

FRENCH ADVANCE AND SCOOPE IN 850 HUNS

General Debeney's First Army Closes in On Guise.

HAIG'S MEN FIGHT HARD

Bitter Battle Takes Place Near Mont Thony Wood; British Fell 42 Planes During Day.

PARIS, Oct. 29.—In an advance west of Banogne, northeast of Laon, the French today took 850 prisoners, according to the War Office announcement tonight.

General Debeney's first army continues to close in on Guise and has captured German first-line trenches and the barracks and hospital south of the town in the town of Guise.

South of Guise the French have passed beyond the Louvry farm. They also continue to progress on the right bank of the Peron River.

The Fifth army attacked today on a front of about 7 1/2 miles between St. Quentin-Le-Petit and Herpy.

The communication follows: "Between the Oise and the Serre Rivers there have been spirited artillery actions, notably in the region of Crecy-Sur-Serre.

Magnificent Spirit Shown. "To the west of Chateau Porcien the indefatigable troops of the Fifth army undertook today a new advance on a front of 13 kilometers between St. Quentin-Le-Petit and Herpy.

The battle is being fought with magnificent spirit on our side and great stubbornness upon the part of the enemy, who has orders to halt us at any price.

"On our left, in spite of an abundance of machine gunners who tried to check our advance, we succeeded in passing beyond St. Quentin-Le-Petit and carried our line to the neighborhood of Hill 127.

"West of Banogne we also made progress. In the center our troops have recaptured the enemy beyond the road of Recouvrance-St. Ferveux over a width of three kilometers.

"To the right we have conquered Hill 155 and advanced more to the east. Prisoners to the number of 350 have actually been counted."

WITH THE BRITISH ARMIES IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Oct. 29.—(By the Associated Press.)—Bitter fighting took place today near the Mont Thony wood, northwest of Farnars, south of Valenciennes. The Germans counter attacked the British in the woods and latest reports are that parts of the forest are held by both sides.

British Continue to Gain. "The fighting north of Farnars today followed hard combats throughout Monday in the region of that village and the Scheldt canal. The British made additional progress Monday.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Thirty-two enemy machines were destroyed yesterday and ten were driven down out of control," says the British official communication dealing with aerial operations issued tonight.

"The British independent air force again has been busily engaged in bombing German positions far behind the battle line and has met with good results, according to the official communication tonight.

"On Monday we carried out heavy attacks on the Morehange and Frezaty airfields in the region of that village. Monday night we attacked the Radischer soda factory at Manheim and the railway at Treves and Saarbruecken. The railway junctions of Longuey, Ecouvies and Thionville also were attacked with excellent results.

"Today the railway junction of Longuey and the airfield at Jametz were attacked."

BRILLIANT, via London, Oct. 29.—North of Valenciennes Monday German troops repulsed strong detachments which attempted to cross the Scheldt northwest of Conde, according to the official statement today from German general headquarters. South of Valenciennes the British penetrated the German line.

AUSTRIANS HURLED BACK

(Continued From First Page.) pressing the enemy's rearwards. On the morning of October 27 they entered Alessio. They are marching on San Giovanni Menna."

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Progress toward Oderzo, on the east side of the Piave River, is indicated in the following official statement on operations by British troops in the Italian offensive issued at the War Office tonight.

"The attack of the Tenth Army continued today and is progressing most satisfactorily. On the night of the 11th Italian Corps has reached the line of Roncadello, Ormele, Tempic, Borgo, Biancha and Rai.

Good Progress Reported. "In the center the 14th Italian Corps is in touch with the Italians in the neighborhood of Rai and has reached the line of Chonote and Chamian and is one kilometer south of Borgo, Millano."

"On the left the 18th Italian Corps, which deployed last night in the rear of the 14th British Corps, has attacked in a northerly direction and is making good progress.

"Reports of further captures of guns and men come from all corps."

VIENNA, Oct. 28.—(Via London, Oct. 29.)—A great battle is raging on the front of 27 miles east of the Brenta, according to the official statement today from Austro-German headquarters. Between the Brenta and the Piave Italian attacks were repulsed.

