

PRESS OF RUSSIA HOSTILE TO AMERICA

France and England Get Credit
for Co-operation.

FRIENDS OF U. S. WAVERING

Gen. Graves Charged With Showing
Tendency to Pro-Bolshevism in
Refusing to Aid Inhabitants.

VLADIVOSTOK, March 19.—(By the Associated Press).—Never since the landing here of troops in August has there been such widespread criticism of the United States. The newspapers are full of tirades and ingenious distortions of the facts calculated to sow discord among Americans, Russians and American allies. It is an unquestioned fact that there is a systematic campaign. Some newspapers of Siberia, it appears, have been subsidized and are distinctly hostile to the United States. The Russians, never overconfident regarding the intentions of the Americans, have been ready listeners and the legitimate Russian press reprints and editorializes on the fabrications that have been put out by the pro-Bolshevik press.

Outspoken Hostility Develops.
Beginning with the disappointment over the passiveness of America's intervention, the sentiment developed into an outspoken hostility, in many quarters, to the United States. A proposal for a conference of all Russian factions with the allies, justly or otherwise credited to President Wilson, was quickly utilized by an unfriendly press and accepted in the political circles of the Russians generally. There is no effective means of combating this propaganda and the result is that the United States has few champions in any class or party.

Friends of America Wavering.
Reassurances by Major-General William S. Graves, military commander here, regarding America's non-partisan policy, were of little concern in the fine shades of interference and non-interference by definite charges of pro-Bolshevism here and abroad, arising from the refusal of the Americans to co-operate with the military against the alleged Bolsheviks in the Amur district. The giving of asylum to the Cossacks in revolt recently was construed in a similar way. This incident, however, was the only one of a maligning character to draw fire.

Colonel Henry D. Styer, who has been active for the Americans in the Cossack controversy, wrote to the newspapers an explanation of the affair in which he fully outlined the stand taken by General Graves. Other districts have been received in silence and as a consequence the loyal friends of the United States among the Russians are wavering.

France and England Credited.
France and England have few troops here and these are not actively engaged, but their commissioners are visiting and counseling the Omak government with the result that they are being credited with being the best friends of Russia. The Japanese are regarded as having rendered positive service in a military way. Only the Americans, to whom the Russians looked for help and sympathy, are considered to have failed, not because of their failure to send more troops, a hope which has long since been abandoned, but for lack of moral and material support such as other nations are giving.

American Silence Mystifies.
A representative of the Omak government, in discussing the situation, confessed himself mystified by the silence of the United States on vital matters of policy. He also said there was a tendency to judge severely acts of expediency and necessity which his government had taken. He said these acts were not fully understood. He cited the recent arrests of members of the Zemstvo, which he declared were justifiable and were made in accordance with military law. Among the troops and villagers along the railways there is a silence and unfriendliness which did not exist a month ago. This is due, besides the Cossack incident, to a refusal of General Graves to respond to appeals by the inhabitants along the Ussuri and Amur railways and the Suchan mines district, where the Americans are stationed, for protection against outrages by Russian soldiers. To these appeals, as well as a request from the Japanese in the Blagovestchensk district for a company of troops to fight the so-called Bolsheviks, General Graves made the same reply, namely, that he would be exceeding his authority and violating the American policy toward Russia.

General Graves entertains strong

doubt whether all Russians who have taken up arms in eastern Siberia can properly be termed Bolsheviks. The peasants for months have been subjected to brutality at the hands of troops, chiefly Cossacks, most of whom represent the Omak government. On the pretext of searching for Bolsheviks, the troops have raided villages in the countryside, murdering and imprisoning men and beating and maltreating women. There have been reports of such occurrences in many districts, and individual cases which have been investigated have established the truth of some of these reports, and the Japanese apparently have adopted the course of supporting the troops who are committing the outrages.

DEATH DECLARED ACCIDENT

GRANTS PASS, Or., March 19.—(Special).—The coroner's jury empaneled to investigate the shooting of Elvira Smith of Grants Pass, Oregon, brought in a verdict finding that she "was killed by a bullet wound caused by the discharge of a .32 caliber pistol; that said pistol was in the hands of said Elvira Smith, and was accidentally discharged."

