FOE CONFESSES GAIN BY ENTENTE TROOPS

Firm Footing Won on Western Bank of Lys, Says Berlin.

YANKS STOPPED, IS REPORT

German Official Statement Alleges American Attacks East of Bantheville Were Repulsed.

BERLIN, via London, Oct. 21.—"In Flanders there has been violent fighting before and on the Lys sector between Ursel and Courtrai," says the official statement today from Army headquarters. "We threw back the enemy, who had temporarily penetrated into Someghem by a counter attack.

"On both sides of Deynze the enemy has obtained a firm footing on the west bank of the Lys.

"Detachments which had advanced across the river to the south of the town were for the most part taken prisoner. A nest of French soldiers remained on the east bank.

"East of Courtrai the enemy has advanced beyond Deerlyck and Sweveghem. On the heights west and southwest of Vichte we brought his attacks to a standstill. North of the Scheldt we repulsed the enemy before our lines. North of Tournai the enemy has reached the Scheldt.

British Halted, Say Huns.

"South of Tournai we have been in fighting contact with the enemy on the line of St. Amand, east of Denain and on the heights east and northeast of Haspres," the statement reads. "On both sides of Solesmes and Le Cateau the British attacked with strong forces, in order to extend their attacks launched between Le Cateau and the Oise on October 17 and 18. Between Sommaing and Vertain his attacks were held up. On both sides of Solesmes the enemy, advancing beyond our front lines, was brought to a standstill.

"On both sides of Le Cateau we maintained our positions in general after hard and fluctuating fighting. Owing to the stubbornness of our infantry, effectively supported by the artillery, the attack has thus far failed on the whole of the front of 20 kilometers (12½ miles), with the exception of limited local gains.

"North of the Serre fresh enemy attacks were repulsed. On both sides of the Laon-Marle road we made a counter attack and cleared such parts of our lines as were still in the hands of the enemy and also repulsed strong counter attacks.

Positions Won, Allege Boches.

"To the west of the Aisne we recaptured positions by a counter attack and repulsed enemy attacks.

"To the east of Vouziers the enemy attempted to extend the local successes which he obtained on October 19. His attacks failed.

"To the east of Bantheville partial attacks delivered by Americans were repulsed.

"For the rest the fighting activity on both sides of the Meuse remained within moderate bounds.

"In the southeastern theater of war, on the Morava, we repulsed repeated partial attacks by the Serbians."

AVIATOR FAILS TO ESCAPE

American Interned by Swiss Falls When Rope of Bedclothes Breaks.

GENEVA, Oct. 20.—Lieutenant Duncan, the American aviator who with a companion landed in the Jura Alps a month ago and was interned, made a bold but futile attempt to escape from the internment camp at Andermatt on Wednesday night. He made a rope with bed clothes and slid down the wall around the barracks, but when he was some distance from the ground the rope broke and Lieutenant Duncan was badly injured. He continued his attempt to escape, however, and walked in the direction of Goeschenen.

His escape was discovered almost immediately and the alarm was sent out. There is a long tunnel between Andermatt and Goeschenen and when the aviator emerged from it he was arrested. He was taken back to Andermatt and the guard at the camp was doubled.

WHY HAIR FALLS OUT

Dandruff causes a feverish irritation of the scalp, the hair roots shrink, loosen and then the hair comes out fast. To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a small bottle of Danderine at any drug-store for a few cents, pour a little in your hand and rub well into the scalp. After several applications all dandruff disappears and the hair stops coming out.—Adv.

CHILDREN HATE PILLS, CALOMEL AND CASTOR OIL

Give Fruit Laxative When Cross, Bilious, Feverish or Constipated.

"California Syrup of Figs" Can't Harm Tender Stomach, Liver, Bowels.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. How you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. See that it is made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.—Adv.

TURK, POSING AS FRIEND OF ARMENIANS, ORDERS SLAUGHTER

Suave, Cold-Blooded Minister of War Would Like to Handle American Funds Destined for Relief of Stricken Christians—Enver's Logic Is Maddening.

BY HENRY MORGENTHAU.

Formerly American Ambassador to Turkey. (Published by special arrangement with The McClure Newspaper Syndicate. Copyright, 1918, by Doubleday, Page & Co. All rights reserved. Copyrighted in Great Britain, Canada and Australia. All rights reserved for France, Belgium, Holland, Italy, Spain, Russia and the Scandinavian countries.)

