

LANSING SEES WORLD CRISIS IN GERMANY

Food and Peace Declared Two
of Greatest Needs.

AMERICAN AID IS URGED

Reparation Cannot Be Given, Says
Speaker, Unless Materials for
Industries Are Furnished.

PARIS, Tuesday, March 12.—"We have reached a crisis in the affairs of the world," said Secretary of State Robert Lansing at a banquet given tonight by the American Peace Council in honor of the American peace commissioners. Mr. Lansing was emphatic in his statement that the allies must feed Germany and give the Germans opportunity to sell their products in the foreign markets if the danger of bolshevism was to be avoided. Mr. Lansing said:

"In the infancy of our republic across the seas, the sympathy and aid of France gave the support which was needed to make individual liberty the supreme ruler of the destinies of the new-born nation. From that time forward liberty has, and still is, the most sacred and most compelling impulse in political life in America."

"It was when the people of the United States came to a full realization that the liberty for which they had fought was in danger that the nation with unsurpassed unanimity took up the sword with a firm determination to do its part in freeing liberty and the world from autocracy."

Armies Cease to Threaten.

"A mighty victory has been won. The imperial armies of the central powers have ceased to threaten. They no longer exist. Scattered and broken, they have returned to their homes, where hunger and privation await them—hunger and privation which are the consequences of their own blind faith in evil men, who led them into this unrighteous war."

"Germany has suffered bitterly, is suffering bitterly, and Germany is entitled to suffer for what she has done. Today starvation and want are the portions of the German people. Violence and murder stalk through the streets of their great cities. Political institutions, industrial enterprise and the very structure of society are tottering. It is the just retribution of their crimes."

"We may be disposed to pity those innocent among the Germans, but our pity is almost dried up when we consider what France and other nations have had to suffer from the invading armies of the Teutons."

"France has endured unspeakable woes with a fortitude and determination which excite the admiration and wonder of the world. I cannot pick words to express the praise I would give to the French armies and their great generals, to the French people and their great leaders who lived through those black days of horror, when stoutest hearts might well have despaired."

"And now that the great conflict is ended and the mighty war engine of Prussia is crushed, we have new problems to solve, new dangers to overcome. East and west, the flames of famine and idleness, want and misery. Political chaos and outlaws have supplanted the highly organized government of imperial Germany. Social order is breaking down under the difficulties of defeat and the hopelessness of the future."

"Like the anarchy which made an inferno of Russia, the fires of terrorism are ablaze in the states of Germany. Over the ruins of the central empire the flames are sweeping westward. It is no time to allow sentiments of vengeance and hatred to stand in the way of checking this conflagration which will soon be at the German borders and threatening other lands. We must change the conditions under which social unrest feeds and strive to restore Germany to a normal, though it be a weakened, social order."

Food and Peace Essential.

"Two words tell the story—food and peace. To make Germany capable of resisting anarchy and the hideous despotism of the red terror, Germany must be allowed to purchase food and to earn that food, industrial conditions must be restored by a treaty of peace. It is not out of pity for the German people that this must be done, and done without delay, but because we, the victors in this war, will be the chief sufferers if it is not done."

"You may demand reparation as much as you please, but unless the German people are furnished materials for their industries and commercial opportunities to sell their products of labor in the foreign markets, and unless the laborers have food, Germany can never pay even in part for the evil she has done. Furthermore, if the present state of chaos continues and the political power continues to grow weaker there will be no responsible German government with which to make peace; there will be no government strong enough to carry out the conditions of the treaty of peace."

"I say to you men of France, and men of America, and to you men of the allied powers, that there is no time to be lost if we are to save the world from the despotism of anarchy. We must make peace without delay and ships laden with food must enter the harbors of Germany. We have reached a crisis in the affairs of the world. We must meet it without passion and without permitting our judgment to be warped by a natural and unavoidable desire for vengeance on a nation which has committed such atrocities as those the Germans have committed."

AND MEAN-
while, what
does Scandinavia
want—what are
her vital issues?
These questions
are answered by
our correspondent
in Stockholm
in this week's
issue of

The Nation
10c
On sale at all news stands.
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FIRST PHOTOS OF THE HUNGARIAN REVOLUTION.



These are the first pictures to arrive in this country of the Hungarian revolution and the proclamation of Count Michael Karolyi as president of the new Hungarian republic. The upper photo shows an automobile loaded with revolutionists dashing through the streets of Budapest, while the lower shows Johann Hock at the left and Count Karolyi at the right addressing a crowd which assembled in front of the parliament building at Budapest. The sign reads, "This tomorrow we will proclaim Michael Karolyi president of the Hungarian republic."

