

HAYS SEES VICTORY BY GOOD MARGIN

G. O. P. Gain of 7 in Senate, 25 in House Predicted.

BITTER CAMPAIGN ENDED

Political Apathy in Most States Turned Into Fierce Partisan Activity by Wilson's Appeal.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—After conferring with Frank H. Hitchcock, Charles D. Hillis and William E. Wilcox, former National chairman, Will H. Hays, chairman of the Republican National Committee, tonight issued the following statement: "Last minute reports received tonight from every contested state confirm our advice of yesterday that the Republicans will carry both the Senate and the House. ..."

Wilson's Appeal Stirs Feeling. The campaign, which has been in apathy, developed in its closing days in most states into one of the most bitterly contested in years.

The chief issue has been the election of United States Senators and Representatives. The appeal of President Wilson for the return of a Democratic Congress has been the storm center of attack and counter-attack.

Democrats and Republicans were claiming tonight they would gain seats in Congress, but indications were that the result would be close, except in districts where one party or the other normally has overwhelming majority.

In New York, where the "up in the air" because women will vote the first time, and there is no way of knowing how they will divide politically.

Whitman's Re-election Predicted. The Republican state chairman predicts Governor Whitman will be re-elected by at least 200,000. Democrats were equally optimistic.

Massachusetts Democrats profess to be hopeful of electing former Governor David I. Walsh as successor to Senator Weeks, who is a candidate. The contest in West Virginia between C. W. Watson, a former United States Senator, and Major David Baird, son of a former Senator, is expected to be close.

Prohibition is the chief issue of the state campaigns in Pennsylvania and Vermont. In the former state William C. Sprout, candidate for Governor, is running on a dry platform while Eugene C. Bonniwell, the Democratic nominee, has been repudiated by some of the party leaders on the ground that he represents the liquor interests.

The Democratic candidate for Governor in Vermont has been endorsed by the prohibitionists while the Republicans are standing by local option.

Comparatively little interest has been shown in the campaign in Connecticut and Maryland. In these states both parties have bent their energies upon the Congressional contests.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Voters of the Middle Western states were bombarded with final arguments tonight as a climax to the short but intensive campaigns which have been waged by candidates for state and Federal offices which will be decided at the polls tomorrow.

In the Senatorial contests interest generally centered in the Ford-Newberry contest in Michigan, the McCormick-Lewis race in Illinois, the attempt of Governor Capper to supplant Senator Thompson in Kansas, the race between former Governor Folk and Judge S. P. Spencer in Missouri and the Kenyon-Keves struggle in Iowa.

Senators Who Are Sure of Seats. Senators Robinson of Arkansas and Nelson of Minnesota are without major party opposition for re-election, and the re-election of Senator Sheppard of Texas was considered a foregone conclusion.

In addition to these there have been several Governors to be chosen. All Western states except Montana, Utah and Washington are to elect Governors and full state tickets. Most of the states have on their ballots various legislative measures.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—In a final prediction statement tonight, Homer S. Cummings, acting chairman of the Democratic National Committee, said that the people tomorrow would give President Wilson the vote of confidence he has asked.

"Efforts to swing the election away from the President by the lavish use of money appears to constitute the eleventh-hour programme of Republican leaders," said Mr. Cummings. "This conclusion is reached after perusal of the statement just filed by the Republican committee's treasurer, which shows for example an advance of \$100,000 to United States Senator William M. Calder, of New York, on October 31."

The same statement shows that \$23,000 was sent to T. Colman Du Pont at Wilmington, Del., on October 29, with \$5000 more on October 26. Illinois, however, seems to be second to New York, \$24,000 having been advanced to C. A. McCulloch, in Chicago, in four days. Of this amount \$12,000 was turned over to him on October 23, with \$14,500 following on November 1.

"The vote of confidence President Wilson has asked of the American people will be given him at the polls Tuesday. Reports from every section of the country, it is said today, plainly indicate that the Nation is thoroughly aroused to the necessity of sustaining the President in this critical hour."

"The great qualities of leadership shown by the President, now bearing fruit in war-torn Europe, are appreciated by the people of the United States. They are willing to trust the President to continue the policies that have brought Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey to terms, stripped Germany of her allies and which have sounded the death knell of militarism and Kaiserism."

Influenza Cases Fewer. LEBANON, Or., Nov. 4.—(Special.)—The Spanish influenza in Lebanon is now well under control. There has been but one death here as a result of the epidemic.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—News of the acceptance by Austria-Hungary of the armistice terms was received in all parts of Italy with great enthusiasm and indescribable joy. Extra editions of newspapers were exhausted soon after they were off the presses, and the Italian tri-color was floated above almost every home.