INSTALLMENT IX.

All this time I was bringing pressure upon Enver also. The Minister of War, as I have already indicated, was a different type of man from Talaat. He concealed his real feelings much more successfully; he was usually suave, cold-blooded and scrupulously polite. And at first he was by no means so callous as Talaat in discussing the Armenians. He dismissed the early stories as wild exaggerations, declared that the troubles at Van were merely ordinary warfare and attempted to quiet my fears that the wholesale annihilation of the Armenians had been decided on.

Yet all the time that Enver was attempting to deceive me he was making open admissions to other people—a fact of which I was aware. In particular he made no attempt to conceal the real situation from Dr. Lepsius, a representative of German missionary interests. Dr. Lepsius was a high-minded Christian gentleman. He had been all through the Armenian massacres of 1895 and he had raised considerable sums of money to build orphanages for Armenian children who had lost their parents at that time. He came again in 1915 to investigate the Armenian situation in behalf of German missionary interests. He asked for the privilege of inspecting the reports of American Consuls and I granted it.

Turks' Policy Is Clear.

These documents, supplemented by other information which Dr. Lepsius obtained, largely from German missionaries in the interior, left no doubt in his mind as to the policy of the Turks. His feelings were aroused chiefly against his own government. He expressed to me the humiliation which he felt, as a German, that the Turks should deliberately set about to exterminate their Christian subjects, while Germany, ostensibly a Christian country, was making no endeavors to prevent it. To him Enver scarcely concealed the official purpose. Dr. Lepsius was simply staggered by his frankness, for Enver told him in so many words that they at last had an opportunity to rid themselves of the Armenians and proposed to use it.

By this time Enver had become more frank with me—the circumstantial reports which I possessed made it useless for him to attempt to conceal the true situation further—and we had many long and animated discussions on the subject. One of these I recall with particular vividness. I notified Enver that I intended to take up the matter in detail and he laid aside enough time to go over the whole situation.

"Armenians Warned," Says Enver.

"The Armenians had a fair warning," Enver began, "of what would happen to them in case they joined our enemies. Three months ago I sent for the Armenian Patriarch and I told him that if the Armenians attempted to start a revolution or to assist the Russians, I would be unable to prevent mischief from happening to them. My warning produced no effect and the Armenians started a revolution and helped the Russians. You know what happened at Van. We knew that they were planning uprisings in other places.

"You must understand that we are now fighting for our lives at the Dardanelles and that we are sacrificing thousands of men. While we are engaged in such a struggle as this, we cannot permit people in our own country to attack us in the back. We have got to prevent this no matter what means we have to resort to.

Outside Help Deplored.

"Russia, France, Great Britain and America are doing the Armenians no kindness by sympathizing with and encouraging means to a people who are inclined to revolution. I am sure that if these outside countries did not encourage them, they would give up all their efforts to oppose the present government and become law-abiding citizens. We now have this country in our absolute control and we can easily revenge ourselves on any revolutionists."

"After all," I said, "suppose what you say is true, why not punish the guilty? Why sacrifice a whole race for the alleged crimes of individuals?"

"Your point is all right during peace times," replied Enver. "We can then use Platonic means to quiet Armenians and Greeks, but in time of war we cannot investigate and negotiate. We must act promptly and with determination. There are about 70,000 Armenians in Constantinople and they will not be molested except those who are Dashnaguists and those who are plotting against the Turks. However, I think you can ease your mind on the whole subject, as there will be no more massacres of Armenians."

Massacres Meantime Go On.

I did not take seriously Enver's concluding statement. At the time that he was speaking, massacres and deportations were taking place all over the Armenian provinces and they went on almost without interruption for several months.

As soon as the reports reached the United States the question of relief became a pressing one. In the latter part of July I heard that there were 5000 Armenians from Zeitoun and Sultanie who were receiving no food whatever. I spoke about them to Enver, who positively declared that they would receive proper food. He did not receive favorably any suggestion that American representatives should go to that part of the country and assist and care for the exiles.

"For any American to do this," he said, "would encourage all Armenians and make further troubles. There are about 28,000,000 people in Turkey and 1,000,000 Armenians, and we do not propose to have 1,000,000 disturb the peace of the rest of the population. The great trouble with the Armenians is that they are separatists. They are determined to have a kingdom of their own."

