

TRUCKS SEIZE MANY CANNON FROM RUSS

Booty Includes 120 Guns of All Calibers and 100 Heavy Anti-Tank Guns.

300 MACHINE GUNS TAKEN

General Pershing Also Reports That 750 Trench Mortars Were Captured, with Great Quantities of Rifle Ammunition.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—General Pershing's communique today says that a partial count of the material captured during the last week by the American troops advancing between the Meuse and Argonne shows 120 guns of all calibers, 100 heavy tank guns, 300 machine guns, 750 trench mortars, 298 machine guns, 100 heavy tank guns, thousands of artillery shells and hundreds of thousands of rounds of small arms ammunition.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES ON THE VERDUN FRONT, Oct. 2, 3:30 P. M.—(By the Associated Press.)—German artillery in the early hours freely sprinkled the areas behind the American lines with shells containing gas, phosphorus and incendiary.

Enemy Abandons Genes. American detachments entering Genes, northwest of Montauban, found it free of the enemy. The roads in the neighborhood of the village likewise were clear of German troops.

One German airplane fell to American anti-aircraft guns and some 50 Austrians were captured in the Woerze sector.

PARIS, Oct. 2.—(By the Associated Press.)—The developments in the situation on the American front north-west of Verdun tends to confirm the opinion that it is the enemy's apparent intention to hold on to the Kriemhilde-Steeling system of trenches running from Briouille to the Bois de Cueil, thence south to Genes, then south along the ridges in the vicinity of Exermont, crossing the Aire river one kilometer north of Apremont.

U. S. Airmen Are Busy. The American conforms to this, developing a situation similar to St. Mihiel with a broad outpost zone. There is continuous artillery activity along the sector and the American air forces are working without cessation. Last evening American pursuit planes engaged eight Fokkers and it is believed that one of the enemy's machines crashed.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Oct. 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—The situation on the American front along the Briouille-Binarville line (running from the Meuse through the Argonne), remained virtually unchanged today from yesterday. The Germans are hurrying up all available reserves.

During the day, German airplanes began appearing over the American lines. The weather conditions were far from favorable for the Airman, but American aviators, with characteristic enterprise, more than held the upper hand.

During the day the chief activity of the Americans was in consolidating their positions in the face of the heavy counter attacks especially of the detachable ground north and west of Montauban. In the heavily wooded ground of the Argonne west of the forest itself, the fighting became bush-walking in which the Americans, with their individual initiative, are second to none.

Negro Troops in Action. The Argonne forest is being cleared of enemy troops by American soldiers from New York and Illinois. One of the American negro units also has participated.

Illinois troops between the Meuse and the Argonne advanced more than six miles on the first day of the attack, the unit reaching its objective hours ahead of time.

Their advance was so rapid that in the region of Gercourt-et-Drillancourt they came upon the enemy's trenches just about to sit down to a luncheon in their dugout. The party was overcome and a German Colonel, with a white flag, was taken to the American lines.

The Illinois soldiers helped themselves to the German's lunch of pork, red cabbage and black bread, seven kegs of beer and a supply of wine were found in the dugout. The wounded Colonel told the officers he was astounded at the rapidity of the American advance. He had no idea that the Americans would reach that region for days, if at all.

The Illinois men had dinner and went to bed in the positions that had been occupied that morning by the enemy. During the afternoon, American aviators dropped newspapers and cigarettes for the men who had moved along the west bank of the Aire river beyond Gercourt and consolidated their positions.

TAXES DELINQUENT SOON Three Days Remain for Payment to Avoid Penalty.

But three days remain in which to pay the second half of the 1917 tax. All taxes not paid on or before Saturday, October 5, will be delinquent and interest at the rate of 1 per cent for each month and fraction of a month will be added thereafter. A further penalty of 2 per cent will be added after November 1.

The tax collections department will be open Saturday evening until 9 o'clock. Among the larger checks sent in yesterday were those of the United States National Bank, for \$69,954.11, and the Southern Pacific Company, for \$28,000.

TWO JAILED FOR SEDITION Men of German Descent Taken by Jackson County Officers.

