

IRISH EXULTANT AND TERRIBLY IN EARNEST

Republic Demand of Victorious Sinn Feiners.

GRAVE THREATS ARE MADE

"No Peace in Western Europe Possible So Long as Ireland Is Under Oppressor's Heels."

(Copyright, 1919, by the New York World. Published by arrangement.)

LONDON, Jan. 5.—(Special Cable.)—"Ireland having voted herself out of the British Parliament," says a Dublin dispatch to the Daily News, "has an air of quietness, confidence and self-satisfaction that is slightly embarrassing to an English visitor. Interest centers in the decisions that are being taken at the extraordinary shabby and mean-looking headquarters in Harcourt street of the all-powerful Sinn Fein Republic."

"We have to reckon simply with plans for establishing an independent Irish republic. The first step is, I understand, to set up a committee of national council, the nucleus of which will be the 72 duly elected Sinn Fein M. P.s, or as many of them as the government sees fit to release from prison or internment."

"The number of Irish M. P.s who are either under lock and key or wanted by the police appears to be a little over 200, so that in any case 40 members will be available. An invitation which, of course, will be declined, is also to be extended to the Unionist and Nationalist parties."

"The Irish Labor party will be invited to send representatives and almost certainly will do so, as its complexion is mainly republican, while there is also likely to be a small attendance of bishops and notables."

"In short, the national council will be a second Irish convention, with the Nationalists and Unionists abstaining instead of the Sinn Fein. The place of meeting proposed is the Mansion House in this city. As far as I can ascertain, the business of the council will be to draft a scheme for the establishment of a sovereign Irish state, and appoint delegates to present this scheme to the peace conference."

"As to what will happen if the peace conference refuses to accept the Irish delegates, I can only quote Harry Boland, Sinn Fein M. P. for South Roscommon, who said:

"If the conference fails us we will put forth such organization in Ireland as will make it clear there can be no peace in Western Europe so long as Ireland remains under the heel of the English oppressor."

"The weapons of general strike, sabotage, of civil disturbances, with attacks upon property and wholesale passive resistance to the collection of taxes are all hinted at."

"Threats like these may sound foolish in London, but in Dublin it is impossible not to admit the great mass of the people are terribly in earnest."

"The Morning Post," which has always been bitterly opposed to Irish Nationalist aspirations, publishes an editorial putting the whole blame for the state of Ireland today on the shoulders of the British government. "If," it says, "the opportunities of this war had been in the hands of real statesmen Ireland might by now have been a well affected as any part of the United Kingdom."

"Ireland," the editorial goes on, "has suffered from a wrong not so much political as economic. For several generations successive British governments have neglected and betrayed the chief interest of the island, which is agriculture. From that cause her population has dwindled from 8,000,000 to 5,000,000, and the whole world is filled with the bitterness of Irishmen who have been forced by this economic wrong to leave Ireland."

"Nevertheless, we hope even now it is not too late to found the foundations of an economic policy founded upon production which will make Ireland a true partner of Great Britain and the two countries together by the strong ties of common interest."

FAMILY HEAD IS ARRESTED

(Continued from First Page.)

claim digging excursion to Hogum Beach near Hawks Prairie.

Working almost incessantly since last night, Prosecuting Attorney T. L. Leary and Chief of Police Harry Cusack have developed evidence that Burnett had previously taken his wife and children to Hogum Beach for clam-digging recreation. They have also discovered that he used to take along a motor wagon belonging to his little boys, and that some time following the disappearance of his wife and children he told an Olympia man, Lawrence Teasley, that he had left the wagon on the prairie and that if Teasley would bring it in he could have it for his boy. Teasley, the authorities say, brought in the wagon from the prairie on the edge of which the bodies were later unearthed.

Many Quarrels Recalled.

It is understood that divorce proceedings had been started between Burnett and his wife before she came to Olympia and that since her disappearance he had contemplated starting a divorce suit here on the ground of desertion. The young woman with whom he has been keeping company here declares she knows nothing about his family affairs.

On one occasion, Burnett is known to have taken another young woman and her mother for an auto ride. He then drove around on Hawks Prairie, close to the place where his wife and children were buried, it is said.

Love for Family Expressed.

Neighbors of the Burnetts told the officers that the pair quarreled frequently and to such an extent that W. H. Welker, proprietor of the apartment house, finally asked Burnett to move out. Burnett told Mr. Welker that there would be no more trouble, as his wife had just left with the children. He continued for some time to occupy the same single room the family had occupied with him previous to their disappearance.