Too Much Sympathy Alleged.

Enver always resented any suggestion that American missionaries or other friends of the Armenians should go to help or comfort them.

"They show altogether too much sympathy for them," he said over and over again.

"But you are ruining the country economically," I said at another time, making the same point that I had made to Talaat. And he answered it in almost the same words, thus showing that the subject had been completely canvassed by the ruling powers.

"Economic considerations are of no importance at this time. The only important thing is to win. That's the only thing we have on our mind. If we win, everything will be all right; if we lose, everything will be all wrong anyhow. Our situation is desperate, I admit it, and we are fighting as desperate men fight. We are not going to let the Armenians attack us in the rear."

The question of relief to the starving Armenians became every week a more pressing one but Enver still insisted that Americans should keep away from the Armenia nprovinces.

Turks Could Use U. S. Money.

"How can we furnish bread to the Armenians," Enver declared, "when we can't get it for our own people? I know that they are suffering and that it is quite likely that they cannot get bread at all this coming Winter. But we have the utmost difficulty in getting flour and clothing right here in Constantinople."

I said that I had the money and that American missionaries were anxious to go and use it for the benefit of the refugees.

"We don't want the Americans to feed the Armenians," he flatly replied. "That is one of the worst things that could happen to them. I have already said that it is their belief that they have friends in other countries which leads them to oppose the government and so brings down upon them all their miseries. If you will give such money as you have received to the Turks, we shall see that it is used for the benefit of the Armenians."

Turk Nerve Is Amazing.

Enver made this proposal with a straight face, and he made it not only on this occasion but on several others. At the very moment that Enver suggested this mechanism of relief, the Turkish gendarmes and the Turkish officials were not only robbing the Armenians of all their household possessions, of all their food and all their money, but they were even stripping women of their last shreds of clothing and prodding their naked bodies with bayonets as they staggered across the burning desert. And the Minister of War now proposed that we give our American money to these same guardians of the law for distribution among their charges! However, I had to be tactful.

"If you or other heads of the Government would become personally responsible for the distribution," I said, "of course we would be glad to entrust the money to you. But naturally you would not expect us to give this money to the men who have been killing the Armenians and outraging their women."

But Enver returned to his main point.

Enver's Logic Maddening.

"They must never know," he said, "that they have a friend in the United States. That would absolutely ruin them! It is far better that they starve, and in saying this I am really thinking of the welfare of the Armenians themselves. If they can only be convinced that they have no friends in other countries, then they will settle down, recognize that Turkey is their only refuge and become quiet citizens. Your country is doing them no kindness by constantly showing your sympathy. You are merely drawing upon them greater hardships."

In other words, the more money which the Americans sent to feed the Armenians, the more Armenians Turkey intended to massacre! Enver's logic was fairly maddening; yet he did relent at the end and permit me to help the sufferers through certain missionaries.

(To Be Continued.)

VERN OWENS SHOT BY WIFE

Ex-Policeman Suffers Wound in Hand From Revolver.

Mrs. Vern Owens, wife of ex-Officer Vern Owens, of the Portland police department, residing at 810 East Thirtieth street, shot her husband with a 32-caliber revolver shortly after he had arrived home from work. The bullet entered Owens' left hand and came out above the wrist.

Owens told the police that he was smoking his pipe at the time and that as he raised his hand she fired. Inspector Craddock and Motorcycle Officers Norene and Scott were detailed on the case. Neighbors sent in a report to police headquarters that a shot had been fired in the house and the police rushed to the scene.

When the officers arrived Mrs. Owens and another woman named Nellie Dean were in a semi-intoxicated condition, they said.

Owens at first said that he was shot when he tried to take the gun away from his wife. Several bottles of liquor were confiscated by the police. Owens has been employed in the shipyards since he left the police force.

Mrs. Owens was locked up in the city jail charged with assault with a dangerous weapon. Nellie Dean was held on a charge of being drunk and disorderly and E. R. Haselwood was held as a witness in the case.

WHISKY FACTORY FOUND

Corn in the "Mash" in Barrels Causes Arrest of Three.

Corn in the "mash" was discovered last night by officers of the war emergency squad at 657 First street and two men and one woman were arrested, charged with violation of the prohibition law. Those arrested are Antony Perry and Philip Burns, two Hawaiians, and Minnie Sullivan, a domestic, who was held for the health department.