MEDFORD, Or., Oct. 2.—(Special.)—Two sedition utterances arrests were made in Jackson County within the past 14 hours. Both of the prisoners are of German descent and one of them the officers found a loaded revolver and a small bag of cartridges. The prisoners are Marvin Jackson, 35 years old, laborer and Socialist, and Ralph Biberstadt, 31 years old and single, who is registered for the draft. He resides with his parents on the Elberstadt ranch in the Eagle Point district.

Vedder, who came here recently from California, was arrested at the H. W. Bingham ranch, where he had been employed for the past two days.

UNITY OF COMMAND PLAN IS PROVING ITS WORTH

Presence of Single Directing Will is What Makes Allied Arms Effective, Declares General Mallette, War Expert.

BY GENERAL P. M. G. MALLETERRE, Of the French Army. (Copyright 1918 by the Press Publishing Company, New York World. Special cable dispatch.)

PARIS, Oct. 1.—Victories follow victories in such rapid succession and events come to pass so quickly that it becomes difficult for a critic to furnish a resume of them in a few lines. Moreover, the communiques seem sufficient without any comment.

Yet we may notice a factor which we may qualify as new. The whole of these victorious operations—indeed, constitute a general allied offensive on all fronts. One must go back to the Summer of 1916 to find a situation which resembles a general allied offensive. This was after the German defeat at Verdun.

The British armies attacked on the Somme, Brusiloff's armies attacked in Galicia, the Italian army had taken Gorizia and sealed the redoubtable Carso and Roumania had just come into line. We had high hopes of victory. But Germany was still too strong. The allies were short of the essential factor for victory—unity of command in the conduct of the war.

Directing Will Essential. Battles lacking a directing will to bring the forces into absolute accord remained unfruitful in any theater of the war. The allies could not find the necessary chief to oppose Von Hindenburg. Today that chief is here, the difference is readily seen.

What are the hard battles of the Summer of 1918 as compared with the battles of the Summer of 1917? The gigantic battle, started on March 21, by the German offensive, continues without respite or truce along Poch's entire battle line in France and Belgium. The whole front is afire.

The whole British army from Douai to St. Quentin is moving. In several sectors the Hindenburg line has broken. Recent engagements have brought the British line close to Cambrai.

It is probable that within a short while the calm sector around Lens, the Little Ypres and the Yser will be re-awaken in their turn.

Hindenburg Line Cracking. Poyolle's group of armies is routing the Germans near St. Quentin and on the Aisne. New Gouraud's army, supported by the first American Army, has in turn attacked. On both sides of the Argonne the Hindenburg line is cracking. The battle rages on a front the width of which has never before been equalled, from Douai to Verdun. It will spread yet further. Its chief

characteristic is its continuity. Poch gives Ludendorff no rest. The disposition of the German armies appears to be as follows: Von Boehm's army, has right resting on the Crown Prince's group and its left on Prince Rupprecht's group, is opposed to the English army and Fayolle's group. The greater part of the German reserves are included there. In the north Rupprecht's reduced army is fighting in Flanders.

In the center, the Crown Prince, whose armies also appear to have been reduced, faces the music in the Champagne and about Verdun. It is probable that Ludendorff will let him have some of the available reserves.

Allies Near Hun Empire. There remains the German left wing. The Woerze-Metz-Alsace strength, which remains subject for caution, has before it the American Army and our Lorraine army. There we are on the threshold of the German empire. There are located the shortest routes for entering German territory.

If an attack threatens the Germans in these parts there is no doubt that the Germans will defend themselves desperately.

But they will have to let go in some other sector in the north, in the Oise region or in the Champagne. There will be further results in the near future of the general allied offensive in France. Let us wait a few days.

Near East Also Afire. But Foch's battles are being fought elsewhere than in France. The near east also is afire. The Bulgarian defeat in Macedonia and the Turkish defeat in Palestine are taking on grandiose proportions and opening up a large perspective. The whole German plan founders in the near east.

Bulgaria vainly calls to Germany for help. What can Von Mackensen do? What can Ludendorff do? Sofia now shows the white flag. Bulgaria opened her roads to Serbia, Greece and Constantinople to the Germans and now she must close them. The key to the Balkans is in the hands of the allies. Sofia is an essential guarantee to the military situation in the Balkans.