Russell Tolin, a young man who was in the house at the time of the shooting, testified that he went to the girl's room and opened the door, and as he did so she raised the pistol to her breast and fired, saying, "Russell, I've shot myself." The girl's sister testified that she heard Elvira exclaim that she had shot herself.

The girl was the property of Tolin, and he said he had lent it to the girl.

VENIZELLOS GIVES APOLOGY

Greek Premier Regrets Arrest of 3 American Missionaries.

BY WILLIAM T. ELLIS.
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CONSTANTINOPLE, March 19.—(Special cable).—Advice received by me today are to the effect that Premier Venizelos of Greece has personally apologized to the three American missionaries arrested in Saloniki February 16. His action followed the publication in the New York Herald of alleged papers of a despatch reporting their arrest.

The missionaries are Rev. William Cooper of Chicago, Dr. J. Henry Soule of Ohio and Rev. William Clark of Massachusetts.

STRIKE LAID TO JAPAN

(Continued From First Page.)

the peace party. It is regarded as certain in circles conversant with the situation that as regards lessening of the friction between the Japanese and Americans the future is hopeful.

Other Causes Cited.
Other reports attributing the hostile feeling toward Americans to Japanese influence asserted that while at the outset of the Siberian operations Japan and the United States each agreed to send 7000 troops to Vladivostok, Japan sent 72,000. The willingness of the peace party in Japan to co-operate has been shown, according to these reports, by the decision of the party when it went into power recently to withdraw some of these troops.

Unceasing disputes and warfare between the various Siberian factions, each with its appeal to allied support, also have been the cause of the ill-feeling, it was said today. General Graves, in accordance with his instructions, has avoided favoring any party or faction. These instructions, it was said, are the direct result of the objects for which American troops were sent to Vladivostok.

These objects were set forth as solely to protect military stores in the city and vicinity, to render whatever aid they could to the Czech-Slovaks, whose assistance to the allied nations during the war was fully appreciated by the United States, and to protect the Siberian railroad.

Protection Asked For.
Deserters and mutineers of the Semenovoff and Horvath forces have appealed to General Graves for protection. It was said, while those remaining loyal to these two generals also had asked for assistance in handling the situation. General Graves had refused only to have unarmed men from slaughter without provocation.

It is fully understood by officials that General Semenovoff and General Horvath are imperialists at heart, and it has been pointed out that the American troops gave aid to them, the United States could fairly be charged with favoring the restoration of the imperial form of government for Russia. In well-informed circles it also has been said that General Knox, commander of the British forces in Vladivostok, had not been at all times in full accord with the attitude of the United States, and had urged upon General Graves the advisability of taking a definite stand for one political faction in order to aid in the firm establishment of one government in Siberia. But the policy of the United States, officials said, has been and still is that the Russian people must decide as to their own form of government and that government must be answerable to the Russians.

Majority Socialists Lead.

LONDON, March 19.—The elections for the constituent assembly in Hamburg, Germany, resulted in the majority socialists seating 81 representatives, the democrats 33, the people's party 14, the independent socialists 13, the economic league 12, the national people's party 4 and the centrists 2, says a Berlin dispatch.

Germans Send for Food.

LONDON, March 19.—Eight German steamers, including the Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, the Graf Waldersee and Pretoria, sailed from Hamburg this week for foodstuffs, according to advices from Berlin. It is said the crews of the ships made formal demand that they should not be removed from the vessels during the trip.

Thousand Delegates Expected.

YAKIMA, Wash., March 19.—(Special).—One thousand delegates are expected to attend the Upper Columbia river conference of the Seventh Day Adventists, which will be held in this city May 29 to June 3, according to announcement yesterday by officials of the local church of that denomination.

Yakima Arrests on Increase.

YAKIMA, Wash., March 19.—(Special).—Arrests for drunkenness due to "denatured" alcohol in the form of beer and other "toilet requisites" have shown a marked increase here lately. The Yakima police already have accumulated a considerable and varied assortment of such beverages.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To be genuine, look for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS, Look for signature of E. W. GROVE, Cures a Cold in One Day. 10c—Adv.

