

KAISER'S DENTIST
PREDICTS REVOLTWeakest Point in German Empire
Is That Loyalty Retained by Deception.

PEOPLE FED UPON LIES

With Soldiers Returning From
Front on Furlough Task of Concealing Truth Becomes Increasingly Difficult.BY ARTHUR N. DAVIS, D. D. R.
Dentist to the Kaiser for Fourteen Years.
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The weak point in the foundation upon which the German Empire rests today lies, in my opinion, in the fact that the loyalty of the people has been retained by deception and misrepresentation. Ever since the war started the government has been feeding lies to the people, and the people have accepted them at their face value. What will happen when the Germans realize that their own government has wickedly deceived them?

With the soldiers returning from the front on furlough and the propaganda of the allies slowly but surely beginning to circulate among the people, the task of concealing the truth from the German people becomes increasingly difficult. Already the people are becoming restless. Is it possible that they are about to wake up?

What will they do when they realize that the success of the U-boat campaign has been woefully exaggerated right from the start?

What will they do when they realize that America has won the war out of the purest motives that ever inspired a nation?

What will they do when they learn that America's power, growing every day, will eventually be great enough, in combination with the allies, to smash the German Empire?

What will happen when the German people realize that they have been the pitiful victims of the insatiable thirst of the Kaiser and his supporters for world power, but by the Kaiser and his war-lords to dominate the world?

What will they do when they begin to understand that four-fifths of the world is arrayed against Germany, not to destroy the German people, but to emancipate it?

Iron Discipline Prevails in Army. The German people are long suffering, but they will not stand imposition. When they learn the truth, I fully believe they will turn upon the leaders who have so wickedly and so consistently deceived them.

But how will they be able to prevail against the German mailed fist? If their emancipation depended upon their overthrowing the army, I should view their future with the utmost apprehension, but I believe the end will come with the co-operation of the army.

The part that the army plays in a revolution depends entirely upon the attitude of the officers. So long as the officers remain loyal the populace would be helpless, because the rank and file will follow their officers like sheep, as a general rule.

One of the soldiers who had been fighting on the Carpathian front came back on a furlough, and what he told me illustrated very clearly the iron discipline which prevails in the German ranks.

"One night we were told to go 'over the top' early in the morning," he said. "All we had had to eat that day was a small piece of black bread. We told our officers that we would refuse to budge out of the trenches unless we received decent food. Our threats were ignored, but that night we were given another small piece of black bread. Still we grumbled and insisted that we would refuse to fight unless we were properly fed. The hour arrived for the advance, and when the officers saw us, hungry and angry as we were, we clambered over the top like a flock of sheep and went forward at the command of our officers as we had always done."

All Depends on Officers. As long as the officers remain stanch to the Kaiser, therefore, little may be expected in the way of a successful revolution, no matter how discontented and rebellious the people at large may grow, but I believe that the time will surely come when the officers themselves will turn against their government.

There may be two revolutions. The civilians, consisting of women, old men and youths and others who have not been called into the army, may rise up, but their effort will be in vain. The defeat of such an uprising, however, may be the signal for a greater one in which a portion of the army itself will take part, and then a civil war will result which will have no counterpart in the world's history.

The basis for this belief lies in the fact that the officers of the German army realize the extent of the distress prevailing throughout the country. Their families, as well as those of the rank and file are suffering from undernourishment and privations, and they know, even better than their inferiors, the extent of the reverses which the German army has suffered and will continue to suffer and how the government has misrepresented actual conditions.

If the German officers consisted entirely of men of the old school—men who were willing to fight for fighting's sake and who would rather continue the war until the last German had dropped than give in—we could not look for much in this direction.

But the ravages of war have disposed

of a large percentage of these bred-in-the-bone officers and their places have been taken by civilians who have been raised from the ranks. Therein lies the hope of a successful revolution.

Overthrow of Empire Foreseen. When these civilian officers, who at heart are still civilians, and despite their exalted positions are no different essentially from the men they lead, become convinced that the German cause is not only wrong but hopeless, they are apt to listen to the grumblings of their men and side with them. Then the break will come.

