

41ST DIVISION SOON TO BE DEMOBILIZED

Final Units Scheduled to Arrive Late in February.

OREGON MEN ON WAY HOME

Transport America, Carrying 170 Officers and 1980 Men Slated to Reach Port February 22.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—It was indicated today that all elements of the 41st division will be assembled at Camp Dix by the end of February in readiness to be dispatched to more convenient points for demobilization. War department reports today carried announcement of the sailing of further contingents of the 41st. Company 1 of the 161st Infantry and a medical detachment as well as detachments of companies D, L and M, sailed from West Point, N. Y., on the cruiser DuSable, due at New York February 21. Of these troops three officers and 59 men from Oregon and Washington will be sent to Camp Lewis to receive their discharge.

The 148th machine gun battalion, 30 officers and 592 men, sailed from West Point, N. Y., on the cruiser DuSable, due at New York February 21, one officer and 28 men of this battalion being from Oregon and Washington. These men will be sent finally to Camp Lewis.

Companies E, F and G of the 116th ammunition train and causal company number 225 sailed on the Montana on February 9 and will be finally sent to Boise Barracks, Boise, Idaho, being largely made up of Oregonians.

The war department later announced that the transport America would reach New York February 22 with 170 officers and 1980 men, including the 67th regiment of coast artillery. Most of the regiment are regulars.

On the America are the headquarters detachment of the 35th and 36th brigades, coast artillery, all regulars; and a detachment of the 63d coast artillery.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The war department today received a cable from the British government announcing that the 399th field battalion, signal corps (84th division), had been assigned to early convoy instead of the 129th, as previously announced.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The transport Stockholm arrived here today from West with 208 American troops, mainly colored troops of the 93d division.

BROOKLYN PITCHER ON SHIP

Troops on Transport Under Colonel Pickering, Weaver of War Cross.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The troops aboard the transport Regina, which arrived here today, were under Colonel W. A. Pickering, of New York, who wore the distinguished service cross and the French war cross.

Among other officers returning on the ship was Leonard J. Cadore, who pitched for three years on the Brooklyn National League baseball team and who expects to be mislabeled in time to rejoin his team before it leaves on its spring training trip.

Lieutenant Cadore went to France last August with machine gun replacement battalion and was assigned to Company G, 359th Infantry. Although knocked down twice by big explosive shells, he escaped unscathed.

SHIPS IN PORT WITH 1500

Virginia and Georgia Casuals and Convalescents Arrive.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The steamship Santa Teresa, with 1456 troops aboard, and the Peerless, with 154 officers and enlisted men, arrived here tonight and will dock tomorrow. The Santa Teresa brought home from Bordeaux 14 detachments of convalescents; casual company 21 (Virginians) and two detachments of Georgia casuals for duty in Virginia and Georgia.

AMPLE GOLD NOW ON HAND

No Need for Artificial Stimulation of Production Found.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—No need for artificial stimulation of gold production has been found by the committee appointed by the secretary of the treasury last November to study the situation and suggest methods for increasing the available gold. With the cessation of hostilities, the committee reported today, any need of increased effort to promote gold production has passed.

"There is now no danger of an impairment of confidence," the committee said. "The dimensions of our financial problems are becoming clear and we know that we can, without permanent sacrifice, meet any financial requirement the government will be willing to assume."

The committee was composed of Elbert H. Gary, Edwin E. Gay, Raymond T. Baker, Emmet D. Boyle and Pope Xeatman.

TERROR IS REDS' WEAPON

(Continued From First Page.)

vik meetings, Dr. Simons said, and was heart and soul with them, speaking in very tender terms of them.

Large Appropriation Barred.

Major E. Lowry Humes, who is directing the inquiry for the committee, inquired if it were not true that Williams came to this country as a representative of Lenin and Trotsky and was to organize a Russian information bureau in this country for the Russian government.

The witness said he understood that Williams was to do that work.

Chairman Overman interrupted, inquiring: "How about Raymond Robins?" He referred to the head of the American Red Cross mission in Russia.

"He was supported by the bolsheviks to be the best American of them all," replied Dr. Simons.

Major Humes read into the record the text of an official order of the Lenin government, dated December 12, 1917, appropriating 2,000,000 rubles for the spread of bolshevik propaganda throughout the world.

Dr. Simons said that almost from the beginning of the bolshevik regime the movement was led and agitated by German Jews, most of whom were German names originally, but who later changed these to Russian names.

Red Followers in Minority.

Scores of New York east side Yiddish came to Petrograd shortly after the overthrow of the Kerensky government, the witness said, and he attributed

much of the success of the bolshevik movement to aid from the lower east side of New York.

Dr. Simons explained that he did not mean to cast reflections on Jews in general. He said the better classes hoped for the overthrow of the present regime and that many Jewish rabbis had thanked him for exposing the situation within the bolshevik organization.