Seasoned sawwood and inside wood, green stains, for each, Holman Fuel Co., Main 252, A. 2522—Adv.

Phone your want ads to the Oregonian. Phone Main 7079, A. 6096.

MORE OREGON HEROES NEARING HOME PORT

Men Slated for Demobilization
at Camp Lewis.

HOSPITAL UNITS TO MOVE

Of 188,434 Officers on Duty When
Armistice Was Signed 88,409
Have Been Discharged.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 19.—Two officers and 175 men of the 16th Infantry, 1 officer and 55 men of the 159th Infantry, 1 officer and 39 men of the 25th Engineers, aboard the transport Natsionia, due to arrive at New York March 23, will be sent to Camp Lewis for discharge.

Practically all of them are from Washington and Oregon. The transport Louisville, due at New York March 24, carries 1 officer and 30 men of the 14th Infantry, bound for Camp Lewis. The 142d field artillery, which includes many Oregon and Washington men, will return from overseas with the 30th division in May, Senator Chamberlain was advised today.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Of the 188,434 officers of the army on duty when the armistice was signed, 88,409 had been discharged up to March 13. A war department announcement today showed that of these 28,499 were infantry officers, 15,589 medical officers, 12,449 aircraft officers and 10,758 field artillery officers.

31st Slated for Convoy.

Discharges from the ordnance and quartermaster's corps totaled 7144. One hundred and twelve officers of the judge advocate-general's department and 605 chaplains also had been discharged.

Troops returning from France during the week ended March 14 numbered 59,454, the largest total for any week since the armistice was signed. Up to March 14, 414,278 men had been brought home.

Assignment of practically all units of the 31st division and several organizations of the 5th army corps for early convoy was announced today by the war department. The 31st division is composed of men from Washington, Oregon, Montana, Wyoming and Utah, Nevada.

Hospital Units to Move.

Units of the 31st division assigned include division headquarters and 12 infantry brigades headquarters, 181st and 182d infantry brigades headquarters, 346th, 347th and 348th machine gun battalions, 316th engineers and train, 316th field signal battalion, 316th headquarters, 316th ammunition train, 316th supply train, 316th sanitary train, 316th mobile ordnance repair shop, 31st military police company.

Organizations of the 5th corps assigned to convoy include headquarters and headquarters troops, 40th telegraph battalion, 52d Pioneer cavalry, 5th corps sanitary train, headquarters field hospital and ambulance section, field hospitals Nos. 335, 338 and 339, ambulance companies Nos. 335, 338 and 339.

Other Units Assigned for Early Convoy.

Other units assigned for early convoy include base hospitals Nos. 4, 5, 10 and 108, air service casual company No. 6 and medical detachment, sanitary squads Nos. 47 and 48 and clothing squad No. 301.

Rainbow Division to Sail.

The 57th field artillery brigade will return to the United States with the 32d division, General Pershing's cavalry war department. The 14th regiment, field artillery, originally with the 41st division, also will return with the 32d. These units had been serving with other organizations.

42d (Rainbow) Division Will Sail.

The 42d (Rainbow) division will sail from Brest between March 23 and April 13.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The steamship

Dakota, which left St. Nazaire March 7, arrived tonight with 57 officers and 1762 men, comprising the 137th aero squadron, 17th aero squadron, 27th engineers compete and casual company No. 135. The detachments will go to Camp Mills and Camp Merritt.

Engineers Will Later Be Divided

among Camps Dodge, Custer, Devons, Dix, Grant, Lewis, Pike and Sherman.

THREE TRANSPORTS ARRIVE

Charleston, Seattle, Harrisburg Land

Detachments.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The cruiser

Charleston arrived from Brest tonight with 1271 troops, including the 27th and 147th aero squadrons and casual companies of eastern troops.

The cruiser Seattle brought home

1577 troops and 20 naval enlisted men. Units included casual company No. 245, California, and casual companies from the eastern states.