Turkey's Fall Assured. There remain the Turks. They will not be long in capitulating, as the Sofia-Constantinople road will be barred. No more Germans in Constantinople, no more young Turks, no more Enver Pasha. Then the Straits will be open and with Constantinople in allied hands the salvation of Russia and Roumania will be assured.

Russia also must be included in the general allied offensive. Our action there is still distant, but we can see what will happen after the capitulation of Bulgaria and Turkey.

passengers ran into the break. Several coaches were smashed and caught fire.

PLAGUE FIELD WIDER

Civilians Included in Ravages of Spanish Influenza.

NEW ARMY CASES FEWER

Pneumonia Shows Decrease in Cantonments—Health Service Takes Vigorous Steps to Combat Disease.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—While reports today to the office of the Surgeon-General of the Army showed decreases in the number of new cases of influenza in Army camps, information coming to the public health service was that the disease was rapidly spreading among the civilian population over the country.

The malarial has appeared in 43 states and the District of Columbia. It is epidemic in New England, at Tidewater, and in South Carolina and other places. It was reported particularly prevalent along the Atlantic seaboard and the Gulf Coast. Vigorous steps to combat the disease have been taken by the public health service.

The number of new cases in Army camps during the 24 hours ending at noon is reported slightly greater than 13,000, a decrease of 1000 from the total reported the day before. Pneumonia in the camps also showed decrease, with 878 new cases and 271 deaths.

Cases Now Over 100,000. Influenza cases at all camps now number more than 100,000 with 7648 cases of pneumonia reported since the epidemic began and 2148 deaths.

Sixteen camps today reported new cases of influenza with the largest number at Camp Meade, Maryland, 1590. Conditions at Camp Devens, Mass., continue to show improvement, only 12 new cases being reported there today. The crest of the epidemic also appears to have been passed at Camp Dix, N. J., which showed only 314 new cases, against 545 yesterday. There were 50 deaths at Dix and 23 at Devens.

Influenza has spread to shipyards in New England and North Atlantic states but has not appeared to great extent in shipyards in the South Atlantic, Gulf, Great Lakes and Pacific Coast districts.

The shipbuilding programme will be interfered with materially in any yard where the number of cases reach 8 per cent of the men employed.

Washington Takes Precaution. As precautionary measures to prevent an epidemic of influenza in war-crowded Washington, the public schools were ordered closed today and Liberty loan parades, as well as public gatherings, were prohibited by the district commissioners.

Employees for most Government employees in going to and quitting work as well as for all stores except drug and grocery stores, will go into effect tomorrow to prevent crowding in street cars.

MANY DIE IN TRAIN WRECK Fatalities at Malmo, Sweden, May Reach 550.

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 2.—(By the Associated Press.)—The number of victims in the great railway disaster north of Malmo has not been ascertained, but the fatalities are estimated at 300. As far as can be learned no Americans are among the casualties.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—Many persons have been killed, it is feared, in a railway accident at Malmo, Sweden, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen today.

Fifty children who were returning to Stockholm from the country are among the dead. The railway line had been washed out at this point by several days of rain and a passenger train carrying 1000

DEPUTY BECOMES SHERIFF

Leslie W. Stansell Takes Office in Jackson County.

MEDFORD, Or., Oct. 2.—(Special.)—The new Sheriff of Jackson County is Leslie W. Stansell, who has been serving as chief deputy sheriff since the resignation of Sheriff Jennings, who will leave Sunday to enter the officers' training camp at Camp Wheeler.

The Stansell was headed to the County Court this morning and later in the day the court appointed Deputy Stansell as his successor. His term of office expires January 1, and Stansell will hold the office until that time.

OLSON GOES INTO SERVICE

Oregonian Reporter Will Report at Vancouver Barracks.

OREGON CITY, Or., Oct. 2.—(Special.)—J. D. (Jimmy) Olson, well-known newspaper man of Oregon City, will some time this week enter the Army. He has been city hall reporter for The Oregonian for some time and formerly was with the Portland Journal and Los Angeles Times.

