

FIGHTING SEVERE ON USSURI FRONT

**Bolsheviks in Large Numbers
Attack Desperately and
Lose 300 Killed.**

HOVARH'S ARMY DISARMED

**Attempt to Establish Dictatorship
in Siberia Defeated—Allied
Diplomats Released From
Custody at Moscow.**

VLADIVOSTOK, Monday, Aug. 26.—(Reuters.)—The enemy in considerable numbers attacked desperately along the Ussuri front last Saturday. All the allied forces participated in the fighting except the Americans.

Upwards of 300 of the enemy was killed. The Japanese bore the brunt of the fighting. They captured two armored trains and several field guns.

According to a wounded Czech, the Japanese, infuriated by finding mutilated comrades on the battlefield, charged and routed the enemy in the face of heavy machine gun and rifle fire.

Allies Advance Steadily.
The Japanese report that allied troops are advancing steadily.

VLADIVOSTOK, Aug. 26.—(By the Associated Press.)—Entente allied and Czech-Slovak patrols today succeeded in disarming all the Russian volunteers who had revolted and had gone over to Lieutenant-General Horvath, the anti-Bolshevik military leader in Eastern Siberia.

Advices received in Washington Wednesday from Vladivostok said that General Horvath had completely failed in his attempt with the aid of General Pleschke, to establish a dictatorship in Siberia.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 25.—While a Moscow dispatch to the Rhenish Westphalian Gazette of Essen states that the entente diplomatic representatives there have been liberated, latest advices from the Bolshevik capital, under date of August 26, deny that the American and British diplomats there were ever arrested.

The dispatch to the Rhenish Westphalian Gazette, however, says members of the allied military mission at Moscow are still in custody.

Poole Awaits Safe Conduct.
Dewitt C. Poole, Jr., the acting American Consul-General at Moscow, dispatches state, is awaiting a safe conduct from the German government and the conclusion of an arrangement between Russia and the entente governments for a reciprocal return of diplomatic and consular officers before departing.

A Russian wireless message says that War Minister Trotsky denies an alleged American report that the Soviets intend to arm German and Austro-Hungarian prisoners to fight the Czechs and Slovaks.

Trotsky adds that in the Soviet army the only former war prisoners are those who have become Russian citizens.

It was reported from London on August 19 that Robert Lockhart, acting British Consul-General at Moscow, six members of his staff and several French diplomatic agents had been arrested in Moscow by the Bolsheviks.

PARIS, Aug. 29.—Vladimir Burtzaf, the Russian revolutionist, says he has received advices from Russia that General Korniloff, who often has been reported dead, is living, according to the Temps.

PHONE RULES LAID DOWN

**RATES MAY NOT BE CHANGED
WITHOUT APPROVAL.**

**Companies Required to Make Charge
for Installing New Telephones or
Changing Old Ones.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Under orders issued today all changes in telephone rates must be submitted to the Postmaster-General Bureau for approval before becoming effective, and the companies are required to make a charge for installing new telephones or changing the location of old ones.

A statement by the Postmaster-General says the new changes are necessary to conserve labor and material and to eliminate a cost which is now borne by the permanent user of the telephones.

Installation charges where the rate is \$2 a month or less will be \$5. Where the rate is more than \$2 but not exceeding \$4 a month will be \$10, and where the rate is more than \$4 a month, \$15.

The moving charge to the subscriber, the statement says, will be the actual cost of labor and material necessary for making the change.

The order for submission of rates does not affect the notice of the Postmaster-General in taking control, stating that "until further notice the telegraph and telephone companies shall continue operation in the ordinary course of business through regular channels." It merely means, it was explained, that approval must be given before new rates actually go into effect.

NATION DRY JUNE 30, NEXT

(Continued From First Page.)
overwhelmingly rejected by the Senate without a roll call.

Six Months' Extension Denied.
Another amendment by Senator Phelan to permit six months' extra time for sale of wine also was rejected viva voce.