CIVIL SERVICE HEADS OUT

WILSON ASKS RESIGNATIONS OF
TWO COMMISSIONERS.

Martin A. Morrison of Indiana and
George R. Wales of Vermont
to Fill Vacancies.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—President Wilson's determination to reorganize the civil service commission and the fact that he had asked for the resignation of two members, Hermon W. Galloway and Charles M. Galloway, became known today with the announcement at the White House of the appointment of two new commissioners, Martin A. Morrison of Indiana and George R. Wales of Vermont.

One vacancy in the commission already existed, John A. McHenry having resigned several weeks ago to accept a position in Haiti, but as Mr. Galloway's resignation has not yet been received at the White House, the appointment of the third member was not announced.

The letters asking for the resignation of Commissioners Galloway and Craven were dispatched just before the president left on his return trip to France and were said to have contained no reason for the request. Mr. Galloway would make no statement tonight, but said he might have something to say tomorrow.

Friends of the commissioner in congress communicated with the president by wire and in an effort to have Mr. Wilson withdraw his demand for Mr. Galloway's resignation, but it was said at the white house today that an entirely new commission would be appointed. No explanation of the president's decision to reorganize the commission was given.

FIGHTING IN BERLIN ENDS

(Continued From First Page.)

stronghold is Weissensee, a suburb of Berlin. The Spartacists also are strongly entrenched in Copenick, Neukolln and Rummelsburg.

Estimated Strength 3000

The correspondent today talked with a colonel of the government forces, who estimated the Spartacists at about 3000. He admitted, however, that his figures were merely guess work. The colonel said that in addition to the heavy and light artillery the Spartacists have scores of machine guns.

The government troops are advanced in four columns—Colonel Reinhardt's division to the north, General von Roden's marines in the middle, with a guard of cavalry and riflemen next southward, and General Busel's volunteers from the direction of Schoenberg. Their conduct and discipline are exemplary.

The eastern and southern parts of the city are still closed to all traffic. The inhabitants are suffering greatly from privations.

The Industrial League of Germany has been organized with a fund of 50,000,000 marks for the purpose of fighting bolshevism, according to information reaching the Associated Press. Berlin plants contributed 5,000,000 marks.

LONDON, March 12.—The behavior of the Spartacists in Lichtenberg was worse than the bolshevik cruelties in Russia, Berlin advices received in Copenhagen and transmitted by the Exchange Telegraph company say. All well-dressed citizens appearing in the

HEROIC OFFICER PROMOTED

COL. LOGAN FELAND TO BE
BRIGADIER - GENERAL.

Four Decorations Won for Gallantry
and Distinguished Service
in Battle.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Promotion of Colonel Logan Feland of Hopkinsville, Ky., commander of the 5th regiment of marines, now serving as a part of the army of occupation, to be a brigadier-general, was announced tonight by Secretary Daniels. Colonel Feland will fill the vacancy in the marine corps caused by the voluntary retirement of Brigadier-General James E. Mahoney several days ago.

"The promotion of Colonel Feland," said Secretary Daniels tonight, "comes as a result of his exceptional war record, which includes service from the time General Pershing and his staff arrived in Europe until the present. As commander of the 5th regiment of marines, Colonel Feland was in action from the time of the bloody fighting in Belleau wood early last June, right up to the final engagements just before the terms of the armistice became effective."

For gallantry and distinguished services Colonel Feland has been awarded four decorations—the distinguished service cross and the croix de guerre with the bronze star, gold star and palm. He was cited three times in French army and corps orders for bravery in the battle of Belleau wood and during the Soissons drive and