The witness declared not more than one-fifth of the whole of Russia was represented in the bolshevik movement; that 80 per cent of the peasants and probably 75 per cent of workmen were not in sympathy with the Lenin government which he described as a "dictatorship of the proletariat."

Dr. Simons said that in a prominent educational institute in Petrograd young girls students had been compelled to live in the same quarters with the bolshevik red guards and that the practice was sanctioned by the bolshevik leaders.

At this point the committee went into executive session at which Dr. Simons gave names of Americans suspected of being bolshevik propagandists in the United States.

Mrs. Natalie Summers widow of Madison Summers, American consul-general at Moscow will testify tomorrow. She is a native of Russia and came to the United States after the death of her husband several months ago.

FLEET EXPOSED TO ENEMY

DANGER FACING BRITISH TOLD BY FORMER COMMANDER.

In 1914 Germany Had Total of 88 Destroyers as Against 42 Making Up Grand Fleet.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The dangers to which the British grand fleet was exposed during the first two and one-half years of the war owing to the German use of submarines, mines and torpedoes, and only returning to the North sea when the anchorage in Scapa Flow became reasonably safe.

Neither in October, 1914, nor in May, 1915, Admiral Jellicoe says, did the British margin of superiority justify him in disregarding the enemy's torpedo fire.

Regarding 1918, Admiral Jellicoe says: "The position was assured and we could have afforded to take risks which in 1916 would have been most unwise. If the German fleet had come one to battle, a terrible punishment awaited them."

One-third of the admiral's book is devoted to the battle of Jutland. In summing up the lessons of the battle, Admiral Jellicoe declared upon the danger involved in leaving too much to chance in fleet action because our fleet was the one and only factor vital to the existence of the empire, and indeed, to the allied cause.

"We had no reserve outside the battle fleet which could in any way replace it in the event of disaster, and should its margin of superiority be eliminated."

"If this country in the future decides to rely on a navy against red or invasion on the fleet alone, it is essential that we possess a considerably greater margin of superiority over a possible enemy in all classes of vessels than we did in August, 1914."

BIG ARMY IS UNDECIDED

(Continued From First Page.)

tain plan, it was in 1915. He was of the opinion that the war, into which his conscience had not yet drawn him, would produce no complete victor and no wholly vanquished. In consequence of this he had built up a whole series of propositions which he now dislikes to abandon.

"But there has been a vanquished and there have been victors, among whom is the United States. Germany had to ask for an armistice. It is regrettable for the a priori conceptions of Mr. Wilson, but it is very fortunate for us. Had there been no victor or no vanquished, the solution of the actual difficulties would have been much easier, would have prevented the formation of the league of nations of which Mr. Wilson dreams, and which belligerents could have been induced."

"But if Mr. Wilson persists in his original plan, of which no thinking being can deny the generosity, we doubt if the creation of an international police force would be sufficient to guarantee us the security to which we are entitled."

Mr. Meyer's contention is that France should have a defensive frontier as against a membership in the league of nations.

Hospital Officer Transferred.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12.—Appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel Eugene G. Northington, formerly at the head of the base hospital at Camp Lewis, to be in command of the Letterman General hospital here has been announced by army headquarters here.

La Grande Again Permits Dancing.

LA GRANDE, Or., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—The last vestige of influenza ban has disappeared here and for the first time in several months dancing is permitted.

IS YOUR BLOOD STARVING FOR WANT OF IRON?

Who Should Take Nuxated Iron

Iron Is Red Blood Food—It Helps to Put Strength and Energy Into the Veins of Men and Women. Why Nuxated Iron So Quickly Builds Up Weak, Nervous, Run-Down People.

Thousands of men and women are impairing their constitutions, laying themselves open to illness and death, by neglecting to eat iron. Iron is the red coloring matter of the blood and is essential to its strength and vitality. Without iron there is no strength, vitality, endurance, or power. Iron is the life-giving element in the blood. It is the life-giving element in the blood. It is the life-giving element in the blood.

Iron is absolutely essential to enable your blood to transform the food you eat into energy. Iron is the life-giving element in the blood. It is the life-giving element in the blood. It is the life-giving element in the blood.

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BUTTE ENGINEERS TO CONSIDER WALKOUT

Street Cars Not Expected to Operate This Week.

ACID PLANT FORCED SHUT

Smelters at Anaconda and Great Falls Expected to Close Soon as Ore Shipments Cease.

BUTTE, Mont., Feb. 12.—Further extension of the strike of miners in the Butte district may be decided upon tonight, it is understood, when members of the engineers' union are expected to take action upon a request to endorse the walkout. Request for endorsement of the strike, coming from the members of the Butte Metal Miners' union (independent), and the Metal Mine Workers' Industrial union No. 806, L. W. W., which organizations are striking in protest of the recent cut in wages of \$1 a day and are demanding abolition of the "rustling card" system.

