apparently are trying to win the men over by giving them a certain amount of freedom while imprisoning the officers in small cells.

PARIS, March 24.—Brief dispatches from Moscow announcing the death of Sverdloff, chairman of the executive committee of the all-Russian congress of soviets, are causing much speculation among Russians in Paris who are eagerly awaiting fuller details. His death is reported to have occurred February 16, after the convening of the 16th congress of Russian soviets which continues its meeting in Moscow. Sverdloff was one of Premier Lenine's strongest supporters.

PARIS, March 24.—During February more than 113,000 persons, or about 11 per cent of the entire population, died in Petrograd, according to Russian police statistics received in Paris.

American relief workers who left Moscow February 12 say deaths in that city early in February averaged 4000 daily. They say conditions there were similar to those in Petrograd, where smallpox, typhus, starvation and the "hunger plague" were raging unchecked. Coffins are no longer sold in Moscow, but are only rented for use at funerals.

VIENNA, Sunday, March 23.—It is learned from the Ukraine that negotiations have begun between Ukraine and Russian bolshevik delegates for the settlement of differences. Bolshevik Leader Radowsky has arrived at Ukranian headquarters, it is reported.

PARIS, March 24.—(French wireless service.)—Siberian troops of the Kolchak government have successfully begun an offensive west of the Urals on the line from Perm to the Trans-Siberian railway, advices from Omsk say. At certain points the bolsheviki have been driven back more than 30 miles. The Siberians have captured Okansk, 50 miles southwest of Perm.

On a 50-mile front between Okansk and Oss along the Kama river the bolsheviki have been driven back 20 miles.

The Kolchak forces also are reported to have obtained marked success in the region of Birsk, northwest of Ufa.

CZECHS ATTACK HUNGARY

(Continued From First Page.)

miles long and 40 miles wide, virtually shutting Hungary behind Theiss, Szamos and Maros and including the towns of Grosswardein, Debreczen and the entire country behind them. The note required the withdrawal of the Hungarian troops behind the western boundary of the belt within 10 days and authorized the Roumanians to advance toward the eastern boundary. The civil government of the neutral zone was to be exercised by Hungarians under allied control, but the most important points would be occupied by allied troops.

Statements issued at Budapest accuse the entente of forcing a revolution, but the crisis is held here to be more probably due to the occupation of parts of Hungary by Czecho-Slovaks and Roumanians, while commentors declare the signs are not wanting that Germany is in collusion with the bolsheviki.

Dernburg Makes Threat.

Dr. Bernard Dernburg, former German colonial minister, writes to the Berlin Tageblatt something which evidently has bearing on the situation when he says that Germany, threatened with dishonor, will satisfy her needs and realize her future.

The proclamation of bolshevism in Hungary, says the Pall Mall Gazette, has given a shock to the peace conference, which is precisely what it intended to do. The change in the government of Budapest was effected, not by violence, but by collusion. The paper adds:

"It is a rehearsal of the tactics by which Ebert and Scheidemann think of greeting the terms of peace."

The Westminster Gazette, a strong supporter of the league of nations, says knowledge of what has taken place at the peace conference is very scanty, "but so far as we can ascertain it has been perpetually losing its way in a thicket of details and allowing its great decisions to be postponed by differences on questions which, though intrinsically of great importance, are yet subordinate to the main issues."

"Cynics and militarists," it continues, "are blaming President Wilson and the league of nations for this unhappy state of things."

Vienna Is Excited.

The revolution in Hungary caused great excitement in Vienna, but did not surprise those who were aware of the true condition of affairs, says the Vienna correspondent of the Telegraph. He says the communists of Hungary have long been the real masters of the country and have been only waiting an opportunity to get rid of Count Karolyi, who is considered in Hungary capable of making a stand against the extremists, and that even in Czecho-Slovakia there are strong bolsheviki influences. He adds there is grave danger of Bohemia following the example of Hungary.