There has been fighting throughout the day along the Piave, where a British thrust as far as Tezze and San Polo di Piave was stopped by the Austrians after a break-through on a front of from one and one-half to two miles.

The statement reads: "In the Settì Communi the fighting activity of the enemy yesterday was limited to isolated thrusts, which were repulsed.

Attack on Wide Front. "East of the Brenta a great battle is raging on a front 60 kilometers (about 37 miles) wide. In the mountains between the Brenta and the Piave all enemy assaults again failed. The Strakuppe, south of Fontana Secca, which was lost to the Italians, was recaptured in a counter attack and its defenders captured.

"An entente attack was launched on the Piave after the strongest artillery preparation during the night of October 24-27. Near Val Dobriadene weak enemy detachments succeeded in gaining the left bank of the river, but most of them were pressed back. From the direction of Gravedi Pagadopol the British thrust forward as far as Tezze and San Polo di Piave. The break through on a front of two kilometers was barred off on the flanks by our troops. Fresh fighting has been going on since early this morning on the Piave.

In the Balkan theater, near Alessio, on the Albanian coast, there have been rearward engagements. On the middle Drina, there have been encounters between our rearward troops and strong enemy bands.

Retreat in Serbia Continues. "The withdrawal of our troops in Serbia is taking place without disturbance from the enemy and there was fighting yesterday only north of Kragevatz."

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS ON THE PIAVE, Oct. 28.—(By the Associated Press.)—Fifteen thousand prisoners had been taken by the British, Italians and French up to late today in the advance across the Piave, which for the third time in one year is the scene of a desperate battle. This time, however, the tables are turned against the Austrians, who are steadily being pressed back from the eastern bank of the river.

The battle now has been going on for five days and has been marked by desperate resistance. The allies not only have had to battle against the swift river, but also to contend with the renewal of the pontoons and foot bridges damaged by the Austrians.

Once across the river the allies have had to overcome strong Austrian trench positions and machine gun posts.

AMERICANS WING 18 HUN PLANES IN DAY

Huge Yankee Long-Range Guns Smash at Railways.

BOMBS DROPPED ON BOCHE

Fifty Machines Attack Damvillers, Where German Troop Concentrations Receive Attention.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 29.—(11:15 P. M.)—(By the Associated Press.)—Eighteen enemy airplanes were shot down during the day by American aviators. Five American machines were lost in carrying out important reconnaissance missions.

The artillery fire on the Verdun front was heavy today and there was much machine-gun fire as well west of the Meuse, especially north of St. Juvin.

American aviators successfully bombed two points today where German troops were being assembled. In the morning a squadron of bombers, accompanied by protecting machines, dropped projectiles on Montigny. The troops scattered after an ammunition dump was set on fire. The railroad yards were also damaged.

American Bombers Are Active. In the afternoon about 50 bombers attacked Damvillers, where other troops were concentrating. Observers reported a number of hits. About 40 pursuit planes accompanied the bombers and engaged in many combats. Nine German machines were brought down. Three American planes are missing.

Three German airplanes are believed to have been brought down in an aerial battle over Bantheville late Monday between an American patrol of eight machines and 13 Germans.

The American patrol had attacked four German machines when nine other enemy airplanes joined in. The Americans fought the entire 13 until three German machines were seen to fall. The 10 others turned tail and escaped. The American machines returned safely.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 29, 8 P. M.—(By the Associated Press.)—The American troops improved their positions in the region of Ancreville and east of the Meuse today. The artillery was active on both sides, the Germans using heavy guns from various parts of the line shelling Verdun, which now is almost a daily occurrence.

Hun Counter Attack Fails. Around Vaville the Germans attempted a counter attack, but were repulsed. An officer and four German privates were taken prisoner. There was fierce fighting near Bolloy, which the Americans hold. The American guns replied to the enemy batteries around Bois l'Ecuire, Reville and Chamant. The Germans also shelled Bantheville and Cunel.

Fires burned most of the day in the neighborhood of Dun, Andre, Andrevaux and Douillon, which are believed to have been caused by American bombs or shells. There are no indications that the Germans are withdrawing.

