

LOYAL MOB ROUTS REDS IN NEW YORK

Soldiers and Sailors Charge 'Bolsheviki'.

GOTHAM POLICE OVERCOME

International Socialists, at Meeting in Madison Square, Rouse U. S. Boys' Wrath.

FLAG'S INSULT IS REVENGED

Wearers of Forbidden Scarlet Are Chased and Pummeled by Uniformed Yanks.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Hundreds of soldiers, sailors and marines broke through a cordon of police surrounding Madison Square Garden tonight and attacked International Socialists, who had attended a mass meeting at which Bolshevik doctrines were expounded. The men and women leaving the hall broke and fled as the men in uniform charged past the police, but were pursued into the side streets in all directions.

The attack on the Socialists came at the close of a meeting which threatened from the moment it began to break into a riot.

Scott Nearing Presides.

It was called ostensibly to protest against the execution of Thomas J. Mooney, but Scott Nearing, who presided, and the other speakers devoted most of their attention to pleas for the release of "political offenders."

Several men and women were arrested for displaying red flags smuggled into the garden in defiance of an edict by Mayor Hylan. Large numbers of men in uniform entered the building before the doors were locked with the avowed determination of preventing attacks upon the Government. They were restrained with difficulty by police and detectives from making an assault on the stage. Scores of fist fights were interrupted by officers.

Soldiers and sailors who were unable to get into the meeting sent out patrols to round up all the men in uniform who could be found to join the charge on the Socialists, which had been planned to take place when the oratory was ended and the internationalists started for their homes.

Mass Meeting Staged.

Madison Square was the rallying point for the military. They quickly staged an impromptu mass meeting at which speakers denounced the "Bolsheviki." They were cheered not only by the men in uniform, but by civilian sympathizers. When someone called up "loyal Americans" to charge the Garden and attack the Internationalists several hundred responded. They were driven back, however, by mounted police and men on foot who had assembled. Realizing that they had failed in the first fight, the soldiers and sailors resumed their meeting and awaited the arrival of reinforcements. Probably 1000 men of both branches of the service had assembled by the time the meeting adjourned.

Police Are Overwhelmed.

The opening of the doors of the Garden was the signal for a second charge which the police were unable to repel. The soldiers and sailors fought their way past swinging night sticks and attacked the Socialists who had packed the big building. Almost instantly the square was filled with yelling, running, fighting men. The screams of women, most of them wearing red roses or carnations in lieu of the forbidden flags, rose above the din as they clawed and scratched the soldiers and sailors who were pummeling the male Socialists.

Mounted police, reinforced by automobile loads of reserves, rushed from every station house within a radius of miles, struggled valiantly to clear the square, but made little progress.

Soldiers and sailors, violently angered by what they considered an insidious attack on the flag they had sworn to defend, paid little attention to blows from night sticks. They were bent on getting revenge from the Internationalists, and many of them succeeded.

Socialists Are Pursued.

The square was cleared of mingles men only when Socialists by one and twos and in groups broke and fled.

ALLIES PLAN TO SINK ALL BOCHE WARSHIPS

ACTION DEEMED WISE IN ORDER TO AVOID DISPUTES.

Inspection of German Fleet Discloses Craft to Be in Deplorable State of Repair.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—After an inspection of the German battleships and cruisers held by the entente and final settlement of their ownership by the peace conference, all the vessels probably will be sunk, as apparently there is no disposition on the part of the entente to risk the controversies that would be likely in case of an attempted division of them.

FIRTH OF FORTH, Scotland, Nov. 25.

The inspection of the German surrendered ships proceeding as rapidly as possible. The fleet division of battleships and four battle cruisers and destroyers left for Scapa Flow today and by evening the Firth will be cleared of them. The ships are in a deplorable state through want of paint and general neglect. All war agencies of the battleships is on a par with their external appearance. They smell mouldy, owing to the electric ventilation system on them having been stopped.

BOLSHEVISM HELD BOGEY

Reconstruction Period Should Have No Terrors, Declares McAdoo.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 25.—The reconstruction period should have no terrors for the United States, Secretary McAdoo said tonight in an address at a dinner given in his honor by the Atlanta Clearing House association. Mr. McAdoo, who is on an inspection tour of Southern railroads, said there was no need to become frightened by talk of the spread of Bolshevism to this country. All war agencies of the battleships is on a par with their external appearance. They smell mouldy, owing to the electric ventilation system on them having been stopped.

OWL DRUGSTORE ROBBED

Yeggs Crack Safe of Oakland Branch and Get More Than \$2000.