The situation is attributed by the correspondent to the failure of the peace conference at Paris to recognize the seriousness of the situation and occupy Budapest with entente troops. He says the only way to save the situation is to send American or British forces there, but adds:

"Where a battalion would have sufficed formerly, a brigade would be necessary now."

Peace Conference Blamed.

The Hungarian revolution and the reported alliance of the new government with the Russian soviet, which is considered here as a grave menace to Europe, has given rise to new criticism here of delays in the peace conference proceedings.

The Globe, referring to the situation in Hungary, says:

"That is the natural consequence of the delay of the peace conference in making peace, and if the delay continues we will have worse consequences still. All this discussion of the league covenant before even a preliminary peace has been reached simply encourages the spread of the bolshevik disease and gives our chief enemy opportunities for intrigue."

Germans Are Suspected.

Commenting on the action of Hungary, the Times says:

"It is not yet possible to judge the origin and extent of this last disturbance. In view of certain menaces which statesmen and the German press have freely employed and of the close relations between some Hungarian and German intriguers, it is susceptible of more explanations than one. On the face of it, however, it looks serious."

The Daily Chronicle says:

"The Roumanians, Poles and Czecho-Slovaks are pillars without which neither a free central Europe nor a world society based on a league of nations can be sustained. If we can secure their development as free orderly states the German dream of a Germanist central Europe dominating the world is doomed to disappear. If we fail to do so, it will assuredly revive and, in connection with German-influenced Russia, may revive much sooner than public opinion has yet realized.

"All these three peoples—Poles, Roumanians and Czecho-Slovaks—are being assiduously attacked by bolshevik propaganda directed at the destruction of their state organization just as they are struggling to their feet, and all three are also menaced by the advancing bolshevik armies."

COPENHAGEN, March 24.—Reports of wireless exchanges between Nikolai Lenine, bolshevik premier of Russia, and the foreign representative of the new Hungarian communistic government, are received in advices from Budapest. Lenine was told the Hungarian proletariat had seized power and introduced a proletariat dictatorship. Greetings were sent to Lenine as "leader of the international proletariat." In greeting the Russian proletariat, the new Hungarian government expressed solidarity with the revolutionary movement.

Red Congress Is Glad.

In his reply Lenine stated he had submitted the Hungarian greeting to the bolshevist congress at Moscow, which had received it with great enthusiasm. He added:

"In order to communicate between Moscow and Budapest and report on the military situation, it is necessary to maintain permanent wireless communication between the two cities."

He concluded by extending "communist greetings and a handshake."

BASLE, March 23.—In concluding its proclamation announcing the proletariat dictatorship there, the new Hungarian government said:

"The Czecho-Slovak, bourgeois, Roumanians and annexationist classes wish to overthrow the Hungarian workers' revolution by force of arms. We are determined, however, to defend ourselves to the last drop of blood against all attacks. With our determination to defend the republic goes the wish to conclude speedily a peace which will assure means of existence for the Hungarian working classes and make it possible for them to live at peace with all the peoples of the world."

AFTER INFLUENZA, GRIP

And Other Prostrating Diseases That Exhaust the Strength.

There is always a depleted condition of the blood, that extreme tired feeling, nervousness and digestive weakness from which recovery is slow unless a good medicine is taken.

The lack of red corpuscles in the blood makes it too thin properly to nourish the body, and the general prostration, annoying humors, boils, loss of appetite and poor digestion prevent progress toward health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla meets these conditions perfectly, as many people know. It has proved the greatest blood-purifying, vitalizing medicine. Nothing else so good in spring.

It is made from a formula comprising ingredients often used by the best physicians for impure blood, scrofula, rheumatism, weakness. Truly it purifies the blood and makes the weak strong. For a fine family cathartic take Hood's Pills.—Adv.

For Colds, Grip and Influenza

Take

"Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets"

Be sure you get the Genuine
Look for this signature

E. W. Grove

on the box. 30c.

