

# STAND BY ALLIES, IS PLEA OF ROOSEVELT

## Foreign Nations Lauded for Work in World War.

### "FREEDOM OF SEAS" VAGUE

#### It Is Nonsense to Say Yanks Were Fighting for Wilson's Famous 14 Points, Says Ex-President.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Asserting that the United States had not done nearly as much as the British navy and the British, French and Italian armies, to bring about the downfall of Germany, Theodore Roosevelt declared in a statement here tonight that it is "our business to stand by our allies at the peace conference."

He declared it "sheer nonsense" to say the American Army was fighting for President Wilson's famous 14 points.

He made the assertion that "there was not one American soldier in every thousand who ever heard of them."

#### Great Navy Is Needed.

"The British Empire imperatively needs the greatest navy in the world and this we should instantly concede," said the Colonel. "Our need for a great navy comes next to hers and we should have the second navy in the world. Similarly France needs greater military strength than we do, but we should all have our young men trained to arms on the general lines of the Swiss system."

#### Wilson Blamed for Silence.

"The British must of course keep the colonies they have conquered. As for this nation, it must keep its absolute economic independence and raise or lower its economic barriers as its interests demand. For we have to look after the welfare of our own working man. We must insist on the preservation of the Monroe doctrine. We must keep the right to close the Panama Canal to our enemies in wartime, and we must not undertake to interfere in European, Asiatic or African matters with which we ought to have properly no concern."

Declaring that "President Wilson has not given the slightest explanation of what his views are or why he is going abroad," the Colonel asserted, "He is himself responsible for any division among the American people as regards the peace conference."

#### Peace Programme Withheld.

"He has never permitted the American people to pass on his peace proposals, nor has he ever made those proposals clear and straightforward. As for the 14 points, so far as the American people have expressed any opinion upon them, it was on Nov. 2 when they rejected them," he continued, adding that "the American Army was fighting to smash Germany and the American people wanted Germany smashed."

"The allies have never accepted the 14 principles," he continued, "the United States has never accepted them. Germany and Austria enthusiastically accepted them, but neither the American people nor the American Congress has accepted them."

#### Principles Declared Vague.

The Colonel declared that "Mr. Wilson himself has rejected at least one of the 14 outright and has interpreted another in the directly opposite sense to its plain and obvious meaning," and added that "some of the 14 points are thoroughly mischievous under any interpretation, and most of the others are vague and ambiguous."

"Inasmuch as Mr. Wilson is going over, it is earnestly to be hoped that it is his business not to try and be an umpire between our allies and our enemies, but act loyally as one of the allies," said the Colonel.

"We have not suffered anything like as much and we have not rendered as much service as the leading allies. It is the British navy and the French, British and Italian armies that have done the most to bring about the downfall of Germany, and therefore the safety of the United States. It is our business to stand by our allies."

### HUNS FEIGN INDIFFERENCE

#### GERMANS PRETEND INDIFFERENCE TO AMERICAN ADVANCE.

#### People Stare as Yanks March By, and Storekeepers Immediately Begin to Profit.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Dec. 2.—(By the Associated Press.)—Further evidence of the determination of the Germans not to be jarred out of their assumed role of indifference was shown in every village into which the Americans marched today. The long lines of khaki-clad troops resumed their movement toward the Rhine at daybreak, passing through dozens of villages until another 12 miles had been covered.

Farmers in the fields and residents in the villages and towns glanced at the troops and went on with their work. Here and there Germans stared for a time curiously, but rarely was there a display of emotion or even of keen interest. With the exception of trifling acts by children there have been no signs of hostility reported. In a few instances children shouted derogatory remarks and threw small stones, but there was nothing more serious than that.

The German troops are well back in their retirement and apparently there is no active attempt to hamper the

**DAFFLES**  
IS COMING

working out of the terms of the armistice. German business men, especially in Treves, have already begun to display more interest in the Americans, who, as is customary with them, are beginning to spend their money. The prices of both foodstuffs and other articles are enormously high, but the soldiers desire souvenirs, and they were quite ready to patronize shops.