"I submit this substitute with the hope that it will aid in solving the difficulty," said Senator Sheppard in presenting the substitute. "This amendment establishes complete wartime prohibition and marks the final step in the series of prohibition regulations put into force since the war began."

Four-fifths of the country is now dry, Senator Sheppard added, so that in reality this provision only affects a small part of the country. He said President Wilson was in sympathy with the measure and believed at least a year should be allowed before putting it into effect.

Phelan Fears of Losses.
Vigorously opposing the compromise, Senator Phelan, of California, said it would cause great financial loss to California wine interests. He urged another year of time for the wine industry.

Citing daily rations of wine issued to French and Italian soldiers and

TEXT OF SHEPPARD AMENDMENT, ADOPTION OF WHICH BY SENATE MARKS BIG STEP TOWARD PROHIBITION IN UNITED STATES FROM JUNE 30, 1919, UNTIL AMERICAN ARMIES ARE DISBANDED.

The text of the Sheppard compromise amendment providing for prohibition beginning June 30, 1919, and lasting during the war follows:

"That after June 30, 1919, until the conclusion of the present war, and thereafter until the termination of demobilization, the date of which shall be determined and proclaimed by the President of the United States, for the purpose of conserving the manpower of the Nation and to increase efficiency in production of arms, munitions, ships, food and clothing for the Army and Navy, it shall be unlawful to sell for beverage purposes any distilled spirits and during said time no distilled spirits held in bond shall be removed therefrom for beverage purposes except for export.

"After May 1, 1919, until the conclusion of the present war and thereafter until the termination of demobilization, the date of which shall be determined and proclaimed by the President of the United States, no grains, cereals, fruit or other food products shall be used in the manufacture or production of beer, wine or other intoxicating malt or vinous liquors for beverage purposes.

"After June 30, 1919, until the conclusion of the present war and thereafter until the termination of demobilization, the date of which shall be determined and proclaimed by the President of the United States, no beer, wine or other intoxicating malt or vinous liquor shall be sold for beverage purposes, except for export. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue is hereby authorized and directed to prescribe rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, regard to the manufacture and sale of distilled spirits and removal of distilled spirits held in bond after June 30, 1919, until this act shall cease to operate, for other than beverage purposes; also in regard to the manufacture, sale and distribution of wine for sacramental, medicinal or other beverage uses.

"Provided, that the approval of this act no distilled malt, vinous or other intoxicating liquors shall be imported into the United States during the continuance of the present war and period of demobilization.

"Any person who violates any of the foregoing provisions shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by fine not exceeding \$1000, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

"Provided, that the President of the United States be and hereby is authorized and empowered, at any time after the passage of this act, to establish zones of such size as he may deem advisable about coal mines, munition factories, shipbuilding plants and such other plants for war materials as may seem to him to require such action, and in his opinion the creation of such zones is necessary to or advisable in the proper prosecution of the war, and that he is hereby authorized and empowered to prohibit the sale, manufacture or distribution of intoxicating liquor in such zones, and that any violation of the President's regulations in this regard shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by fine of not more than \$1000, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

"Provided further, that nothing in this act shall be construed to interfere with the power conferred upon the President by section 15 of the food-control act, approved August 19, 1917."

U-BOATS STILL WORK

**Reported Sinking of Spanish
Vessel May Bring Crisis.**

BIANCA ARRIVES IN PORT

**Schooner, Badly Damaged by Raider,
Keeps Afloat—Sixteen of Crew
of Submarine Chaser 209
Still Missing.**

Responding to questions by Senators Penrose, of Pennsylvania, and Simmons, of North Carolina, Senator Sheppard gave as his opinion that the prohibition amendment would not interfere with the manufacture of beer, wine and whiskey for medicinal, sacramental or non-beverage purposes, or for export.

Announcing his support of the compromise, Senator Jones said he believed the President was wrong in adding the extension of time, but believed it was the best solution now possible, adding: "I am not trying to defend it," said Mr. Jones. "It makes me sick to attempt it."