DEADHEADS MUST GO BAK

ARMY STOWAWAYS TO BE RETURNED TO FRANCE.

Officers Unduly Eager to Get Home Will Be Transferred to First Eastbound Ship to Sail.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Two army officers, en route home on a transport as stowaways, will enjoy only a brief glimpse of home, it was learned today at the war department. They will be shipped back immediately to face charges on their arrival in France. A cablegram reported their presence on the ship and they will be transferred at once on the transport's arrival to the first eastbound vessel to sail.

Similar treatment was accorded five officers, two captains and three lieutenants, who stowed away immediately after the armistice was signed last November. In that case, also, the cable paved the way for their immediate return. The ship docked one side of a pier at the opposite side of which lay an outward-bound vessel, which had been held two hours to take away the stowaways. They were marched down one gangplank and up the other and arrived again in France with the unique experience of having made a round trip to New York without any stopover whatever.

The return of stowaways for trial is expected to discourage the practice.

Concrete Shipyard Offered Brazil.

RIO JANEIRO, March 24.—Domenicio da Gama, minister of foreign affairs, has received an offer from a New York corporation to build a shipyard in Brazil for the construction of concrete vessels.

Read The Oregonian classified ads.

FRENCHMEN CONFIRM ROMANOFF EXECUTION

Last Act in Tragedy Most Revolting One.

HUN ATROCITIES OUTDONE

Nicholas Made to Witness Indignities to Wife and Daughters and Then All Are Shot.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—Confirmation of the execution of the former emperor of Russia and his wife and daughters under particularly revolting circumstances by bolshevik troops was made here today by General Robert C. Paris, one of the first French officers to be assigned to the Czecho-Slovak army in Russia. General Paris is on his way home to make an official report of the occurrence to the French government. He arrived here yesterday from Vladivostok.

Nicholas and his family were shot in the basement of their house at Ekaterinburg, Siberia. The women of the once royal family were subjected to indignities and mistreatment in the presence of the former czar before the executions took place, General Paris said.

"On the walls of the rooms in the house at present are writings by bolshevists, in which the former czarina's name and those of her daughters are frequently mentioned, said the general. This house is now the headquarters of General Gaida, a Czecho-Slovak commander. Describing the scene attending the execution of the Romanoff family, General Paris said:

Nicholas Executed First.

"Early one morning the czar was taken from an upstairs room and stood against the wall in the basement of the house. There he was shot, but not before his wife and daughters had been mistreated in his presence. After that the czarina was shot and then her daughters and other members of the household.

A few days later the bodies were taken, under cover of night, by automobiles into nearby villages, where they were cut into small pieces and burned. The charred remains were found by officers of the forces opposed to the bolsheviki.

Evidence Held Conclusive.

"Remains of the burned clothing also were found. Proof that the garments were those of the Romanoffs was given by the fact that the diamonds which the czarina and her daughters wore in their waists were picked up. Apart from this there was ample evidence that the burned bodies and clothing were those of the exiled royalties.

"The room in which the murders were committed now is sealed. The plaster on the walls shows where the rifle bullets penetrated. The bullets were removed with bayonet points. Bloodstains have been washed from the floor. Under the flooring, however, little pools of blood were found. In several places in the death chamber the blood seeped through cracks in the floor.

"Everyone in Russia now is thoroughly convinced that the entire Romanoff household was wiped out by the bolshevists. Official reports sent to France were conclusive.

"The former czar and his family are dead. That is positive.

Killing Is Held Humane.

"The shooting of the Romanoffs was regarded as 'humane killing' by the bolshevists. They probably wished to show some consideration for royalty and this tragical murder was 'showing consideration' in their warped brains.

"But the priests—many were stripped of their clothing and stood upright in especially constructed boxes filled with ice; thus they were frozen to death. Others were thrown naked on spiked planks. Many were decapitated. In many ways, inconceivable to the average human mind, they were massacred.