It is understood that the American military government proposed to deal sternly with any offenders against the regulations the Army may establish, but the Germans appear to accept without question whatever orders are imposed.

A proclamation issued by General Pershing has evoked a few expressions of appreciation from the Germans, and there is a notable tendency on the part of the people of Treves, Sarrebourg and other of the larger communities to act on his suggestion to resume their normal occupations.

### EXTREME CRUELTY ALLEGED

#### LOCAL MANAGER FOR ARMOUR IS DIVORCE SUIT DEFENDANT.

#### Anna Furlong, Oliver Hill and James Bauerle Seek Separation Decrees.

J. F. Furlong, Jr., Portland manager of Armour & Co., is charged with extreme cruelty in a divorce complaint filed in the Circuit Court yesterday by his wife, Anna Furlong. She charges that he has beaten her on numerous occasions, the last time being Saturday evening, she says, while they were walking about their neighborhood in Rockwood.

They were married at Macon, Ga., in 1904 and have six small children. Oliver Hill accuses Christina Hill of extreme cruelty and says she spends too much time with unknown persons. They were married at Vancouver in 1914 and have one child.

Jacob Bauerle, aged 71, appeared yesterday as an aggrieved plaintiff in a suit for divorce from Louisa Bauerle, whom he married in Portland in 1916. He alleges that she has been unfaithful to him and that she has refused to give her property, he says, has caused her to become cruel in her treatment.

Extreme cruelty is charged by Susan F. Nicholls in a complaint filed against Henry A. Nicholls. They were married at Corvallis in 1913 and have two children, whose custody the plaintiff seeks.

### CLEVELAND CARMEN STRIKE

#### Demand for Dismissal of Women Conductors Is Enforced.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 3.—To enforce their demand upon the Cleveland Railway Company for the dismissal of women employed as conductors since last August, 2400 motormen and conductors went on strike today.

The employees claim that an agreement with the company for the removal of the women on November 1 and recently extended until December 1, was ignored.

The company on its part asserts that it received a telegram Saturday from the secretary of the National War Labor Board at Washington asking it to retain the women in its employ until their status was finally determined by the board.

### YARD FORCES ARE REDUCED

#### Mechanics' Schools and Speakers' Bureaus Discontinued.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 3.—Mechanics' schools, speakers' bureaus and other facilities held to be necessary in the shipyards during the war emergency have been discontinued by the Emergency Fleet Corporation of the United States Shipping Board, it was announced here today by H. A. Brotherton, examiner for the board here. In addition, there is a gradual relieving of men from positions held necessary in war-time only, Brotherton said.

Military guarding of the shipyards will be continued until such time as the Government property in these yards has been disposed of, he said.

### ALLIES VOTE RETURN OF HOHENZOLLERNS

#### Holland Expected to Oppose Extradition Demands.

#### OFFICIAL REPORT IS DUE

#### Great Britain, France and Italy Declared in Concert as to Punishment of ex-Rulers.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—(By the Associated Press.)—It is understood representatives of the allies in conference at the Foreign Ministry today were unanimously in favor of demanding that Holland hand over to the allies the former German Emperor and former Crown Prince.

No official report was issued beyond a mere recital of the names of those attending and a statement to the effect that Colonel E. M. House, of the American peace delegation, was prevented by illness from attending.

The British War Cabinet and the French and Italian representatives in London are in agreement as to the proposed punishment of William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor, but have decided to take no action until President Wilson arrives in Europe, the Evening News says it learns.

The allies are not willing to allow a technicality to prevent bringing William Hohenzollern to trial. If Holland refuses his extradition without the consent of Germany, the newspaper adds, pressure will be brought to secure consent.

"The German government is still undecided as to how to deal with the former Emperor and Hohenzollerns," said Hugo Haase, Secretary of Foreign Affairs in the German Cabinet to a correspondent of Germany, the newspaper adds, "I think," he continued, "they may be sufficiently punished by the international odium they have incurred."