OAKLAND, Cal., Nov. 25.—By sawing a hole through the floor of a chiropractor's office in the Broadway store of the Owl Drug Company, safecrackers last night dropped through and looted the safe of more than \$2000. The robbers rolled the strongbox from the front of the store to a hiding place in the rear and blew it open.

The men are believed to be the same as those who robbed the company's store in Portland, Or., but were frightened away by a watchman. The Owl stores at Sacramento and Stockton also have recently been robbed.

AUSTRALIA MAKES PROTEST

Restoration of Germany's Pacific Island Possessions Opposed.

MELBOURNE, Nov. 25.—The Parliament of Western Australia has passed a motion today to vote by the Federal Parliament, protesting against the restoration of Germany's Pacific island possessions. The South Australian Legislative Assembly has adopted the following resolution: "That the dominions must be permitted the fullest constitutional freedom to solve their own economic problems and to secure this Australia should be directly represented at the peace conference."

YANKS IN ISLES HOME SOON

Medical Service Units and Rest Camp Staffs to Stay a While.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—It has been decided to clear England of American troops as soon as possible. Flying corps units are being sent home as fast as shipping is available. These men come from all part of the United States and include construction gangs, mechanics and others. The only units to remain are a few of the medical service and the staffs of rest camps, which may be required for troops sent home from France via England.

CUNARD LINER SAILS

Mauretania Bringing Large Number of Passengers.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 25.—The Cunard line steamship Mauretania sailed from Liverpool, this morning bound for New York. The vessel carried a large number of passengers. Early in the war the liner Mauretania was used by the British government as a hospital ship.

NUGENT'S ELECTION SURE

Official Count Gives Idaho Democratic Senator 970 Majority.

BOISE, Idaho, Nov. 25.—Official canvass of the Idaho vote on November 5 confirms the re-election of Senator John F. Nugent, Democrat. Senator Nugent leads by 970 votes out of a total vote of 95,964. Frank R. Gooding, his opponent, conceded Nugent's election some days ago.

MORE BANK FUNDS SOUGHT

New Issue of Treasury Certificates Coming Soon.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.—The banks of the country are to be asked to absorb a new issue of certificates of indebtedness which is expected in the first week in December. E. W. Wilson, director of sales for the Federal Reserve District, announced here today.

WILSON WINS OVER ALLIES TO VIEWS

Entente Accepts All but 1 of 14 Peace Points.

DIFFERENCES ARE ADJUSTED

Delicate War Issues Said to Have Been Amicably Settled.

RIGHT OF U. S. MAINTAINED

Contention That European Victors Should Have Most to Say in Arranging Peace Is Overcome.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—The United States Government's immense diplomatic success in obtaining from the allied governments acceptance of President Wilson's points, with only one reservation and addition, is becoming daily more apparent, as the preliminary reports of the approaching peace congress are being outlined largely on the basis of the President's points.

Colonel E. M. House, the special representative of the United States Government, when he arrived here, found little disposition among American and European friends to accept as a totality the framework of peace as expressed by President Wilson. Some European statesmen considered that the points had worked as a good solvent upon Germany; that they had served their great purpose in their effect upon German unity, but that they should not be formulated too closely when it came to formulating the practical details of the settlement.

ALLIES GIVE VIEWS.

Allied statesmen plainly put forward the view that as the American traditional policy had been one of detachment from European affairs, it was natural for the American Government when the war broke out in Europe to consider it a quarrel among European nations and to declare its neutrality. It was pointed out that for two years and a half the American Government observed its neutrality and called the attention of both groups of belligerents to violations of sea law. Germany's offenses became intolerable and America entered the war because of that reason and because America did have a community of ideals of government and of human rights with the allies, America, as became a great country, was impelled to put forth great efforts and she did.

U. S. Influence Recognized.

Allied statesmen have fully appreciated the effect of American arms in winning the decision. Nevertheless, it was contended by some this had been a controversy among European nations and the winning group, it was suggested, supposed that America, having accomplished her aims, would return to her detachment and allow the council.

ARKANSAS.

Missing in action—Farrar, J. B. (Sgt.), Fayetteville, Ark. Carter, Isaac H., Snowball, Ark. Simmons, John E., Clover Bend, Ark. Martin, A. R., Thorburn, Ark. Died of wounds—Alley, Hosea P. (Cpl.), Mountain Home, Ark. Died of accident—Walker, Edward Scott, Ark. Died of disease—Gentry, Will (Cook), Little Rock, Ark. Gentry, William H., Denmark, Ark. Garrett, Hardy, Strong, Ark. Brewer, E. E., Belfast, Ark. Thompson, P. J., Heber Springs, Ark. Moore, James, Joiner, Ark. Hobbs, Claude, Ponke, Ark. Hicks, Lloyd Paul, Cominto, Ark.