The Americans have consolidated their positions in the Grand Pre sector, firmly establishing themselves on the southern edge of Bourgois wood, Talmas and the Beljeuysse farm are in no man's land.

The American big guns cracked down on the main line of the railroad in the region of Conans today and also shelled a large enemy troop concentration in the neighborhood of Margiennes.

Bombardment Is Continuous. The Conflans line is important because it extends from Germany's principal communications line to Metz and is being in the direction of Conflans continued intermittently throughout the day.

When a troop concentration was reported in the region of Bois de Villers and Margiennes the guns were turned in that direction, hurling projectiles weighing approximately 1500 pounds each.

At intervals also the big guns inside the American lines shelled the territory around Spincourt and Dommaroy-Baconcourt, both important railroad junctions.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—American troops are on the verge of active participation in the great war on the third major front. This was the interpretation given here today of men from the Italian headquarters that American soldiers are in reserve behind the British and Italian forces now driving across the Piave.

So far as official announcements show there are but two regiments of infantry and necessary auxiliary troops in the American force in Italy.

COLGATE COMPANY UPHELD

Indictment Charging Violation of Sherman Law Dismissed.

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 29.—Federal Judge Waddill today dismissed an indictment recently returned against Colgate & Co. for alleged violation of the Sherman law.

Judge Waddill sustained the contention of the company that a manufacturer, provided he is not in conspiracy with other manufacturers, has the right to fix and enforce the maintenance of reasonable and fair prices and that such a manufacturer is violating no law in refusing to sell again to a retailer who falls or refuses to maintain such a fixed price.

Price cutting demoralizes business, the court declared, and the public is not always benefited by temporary reductions in prices if the article is not a necessity and if no monopoly exists in its manufacture.

VICTORIA LIST IS LARGEST

Last Steamer Leaving Alaska Port Loaded to Capacity.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 29.—With the largest number of passengers ever leaving Nome, Alaska, on any one steamer, the Victoria, last steamer this season from the northern gold camp, left Seattle Monday night for Seattle. She had 603 passengers aboard according to advices received by the Alaska Steamship Company here.

Special Government permission had to be obtained for the vessel to increase her passenger-carrying capacity because of the number of persons clamoring for passage "to the outside."

J. T. PENCE COUNCIL HEAD

Boise Attorney Named to Succeed Dr. E. A. Bryan, Resigned.

BOISE, Idaho, Oct. 29.—(Special.)—J. T. Pence, a prominent Boise attorney, was tonight elected chairman of the State Council of Defense to succeed Dr. E. A. Bryan, resigned.

The election of Chairman Pence met the approval of Governor Alexander. Dr. Bryan retired so he could give his undivided attention to educational matters.

AUSTRALIA LOYAL TO WAR

More Than 336,000 Men Sent Overseas for Active Service.

MELBOURNE, Aus., Oct. 29.—Figures that have just been issued officially show that out of 5,000,000, Australia has sent abroad 336,000 men. The total casualties numbered 290,131, including 15,431 dead.

Recruiting in Australia is now at the rate of 4210 a month.

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G. O. P. EXPENSES \$469,096

NATIONAL COMMITTEE FILES ITS CAMPAIGN REPORT.

Largest Contributions Made by Armour and Taylor of Chicago; A. J. Sweet, of Auburn, Maine.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The Republican National Committee's detailed report on pre-election expenses, filed tonight, showed total receipts of \$492,345 and expenditures of \$469,096, most of which went to aid in the various state campaigns. The Senatorial and Congressional National campaign committees received \$25,000 each.

The largest contributions were \$5000 each by Ogden Armour and J. H. Taylor, of Chicago, and Alfred J. Sweet, of Auburn, Me. The other contributions ranged down to \$50. James A. Patton, Chicago, gave \$3500; Will H. Crocker, San Francisco, \$3000; C. M. Warner, New York, \$2500; E. J. Durkin, Chicago, \$2000; Samuel P. Cole, New York, \$1500; Mrs. L. W. James, Baltimore, \$3000, and Ethel Crocker, San Francisco, \$1000.