Discussing the war, Haase said: "The result of starting the struggle lies with both German and Austrian militarism. The Government is now investigating the pre-war methods of the Foreign Office, particularly regarding the handling of secret funds. The result will be published as soon as the investigation is completed."

### NATIONS IN AGREEMENT

#### A demand for the surrender of William Hohenzollern will be submitted to The Netherlands government in the name of all the allied cabinets, according to the Express. The views of France and Italy have been fully communicated to the British government, and President Wilson has made suggestions relative to procedure in the case.

The opinion is held that Holland will not be disposed to put obstacles in the way. She will not be asked to deliver Herr Hohenzollern under the ordinary extradition laws, but his status will be considered analogous to that of a pirate or slave trader who is not regarded as entitled to sanctuary in any country.

### PRESIDENT STARTS ON TRIP

#### (Continued from First Page.)

ments; Leland Harrison, of the Latin-

### AMERICAN DIVISION, AND PHILIP H. FATCHIN, CONFIDENTIAL ASSISTANT TO SECRETARY LANSING.

William McNair goes as disbursing officer and S. Y. Smyth as draughting officer, and to large force of clerical assistants from the State Department is accompanying the party.

Dr. James Brown Scott and David Hunter Miller will be technical advisers in international law, and Dr. S. E. Mezes, head of the State Department bureau of inquiry, established last year to study peace problems, will attend the conference as director of specialists, a large party of whom will go with him on the George Washington.

### Military Is Represented.

Army officers accompanying the Presidential party include Brigadier-General Churchill, chief of the military intelligence bureau. Other officers who will assist General Bliss are Major-General Francis J. Kernan and Colonel Walter Denham, Jordan Ayres, Helms, Furlong, Fling and Captains Auchincloss and Childs.

Brigadier-General William H. Hart, former aide to President Wilson, will be in command of military aides and messengers at the conference.

Rear-Admiral Cary T. Grayson, the President's physician, is accompanying the President and others making the trip on the George Washington include George Creel, chairman of the committee on public information, who goes abroad to close up the foreign work of the committee, and Raymond D. Fosdick, chairman of the commission on training camp activities, who will do welfare work among the American soldiers in France.

### Convoy to Cross Ocean.

Convoys of the Presidential ship when she puts to sea tomorrow will be the superdreadnought Pennsylvania and a fleet of 15 destroyers under personal command of Admiral Henry T. Mayo, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet. Ten of the destroyers will turn back after 48 hours, but the other five and the Pennsylvania will continue across the Atlantic.

Off the coast of France, the Presidential ship will be met by two divisions of the Atlantic fleet and escorted to port. Rear Admiral Hugh Rodman will be in command of the chief division which will include the superdreadnoughts, the Pennsylvania and the Texas, Captain Victor Blue; Wyoming, Captain H. H. Christy; Florida, Captain M. M. Taylor; Arkansas, Captain R. Desteiger, and Nevada, Captain W. C. Cole.

Rear-Admiral T. S. Rogers will command the other division which will consist of the Utah, Captain F. B. Bassett; Oklahoma, Captain Charles B. McVay and Arizona, Captain John A. Dayton.

### Ten Destroyers to Return.

Captain L. M. Nulton commands the Pennsylvania and the five destroyers to accompany the George Washington throughout the voyage are the Wickes, Commander J. S. Barlow; Woolsey, Commander F. Y. McNair; Lea, Commander D. W. Bagley; Tarbell, Commander Halsey Powell; Yarnell, Commander W. F. Halsey.

The ten destroyers to be in the convoy are the Utah, Captain F. B. Bassett; Oklahoma, Captain Charles B. McVay and Arizona, Captain John A. Dayton.

### Baker Postpones His Trip.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Secretary Baker announced today that he had decided to postpone his trip to Europe, which had been planned to take place about this time. He said Edward R. Steettinius, assistant secretary, and his personal representative in France, would return home for Christmas, and that they would go to France together, probably in January, "on War Department business solely."