MISSING IN ACTION.

Missing in action—Farrar, J. B. (Sgt.), Fayetteville, Ark. Carter, Isaac H., Snowball, Ark. Simmons, John E., Clover Bend, Ark. Martin, A. R., Thorburn, Ark. Died of wounds—Alley, Hosea P. (Cpl.), Mountain Home, Ark. Died of accident—Walker, Edward Scott, Ark. Died of disease—Gentry, Will (Cook), Little Rock, Ark. Gentry, William H., Denmark, Ark. Garrett, Hardy, Strong, Ark. Brewer, E. E., Belfast, Ark. Thompson, P. J., Heber Springs, Ark. Moore, James, Joiner, Ark. Hobbs, Claude, Ponke, Ark. Hicks, Lloyd Paul, Cominto, Ark.

WHEN IS AN OPOSSUM DEAD? THAT'S THE QUESTION.



Daily Casualty Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The casualties reported by the commanding General of the American expeditionary forces today total 2189, of which 326 were killed, 141 died of wounds, 18 of accident and other causes, 1 of airplane accident, 572 of disease, 95 were wounded severely, 301 slightly, 523 degree undetermined, 172 are missing and 21 prisoners. The total to date follows:

Table with columns: Killed in action, Died of disease, Wounded severely, Wounded slightly, Missing and prisoners, Total. Includes sub-tables for Oregon and Idaho.

WASHINGTON.

Killed in action—Barger, Jacob, Globe, Wash. Hunsinger, William A., Seattle, Wash. Died of wounds—Nelson, J. Northwest, who are wounded slightly or in an undetermined degree are omitted. With that exception the complete list follows:

Table with columns: Killed in action, Died of disease, Wounded severely, Wounded slightly, Missing in action. Includes sub-tables for Oregon, Idaho, and Alabama.

MISSING IN ACTION.

Missing in action—Farrar, J. B. (Sgt.), Fayetteville, Ark. Carter, Isaac H., Snowball, Ark. Simmons, John E., Clover Bend, Ark. Martin, A. R., Thorburn, Ark. Died of wounds—Alley, Hosea P. (Cpl.), Mountain Home, Ark. Died of accident—Walker, Edward Scott, Ark. Died of disease—Gentry, Will (Cook), Little Rock, Ark. Gentry, William H., Denmark, Ark. Garrett, Hardy, Strong, Ark. Brewer, E. E., Belfast, Ark. Thompson, P. J., Heber Springs, Ark. Moore, James, Joiner, Ark. Hobbs, Claude, Ponke, Ark. Hicks, Lloyd Paul, Cominto, Ark.

CONTRACTS FOR 29 SHIPS CANCELED

Business Worth \$19,525,000 Suddenly Cut Off.

ONE LOCAL YARD IS CLOSED

Others Expected to Reduce Forces Materially.

ORDERS COME FROM EAST

Builders Privileged to Take Private American Contracts—No Foreign Deals Permitted.

Cancellations of contracts for 29 wood steamers, representing a value when completed of approximately \$19,525,000, which closed one shipyard and will affect others, resulted in the Oregon district yesterday when orders went out from the Philadelphia headquarters of the Emergency Fleet Corporation to suspend construction on all wood vessels not actually under way. It is said that contracts placed in the district, embracing ships that have been finished, as well as those remaining under contract up to yesterday, represent a total of \$68,000,000.

No reason was assigned for the step. Telegrams conveying the orders gave builders the privilege of accepting contracts from private American interests, subject to approval of the Emergency Fleet Corporation. In the opinion of builders that concession, is valuable at this time, as Americans are not in the market for tonnage, either wood or steel. At yet no cancellations have been reported at steel yards.

ONE FORCE IS DISCHARGED.

When the order came the Kierman & Kern Shipbuilding Company, whose plant is at the foot of Mill street, immediately discharged its yard force of about 200 men. Others are expected to reduce their forces at once because of the uncertainties of the future. Other than at the Kierman & Kern plant, where one keel had been placed, with four ships under contract, there was only one vacant set of ways in the district, that being at the Vancouver wood yard of the G. M. Standifer Construction Corporation, where the hull of the steamer Bushong was launched Saturday. There are 12,000 men employed at wood yards in the district.