"And some people are advocating that the bolshevists be recognized as 'the most democratic government in the world.'

"The bolshevists in control of Russia today will never be recognized. The socialists, the reasonable ones, are worthy of some consideration. But the bolsheviki—they are destructive socialists and must go down."

When General Paris arrives in France he will not only urge immediate allied intervention in Russia, but will ask that the peace conference make a settlement in regard to control of the trans-Siberian railway. The allied commands in Siberia have no confidence in each other, he said, and the existing friction over the transportation question is helping the bolsheviki cause.

HUNGARY IN GRIP OF REDS

(Continued From First Page.)

who was once punished for indiscretion in military affairs.

The state department advices were summarized in this statement:

"The state department has received a dispatch from Belgrade that the Hungarian government was overturned by the communist revolutionary element under bolshevist leadership in Budapest on Friday. While telegraph and other communications were cut off and there was some shooting and other disorders, all the foreigners in Budapest are believed to be safe.

"Through Serbian sources information has come to the department that the Hungarian government has resigned and that the new Magyar government announced hostilities would begin at 6 o'clock last Friday, Budapest time. The resignation of the old Hungarian government came after the French authorities, now in Hungary, had directed the Hungarian government to withdraw its army forces to the Szegedin-Debreczen boundary, the Roumanians to hold the Aradszat-Marnement line and the French to occupy the territory in dispute.

New Government Is Red.

"A dispatch from Berne referring to press reports concerning the situation, says that Alexander Gorbai, who has assumed the presidency of the revolutionary government of workers, peasants and soldiers' councils, according to the press, is a workman who, at first a conservative socialist, has now moved to the left. Joseph Pogony, minister of war, formerly was president of the Soldatenrat and was an orderly in the second army and once was punished for indiscretion in an army matter. Bohm, who has become commissioner for social affairs, was once minister of war, and has lately gone to the left. Bela Kun, minister of foreign affairs, used to be aide de camp for Trotzky, in Russia, serving as such four years, and is described as a very radical bolshevist.

"The state department has received a dispatch from Copenhagen stating that Count Karolyi, heading the Hungarian provisional government at Budapest, in a memorandum received at Copenhagen, claimed that Roumanians, Czechs and Serbs started rumors in entente countries that bolshevism is developing in Hungary and claimed that by these rumors the Roumanians, Czechs and Serbs hoped they might be allowed to occupy disputed districts of Hungary on the pretext of restoring order and defending their nationals."

MISSING MAN NOT FOUND

COOS BAY SHIPYARD WORKER'S EMPTY SKIFF LOCATED.

Missing Man Said to Have Carried Considerable Sum of Money on Fishing Trip.

MARSHFIELD, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—Searching parties who have scanned both shores of Coos bay from Marshfield to Charleston, failed to locate Gordon Cody, who went out from Empire Saturday to fish for crabs. His skiff was picked up this morning at Pony inlet by men working on the steamer Alert. Mr. Cody's open knife and a box of matches were found on a seat and his friends believe, according to this, that he did not fall from the boat and drown.

Cody, who is a painter at the Coos Bay shipyard, drew his pay Saturday noon and had besides a considerable amount of money with him, which facts lead his friends to believe he met with foul play. He was last seen near Jarvis landing, the old stage station which accommodatted the travelers between Drain and Coos bay before the railroad was built.

Coroner Fred Wilson and county officials visited Hennessey's marsh today, the point where the boat was found. Hennessey's marsh is only a short distance from the locality where Julius Bracke was murdered a few months ago.

DOKKIES NAME PAPOOSE

Knights of Khorrassan Collect $50 for Little Indian Orphan.

THE DALLES, Or., March 24.—(Special.)—A chubby little Indian papoose will carry the name of Dokkie Johnson as a result of the visit here Saturday of the Dokkie tribe of the Knights of Khorrassan. The little youngster, whose father was killed in France, is also richer by $50 as a result of the patriotic largess meted out by the visiting knights.

