

ANARCHY'S REIGN NEAR IN GERMANY

Washington Informed of Grave Situation.

SOLDIERS MENACE NATION

Revolutionary Movement Gains in East Prussia.

SILESIA ENTERED BY POLES

New Government Entirely Composed of Socialists—Hindenburg Makes Bid for Army Support.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Vienna newspapers announce that the German-Austrian republic will be proclaimed tomorrow and that Emperor Charles' regent will be permitted to reside in Vienna as a private citizen...

LONDON, Nov. 14.—(British Wireless Service)—A significant message from the allied high command to the German high command has been sent out by the French government wireless stations...

The commanders of the German armies: To propose to the commanders of the allied armies facing them that they should immediately hand over their war material and prisoners to the allies.

The German soldiers in various sections of the occupied territory have apparently been getting out of hand. In some places they have attacked their commanders and raised the red flag of revolt.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—A situation approaching anarchy exists in Germany, according to reports that reached the State Department today. A grave situation appears to have been created by the return of the troops from the front.

BASEL, Nov. 14.—The revolutionary movement is spreading strongly in East Prussia. A special official dispatch from Berlin reports that Koenigsberg, Allenstein, Insterburg, Gumbinnen and Loetzen are in the hands of the revolutionists.

Governor von Batocki, of Posen, former German food minister, has put himself at the disposal of the revolutionists.

Duke of Baden Gets Notice. The revolutionary governments at Mannheim, Rastatt and Heidelberg have summoned the Grand Duke of Baden to abdicate.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 14.—Polish troops, according to a dispatch from Berlin, have entered Upper Silesia, Prussia.

The abdication of Duke Edward of Anhalt, is reported from Berlin. He has resigned the throne in favor of his son Joachim Ernest, who was born January 31, 1901.

BERNE, Switzerland, Nov. 13.—The Berlin government, according to the Frankfurt Zeitung, after some resistance from the Independent Socialists, has resolved that as soon as the business programme has been settled, it will take up the question of the convocation of a national assembly.

Orderly Conditions Sought. News reaching here seems to show that a serious effort is being made in Berlin to maintain order.

In the south, the movement has taken on a more democratic than Socialist character. At Stuttgart a purely Socialist government was formed at first, but now three representatives of the Bourgeoisie have joined the Ministry. The city is orderly.

A proclamation says that the victims of the fighting during the last few days inside Greater Berlin shall be buried together in the cemetery where the victims of the 1848 revolution are buried.

The proclamation announces that the state of siege has been raised, that there is to be full liberty for all, even unionists, to form associations; the censorship, including that on theatricals is abolished; there are to be freedom of speech and of writing, amnesty for political offenses, annulment of the act of national auxiliary service; an eight-hour workday and universal direct secret suffrage, with proportional representation for both sexes above 20 years old, for elections to all public bodies.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 14.—The new German government has been organized with the following Cabinet members: Premier and Interior and Military Affairs—Friedrich Ebert.

Foreign Affairs—Hugo Haase. Finance and Colonies—Philipp Scheidemann.

Demobilization—Transport, Justice and Health—Wilhelm Dittmann.

Publicity, Art and Literature—Herr Landsberg.

Cabinet All Socialists. Announcement of the members of the new German government confirms previous reports that the Cabinet would be composed entirely of Socialists.

The majority Socialists who supported the imperial government during the war are represented by Ebert, Scheidemann and Landsberg, while the

FRENCH TOLD TO BE KIND TO BEATEN FOE

MEN URGED NOT TO SEEK REVENGE FOR PAST WRONGS.

General Petain Tells Poilus Who Start for Rhine to Curb Resentment Against Barbarians.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 12.—(By the Associated Press).—General Petain, the French commander-in-chief, has issued the following order of the day to his troops: "To the French armies: "During the long months you have fought. History will record the tenacity of your courage and the heroism of your arms. You will march as liberators. You will go further, all the way into Germany, to occupy lands which are the necessary guarantees for just reparation."

"France has suffered in her ravaged fields and in her ruined villages. The cruel provisions have had to submit to intolerable vexations and odious outrages, but you are not to answer these crimes by the commission of violence, which, under the spur of your resentment, may seem to you legitimate. "You are to remain under discipline and to show respect to persons and property. You will march as liberators, vanquishing your adversary by force of arms, how to impress him further by the dignity of your attitude and the world will not know which to admire most—your conduct in success or your heroism in fighting."