Among the many contributors of \$1000 were John D. Rockefeller, Sr., John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Lara Anderson, Mortimer Schiff, Coleman du Pont, James Deering, Charles Deering, Robert H. McCormick, John D. Sharsels, Dan R. Hanna, R. T. Crane and George W. Perkins.

Money sent into the states was denoted in the report as "cash advance" and went to the following:

A. J. Sweet, Maine, \$5000; John W. Hart, Idaho, \$5000; National Committee, \$1,000; E. A. Marlow, Montana, National Committee, \$10,000; W. C. Cook, South Dakota, a national committee, \$10,000; A. T. Kentucky National Committeeman, \$21,000; John L. Babler, Missouri National Committeeman, \$22,500; H. G. Humphries, Nevada National Committeeman, \$200; John Morehead, \$1000; C. A. Spies, New Mexico National Committeeman, \$1000; Senator William M. Calder, New York, \$10,000; John W. Blodgett, Michigan, \$10,000; Mack McKenzie, New York, \$10,000; Patrick Sullivan, Wyoming, \$5000; Frank L. Smith, Illinois, \$2000.

PEACE SITUATION COMPLEX

(Continued From First Page.) the flight by that time, it would seem logical, it was said, to expect that these forces would be turned at once to pressing the campaign against Constantinople.

With Turkey also out, the two Italian divisions now in France could be quickly supplemented and another great

ARMY ERECTED ON THAT FRONT TO CRUSH THE WAVERING GERMAN LINES.

One result of Austrian capitulation which cannot be gauged reliably in advance is the situation of the 30 or more German divisions in Russia.

The German general staff is known to have reduced the German forces in Russia to what was regarded as the minimum of safety when the Spring drive in France was prepared. Recently, however, it has been learned that some of the divisions left there had been brought hastily to the western line and several were hurried to the Danube front.

Lacking Austrian help in Russia, the situation of the German forces there would appear to be perilous, and officers say it would become vitally necessary that they be so disposed as to rest upon Russo-German frontier.

That would mean a great curtailment of Russian territory they could police, and complete evacuation of Russia by the Germans was regarded as the logical result.

DEPORTABLE CASES THREE

OREGON TODAY HAS 2146 PATIENTS IN TWO HOSPITALS. Superintendent McNary, in Report, Speaks of Mental and Physical Welfare of State Charges.

SALEM, Or., Oct. 29.—(Special.)—Oregon had 2146 insane patients on September 30, in the two state hospitals at Salem and Pendleton under the care of 450 employees, according to the biennial reports for the two institutions which have been filed with the State Board of Control. At the Salem institution there were 1621 patients and 198 employees and at Pendleton 525 patients and 52 employees.

Superintendent McNary's report covering the Eastern Oregon hospital at Pendleton shows that practically all non-resident cases at that institution have been repatriated. He states that only two or three deportable cases still remain to be handled by the Federal Government.

Employment is given to every one of the patients at the Pendleton institution fit to work, he says, although no one is compelled to work, inducements being made such that they respond readily. Nothing figures more largely in the physical and mental welfare of the patients than occupational activity, he declares.

At the Eastern Oregon hospital Umatilla County leads with the number of patients, having 87 cases. Multnomah is next with 74. The greater number of masculine patients there are between 35 and 39 years of age while the greater number of feminine patients are between 29 and 34 years old.

Germany and Austria have produced the greatest number of foreign-born patients while next to Oregon, Missouri has produced the greatest number of patients born in the United States. Single patients also are in a great majority over married patients, both men and women. Farmers and laborers predominate as to occupations among the men, and housewives among the women.

Superintendent Steiner, in his report for the Salem institution, shows that 58 per cent of patients received during the biennium were discharged or paroled, 20 per cent being discharged as fully recovered. All told he places the percentage of recoveries at 25, which he classes as a credible showing.

Like Superintendent McNary, he places strong emphasis upon the need of work for the patients, stating that no one is required to work against his will.

He recommends a voluntary commitment law, which would allow patients to enter the hospital for treatment without any of going to court or jail, and he also recommends that the building which was formerly the Salem hospital, but now owned by the state be used as employees quarters and so fitted up.

SIMPSON ON WAY WEST

North Bend Man Recovers From Attack of Influenza.