Mr. Olson registered in Los Angeles in 1917, was classified in class 4, as a married man with dependent wife and child. He asked permission of the local board at Los Angeles some time ago to be moved up to class 2, and this request was granted on receipt of word from the War Department. He is to report at Vancouver Barracks.

LIGHT SHOWERS WELCOME

Season Has Been Record Breaker for Lack of Rainfall.

Light showers yesterday were welcome. Portland's long dry season is a record-breaker for lack of rainfall during the seven-month period ending with September.

The total rainfall from March 1 to September 30 was only 3.15 inches, the least ever recorded by the weather bureau. The nearest approach to this figure was in 1906, when the total for a like period was 4 1/2 inches.

Two Injured in Crash.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Oct. 2.—(Special.)—Joe Joa, a Chinaman, of Cosmopolis, suffered a broken collarbone and other injuries, and E. Tyler, driver of the Tacoma-Aberdeen stage, who also lives in Cosmopolis, received severe cuts on the hand and bruises on his body when the stage struck a projectile and one of its planks fell on the east entrance of the city this morning.

Catarrh Is Not Incurable

BUT YOU CAN'T RELY ON SPRAYS AND INHALERS.

There is no use permitting yourself to be deceived. Perhaps, like thousands of others afflicted with Catarrh, you are about ready to believe that the disease is incurable and that you are doomed to spend the remainder of your days having and spitting out fifty-year relief in sight from inflamed and stopped-up air passages that make the days miserable and the nights sleepless.

Of course, if this all you have to put up with or not you are willing to continue the old-time, makeshift methods of treatment that you and so many other sufferers have used for years with no substantial results. If you are still content to depend upon the use of sprays, douches, inhalers, jellies and other like remedies by themselves, that are applied to the surface and cannot reach below it, then make up your mind now that your Catarrh will remain a life companion and will follow you to the grave.

You must realize that the disease itself, and not its symptoms, is what you have to cure. Of course you know that when you are cured of any disease its symptoms will disappear. Catarrh

AUSTRIA BARRED BY BULGAR ARMISTICE

News of Collapse as Belligerent Big Shock to Political and Financial Circles.

PREMIER TRIES TO BLUFF

Asiatic Cholera Makes Appearance in Vienna and Deaths Result. Hope of Peace Seen in Wilson's Speech.

BASEL, Switzerland, Oct. 2.—Today's news from Vienna reflect the extent of the political shock caused by the collapse of Bulgaria as a belligerent.

The gravity of the resulting situation was told by the Austrian Premier in an address before the lower house, but suitable military measures would be taken immediately, in accord with Germany.

The Premier, Baron von Hussarek, made a long speech on the situation. He was interrupted continually by the applause of the members.

Baron von Hussarek said he was sure the hour was coming when the proposition of Baron Burián, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, would be acted on. One of the most important problems was Poland.

"The state of Poland already is established on the basis of the proclamation of the two Emperors of November 1, 1916," said von Hussarek.

Czechs Make Protest. The Czechs and Ukrainians protested strongly, and von Hussarek contended that Poland now negotiates on the footing of equality with the central powers and is in the process of becoming an independent factor in European politics, but Poland herself must decide the form of government she desires.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 2.—Vienna's newspapers describe the tremendous sensation caused by the Bulgarian collapse. There was a panic on the Bourse. On the Budapest Bourse business had to be suspended.

Czech-Slovak leaders have sharply rejected an offer made to them to enter an Austro-Hungarian coalition cabinet, according to a Vienna dispatch printed in the Frankfurt Gazette.

MADRID, Oct. 2.—(By the Associated Press.)—Several of Asiatic cholera have been discovered in Vienna and deaths have resulted from this disease here, according to official news received here.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 1.—The five points made by President Wilson in his New York speech, taken in conjunction with the letter of the German Emperor to Chancellor von Hertling, are looked upon by Austro-Hungarians as constituting an important step in the direction of peace.

Wilson's Address Quoted. The consensus of opinion in the dual monarchy, according to a message from the Vienna semi-official news agency, is that the Emperor's letter solves the question of parliamentarization in Germany, while the points made by President Wilson seem to offer a choice of agreement inasmuch as he did not, it is held, definitely reject the essential principles laid down by the central powers, and on the other hand that his points "do contain a definite negation of the war aims everlastingly thrown in the face of the central powers."