"You address a fond and affectionate greeting to our dead whose sacrifices gave us the victory. And I send a message of salutation, full of sad affection, to the fathers, to the mothers, to the widows and orphans of France, who in these days of national joy dry their tears for a moment to acclaim the triumph of our arms. How my head bows before your magnificent sacrifice. Vive la France!" (Signed) PETAIN.

HUGE GRAFT IS CHARGED

Aetna Officers Accused of Paying \$1,250,000 for Small Services.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Alleging that more than \$1,250,000 of the funds of the Aetna Explosives Company, Inc., had been paid to E. M. Basnick, a Bridgeport, Conn., ex-manufacturer, for "services" which any clerk could have performed, receivers of the corporation today brought an equity suit against Arthur J. Moxham, ex-president, and Ferdinand L. Bellin, ex-treasurer, of the company.

Basnick was engaged by Moxham, it is alleged, to close contracts with the French government on a 10 per cent commission, which eventually would have netted him \$4,000,000.

The receivers asked the court to order the defendants to repay all moneys "which they have lost, squandered, wasted or misappropriated."

PRAYER DAYS PROCLAIMED

New York Mayor Asks for Special Thanksgiving Services.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—Mayor Hylan today issued a proclamation designating next Saturday and Sunday as days of prayer and thanksgiving to God "for his special care and guidance and protection in the war which has just come to an end," and asking that all churches hold special thanksgiving services.

A special "victory service of thanksgiving to commemorate the part borne by Great Britain in the war and her fallen dead," was held today at Trinity Church under the auspices of various British societies. In the congregation were Major-General J. Franklin Bell, U. S. A., and Major-General Kenyon, of the British army, with their staffs.

ADDRESSES MAY BE READ

Lincoln's and Wilson's Messages Suggested for Schools.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Commissioner P. P. Claxton, of the Bureau of Education, has suggested to President Wilson that it will be particularly fitting to have Lincoln's Gettysburg address read in all public schools, November 19, the 55th anniversary of the dedication of the field on which the decisive battle of the Civil War was fought.

Mr. Claxton asked also that at the same time President Wilson's address to Congress November 11 announcing the signing of the armistice with Germany be read.

HUN REPUBLIC IS OPPOSED

Von Mackensen Refuses to Recognize Rebel Government.

BASEL, Switzerland, Nov. 14.—Advices received here from Hungary say that Count Karolyi, president of the Hungarian National Council, has made the assertion that Rumania declared war on Germany in order to force the German Field-Marshal von Mackensen to disarm his men.

It is stated that Von Mackensen contends that the German republic is not a legitimate government.

BRITISH LOSSES ARE 30,535

Casualties for Week Total 1436 Officers and 29,099 Men.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Casualties in the British ranks reported in the week ending today total 30,535 officers and men, divided as follows:

Killed or died of wounds: Officers, 387; men, 6237. Wounded or missing: Officers, 1049; men, 22,862. Totals: Officers, 1436; men, 29,099.

M'ADOO FAVORS REVENUE REVISION

Calendar Year 1919 to Yield Six Billions.

OUTLAYS OF U. S. DECREASE

Continuance of Loans to Allied Nations Recommended.

EARLY ENACTMENT URGED

Secretary of Treasury Sets Forth His Views in Letter to Chairman of Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Revision of the pending revenue bill with a view to yielding \$6,000,000,000 payable during the calendar year 1919, and not less than \$4,000,000,000 the following year, was recommended by Secretary McAdoo tonight in a letter to Chairman Simmons of the Senate finance committee, setting forth the Treasury's financial programme for the reconstruction period.

The Secretary estimated that expenditures during the fiscal year ending next June 30 would now be \$18,000,000,000 instead of the \$24,000,000,000 estimated before there were prospects of peace.

He declared for continuance of the policy of lending to the allies for a limited time during reconstruction after peace to enable them to purchase foodstuffs, raw materials and manufactured products in this country.

Quarterly Payments Favored. Other recommendations were: That income and profits taxes be payable in four equal quarterly installments on March 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15.

That excess profits tax rates for payments due next year be no higher than those in the existing law. That necessary safeguards be provided for war and excess profits taxes in the form of adequate provisions for amortization, conservative valuation of inventories and ascertainment of minimum income which shall be exempted from the tax to insure the taxpayer against injustice and avoidable injury.