A number of the visiting brigands who gathered at the local railroad station Saturday night sighted the black-eyed youngster strapped to the back of his mother. Attracted by the unusual sight, they gathered around and, when it was learned the father had given his life for his country, the generous donation was quickly raised.

MILLIONS HELD TIED UP

Building Work Retarded by High Cost of Materials.

CHICAGO, March 24.—Fifty-one million dollars' worth of the new building planned for this year in Chicago is being held up because of the high cost of building materials. This information was given members of the legislative commission investigating the high price of building material by four of the leading architects in Chicago today.

Chairman John Dailey of Peoria, Ill., made this announcement to the building supply dealers attending the investigation and urged them to cooperate in the move to lower prices and bring about a resumption of building. He urged that by increasing the volume of business the manufacturers and dealers should be able to reduce their prices.

$10,000 REWARD OFFERED

San Francisco Banker Seeks Arrest of Wife's Slayers.

OAKLAND, Cal., March 24.—George D. Greenwood, San Francisco banker, whose wife was killed by a bomb at the Greenwood home here last Tuesday, visited police headquarters today and went over with the police officials the details of the crime, according to a police announcement.

Greenwood has offered $10,000 for the apprehension and conviction of his wife's slayers. Petro Rolfe and Carlo A. Giudici, held two days in the city prison for investigation, have been released.

Reward Offered for Criminal.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—A reward of $500 was offered by the San Mateo county board of supervisors at Redwood City today for information leading to the arrest and conviction of those responsible for the death of Miss Inez Elizabeth Reed, army nurse, whose body was found in a ravine near San Mateo on Saturday, March 8, following an illegal operation.

PIANOS of Highest Quality

Are Found on Our

"Musical Floor"

The Seventh

—Sometimes through trades we secure a few used pianos to offer the public.

—Among the slightly used pianos to be found on sale on our Seventh Floor this week are such high-grade instruments as the ***Knabe, Fischer*** and ***Behning*** makes, and also we are offering a few pianos of lesser grade at big reductions. In the latter class will be found a Remington upright for $250, a Kensington for $275 and a Bush & Lane player (looks like new) for $650; a high-grade Weber pianola is priced for $850, and a practically new Knabe upright, the world's best, is on sale at $600.

—See other bargains we have.

We give terms.

Lipman Wolfe & Co.
"Merchandise of Merit Only"

Lipman Wolfe & Co. "Merchandise of Merit Only" STREET FLOOR MEN'S SHOPS

MEN!

Manhattan

Shirts Are Now Here by the Hundreds: Madras and Silks: The Only Exclusive Spring, 1919, Patterns in Town

—As soon as men found out that Lipman, Wolfe & Co. had become headquarters for Manhattan shirts, collars and underwear, the initial supply which we obtained was rapidly depleted.

But hundreds of new Manhattans have arrived — every one a better pattern than its predecessor. Here now are Madras, fine percales, Solvay silks, broadcloth silks, crepe de chines—in short, every good shirt fabric.

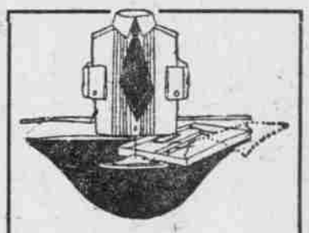
—The sun's out again—Spring is here—surely this is the time to get into new shirts—and there are none finer than these Manhattans—for fit, for wear, for "looks." Come in—look 'em over!

Thousands of Fine New Ties to See!

—Ties; new ones; some that "speak right up," others that conventional dressers are always looking for, but rarely finding. Fine silks; 90 per cent of them in the new narrow-end styles (a Lipman-Wolfe innovation), and all better looking ties for less money.

—Big assortments at 65c to $3.50.

Men's Shop, Just Inside Washington-Street Entrance
Lipman, Wolfe & Co.



Other Good Shirts, Too!