The engineers cannot endorse the strike, it is understood, but action expected in that they may decide to take a referendum among the members of the engineers' union is that upon the engineers' action depends the continuance of the strike here for more than another week or two.

Car Service Not Resumed.

Street car service, which was stopped Monday morning after the engineers' strike, did not resume today, and it was indicated tonight that there would be no further service this week. Street car service, which was stopped Monday morning after the engineers' strike, did not resume today, and it was indicated tonight that there would be no further service this week.

Men of Various Trades Return to Motor Ship Yard.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—The strike situation is in a state of confusion here. Caulkers are working at one yard and the Macys scale, but not at the other. Numerous men of various trades are reported as returning to the motor-ship yard under the jurisdiction of the carpenters and joiners, the same men being technically out under the metal trades workers.

Many Crafts Are Idle.

Interest in the strike today centered in the ultimate attitude of crafts active with the American Federation of Labor. Members of several of these unions, while not on strike, are for the most part not working. Action which may be taken by unions whose representatives returned from Washington, D. C., where they attended the meeting held under the auspices of the department of labor and who have informally reported that the wage reduction was unavoidable, also is awaited with interest.

SIX BIG CONTRACTS CANCELED

Shipping Board Orders Work Suspended Because of Strikes.

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that union return to work at once or lose certain concessions promised them. Union officials here, announced that the matter of giving a hearing to delegates from the striking unions in Seattle on the question of sympathetic action, rested with the organizations. It was understood that the Seattle delegates are on their way here.

TACOMA CONSERVATIVES ACT

Attempt Will Be Made to Order Boilermakers Back to Work.

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 12.—It is the expressed intention tonight to force the Read of the boilermakers' union, within which organization the conservatives have risen against an alleged rule of L. W. W. and ultra-radicals, to order the members of the Tacoma local back to work when they convene tomorrow in special session. Mr. Read says he will base his order on the grounds that the strike order was illegal.

This decision to order the men back to work was telegraphed to the international president of the boilermakers' union, Mr. Read, so that he may order the strike here for more than another week to be made.

Conservatives of the union also re-nounced the official inauguration of a referendum at tomorrow's meeting on returning to work.

STRIKERS HOLD CONFERENCE

Ultimatum of Mine Managers Under Consideration at Jerome.

JEROME, Ariz., Feb. 12.—Seven men, all but two of whom are said to be L. W. W. agitators, were arrested here today and are held for further investigation following the arrival of a department of justice agent. This was the main development today in the union determined tonight to force a referendum at tomorrow's meeting on returning to work.

Strike sympathizers held another conference this afternoon, at which they voted to reconsider the strike. The ultimatum of the United Verde and United Verde Extension companies was the subject of the conference, according to the threat of the mine managers, the works will be closed indefinitely unless a sufficient force of men goes to work to keep the smelters running.

STRIKE SITUATION CONFUSING

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nouncement of Charles Pier, director-general of the shipping board emergency fleet corporation, that strikes in violation of existing agreements between the shippers, the government and the unions would cause the cancellation of contracts in the yards affected. The contracts canceled today are for ships whose keels had not been laid.

NO STRIKE IS CONTEMPLATED

I. W. W. in Warren Copper Mining District Quite Peaceful.

BISBEE, Ariz., Feb. 12.—No strike is contemplated in the Warren copper mining district by Industrial Workers of the World, according to a statement issued late today by a committee claiming to represent that organization. M. W. Potter, D. Gray and Charles Sherley, committeemen, said that at a meeting attended by more than 200 I. W. W. it was voted not to strike or attempt to cause trouble of any kind.

"The I. W. W. are perfectly satisfied to accept conditions in the cuts in wages as they are or may come," the written statement says.

METHODISTS PICK SPOKANE

CONFERENCE TO LAUNCH CENTENARY CAMPAIGN.

Gathering to Be Held Later in Portland to Arouse Enthusiasm in Raising \$100,000,000.

SPOKANE, Wash., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—As the official inauguration of the northwest of the great \$100,000,000 campaign of the Methodist centenary, Spokane will hold a world programme conference on February 26 and 27 to be participated in by a score of national Methodist leaders.

Decision to hold the world programme conference in Spokane was made following an address delivered by Dr. A. L. Howarth of Portland, to a score of Spokane Methodists and business men. A similar conference will be held in Portland immediately to follow the Spokane gathering.

"I never saw such enthusiasm as Spokane displayed," declared Dr. Howarth, who is associate secretary for the northwest of the centenary movement. Arrangements already have been made not only for one large building for the main conference but for additional buildings for overflow meetings.

Spokane is planning to entertain at least 1000 visitors to the conference from the inland empire and eastern Oregon.

REDS ACTIVE IN ORIENT

Japan's Attitude Toward China Laid to Bolshevik Propaganda.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Japan's determination to take advantage of the situation to force China to grant unreasonable concessions is due to the spread of bolshevism in the Mikado's army, according to Hugh A. Moran