That war and excess profits taxes be eliminated entirely for payments due in 1920 except with respect to profits on contracts negotiated during the war period. That corporation and individual income tax rates be increased on incomes of 1919, payable in 1920.

Basin to Be Determined. That the basin for next year's taxes payable in 1920 be determined now.

The Secretary also urged prompt enactment of the pending bill. He estimated the revenue yield from the measure as framed by the Senate finance committee at \$6,300,000,000 as compared (Continued on Page 3, Column 4.)

WASHINGTON ORDER LIFTS HIGHWAY BAN

ROAD CONSTRUCTION MAY BE CONTINUED IN OREGON.

State Highway Department Is Notified of the Removal of War Measure.

SALEM, Or., Nov. 14.—(Special).—The ban on state highway work was lifted completely today by instructions received by the State Highway Department in a telegram from Washington. The ban was imposed several months ago as a war measure, and Oregon was allowed to go ahead with a large number of its projects a continuation of the interdiction would probably have seriously interfered with future construction programmes.

Just to what extent this will assist highway work at the present time is problematical, as construction is largely held up as it is because of seasonal conditions. In some portions of the state, however, highway work can proceed all winter, as far as weather conditions are concerned.

Just how far there will be an extension of the programme under the new conditions will probably be taken up at the coming Portland meeting when it will be determined whether the new issue of bonds allowed by the capital issues committee shall be floated.

SALEM, Or., Nov. 14.—(Special).—In line with the general letting up of restrictions following cessation of hostilities, the Capital Issues Committee has given its sanction to the sale of \$20,000,000 worth of state highway bonds. Already \$2,100,000 worth of bonds out of the \$6,000,000 issue has been sold. The State Highway Commission will take under consideration the question of whether or not the bonds will be sold at a meeting to be held in Portland Friday, November 22.

SLACKERS GET NO MERCY

U. S. to Punish Draft Evaders Who Return From Mexico.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 14.—That the small army of draft evaders now in Mexico need expect no clemency from the United States is the announcement made today by G. T. Jones, chief special agent for the Department of Justice.

The announcement followed the receipt of a letter from two Americans in Mexico, offering to return and serve their time in the Army.

SUNKEN GOLD RECOVERED

Total of \$150,000 in Bullion Removed From Wrecked Sophia.

VICTORIA, Nov. 14.—Gold bullion from the Klondike valued at \$150,000 was recovered from the wreck of the Steamer Princess Sophia by the salvage steamer Tees, which arrived here today from Lynn Canal, Alaska, where the Sophia went down last month with all on board.

CHILD LABOR FIGHT IS ON

Senate Leaders Propose Prohibitive Excise Tax.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Senators opposing child labor today agreed upon a proposed amendment to the war revenue bill which will provide a prohibitive excise tax of 5 or 10 per cent on products of child labor.

EDITOR TESTIFIES FOR DR. MARIE EQUI

Sympathy for Alleged Seditionist Is Voiced.

OSWALD WEST IS HESITANT

Former Governor Is Character Witness for Accused.

CANNERY STRIKE RECALLED

I. W. W. Associates of Accused Woman Brought In to Testify to Character and Patriotism.

People who questioned the loyalty of Dr. Marie Equi, charged with violation of the espionage act, were people of whose opinion he thought nothing, testified Dr. Charles Hiram Chapman, writer of editorials for the Oregon Daily Journal, at Dr. Equi's trial on a charge of sedition in the Federal Court yesterday. That there is a great bond of sympathy between Dr. Equi and himself, Dr. Chapman assured the jury, with reference to certain things she advocates.

Proceeding Dr. Chapman to the stand, the defense produced Oswald West, former Governor, as a character witness. Mr. West didn't register strongly as the defense had hoped for. There was too much hesitation about his replies and, besides, when his memory was jogged, he remembered that Dr. Equi had been "rather excited" in the cannery strike in 1911 when West, as Governor of the state, came to Portland to deal with the turbulent I. W. W. associates of Dr. Equi, such as Mary Schwab, Herman Schwab, Tom Burns, et al.

Direct Answer Is Evaded. "What do you know of Dr. Equi's reputation as a peaceable, law-abiding, loyal citizen?" asked George Vandever, I. W. W. lawyer, who is chief attorney for the defense.