The compromise was declared a "half-way measure by Senator Smoot, of Utah, who, however, said he expected to give it his vote.

Norris Presents Loan Data.
Speaking in support of the amendment, Senator Norris, of Nebraska, held contentions that because of immense loans made by banks on whiskey held in bond, National prohibition would bring about financial disaster.

He read a letter from the Controller of the Currency showing that on March 4 last National banks in Louisville had approximately \$2,240,774 loaned on whiskey, while the total loans of these banks on other securities than whiskey totaled \$41,517,990.

MUSGROVE PREDICTS VICTORY

**Constitutional Amendment May Be
Adopted by March, 1919.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Chairman L. B. Musgrove, of the National Anti-Saloon League's campaign committee, today issued a statement predicting the prohibition constitutional amendment would be adopted by March, 1919, and become effective in March, 1920. The war prohibition measure, he said, would operate to expedite National prohibition.

Besides the 14 states which have already ratified the amendment, Mr. Musgrove claimed that 18—Alabama, Maine, Kansas, Oklahoma, North Carolina, Tennessee, West Virginia, Colorado, Oregon, Washington, Arkansas, Iowa, Idaho, Nebraska, Michigan, Utah, Indiana and New Mexico—"concededly" would ratify the amendment.

Florida, Wyoming, Minnesota, Missouri and Vermont, he asserted, are "two states shy" of ratifying the amendment, while Nevada, Illinois and Ohio are practically sure, he said. In Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey and California, he declared, there is a "splendid fighting chance."

POLICE TAKE "COLLECTOR"

**F. Benedict Alleged to Have Stolen
Pennants From "Elks" Graves.**

Stealing pennants, it was alleged, which had been placed on the graves of dead Elks last Decoration day and being "given away" by a friend after the latter was arrested for prowling in someone's residence, led to the arrest last night of Frank Benedict, aged 19, an employee of the American Can Company, on the charge. Besides the "B. P. O. E." emblems, other larger pennants taken from automobiles to the number of more than 50, were found in Benedict's room at 1092 East Harrison street, the police say.

Benedict's chum, Raymond Nelson, was arrested Wednesday night by Inspector Golts, charged with attempted larceny. Nelson was prowling about a house and finding he was discovered made a temporary getaway, dropping a shipyard service badge in his haste.

The owner of the badge was discovered by the police through the shipyard and the arrest was made. When Nelson arrived at the police station he told the authorities, it is stated, that he and Benedict had worked together on several robberies. After Benedict was arrested yesterday by Inspectors Mallett and Tichenor, the two confessed to stealing from porches, the police say. Pawn tickets which were found in their room are expected to bring to light other stolen goods. The two are held in the city jail pending investigation.

GERMAN HOLDINGS SEIZED

**More Than \$3,000,000 Worth Taken
by Government at San Francisco.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 29.—(Special.)—German-owned property valued at more than \$3,000,000 in this city has been seized by A. Mitchell Palmer, custodian of alien property. Guy T. Wayman, chairman of the appraisement committee, says that much valuable property in the business district is now in the control of the Government, where it will remain until the end of the war. He is assisted by a number of prominent local real estate men.



Lipman Wolfe & Co.
Merchandise of Merit Only

See These

Lovely New FALL FURS

SHOULDER CAPES of Hudson seal, edged with squirrel, are most attractive, and so different. Sable squirrel and Persian lamb, sumptuously lined with silk brocades, are especially beautiful among the showing of early Fall and Winter furs. Priced \$100, \$150 to \$400.

AMERICAN NATURAL FOX—Handsome fox furs, in taupe color. Priced at \$125.

MANCHURIAN WOLF, American Wolf and American Lynx come in very lovely designs—\$31, \$35 to \$85.

Third Floor—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

SILK PETTICOATS, SPECIAL \$3.95

—New styles in chiffon taffeta petticoats, with the prettiest accordion pleated, tucked and ruffled flounces. A splendid fitting petticoat, with elastic band at waist.