The Chamber of Commerce last night telegraphed a protest to President Wilson against the sudden action and against the restriction enforced of limiting private contracts accepted to Americans. W. D. B. Dodson, secretary of the Chamber, said builders were confident there was abundant foreign business available and all under allied or neutral flags, and they wished an opportunity to protect themselves by offering for such work. All wood ship contracts from the Government executed in the Oregon district.

I. W. W. LAWLESSNESS ON PACIFIC GROWING

MUTINOUS SAILORS HINDER SHIP MOVEMENTS.

On Many Occasions Outlaws Are Said to Have Attempted to Murder Officers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.—(Special.)

—With the arrival from Sydney today of the five-masted schooner Thistle, Captain Dorles, it was learned that Government officials of this country and Australia are making an exhaustive investigation of the activities of the I. W. W. on sailing vessels plying between the Pacific Coast and the Commonwealth.

The Thistle is the first of the so-called I. W. W. ships to arrive here since rumors of the activities of the organization reached here. The investigation being conducted by the other government nearly 7000 miles away, it is said, has resulted in numerous arrests and several convictions. The activity of the I. W. W. on the Thistle are described as rather mild and not comparing with the work of the mutineers on other sailing ships. According to Captain Dorles, the I. W. W. sailors simply took their knives and cut the ropes and sails to ribbons at Sydney when matters did not go to please them.

According to information, the I. W. W. are doing everything possible to hinder the movement of ships and on a number of occasions have attempted to murder their officers.

The Sydney advices say that during a mutiny on one of the American sailing ships a sailor attempted to shoot the captain, but the bullet failed to find its mark, whereupon the assailant shot himself dead. It is related that the I. W. W. mutined on another vessel expected here soon during the outbound voyage, and only the nerve of the commander saved the vessel and the lives of 15 men.

JEWS BEING SLAUGHTERED

Reports of Pogroms at Brzesko, Galicia, Received From Copenhagen.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Reports of wholesale slaughter in progress against Jews at Brzesko, Galicia, of a cellar filled with bodies and of Jews being shot down in the streets, were received from Copenhagen today by the Zionist organization of America. At Przemysl, the report added, the Polish legion looted all Jewish shops and homes, disarmed Jewish militia, invaded synagogues and sullied the sacred scrolls.

Adolph Behm, of the Jewish national council at Vienna, telegraphs that Bohemia is "mercilessly deporting" refugees of Galicia.

RECORD HOP DEAL CLOSED

Sale at Santa Rosa, Cal., Amounts to \$108,000.

SANTA ROSA, Cal., Nov. 25.—What is believed to have been the largest sale of hops made in California in many years, perhaps since hops first were grown here, was made today. C. P. Donovan, of this city, buying 2190 bales for 26 cents a pound from local growers. The sale amounted to \$108,000.

Hops, which two months ago were offered at 19 cents a pound with few buyers available, today are at a high figure because of European demand.

4,500,000 LETTERS HERE

Record Shipment of Army Mail Received From France.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—The greatest shipment of mail from American soldiers in France ever received, no less than 4,500,000 letters, came in yesterday on the French liner Rochambeau. These letters to the "folks back home" were going today to all parts of the United States on every mail train.

INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

Table listing news items with page numbers: The Weather, Yesterday's Maximum temperature, 44 degrees; minimum, 37 degrees. Today's—Fair; continued cold; easterly winds. War, Official casualty list, Page 1. Allies plan to sink German fleet, Page 1. Returning Hunns eager to take up old jobs, Page 5. Foreign, Many Bolsheviks die on prison train, Page 3. Internal situation in Germany has reached critical stage, Page 3. Danger of Bolshevism is growing daily in Austria, Page 3. War between South American republics appears imminent, Page 6. Wilson wins over allies to peace views, Page 1. National, First units of overseas forces to return home now at sea, Page 4. United States peace delegates not yet chosen, Page 4. Domestic, I. W. W. lawlessness on Pacific reported growing, Page 1. Soldiers and sailors rout New York Reds, Page 1. Sports, Tracey signing talent for coming smoker, Page 14. Oregon Argie game with Multnomah is clinched, Page 14. Commercial and Marine, Corn breaks sharply in Chicago on prospect of labor results, Page 19. Rail stocks sell lower in Wall street, Page 19. Local turkey supply is not equal to demand and prices high, Page 19. Portland and Vicinity, Organization of Oregon National Guard cannot be delayed, says Governor, Page 8. Lieutenant Roscoe, fastest seriously injured in air-flight from London to Paris, companion dead, Page 9. Weather report, and forecast, Page 19. Few changes in minor officeholders of state expected, Page 12. County grand jury to scan rise in phone rates, Page 12. Government cancels contracts for 29 wooden ships, Page 1. Deputy Sheriff Twombly's slayers caught; woman confesses, Page 1. Problems affecting employment of women are discussed, Page 15. Footstuffs to be rushed to Europe, Page 15. John B. Denmore, author of Mooney frame-up report, in city, Page 9.