From the official dispatch from Rome today giving these details also said all trains bound for the liberated districts and the districts soon to be liberated were crowded with refugees. Numerous officials are being commissioned by the government to facilitate the return of these people to their homes.

The Italian fleet and the allied units operating in the Adriatic, the dispatch says, were expected to occupy Pola, Cattaro and the other naval bases and to take over the enemy fleet and submarines soon after the armistice became effective.

ITALIANS CAPTURE 300,000 (Continued From First Page.) from the east by the First, Sixth and Fourth Army Corps, determined yesterday the complete crumbling of the Austrian front.

Duke Drives Onward. "From the River Brenta to the sea the Italian flag flew over the castle of Trento and on the tower of Ezigusto and at Trieste and at 2 P. M. the armistice became effective, the clauses of which mean unconditional surrender of the enemy."

"Against about 70 enemy divisions have fought on Italian soil 56 Italian divisions, three British divisions, one French division and a regiment of American infantry and the Czecho-Slovak legion."

"Nor should the help given by our brave allies to us be considered slight; besides the intrinsic value of the units which have fought side by side with us, their presence has reaffirmed before the enemy the unity of the arms of all the allies on the Italian theater as well as on all the other theaters of the war."

AUSTRIA GIVES UP 251 SHIPS Naval Vessels Must Be Surrendered or Disarmed. WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Austria-Hungary's navy which either must be delivered to the allies or disarmed under the terms of the armistice that country has signed, consists of approximately 251 ships, according to latest official information reaching the Navy Department.

The figures, Secretary Daniels announced today, were compiled without reference to recent reported losses of two Austrian battleships. "The total of submarines is placed at 45 with 15 battleships, an equal number of cruisers, 21 torpedo boat destroyers, 10 torpedo gunboats, 67 torpedo boats, 45 mine layers, 11 river monitors, seven patrol boats, six armed steamers, six scouts, one river torpedo boat and two trawlers."

ELEGANT DICTION, BUT NOT LONG LIVED.

"Politics is adjourned. The elections will go to those who think least of it; to those who go to the constitutions without explanations or excuses, with a plain record of duty faithfully and disinterestedly performed." -President Wilson, in his address to Congress May 27, 1918. Another Cancelled Note

DRIVE ON FOR 35,000 MEN RECRUITS URGENTLY NEEDED FOR LIMITED SERVICE.

Posts Will Be in This Country, Releasing More Active Men for Duty Overseas.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—A drive to secure 35,000 volunteers from limited service men, urgently needed to fill special posts in the Army, was begun today by the Department of Labor's employment service at the request of the War Department. The men are wanted for duty in this country and will be used to release more active men for service overseas.

Only class 1-A registrants certified for limited service will be taken. All men volunteering will be inducted into the ranks and promotion to higher grades will depend on ability. Branch offices of the employment service and community labor boards over the country will receive applications.

Some of the lines in which the limited service men are needed and the numbers wanted are: Assemblers, 2900; chauffeurs, 6350; clerks, 1102; cooks, 700; laborers, 2175; mechanics, 4450; motorcycle drivers, 1225; transmission men, 1500; and tire repairers, 400. One newspaper man and three motion-picture experts also are wanted.

AUSTRIA DOWN AND OUT

Final disposition of the territory involved is left to be settled at the peace table.

Italian military officers here thrilled with pride tonight over evidence of final victory contained in the armistice programme.

"It is a triumph," said General Guglielmotti, military attache at the Italian Embassy, "which hardly ten days ago seemed far distant, but in which Italy and her soldiers have always had an unshakable faith, even in the saddest moments of last year, when they were compelled to give way before the crushing superiority of the German, Austrian, Bulgarian and Turkish forces."

Three Causes Assigned. "From a purely military point of view three causes have, in my opinion, especially contributed to the triumph of today, the choice of the right moment, the efficient direction of the attacks and rapidity of execution."

"The happy successes of the allies on the French front, the withdrawal of Bulgaria and Turkey from the war left Austria, although with forces greatly superior, alone against us."

"The bad weather and the snow had already begun to make the movements and the provisioning of the armies in the mountain zone rather difficult. The same effect was produced in the plains near the sea by the violent rain which caused the streams to rise and overflow the lowlands."