Mrs. Burnett has been identified as the daughter of Mrs. White, 721 Buena Vista avenue, San Francisco. Burnett was married in that city eight years ago and was in San Francisco last March, since which time Mrs. White has not heard from her daughter. He has lived in Olympia since, working as a caulker in the shipyards. Mrs. Burnett was known among her neighbors as a good singer and piano player.

Clothing Found in Room.

Under examination, Burnett is unable to account for the fact that his wife had not taken away her trunk or clothing nor anything of the children's except in the one instance when he declared she left him on Hawks Prairie. He said he was unable to remember when this happened or what kind of clothing his wife and children wore that day. From the dates of

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With seventy-three Sinn Feiners returned and only seven nationalists elected, the first question asked is what the "Irish Rebels" purpose doing. They have maintained silence as to their programme and have thrown a mystery about their intentions, but in spite of their precautions I can present an outline of their plans, which are daring and brilliant and which, if not finally successful, will however, have the effect of causing serious embarrassment to the new government.

Without ostentation or aggressive action it is planned to adopt a constitution based on the Declaration of Independence of Great Britain and the formation of an Irish Republic. Ireland, in the eyes of the Sinn Feiners, will be treated as an entity without discrimination for or against Ulster, which, in spite of the Imperial sentiment, showed a strong Sinn Fein spirit at the recent election.

Those seats not filled will be ordered as by-election with Sinn Fein candidates standing in each. Full representation for the whole of the island having been obtained, the new "rump parliament" will proceed to legislate for the country and dispatch special embassies to America, France, Italy, Russia and possibly Germany.

Taxation to Be Resisted.

Sheriffs are to be designated for the various counties charged with responsibility for the execution of new laws and freedom from obedience of those of English origin. But, according to the programme the whole operation is based upon a policy of non-resistance to force. The Irish leaders plan to shift the onus for violence to English shoulders by counselling good behavior and pretending to believe their end can be gained by moral influence and a demonstration of their ability at self government.

The non-resistance policy, however, does not include this position taken toward taxation. On the principle that taxation without representation is tyranny, the Sinn Feiners will resist the British tax imposition which, as they see it, will be levied by a British parliament with Ireland not represented, save for the seven nationalists and a handful of coalitionists elected in the north. The only woman successful in the elections, Countess Markievicz, is of an old Irish family, her present name being her husband's, who was a Polish noble. She will take a prominent part in the adventure, there being talk of making her speaker. She has a long record of opposition to British rule, among those arrested last year at the time of the Sinn Fein outbreak.

Nationalist Party Wiped Out.

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ty stands out in that Lloyd George's chief support comes from the unionists, who have 336 members, all pledged to the unity of the empire and who bitterly opposed Irish secession, even standing against home rule.

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America Their Hope.

They look to America for that, but disappointment is certain for the peace commissioners of all nations are pledged against interference in various national questions. Several efforts have been made here and during President Wilson's visit to England to have him receive the Irish agents, but he has succeeded thus far from escaping a contretemps. It was noticed in England that the joy over winning the war and the hope of future peace was tempered by fear of the Irish question.

It has been a problem for more than a century and the English have learned to take it as a proverbial drop of bitterness in an otherwise sweet cup, the hope being expressed that a way will be found through the perplexity, their confidence resting on Lloyd George's political acumen.

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Preparedness for Peace

For several years the foreign trade of this country—and particularly that of the Pacific Coast—has been hampered by war restrictions and shortage of tonnage.

Having great faith in the future of America's overseas trade and merchant fleet, we have taken advantage of the lull in normal activities to equip our Foreign Department in every detail for handling your foreign business intelligently and efficiently.

For the information and benefit of importers, exporters, export agents, shipping firms, and all others who may be interested, we shall run a series of advertisements—of which this is the first—which will set forth a comprehensive outline of the facilities offered by our Foreign Department.

The United States National Bank

J. C. Ainsworth, President
On Sixth Street at Stark
Resources Over \$30,000,000.00

"Portland's Bank for Foreign Trade"



CONGRESS RESUMES WORK

HUGE LEGISLATIVE CALENDAR CONFRONTS LAWMAKERS.