With 2302 troops and 330 naval officers and men the steamship Harrisburg arrived also from Brest. Units included detachments of the 27th division, first and second air service construction companies, casual company No. 372, California, and detachments of casual company No. 528.

The 27th aero squadron claims to have downed 55 enemy machines. The pilots flew Nieuports and Spad machines, and reported that 60 per cent of its active flying men were casualties. Captain Alfred A. Grant of Denton, Tex., commanding the first pursuit group of the squadron, returned with the distinguished service cross and the French war cross. He reported he had three planes to his credit and saw 13 months of active flying duty at the front.

The 147th aero squadron has been flying one year in the Toul, Verdun, Chateau Thierry, St. Mihiel and Argonne sectors. It was attached for some time to the French army. The squadron has had ten casualties.

ROAD CONTROL IS OPPOSED

RETURN OF RAIL LINES TO OWNERS ADVOCATED.

Senator Pomerene Says Government Operation Intended for War Purposes Only.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Senator Pomerene of Ohio, a democratic member of the senate interstate commerce committee, speaking here tonight before the American Railway Engineers' society, opposed extending the period of government control over railroads beyond the 21 months provided by congress. He asserted that the proposed five-year extension was urged only for the purpose of experimentation. Senator Pomerene also urged early restoration of the functions of the interstate commerce commission with increased powers and the fixing by congress of a fair standard return upon the capital invested for the railroads. Senator Pomerene criticized the railroad administration for ignoring the interstate commerce commission in rate-making and for what he called "unreasonable" orders setting aside laws.

Without doubting that the money was needed, Senator Pomerene said that in ordering the 25 per cent freight rate increase more time should have been given to permit shippers to adjust their business to meet the advance. This increase, he said, was a good thing for the railroads, but it resulted in the bankruptcy of many people.

RAILROAD WORK TO STOP

(Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

essary to insure safety, while the project is so far completed that to stop work would be more expensive than to continue it, and where a job is covered by a bona fide contract, and stoppage of work would seriously demoralize conditions, especially as to working force."

Red Tape Will Be Required.

In cases where the railroad and the regional director believe work should be done, either as to new work or as to continuing work now in progress, even though the railroad company does not approve, the railroad administration will require a full report to its division of capital expenditures, stating objections or disagreements that cannot be overcome. Pending a review of the case by the division no such work is to be started and work in progress is not to be carried on except as provided in the instructions.

The provision for suspension applies equally to projects for which approval previously had been given by the division of railroad corporations. If the officers desire to reconsider their approval the situation will be reviewed by the railroad administration.

Expenditures to Be Cut Down.

The action was taken following a conference of railroad administration officials with the railway executives advisory committee, of which Howard Elliott is acting chairman. The order is regional director was signed by T. C. Powell, director of the division of capital expenditures.

As a result the entire programme for improvements and additions over the year will be reviewed with a view to cutting down expenditures. The budget for capital expenditures on all railroads is not to exceed the outlay of \$1,275,000,000, of which only \$575,000,000 was spent, leaving \$700,000,000 balance unused.

Non-Partisans Plan Constitution.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 19.—Non-partisan delegates to be elected next fall from the various counties in Nebraska will meet in Lincoln December 2, this year, to draft a new state constitution, which will be submitted to the voters of the state in 1920 for their approval or rejection. Provision for the constitutional convention is made in a senate bill passed by the house of the state legislature today.



562 Shares of the Capital Stock of
Compania de Minerales y Metales, S. A.
and Voting Trust Certificates Representing
34,644 Shares of the Capital Stock of

THE AMERICAN METAL COMPANY, LTD.

NEW YORK CITY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned, Francis P. Garvan, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale, at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the office of The American Metal Company, Ltd., 61 Broadway, borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York, on the 7th day of April, 1919:

First. At 10:00 o'clock, A. M., 562 shares of the capital stock of 25,000 shares issued and outstanding, of the par value of one hundred (100) pesos each of Compania de Minerales y Metales, S. A., a Mexican corporation; and also, but separately therefrom,

Second. At 10:30 o'clock, A. M., voting trust certificates issued under an agreement dated December 5, 1918, between the owners of stock in The American Metal Company, Ltd., of the first part, and Joseph F. Guffey, Henry Morgenthau and Berthold Hochschild, representing 34,644 shares, of the par value of \$100 per share, of the capital stock of The American Metal Company, Ltd., a New York corporation.