Great quantities of pure white corn whisky were found and several barrels of mash. The men were intoxicated. The liquor was taken to police headquarters as evidence.

LLOYD GEORGE IS THANKED

Credit for Union of Military Control Given British Leader by Foch.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Marshal Foch, generalissimo of the allied armies, replying to the felicitations of David Lloyd George on his 67th birthday on October 2, gave the British Premier credit for placing him in supreme command, according to the text of telegrams made public here today by the British Bureau of Information.

The message from Lloyd George read: "Please accept my sincere congratulations on your birthday. I feel a particular pleasure in addressing you at the moment when the allied armies under your direction are making so formidable a change in the military situation. I do not know whether I should the more admire your marvelous skill as a commander or your indomitable courage and the unquenchable faith in victory which you have shown in the course of this war."

Marshal Foch replied:

"I am greatly touched by your congratulations and thank you sincerely. I do not forget that it is to your assistance that I owe the position which I occupy today. The sure sign of the glorious days awaiting our armies is to be found in the perfect unity which exists now between all the allied forces."

BARGAIN SALES UNDER BAN

Illinois Takes Precautions as Influenza Continues to Spread.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—Bargain sales of all descriptions that draw people together and tend to produce crowding were prohibited throughout Illinois today as the influenza epidemic continued to spread.

Conditions downstate, the director said, continued serious.

AMERICANS CAPTURE 2 STRATEGIC POINTS

Bois de Rappes and Hill 299 Wrested From Teutons.

HUNS QUICKLY OVERCOME

Artillery Activity in Meuse Sector of Front Increases as Germans Fight Desperately.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 21, 9 P. M.—(By the Associated Press.)—The American attack, though on a comparatively small scale today, was entirely successful. The Bois de Rappes and a formidable hill, No. 299, both points of strategic importance on the western end of the line, were rushed and cleared of the enemy within three hours, despite unusual machine-gun opposition.

The artillery on both sides was fairly active throughout the day, and the aviators were up from early until late, but the infantry action was confined to two local operations.

Machine Guns Used on Yanks.

The advance on the Bois de Rappes began just before noon. The wood was infested with machine guns, which were not entirely eliminated by the brief preparatory shelling. Despite every effort of the Germans, however, the Americans steadily forced their way ahead, driving the enemy before them, and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon were in complete possession of the wood.

Hill No. 299 fell almost simultaneously with the Bois de Rappes, which outflanked it. The Germans consequently retired hastily from the height when it appeared that the Americans had been successful in forcing their passage through the wood. But 150 Germans were taken prisoner.

Another minor success for the Americans was the expulsion of the enemy from his last positions in Bantheville wood. He had hung onto the northern edges of this machine gun stronghold, from which it was possible to direct a harassing enfilading fire.

Air Forces Are Active.

There was considerable enemy troop movement today on both sides of the Meuse. Although the day was cloudy there also was much aerial activity.

It is the purpose of the German command to dispute every foot of the American advance on the line west of the Meuse and to inflict the heaviest possible losses, German prisoners captured Sunday declared. They added that the Americans, in taking over this sector, would find more formidable opposition than any place else on the front. A strong German defense was necessary on this sector, they said, while the German lines northward were being readjusted.

BRITISH BAR COMPROMISE

(Continued From First Page.)

armistice as an outrage on German honor and as a means of rallying the German nation for desperate resistance, or it may simply be trying to put the President into the position of trustee for the German people, which will have been thrown upon his mercy.

Reform Statement Scoffed.

"The least satisfactory feature of the reply is the shameless prevarication with regard to German outrages on land and sea, and the suggestion that this be dealt with by a neutral commission is a mere subterfuge.

"The arguments employed to prove that a reform of the German constitution has been accepted are unworthy of serious consideration.

"The President, who dealt so firmly and shrewdly with the previous German attempt to entangle him in wordy discussions, may be trusted to compel the German government to show whether it really intends unconditional surrender, which alone can satisfy the demands of the military and naval authorities of the allies or whether it simply is playing for time."

Pacifist Advises Caution.

The Marquis of Lansdowne, leader of the opposition in the House of Lords, and noted for his pacifist tendencies, considers that the German reply leaves the door open for a continuation of the discussion, although some passages in it, in his opinion, need elucidation.

While regarding the situation on the whole as hopeful, his view was that "we must proceed warily, leaving nothing to chance.