—Don't think that Manhattan shirts are all we carry.

—Far from it!

—Thousands of others are here, too.

—Famous "Metrics" in silks and madras, and hundreds of the best-looking madras and percale shirts we ever saw for $1.50 and $2.00 are here for men to buy by the half dozen.

Street Floor.

Table d'hote meal hours are nice and long here in both restaurants.

For example:

Table d'hote breakfasts, from—
6 to 12

Table d'hote lunches, from—
11:30 to 2:30

Table d'hote dinners, from 5:30 to 9.

Prices range from 25c up to $1.

Imperial Hotel

Phil Metschan Jr.
Manager.

Lipman Wolfe & Co. "Merchandise of Merit Only" *Music Floor the Seventh*

Maud Powell Will Play For You at Any Time—

—You will not be dependent upon annual concerts (delightful as they are) such as the one to be held at the Heilig tonight.

—You can have your favorite music played whenever you desire, in your own home and for your own friends whenever you choose, if you own a

VICTROLA

—Not only one artist, but all of them—the world's best—and not only those, but the most pleasing dance music whenever you like.

—We have Victrolas in all sizes, and all are sold on convenient terms.

COME IN AND HEAR ANY OF THESE RECORDS BY MAUD POWELL

Ave Maria, with String Quartet and Harp (Schubert).
Barcarole—Tale of Hoffman (Offenbach).
Bee, The (Schubert); 2, Minute Waltz (Chopin).
Caprice, Opus 51, No. 2 (Ogarew).
Caprice Valse (Waltz Caprice, Op. 7) (Wieniawski).
Cavatina, Opus 85, No. 3 (Joachim Raff).
Concerto No. 7 in G; Andante Tranquillo, Second Movement (De Beriot).
Cygne, Le (The Swan) (Saint-Saens).
Czardas—Heire Kati (Hubay).
Deep River—Negro Melody (Coleridge-Taylor).
Dixie, unaccompanied (Dan Emmet).
Fifth Nocturne (Leybach).
Finale from E Minor Concerto, Opus 64 (Mendelssohn).
Gavotte — Mignon (Thomas-Sarasate).
Gondoliera (Boat Song) (Louis Victor Saar).
Guitarrero (Drdla).
Have Pity, Sweet Eyes—Air (Antonio Tenaglia).
Heire Kati—Czardas (Hubay).
Kol Nidrei, Opus 47 (Bruch).
Largo, Air from "Xerxes"; orchestra accompaniment (Handel).
Largo, Melody from the opera "Xerxes" (Handel).
Little Firefly (Wah-Wah-Taysee) (Cadman).
Love's Delight, arr. by Powell (Martini).
Mazurka, Opus 26 (A. Zarzycki).
Melodie—Air from "Orpheo" (Christoph Gluck).
Menuet in D Major, No. 1 (Mozart).
Minuet in G, No. 2; arr. by Powell (Beethoven).
Molly on the Shore—Irish Reel (setting by Percy Grainger).
Petite Valse (Victor Herbert).
Polish Dance—Kujawiak, Second Mazurka (Wieniawski).
Polonaise, Opus 38 (Henri Vieuxtemps).
Romance from Concerto No. 2, Opus 22 (Wieniawski).
Salut d'Amour (Love's Greeting), Opus 12 (Elgar).
Serenata, Opus 15, No. 1 (Moszkowski).
Silver Threads Among the Gold, Transcription (H. P. Danks).
Slavonic Cradle Song—Berceuse Slave, Opus 11 (Neruda).
St. Patrick's Day (Bouquet Americaine, Opus 33) (Vieuxtemps).
Thais—Intermezzo (Meditation Religieus) (Massenet).
To Spring, Opus 43, No. 6 (Grieg).
Will-o'-the-Wisp — "Farfalla" (Emile Sauret).
Zigeunerweisen, Opus 20 — Gypsy Dance (De Sarasate).

Music Floor—The Seventh.