The said voting trust certificates representing 34,644 shares will first be offered for sale in one parcel, all bids therefor to be per share, and after all bids for the same shall have been made, the bid of the highest bidder will be reserved until completion of bidding for the separate parcels. The said voting trust certificates will then be offered for sale in blocks of 100 shares each (except the last block, which shall be 44 shares), all bids therefor to be per share.

The American Metal Company, Ltd., has an authorized capitalization of \$25,000,000, of which \$7,000,000, divided into 70,000 shares of the par value of \$100 each, are issued and outstanding, of which 53,064 have been deposited under said voting trust agreement.

Full description of, and information concerning, the properties to be sold, the terms and conditions of inspection and sale, and the orders therefor, may be obtained by application to JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, Director Bureau of Sales, 110 West 42d Street, New York City.

FRANCIS P. GARVAN,
Alien Property Custodian.

BEND MAN'S PLAN TARGET

DIRECTOR OF CENSUS FINDS
SCHEME IMPRACTICAL.

J. H. Haner Would Take Fourteenth
Census as Draft—Eligibles Were
Compelled to Register.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, March 19.—Sam L. Rogers, director of the census, has been knitting his brow over a novel proposal of J. H. Haner of Bend, Or., for taking the 14th census, which is due next year. The director has decided, however, after thinking the matter over, that the scheme is impracticable.

Mr. Haner's plan was to make the people report to an enumerator in every precinct in the United States to be counted just as draft eligibles were compelled to report to local boards, 30 days being allowed to complete the count. When the count was completed the list for each precinct would be posted for public inspection so that any inaccuracies could be corrected.

In rejecting the scheme, Director Rogers says:

"The enumeration of population at the 14th census will cover something like 110,000,000 persons. It would be possible, probably, to provide an organization for the registration of the

population at designated places, precincts and the like, but serious problems undoubtedly would be encountered in providing for a full and accurate enumeration of all the inhabitants irrespective of age, within a period of a few days at most. If such a system of registration could be perfected for the enumeration of such persons as should duly appear in compliance with the law some additional means involving police power would have to be invoked to insure the ultimate registration of persons who failed to appear because of an absence from home, inability to appear on account of illness or other disability, ignorance of the law, indifference to its demands, or who, for criminal reasons, did not want to be registered, and unless all these absences are duly and quickly accounted for, the constitutional population of the country cannot be ascertained for apportionment purposes as provided for in the constitution.

"Some provision also would have to be made for the registration of all persons under a given age and who are not required to appear for registration, and some provision must also be made for the collection of the statistics of agriculture and such other statistics as the law may require, which would be otherwise collected through the medium of census enumerators."

Hungarian Election Date Fixed.

BUDAPEST, March 19.—(Havas).—The government has set April 13 as

the date for the election of delegates to the Hungarian national assembly.

COLUMBIA

STARTING SATURDAY

The Eyes of the Country are on

THE HEART OF HUMANITY

THE PICTURE THAT WILL LIVE FOREVER

Eight new dance numbers on Victor Records

The war's over; the heart's light again, and dancing is on in earnest. Here is the latest and best dance music—and lots of it:

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I'm Always Chasing Rainbows—Medley Fox Trot—Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra
Till We Meet Again—Waltz—Nicholas Orlando's Orchestra
Beautiful Ohio—Waltz—Waldorf-Astoria Dance Orchestra
Oui, Oui, Marie—Medley One-Step—Pietro Sweet 'n' Pretty—Fox Trio
Rockin' the Boat—Fox Trot—Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra
The Girl Behind the Gun—Medley One-Step—Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra

Stop in; let us play them for you; also the other late popular "hits" or any selection you may care to hear.

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Enrich Your Blood
Create Appetite, Give Strength

There's something about them you'll like.



Twenty to the package

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Cuticura Soap is Easy Shaving for Sensitive Skins

The New Up-to-date Cuticura Method