"We must trust President Wilson to avoid pitfalls," he added. "Above all it is necessary that we make no concessions impairing the strength and predominant military position secured for us by the splendid valor of our naval and military forces.

"The passage about the armistice seems suspiciously obscure, while nobody is likely to accept the plea that land and sea outrages can be justified or extenuated by the necessities of war."

Lord Lansdowne agreed with the recently expressed opinion of Viscount Milner, Secretary of War, that there is in progress in Germany a complete transformation in government which should not be hurried, and that any attempt to impose upon the German people rulers not of their choice might lead to a situation where Germany would find itself without a government.

Reply Held Complex.

Viscount Haldane, ex-Secretary for War, expressing his views on Germany's reply to President Wilson, said that he thought Germany had conceded what President Wilson required, but in an indirect and complex manner. The formulation of peace conditions, he believed, would prove a formidable business.

In the situation created by the recent German peace offer, British labor ranges itself solidly behind President Wilson, declared Arthur Henderson, the British labor leader, in a speech at a labor meeting Saturday night.

Labor men should continue to support President Wilson because his peace programme embodied the war aims of organized labor, he declared.

ENEMY CONCERNS SEIZED

Two Corporations Taken Over and Third Liquidated.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Seizure of two enemy-owned concerns, the $1,000,000 paint manufacturing firm of Gerstendorfer Brothers, Inc., and the International Insurance Company, both of New York, and the liquidation of the affairs of a third, the Hamburg Assurance Company, were announced today by Alien Property Custodian Palmer.

Major Lyell Buried.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The body of Major C. H. Lyell, assistant military attache of the British Embassy, who died last week, was buried in Arlington Cemetery today with full military honors.

5 Reasons Why You Should Do Your Christmas Shopping Early!

1st—Stores are not to increase their working forces by reason of the holiday business over the average forces employed during the year.
2d—Normal working hours will not be lengthened during the Xmas Season.
3d—Retailers will use their utmost efforts to confine Christmas giving, except for young children, to useful articles.
4th—Every effort will be made to spread the period for Holiday purchasing over October, November and December.
5th—Deliveries will be restricted and customers will be asked to carry their own purchases whenever possible.

Apparel Displays

of Unusual Beauty

Featuring New and Attractive Modes Which Dame Fashion Has Proclaimed "Correct."

Displays of Ready-to-Wear were never more interesting than at the present time. Added to our already splendid assortments are many new models, just arrived, bringing with them new originations which Dame Fashion has highly approved. It would be impossible to present an assemblage of apparel that more truly portrays the vogue or one more all-encompassing—and then you'll find our prices unequaled for lowness, quality, style and finish considered.

Choice From **Handsome Suits** *From $25.95 to $67.50*

Choice From **Fashionable Coats** *From $16.95 to $79.00*

As Extra Inducement We Have Underpriced for Today

A Fine New Lot of Women's Dresses $19.75

They Come in Serges, Satins and Jerseys

Beautiful Models for Street or Home Wear—Particularly Attractive Are Those in Panel Effects With Braid and Fringe Trimmings—All Sizes in Navy, Brown and Green.

Here Is an Opportune Sale of

COMFORT MATERIALS

In our Main Floor Domestic Section we have arranged a special display and sale of Comfort materials. Assortments are so complete and so varied that all may be suited—these offerings for example:

Cotton Batts at $1.48 Each
Silver Fleece Batts, full 3 lbs. in weight and in one piece, suitable for full size bed.

Cotton Batts at $2.00 Each
Beautiful Snow White Batts, 3 lbs. in weight and made in one piece, suitable for full size bed.

Commercial Wool Batts at $3.75 Each
They come 2 lbs. in weight, and in one piece 72 by 84 inches.

Comfort Challies at 25c Yd.
An extensive variety of styles and colorings to select from—they come 36 inches wide and are of best standard quality.

Comfort Cretonnes at 29c Yd.
These fine Comfort Cretonnes are 36 inches wide and are shown in pretty designs in medium colorings.

AN OUT-OF-THE-ORDINARY SALE OF

Metal Bands, Edges and Flouncings, Allover Laces

And Net Flouncings—An Unlimited Assortment to Select From at 50c Yd.