MARSHFIELD, Or., Oct. 29.—(Special.)—Mrs. L. J. Simpson has received word from her husband, who is recovering from a business trip to Washington, to the effect that he has recovered sufficiently to start for San Francisco, expecting to reach there last night.

The telegram said his illness from influenza was not serious and was greatly improved on leaving Chicago. Mr. Simpson is understood to have been offered a place in the forestry service in the Forest Department, but whether he would return to Coos Bay before leaving for overseas.

His errand in San Francisco is to settle his business affairs before departing.

BIG DAIRIES CHANGE HANDS

Geringer Ranch at Washougal and Vancouver Pasteurizing Plant Sold.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Oct. 29.—(Special.)—Shannon Shafer has sold his dairy and pasteurizing plant at Third and Main streets to C. W. Horton and W. W. Hamilton.

The Stegenwald Dairy Company, of Portland, has purchased the plant and equipment of the Geringer dairy ranch at Washougal, the price being about \$100,000. There were 450 dairy cows. The big ranch has been leased and the men leasing it have the option of buying the land when the lease expires, if they desire to. The men buying the stock and equipment are: I. N. Stegenwald and Alvin N. Stegenwald.

HUDSON PAROLE IS BARED

W. G. Swain, Federal Officer, Aids in Release of Prisoner.

SALEM, Or., Oct. 29.—(Special.)—Recommendations of W. G. Swain, a Federal official who was connected with the apprehension of Elmer Hudson alias Charles Wax, were mainly responsible for the conditional pardon being granted to Hudson a few weeks ago, according to a statement of Governor Withycombe today.

Mr. Swain said that Hudson gave himself up voluntarily and that he was not being apprehended. He also said that Hudson was responsible for making known to the officials the blackmail plot of Rae Kanzer against James W. Osborne, Assistant United States Attorney in New York.

2500 PLANES SENT ABROAD

Production Now Limited Only by Shipping Facilities.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Production of American aircraft for the war stage where it is being limited practically only by facilities for transporting the airplanes to France. The production of Liberty motors during October reached a stage of 1000 a week, a goal which had not been hoped for, at least until December.

The latest official compilations show that since June 1 approximately 2500 fighting airplanes of all descriptions have been shipped to the American forces in France.

South Bend Interested in Case.

SOUTH BEND, Wash., Oct. 29.—(Spe-

Society Brand Clothes Civilian and Military



THESE are times when people are changing their mode of life and forming new habits. They are good times to form the habit of wearing these better clothes—better because their style lasts longer and the clothes look quality even when they get old. And they work out every dollar that you put into them.

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STYLE HEADQUARTERS Where Society Brand Clothes are sold

WHEN you know that looking the part and being the part go hand in hand, why don't you wear the best clothes that your money will get? We have them—Society Brand. They are not made to meet a price but to set a standard of quality. (And they do.) These suits and overcoats embody such exceptional hand tailoring that it keeps the style and fit intact throughout the life of the garment.



Third Floor THE QUALITY STORE OF PORTLAND Third Floor

"Style Headquarters"—Where Society Brand Clothes are sold

ordered today to train the older men gradually, especially in the early stages.

Spruce Prices Remain Unchanged. WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The pricing committee of the War Industries Board continued existing prices for New England spruce lumber until December 1, abandoning, because of influenza, the usual meeting with the industry.

Older Men to Be Trained Slowly. WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Older drafted men are to be put into shape for service through modified physical training exercises less arduous than the course designed for men between 21 and 31. Camp commanders were

VICTROLA "Music Doeth Good"

The Victrola will gladden your home. It will sing for you the old familiar home songs and also give you the best of the world in band, orchestra and violin music. Prices \$22.50 to \$300 Terms to Please You.

G.F. JOHNSON Piano Co. 149 Sixth, Bet. Alder and Morrison Pianos, Victrolas and Records

SCOTT'S EMULSION to improve the blood-quality, increase body-weight and build up resistance, are important links in the logical treatment of incipient pulmonary affections. To a child or adult with a tendency to weak lungs or tender throat, Scott's brings a wealth of rich tonic-nourishment.

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