"May I answer it my own way?" inquired Mr. West.

"It must be answered yes or no—good or bad," he was informed. Came a long pause, a very long pause. The defense began to fidget; the Government prosecutors eyed the witness; the witness gazed intently at the rear wall.

"I'm to answer yes or no," said West, finally, and he was assured such was the case.

Followed another pause which seemed interminable.

"I can't answer that question," confessed the former Governor.

Then he undertook to answer by saying he had known Dr. Equi since 1910, when she was interested in prison reform and abolition of capital punishment. Judge Bean interrupted sharply and declared the witness was not answering the question.

It was a difficult question to answer. (Continued on Page 3, Column 4.)

RAIL ELECTRIFICATION NOW RECOMMENDED

FUEL DIRECTOR FOLSOM URGES CHANGE IN MOTIVE POWER.

Necessity for Conservation of Fuel Oil Calls for Southern Pacific Remodeling.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 14.—(Special).—A sensation in California railroad circles developed today when it became known that D. M. Folsom, director of Fuel conservation on this Coast, had recommended to Washington that the mountain divisions of the Southern Pacific railroad be electrified as soon as practicable.

Director Folsom, in his recommendations, points out the great necessity, if fuel oil is to be largely conserved in the immediate future, that the Southern Pacific lines be given electric motive power over the Sierran mountains from Gerber, Calif., to Ashland, Or., over the Sierra Nevada mountains from Roseville to Truckee, Cal., and also over the Tehachapi mountains from Bakersfield to Saugus.

The electrification over the Tehachapi mountains would benefit the Santa Fe equally well, the Southern Pacific, because the two roads now jointly use the steam railroad tracks between Bakersfield and Mojave.

Southern Pacific executives said today that while Folsom's recommendation will doubtless come to them directly through the office of Director of Transportation McAdoo, the problem of electrifying the Central Pacific from Roseville east over the mountains has been thoroughly studied by them during the past seven or eight years.

NO DOCKS TO BE BUILT

Plans of War Department for Pacific Northwest Are Dropped.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Nov. 14.—The War Department today announced that plans for the construction of extensive docks for the quartermaster's department somewhere in the Pacific Northwest had been dropped. The location of these docks at Seattle had been recommended, but approval of this recommendation was deferred at the request of Senator McNary, who desired to submit facts regarding the advantages of the Columbia River as a shipping center.

At a conference with the Quartermaster-General today Senator McNary was informed of the decision not to build any docks at all.

PORTO RICANS SENT HOME

Men Recruited for Service Arrive at Camp Bragg.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 14.—Twenty-one hundred Porto Rican laborers who arrived here Tuesday and who were to be sent to Camp Bragg, Fayetteville, N. C., to do construction work, were ordered returned to Porto Rico today by the United States Government.

The men were recruited by the United States employment service to alleviate the labor shortage.

NORWAY SHIP LOSSES BIG

War Costs Country 831 Vessels and 1120 Lives, It Is Announced.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—(British wireless).—Norway lost during the war 831 vessels aggregating close on to one and a quarter million tons, according to official statistics. In addition 23 vessels of approximately 69,000 tons were damaged by German submarines.

One thousand one hundred and twenty lives were lost in these disasters.

INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

The Weather. Yesterdays—Maximum temperature, 64 degrees; minimum, 47 degrees. TODAY'S—Rain; strong southerly winds.

War. Yanks start toward Metz and Strasbourg. Casualty list. Page 2.

Foreign. French told to be kind to beaten foe. Europe awake to Bolshevik menace. Page 2. Germany menaced by anarchy. Page 1. Peace congress may convene within month. Page 2.

Former Austrian Emperor starts for Switzerland. Page 3. American quit German prison camps. Page 2. German frightfulness in Belgium resumed. Page 2.

American editors welcome in London. Page 4. Hun women appeal for lighter armistice terms. Page 1.

National. McAdoo declares for revenue revision. Page 1. Director Ryan declines to make definite statement regarding spruce production. Page 7. Republicans clash over seniority rule. Page 6.

Domestic. Food to be rushed to starving Europe. Page 1. Electrification of Southern Pacific lines recommended. Page 1.

Sports. Major and minor leagues may declare war. Page 14. Oregon and Argles ready for Saturday's battle. Page 14.

Pacific Northwest. Ban on highway construction removed. Page 1.