Just at a time when these beautiful Laces are in greatest demand comes this out-of-the-ordinary underpriced sale. Both dressmakers and home sewers should not fail to purchase liberally for present and future needs. You have choice from—

Metal Edges and Bands, Silk and Metal Allovers
In a variety of patterns in gold and silver. Most desirable widths; 18-inch flouncings; shown in handsome burnt-out patterns.

Filet and Allover Laces, 36-inch Laces
shown in 22 and 27-inch widths and in many choice patterns, including Shadow. Allovers for waists; White and Cream Net Flouncings embroidered in pretty light colorings; also Silk Allover Flouncings in beautiful floral designs—

Black Silk Laces, Allover Laces
12 and 17-inch Black Silk Shadow and Chantilly Lace Flouncings. 18-inch Allover Laces in white and colors; also black with gold or silver designs.

Boys' Waists at $1.00
Blouse Waists well made and of fine material, shown in all sizes in fancy stripes or in plain blue.

Men's Shirts at $1.25
The celebrated Monarch Shirts, made in coat-style with soft double cuffs or with starched cuffs.

Men's Neckwear at 50c to $1.00
Fine Silk Four-in-Hand Ties made with wide open ends and slip-easy bands—they come in a large assortment of patterns and in three qualities—50¢, 65¢, $1.00.

Two Big Corset Specials

Such Well Known and Reliable Makes as Guaranteed R. & G., Henderson and Merito

Lot One. Choice at, Pair.....98c | Lot Two, Choice at.....$1.49

You are assured of a perfect figure if you have your new Fall garments fit over any one of the three well-known and reliable Corsets listed in this sale. They are models suitable for the slender, average or stout figure; also topless models. They come in white or pink and in all sizes from 19 to 36. Purchase at this sale, and you will make an important SAVING.

FREE—One bar Creme Oil Soap with each purchase of 3 bars for 25¢.

Store Opens at 8:30 A. M.
Saturdays at 9 A. M.

Roberts Bros. THIRD & MORRISON

The Most in Value—The Best in Quality

Store Closes at 5:30 P. M.
Saturdays at 6 P. M.

TWO NAMED FOR HIGH RANK

LIGGETT AND BULLARD TO BE LIEUTENANT-GENERALS.

Commanders of American Armies in France Are Nominated by President Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Major-Generals Hunter Liggett and Robert L. Bullard were nominated by President Wilson today to be Lieutenant-Generals.

General Liggett commands the First American Field Army in France and General Bullard commands the second. They become the only Lieutenant-Generals on the active list, their new rank being for the war period, like that of General Pershing. General Liggett is a Major-General in the regular establishment, and General Bullard is a Brigadier.

General Liggett was given direct command of the First Field Army when it was organized, and led in the first major offensive when the St. Mihiel salient was wiped out in a day.

RUB ON SPRAINS, PAINS, SWELLING

Don't Suffer! Relief Comes the Moment You Rub With "St. Jacobs Liniment."

Don't stay crippled! Rub this soothing, penetrating liniment right into the sprain, ache or strain, and out comes pain, soreness, stiffness and swelling.

Nothing else penetrates, heals and strengthens the injured muscles, nerves, tendons and ligaments so promptly. It doesn't burn or discolor the skin and cannot cause injury. Don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle from any drug store now—limber up! Rub the misery right out. A moment after "St. Jacobs Liniment" is applied you cannot feel the slightest pain or soreness, and you can go about your regular duties.

"St. Jacobs Liniment" conquers pain. It has been used effectively for sprains, strains, soreness and stiffness for 60 years—six gold medal awards.—Adv.

ENEMY RESISTANCE GROWS

Huns Fear Allies Will Soon Be Pitching Shells Across Rhine.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Oct. 21.—(Reuter's)—It is the general impression that the resistance of the enemy everywhere is stiffening. Apparently the rapidity of the British drive in Flanders and Northern France has caused the enemy to realize that the allied forces are approaching the fatherland at a rate that, if not checked, might before long find their long range guns pitching shells across the Rhine.

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Finest Grill of Its Kind on Pacific Coast.
MUSIC AND DANCING.
American and Chinese Dishes.
Service at All Hours.
TRY OUR DAILY LUNCH.
11 A. M. TO 8 P. M.
25c, 30c, 35c, 40c to 75c.
Including Soup, Vegetables, Drinks, Dessert.
SPECIAL SUNDAY TURKEY DINNER, 75¢

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