LIQUOR IMPORTERS FINED

Well-Known Cattleman and Rancher Admit Their Guilt.

MEDFORD, Or., Oct. 2.—(Special.)—Charles F. Snelling, a well-known cattleman of Doris, Cal., and his brother-in-law, D. M. Clinton, a Klamath County lawyer, were fined \$500 each for importing liquor into Oregon.

UNION DENTISTS

Plates \$7.50 We Guarantee Our Work

PORCELAIN CROWNS.....\$5.00 PORCELAIN FILLINGS.....\$1.00 22-K GOLD CROWNS.....\$5.00 22-K GOLD FILLINGS.....\$5.00 EXTRACTING.....50c

A great number of people must have plates. Sickness, neglect or other causes have rendered their own teeth useless. In such cases we do not, it is perfectly with a plate that will prove a blessing. It will look well and feel perfectly comfortable.

251 1/2 MORRISON, CORNER SECOND, ENTIRE FLOOR.

LOOK FOR THE BIG UNION SIGN

WORKMAN SERIOUSLY HURT

Hesse-Martin Iron Works Employee Falls Through Skylight.

J. J. Haley, an employe of the Hesse-Martin Iron Works, 463 East Taylor street, was seriously injured late yesterday when he fell 30 feet through a skylight to the floor below.

The injured man was taken to the Good Samaritan Hospital unconscious. It is believed he sustained a fractured skull. He had not regained consciousness at a late hour last night.

Haley, with other workmen, was engaged in tearing down one of the old buildings at the plant preparatory to the erection of the new concrete structure on the site, when the accident occurred.

EARLY CLOSING FAVORED

Portland Garage Men in Line for Gasoline Conservation.

Members of the Portland Garage and Repairmen's Association favor the 6 o'clock closing order for gasoline filling stations and accessory departments as proposed by the Fuel Administration.

This was the information that R. O'Brien, president of the association, brought to the office of Fuel Administrator Holmes yesterday.

Mr. Holmes told Mr. O'Brien that the Coast director of the oil division has requested co-operation of dealers to conserve gasoline, but that no orders for early closing of filling stations would be issued until decided on by Director Folsom, of the oil division.

BUNGALOW TO FILL NEED

Hostess House Assured for Student Soldiers at Eugene.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, Oct. 2.—(Special.)—The Y. W. C. A. cabinet and advisory board has offered the use of the Y. W. bungalow as a hostess-house for the families and friends of the men in the Student Army Training Corps here.

President Campbell says the bungalow is ideally situated for such work and will fill a great need.

LIBERTY BAG IS LOCATED

Balloon Thought to Have Descended in Hills Near Linton.

J. M. Hleg, owner of the balloon Liberty, which escaped Friday while it was being filled for use in advertising the fourth liberty loan, heard yesterday that the bag had descended in the hills near Linton. The descent was seen by two persons—a timber scaler named O'Hara, employed by the Peninsula shippers, and J. R. Strasser, a well driller, who was working on the

Clothes That Reach the Custom Tailor's Mark

—Ready-to-wear they are, but with all the old-time disadvantages eliminated.

—Ready-to-wear linked with the Mathis high standard of tailoring and fabric, indicates to the discriminating dresser the last word in clothes perfection.

Fall Suits and O'coats \$25 to \$60

Mathis MEN'S WEAR

Corbett Bldg., Fifth and Morrison

being filled for use in advertising the fourth liberty loan, heard yesterday that the bag had descended in the hills near Linton. The descent was seen by two persons—a timber scaler named O'Hara, employed by the Peninsula shippers, and J. R. Strasser, a well driller, who was working on the

Barnes farm within eight of the falling bag. A searching party will be organized to find it, because only its approximate location is known.

The guinea pig is fully grown when 6 weeks old.

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With collateral—Government Bonds—the most easily convertible asset possible—Liberty Bonds are the BEST INVESTMENT IN THE WORLD.

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—and with the probability that these Liberty Bonds will go to a premium of no one can say exactly what—after the war—

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