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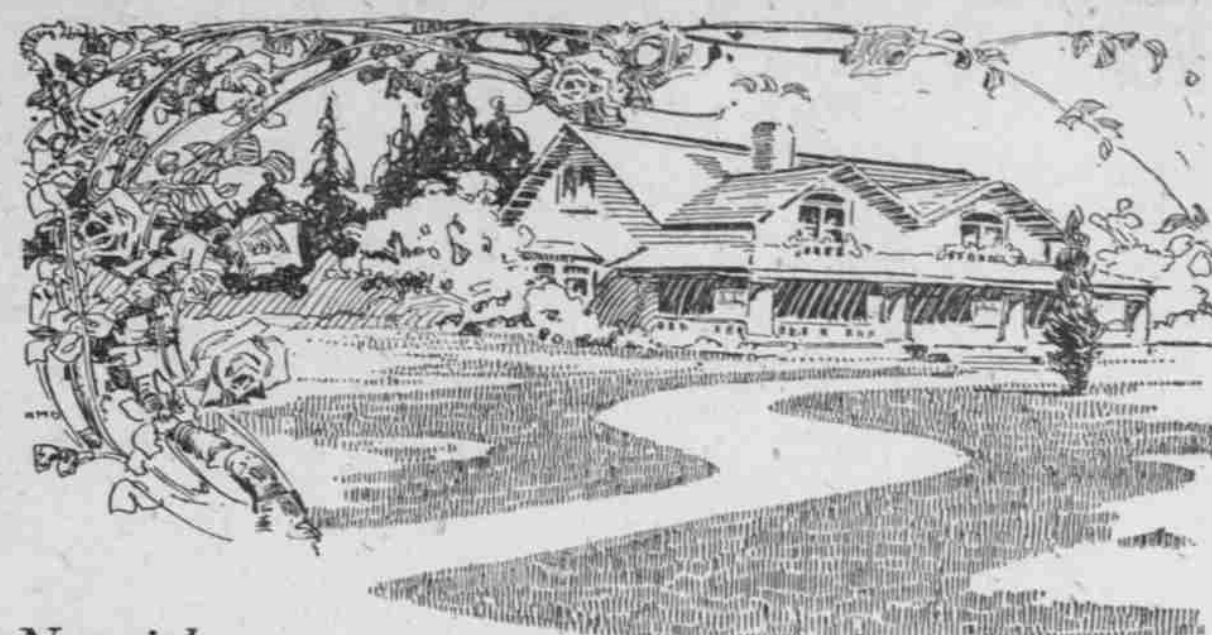
You can use these teeth with as much comfort as you could those nature gave you in the beginning—and they will not cause you any pain or inconvenience.

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If you want this year's
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Champagne drives. He also was cited in American general army orders. Colonel Feland was promoted to the rank of colonel last July.

BRITISH FLOCK TO AMERICA

Business Men Are Eager to Resume
Trade Relations With U. S.

(Copyright, 1919, by the New York World. Published by Arrangement.)
LONDON, March 12.—(Special cable.)—British business men, eager to resume their trade relations with America, are buying passage on Atlantic steamers which carry few civilian passengers. Accommodation is so limited that intending passengers have to wait two months for a berth. Eastbound liners, on the other hand, are carrying full pre-war passenger bookings of American drummers, tourists, theatrical companies and speculators. After the arrival of the boat train at Waterloo station recently, nearly 200 Americans passed the night in the station, as they were unable to find accommodations here.

TUNNEL ENGINEERS AGREE

Work on Channel Project Awaits
Sanction by Parliament.

PARIS, March 12.—(Havas.)—It is stated in the French technical circles that M. Sartiaux, chief engineer of the Northern railway company and of the French company which holds a concession for participating in the building of a tunnel under the English channel, is in accord with Sir Francis Fox, the British expert, as to the details of construction. The assertion was made today that it only remained for the British parliament to sanction the tunnel, when the work of construction would begin.

Magician Keller Convalescing.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 12.—Harry Keller, nationally known as a magician and for his philanthropy, was reported today to be convalescing from

an attack of acute indigestion which caused him to collapse in a local theater last night, where he was attending a performance given by a conjurer magician.

WILSON AT BREST TONIGHT

Informal Reception to Be Given the
President Friday in France.

PARIS, March 12.—(By the Associated Press.)—President Wilson will be met at Brest by the French minister of marine, Georges Leygue; Captain Andre Tardieu, Colonel E. M. House and his son-in-law, Gordon Auchincloss, who left Paris by special train this evening. President Poincare with a guard of honor and band will meet President Wilson at the Paris station on his arrival here Friday, probably between 11 o'clock and noon. The reception will be unofficial and will lack the ceremony which attended the first arrival of President and Mrs. Wilson in Paris. The steamer George Washington is expected to reach Brest about 8 o'clock Thursday night, the president going immediately to a special train, which will make a slow trip to the French capital.

Roumanian Queen in London.

LONDON, March 12.—Queen Marie of Roumania and her daughters arrived in London from Paris today. They were met at the station by King George, Queen Mary and the Prince of Wales. Queen Marie and her daughters will be guests at Buckingham palace for three weeks.

Florida Camp to Be Retained.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Camp Joseph E. Johnston, at Jacksonville, Fla., used during the war for training men for the quartermaster corps, will be retained as a permanent military encampment.

Seasoned slabwood and inside wood, green stamps, for cash. Holman Fuel Main 323, A 2323.—Adv.

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Gloom
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