### Wounded Men Returning Home.

DALLAS, Or., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—Messages from Armine Young and Cyril Richardson, Polk County boys who were severely wounded, tell of their arrival in this country and that they expect to be able to come home soon. Young is a son of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Young, of Independence, and has been taken to an Army hospital at Fort Snelling.

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A large choice of weaves, patterns, colors, in many new models. Displayed in the young men's second-floor shop.

\$18, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$27.50, \$30, \$32.50, \$37, \$37.50, \$40.

### Ben Selling LEADING CLOTHIER

Morrison Street at Fourth



### PRESERVE PEACE, IS PLEA

#### CHILEAN AGREEMENT DENIED BY STATE DEPARTMENT.

#### America Disclaims Making Suggestions as to Disposition of Disputed Provinces.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 3.—The United States, in agreement with the Chilean government, it is persistently rumored here, will propose to Peru and Bolivia that Chile cede the Province of Tacna to Peru and turn over the Province of Arica to Bolivia, the latter province delivering to Chile a frontier province.

The mobilization of the Chilean army, already begun in the northern provinces, has been ordered throughout the republic. The War Ministry explains that this step was necessary to keep down threatened labor troubles.

El Mercurio announces that the classes of 1917 and 1918, comprising 9000 men, have been called to the colors. Four hundred officers also have been summoned for active duty.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The Ameri-

### can Government has made no suggestions whatever to Chile and Peru as to the disposition of the disputed provinces of Tacna and Arica. This was announced officially tonight at the State Department.

"The State Department" said the announcement, "has made no suggestion whatever as to territory, but has urged that everything possible be done to maintain peaceful relations."

### Marshfield Libel Trial Ends.

MARSHFIELD, Or., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—The criminal libel trial in Justice E. H. Joehnk's court, in which County Commissioner Archie Philip was the complainant against Mike C. Maloney, editor of the Coos Bay Times, ended today after continuing three days. Mr. Maloney was held to the Coos grand jury, and his bond fixed at \$300. The complaint was based upon articles published in the Coos Bay Times referring upon Commissioner Philip's honesty in office.

### Pendleton Thief Robs Babies.

PENDLETON, Or., Dec. 3.—(Special.)—About \$20 collected in a milk bottle for the babies of Belgium formed the bulk of the haul of a thief who broke into the Charles Company cigar store early this morning. He took even the bottle. Two cash registers yielded about \$17 in small change.

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### LIBERTY

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WM. S. HART

NOTE: "No kiddin"—this is a pippin—it contains everything the fan can ask for."

POLLY'S PAL.

TODAY AND TOMORROW

## The Man Who Couldn't Help Being the Hero

Rex Beach telling how he came to write "The Winds of Chance," says: "This story was to have had Pierce Phillips for the hero. 'Poleon Doret was resting easily and minding his own business—'Poleon wouldn't stay out—he would come into this story to share the honors with Phillips."

Read about this sunny, clean-hearted, lovable 'Poleon in

## THE WINDS OF CHANCE

By Rex Beach

You have seen him smiling at you in the movies. You have loved him and wanted to know more about him. Here is your chance, for Rex Beach has written his biggest novel of Alaska, full of humor and clean fighting, with 'Poleon as the real hero, though he wasn't meant to be.



Pierce Phillips is the other hero, for he is the kind of man women love. First there is the "Countess"—then Letty, the gambler's daughter—the little dancehall girl who is everybody's plaything—and then the Snowbird.

And never before has Rex Beach written a story so full of humor. The picture of the two quarrelsome old miners who can't work together and who can't work apart is one of the most delightful bits of character drawing in modern fiction. The spell of the frozen North is here, and Rex Beach has painted his char-

acters against its magic background. In full measure is shown the lure of gold and the love of life—the power to win. It is human, vivid. Get it today at the nearest bookstore. You will be lifted far out of yourself. Read it and pass it on to a soldier. \$1.50

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