—In all the most fashionable colors and changeable effects—very special at \$3.95. Third Floor—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

CHARGE PURCHASES

**TODAY AND BALANCE OF THE MONTH GO ON
SEPTEMBER BILLS, PAYABLE OCTOBER FIRST**

STEPHENS HOLDS LEAD

**ROLPH'S CANDIDACY AS DEMOCRAT
TO BE DECIDED BY COURT.**

**Lastrum Maintains His Advantage
Over Miss Rankin in Race
for Senatorship.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 29.—Additional returns today served to emphasize the lead of Governor William D. Stephens for the Republican nomination for Governor and that of Mayor James Rolph, of San Francisco, on the Democratic ticket.

Returns from 5195 complete precincts of 6303 in California gave:
Republican—Stephens, 151,001; Rolph, 136,223.
Democratic—Rolph, 61,000; Heney, 43,051.

Immediate steps will be taken to have the Supreme Court decide the constitutionality of the primary law features which eliminate Mayor Rolph as Democratic candidate because he is registered as a Republican. Attorney Gavin McNab announced here today. He said he spoke as a Democratic party leader, but not for Rolph.

HELENA, Mont., Aug. 29.—Dr. O. M. Lanstrum, of Helena, had a lead of approximately 2700 votes over Miss Jeanette Rankin, Congresswoman from Montana, for the Republican nomination for United States Senator, in the count of the ballots cast in the statewide primary election Tuesday.

The count early tonight, with 1004

precincts complete out of 1045 in the state, showed Dr. Lanstrum received 16,546 votes and Miss Rankin 12,892.

Harry Parsons, of Missoula, polled 4081 votes, and Edmund Nichols, of Billings, 3461 for the Republican nomination.

Congresswoman Rankin, according to her brother, Wellington D. Rankin, will be a candidate for United States Senator at the November election, even if she is not nominated by the Republicans. He said her name had been written on the National party ballot in each county in the state in the Tuesday primary.

Election officials are quoted to the effect that Dr. Lanstrum's name also was written on the National party ticket in certain counties.

YOUTHS CONFESS ROBBERY

**Albany Authorities Apprehend Two
for Crime at Blackfoot, Idaho.**

ALBANY, Or., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Facts surrounding the recent robbery of two stores in Blackfoot, Idaho, were unearthed in Albany yesterday through the arrest of Daniel Fisher, 19 years old, of Salt Lake, and George Parker, 13-year-old son of a farmer residing near Blackfoot. The two boys confessed the robbery. An officer is on his way here from Blackfoot to take the boys back to that city.

The boys were arrested when "beating" their way into Albany on a Southern Pacific train, and the officers found they had a quantity of jewelry and other merchandise.

Minister Confers With President.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Dr. Paul S. Reinsch, Minister to China, was re-

Lemon Juice For Freckles

Girls! Make beauty lotion at home for a few cents. Try it!

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion and complexion beautifier at a very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! it is harmless.—Adv.

One Treatment with Cuticura Clears Dandruff

All druggists; Soap 25¢, Ointment 15¢ a tin. Cuticura 5¢. Sample each free.



Opening Exhibit of Women's Apparel and Autumn Style Premiere

You are courteously invited to be present at the formal opening of Portland's new apparel shop for women, which will occur on

**Friday Evening, August 30
Eight to Ten o'Clock**

We will have on display for the gratification of the women of Portland and vicinity the authentic Autumn modes in

Suits, Coats, Frocks, Millinery
During the evening animated models will appear on the showroom floors and in the display windows.

No Garments Sold During the Evening.

**One of the Most Handsomely Appointed Women's Shops
on the Pacific Coast**

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Know Us
by the Shield
On Every Window

Know Us
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On Every Window

WOMEN'S OUTFITTERS

AT POPULAR PRICES



**ARTHUR
GUY
EMPEY**
in
"OVER THE TOP"
STAR Coming
Tomorrow