Attack Front Narrowed. "Such conditions narrowed the Italian front of attack and, if in a general way they favored the defense, in the concrete case they made the attack easier because such difficulties made it impossible for the enemy to counter-attack successfully on our flanks and gave us an opportunity to concentrate greater forces in a narrower space."

"From the very first moment the intention had been evident of dividing the Austrian army in such a way as to separate the mountain section from that of the plains and possibly cut the retreat of the Austrian troops."

"Hence the rapid and vigorous push towards Vittorio Veneto, Ponte Nelli, Alpi, Longarone, which promptly attained the first aim. Hence the rapid advance in Val Sugana, Grigno and Castelnuovo."

Swift Events Recounted. "On October 24 the initial bombard-

ALL ITALY CELEBRATES DEFEAT OF AUSTRIA-HUNGARY STIRS ENTHUSIASM.

Great Demonstration of Rejoicing Held Before American Embassy at Rome.

ROME, Nov. 4.—Demonstrations by the Roman public in celebration of the victory over Austria-Hungary were continued all through last night. This morning the jubilation was still in progress.

The rejoicing crowds visited all the allied embassies and the achievements of the armies of the various nations included in the notable successes were loudly cheered.

The ovation was especially enthusiastic outside the American Embassy, where Ambassador Page appeared on the balcony and addressed the crowd. A committee from the demonstrators was received by the Ambassador. They asked him to convey to President Wilson the gratitude of the people of Rome and of Italy to America, and to express their admiration for that country's part in the struggle.

The committee wished him to assure the President that he could count on the constant support of the Italian nation for the triumph of his principles.

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INFLUENZA FATAL TO MANY Who knows but what the slight cold troubling you now may develop into a serious complication? Take it in time; stop it while you can. Parula Influenza Treatment will be found very effective in reducing the fever, allaying congestion and breaking up the irritating symptoms. At all druggists, priced 50c.—Adv.

Sunday Sermons Printed. LEBANON, Or., Nov. 4.—(Special.)—

the irrepressible impetus of the 12th, 10th and 8th Army Corps pressed inexorably the enemy retreating across the plain. The Duke of Aosta is advancing rapidly at the head of his invincible third army, anxious to return to the old positions which he had once heroically conquered.

"The Austro-Hungarian army is destroyed. It has suffered heavy losses in the tenacious resistance during the first days of the offensive and in the pursuit it lost an enormous quantity of material and artillery."

LONDON, Nov. 4.—More than 20,000 prisoners and several hundred guns have been taken by the 48th British Division, operating on the Asiago Plateau towards the Trentino, the War Office announced today.

On the Venetian Plain the forces that effected a crossing of the Tagliamento River, included the 322d American Regiment.

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Lipman Wolfe & Co. Merchandise of Merit Only

Please note that the business hours of this store are from 9 a. m. to 3:30 p. m.

Owing to mechanical difficulties in newspaper composing-rooms, it was impossible for this store to state in its regular Sunday advertisement that it was complying with the request of the Mayor in closing at 3:30.

It should be clearly understood that this closing order is to relieve traffic congestion in the evening

As is usual, this store can supply the necessities revealed by all emergencies

For sanitary reasons this store is strictly adhering to the "no exchange or return" order

"Shop and ship" NOW for Christmas and shop early in the day

the four leading Protestant churches of Lebanon have united in giving their people printed sermons on Sundays during the period of closing of all public places. Those uniting in issuing the sermons are Thomas D. Yarnes, Methodist; J. J. Canoles, Presbyterian; William E. Bean, Christian, and C. S. Treadwell, Baptist. The printed sermons are sent out so as to reach the people Sunday morning.

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SPURWOOD A collar with marked personality. The mark is E & W. EARL S. WILSON

BELLANS Hot water Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

THOMPSON'S Deep Curve Lenses (Trademark Registered.) THE SIGN OF PERFECT SERVICE

THOMPSON OPTICAL INSTITUTE Portland's Largest, Most Modern, American and Chinese Dispensing Optical Establishment. 209-10-11 COLLETT BLDG. FIFTH AND MORRISON SINCE 1908.

Oriental Cafe Cor. Broadway and Washington (Upstairs.) OPEN 11 A. M. to 2 A. M. Finest Grill of Its Kind on Pacific Coast. MUSIC AND DANCING. American and Chinese Dishes. Service at All Hours. TRY OUR DAILY LUNCHEON. 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c to 75c. Including Soup, Vegetables, Drinks, Dessert. SPECIAL SUNDAY TURKEY DINNER, 75c