BRIDE CONFESSES IN TWOMBLY CASE

John Cyril Liard, 23, Held for Officer's Murder.

BOTH ARE UNDER ARREST

Blackmailing Plans Revealed by Papers Found.

WOMAN RELATES STORY

Torn Laundry Ticket Furnishes Clue on Which Officers Locate Couple.

Through the complete confession of his bride, whom he married a month ago, John Cyril Liard, an English-Canadian, is held in the City Jail for the murder of Frank W. Twombly, Deputy Sheriff and county motorcycle officer, who was shot and instantly killed on the night of November 19 by an escaping hold-up operator on the Oregon side of the Interstate bridge.

Liard was taken into custody, in company with his wife, early last night by Inspectors Snow, Tackaberry and Kellaher. The arrest was made at the Dennison apartments, 1627 1/2 Belmont street, where the couple had made their residence in apartment No. 15 during the past month. Convinced that they were on the right trail, the inspectors took no chances with Liard, but surprised and pinioned him before he could make a show of resistance.

With Liard's arrest the murder of Twombly not only is cleared up, say the police, but one of the cleverest and boldest criminal operators in their experience has been apprehended. Papers found among his effects, together with the statement made by Mrs. Liard, are said to show conclusively that he planned extensive blackmailing operations among Portland citizens under threat of death.

Prisoner Is Sullen.

Liard was sullen and uncommunicative from the moment of his arrest. But Mrs. Liard, a handsome young woman of 24, was thoroughly grilled by Chief Clark, of the inspectors' division. For a time she was bent on absolute denial, but the weight of evidence already in the possession of the police, and the prospect of a long term as accessory to the crime, finally wrung from the woman a confession in detail. "I would not tell," said Mrs. Liard, in effect, according to Chief Clark, "if I did not realize that our position is hopeless. Ever since the murder I have trembled for my own life, fearing lest he would kill me because of my knowledge. I did not realize what he was when I married him, but later I learned."

Mrs. Liard, broken and weeping, told Chief Clark that on the night of the murder they proceeded to the Interstate bridge, where her husband made her get out another distance from the bridegroom's office. A moment later he was back, having completed the robbery of Bridgetender Herman, exclaiming: "I got the money."

Their roadster raced for Portland, said Mrs. Liard, and they became aware that the motorcycle officer had given chase, believing them to be speeders. Pursuit and capture was not in line with Liard's desperate plan on any charge. As Deputy Sheriff Twombly drew alongside, Liard leaned from his car and shot the officer.

Laundry Ticket Discarded.

As the speeding car approached the hill above the Portland Flouring Mills, Liard threw away his overcoat, his belt, the automatic 35-caliber pistol, with which he killed the deputy, his mask and the small false moustache which he had worn since coming to Portland. In the package he discarded was the torn laundry ticket that furnished the first clue to Liard's capture.

The story of the chase is a remarkable instance of crime detection and coincidence. From the slightest of clues the local inspectors wove the net that trapped Liard.

On the day after the hold-up and murder, John Le Grande took to police headquarters a black overcoat, a cap, collar and tie and letter outlining plans for kidnaping prominent Portland citizens and holding them for ransom. While police had no reports of an instance in which the supposed conspirator had disclosed his hand, they believed that the stranger was one of a gang of abductors, who, according to underworld reports, were planning to operate in this city.

Inspectors Snow and Tackaberry visited the spot where the murderer had thrown away the bundle of effects. There they found "Kid" Maple's card, which he had given to his fare, and several cards marked in script "Arthur P. Conway, to the Department of Justice." They also found two boxes with pieces of waxed rope, such as is used for window-weights, and some gags. A torn scrap of paper, marked "No. 9 to Liard, two B," and some illegible words.

Slip Is Identified.

The inspectors followed the paper to be a fragment of laundry slip. At the Troy Laundry, Superintendent Allen identified the slip as one from a package delivered to the Liards. The "No. 9" referred to the driver. "Two B" signified two bundles. The inspectors hurried to the Dennison Apartments, where the manager report, in city, Page 9.