Commercial and Marine. Grain dealers' associations watch Congressmen's legislation. Page 12. Chicago corn depressed by elimination of substitutes. Page 15. Cancellation of war contracts weakens stocks at New York. Page 15.

Shippingbuilding programme to be continued on basis of basis. Page 15.

Portland and Vicinity. Editorial writer of Journal testifies in behalf of Dr. Equi. Page 1. Portland sugar restrictions modified. Page 12.

Business men and Congressmen discuss Oregon industries. Page 22. Work on Globe Company's new mill to begin at once. Page 20. Worker's heavy rain in war work drive. Page 20. Lumber manufacturers to consider aircraft order. Page 18. Rice Commissioners hear city business. Page 18. Senate propositions against influenza, warns city health officer. Page 3. Weather report, data and forecast. Page 15.

BOGHE WOMEN CRY FOR EASIER TERMS

Appeal Sent to Mrs. Wilson and Jane Addams.

LACK OF FOOD IS ALLEGED

Huns Cite How Long-Suffering They Have Been.

DISASTER AHEAD SCARES

Tenion Women Now Ask Pity and Food and Try to Use President's Wife to Modify Punishment.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Appeals addressed to Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and Miss Jane Addams, of Chicago, on behalf of the women of Germany, asking that the armistice terms be modified to prevent "unspeakable disaster" have been sent from the German wireless station at Nauen.

They were picked up by the military intelligence radio at Houlton, Me., and were made public tonight by the War Department.

The appeal to Mrs. Wilson said the women and children of Germany "have been starving for years," and that they will die from hunger by the millions unless the terms of the armistice are changed so that sufficient rolling stock will be available for moving food from the farms.

It was dated at Berlin and signed by Gertrude Baumer and Alice Salomon for the "National Council of Women of Germany."

Boche Women Squalor for Pity. The appeal to Miss Addams was from Anita Augsbury, who was under date of yesterday. It said that the German women "foreseeing entire famishment and misery for their country" urged their American sisters to intercede to have the armistice terms modified.

"We are all free voters of a free republic now, greeting you heartily," the appeal said.

The message to Mrs. Wilson follows: "Berlin, Nov. 12.—To Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, White House, Washington—Madame: According to the terms of the armistice, Germany has to surrender a very large part of the rolling stock of her railways. At the same time she has to feed the troops of her former enemies in the occupied provinces of Germany.

"The German women and children have been starving for years. They will die from hunger by the millions if the terms of the armistice are not changed. We need the rolling stock of the railways to bring the food from the farms to the cities. It will be impossible to feed the soldiers of the occupying armies if we cannot get large amounts of food from overseas.

Old Crimes Are Denied. "The women and children all the world over have been the innocent sufferers of this terrible war, but nowhere more than in Germany. Let it be through you, Madame, to implore our sisters in the United States of America, who are mothers like ourselves, to ask their Government and the allied governments to change the terms of the armistice so that the long-suffering of the women and children of Germany may not end in unspeakable disaster.

"For the National Council of Women of Germany, (Signed) "GERTRUDE BAUMER, "ALICE SALOMON." The message to Miss Addams follows: "Pos, Nov. 13, 1918.—To Jane Addams, Hull House, Chicago: "German women, foreseeing entire famishment and misery for their country, urge their American sisters to intercede to have the armistice terms modified, regarding terms of demobilization, blockade, wagons, locomotives. We are all free voters of a free republic now, greeting you heartily. (Signed) "ANITA AUGSBURY."

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—Miss Jane Addams had not received a message of appeal from the women of Germany up to a late hour tonight. She said that she had no intimation regarding the identity of Anita Augsbury, who was reported to have signed the plea.

RAIL SERVICE TO RESUME

Parliament May Be Able to Meet at Brussels This Month.

HAVRE, Nov. 14.—Arrangements are being made for a resumption of train service between Havre and points in Belgium. Trains will begin running next Tuesday, when the government departments and members of the diplomatic corps will return.

It is expected that parliament will be able to meet in Brussels by the end of the month.

AMERICAN CITIZEN NAMED

President of New Republic Chooses Temporary Representative.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Dr. Thomas G. Marbury, who will leave tomorrow for Prague to take up his duties as president of the new Czech-Slovak Republic, has appointed Charles Pergler, an American citizen, to represent Bohemia until a minister is appointed.