Peace Debate to Be Resumed in Senate Today, McComber Supporting League of Nations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—With its holiday vacation ended, Congress will settle down tomorrow to the task of clearing an unusually heavy legislative calendar.

Peace debate will be resumed in the Senate tomorrow with an address by Senator McComber, of North Dakota, Republican, in support of a league of nations.

Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, chairman of the Senate foreign relations committee, plans an address on the resolution of Senator Johnson, of California, asking the State Department for information as to America's relations with Russia. Senator Hitchcock conferred with Acting Secretary Polk yesterday regarding Russia.

Senate and House conferees are to meet tomorrow in an effort to compose differences over the war revenue bill, with night sessions planned, if necessary, so that an early report may be made.

The House appropriations committee plans tomorrow to begin consideration of President Wilson's recommendation that \$100,000,000 be appropriated for relief of destitute peoples in Europe outside of Germany, and other committees will be busy.

An effort will be made early in the week to have the Senate consider Senator Hitchcock's bill legalizing war contracts held by the Treasury Department to be invalid because they were made informally. In the House the same bill will be called up during the week.

Senate committees will resume investigation of government merchant ship-building on Thursday.

BRIGHT FUTURE PREDICTED

STEEL DIRECTOR LOOKS AHEAD TO GREATEST PROSPERITY.

Punishment of Germany Urged in Address at Annual Dinner of Carnegie Employees.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 5.—An era of great prosperity for America during the next five years was predicted last night by E. H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation board of directors, here attending the annual dinner of officials and employees of the Carnegie Steel Company. "Speaking of 'prices and wages,' President Gary said:

"There will be re-adjustment in prices and wages, too, eventually, but the re-adjustments in wages will come slowly and in such a way that labor will recognize their justice. If employers are fair to labor I have no doubt labor will reciprocate."

In reference to the terms to be insisted upon defeated Germany, Judge Gary said:

"I want to see Germany punished, but not crippled to the extent that she cannot rehabilitate herself."

PENDLETON BAN IS RIGID

NEW ORDINANCE FRAMED TO PUT STOP TO INFLUENZA.

Great Restriction of Business Ordered and Power Given Mayor to Close Everything if Necessary.

PENDLETON, Or., Jan. 5.—(Special.)—Business in Pendleton until the flu danger is removed will be conducted with an interval of four feet separating the parties to the transaction. No more than one person to each 100 feet of floor space will be permitted in any store, business house, church or public building.

Business alone will be an excuse for visiting the railroad station. Farewell

or welcome to travelers will not be official. Pictures shows men operate with patrons occupying every other row of seats and every other seat in a row.

Pool players will be allowed at a pool table or bowling alley, but only every other pool table may be used. No spectators will be allowed and no card games permitted. Power is vested in the Mayor and City Physician to regulate business in the city in any manner they see fit, even to closing all business.

These are the principal points of the ordinance which was prepared by the City Attorney and submitted to the City Council at a special meeting last night. In the new ordinance the people of the city without stopping business altogether and without discriminating against any particular business. There were only two new homes quarantined Saturday, while the ban was removed from 10.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 5.—Chief of Police William Young yesterday was found guilty by the Board of Police Commissioners of dereliction of duty in not having knowledge of vice and gambling in St. Louis, and demoted to the rank of Police Captain. Young has been a member of the police force 40 years and chief since 1910.

Dry slabwork and blocks. Holman Fuel Co., Main 353, A 3533.—Adv.

OREGON CROP RECORD HIGH

Value of Farm Products in 1918 Was \$83,287,000.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 5.—The Department of Agriculture, in its annual aggregate crop value comparisons made public today, says that the total value of thirteen crops in Oregon embracing all the crops raised on the farm for 1918 was \$83,287,000. This was a record-breaker yield. In 1917 the aggregate for these crops was \$72,457,000.

The five-year average total for 1918 is \$49,123,000. The state was thirty-fourth in the Union in the value of its farm products last year.

Traffic Manager Appointed.

SEATTLE, Jan. 5.—Appointment of A. F. Zipp to the new department just created of traffic manager for the Pacific Steamship Company was announced yesterday by A. F. Haines, general manager. Mr. Zipp will have entire charge of the general freight and passenger traffic of the company, with headquarters in Seattle. He was for the past two years traffic manager of the White Pass and Yukon route, and is well known in Alaskan and Pacific Coast shipping circles.

DANCING

DE HONEY'S BEAUTIFUL ACADEMY