I will not venture a guess as to when that will be, but I feel sure that it will certainly come about. Fortified by a large portion of the army, the German people will at last turn on their rulers and destroy the throne and the whole Hohenzollern regime.

In this connection, I recall a prophecy made early in the war by an honored

colleague of mine, of Dresden, an American dentist who had lived and practiced in Germany for forty years and understood the German people and their rulers as well, perhaps, as any man alive. He was a leader of his profession and a man whose judgment on all things was most accurate. He was in close contact with many leading figures of the German nobility.

"Germany will lose the war because her cause is wrong," he declared. "She will fight it through to the bitter end until the foundations of the Empire are absolutely destroyed."

The foundations of Hohenzollernism will be destroyed, no doubt, but when the German people realize what they have been and reveal a desire to embrace the blessings of democracy, it is possible that the world at large may be unwilling to let Germany again in the family of nations.

Germany's deliverance lies in the hands of the people. "The truth shall make them free."

(The End.)

GIRL MURDERER TALKS

GIOVANNI MONACO TELLS HOW HE KILLED MARY SPINA.

Accused Man, Taken at Vancouver, B. C., Reaches Portland in Custody of Police Inspector Morak.

Giovanni Monaco, arrested in Vancouver, B. C., a few days ago for violating the immigration laws, has confessed the murder of Mary Spina, 19-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Spina, of 544 East Twenty-second street, on the night of August 4, as she lay asleep at her home.

Police Inspector Morak, who went to Vancouver Tuesday on receipt of news that the prisoner answered the description of Monaco, telegraphed yesterday that a signed confession had been obtained and that he was starting for Portland with his charge.

Detective Morak arrived with Monaco at police headquarters here at 10:45 o'clock last night and a full confession to the crime followed.

"I loved Mary and wanted to marry her," said Monaco. "I entered the house with the intention of either persuading her to marry me or killing her. When I stood over her, I rubbed her hand gently to wake her and called, 'Mary, Mary, this is John.' She screamed for her parents then and I shot her."

Monaco told the story to the police here as unconcernedly as though he had had nothing to do with the crime. He told of how he made his way down town from the house after committing the crime, of buying a cap and walking to Vancouver, Wash. He paid a nickel to the tender of the Interstate bridge, passed across that structure without arousing any suspicion.

He boarded the next train north from Vancouver, Wash., and until the time of his capture Tuesday stayed at Westminister, B. C. He was arrested there for violating the immigration laws of British Columbia after he had given different names to officials there. He is now being held at the County Jail.

Monaco made threats on several occasions to kill the Spina girl when she steadfastly refused to marry him. A few weeks ago she caused him to be arrested, and on complaint that he would refrain from molesting her and leave the state immediately, the charge was dismissed by Municipal Judge Roseman.

COLE BLEASE IS OPPOSED

President Wilson Gives Opinion of Senatorial Aspirant.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., Aug. 15.—President Wilson has addressed a letter to Thomas H. Daniel, a local newspaperman, in response to a request for an expression of his views on the Senatorial race in South Carolina, in which ex-Governor Blease is a candidate, in which he says:

"Let me say that I have perfect confidence that the people of South Carolina will judge rightly in the Senatorial contest, and I have not the least fear that they will believe that Mr. Blease is or can be a friend of the Administration. The record of his opinion is already written and it is a little late to expunge it."

OBJECTORS GO TO FARMS

Men Opposed to Military Will See Service on Ranches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Use of conscientious objectors in the Army training camps as farm laborers will be extended, according to an announcement today. Experiments in using the objectors in this way at Camps Meade, Lee and Taylor have proven successful.

Final arrangements have been made for labor furloughs for objectors in Camps Gordon, Jackson, Dix, Upton, Sherman, Devens, Custer, Grant, Dodge, Lewis and Fort Riley, Kan.

Bellevue Hotel

SAN FRANCISCO
Management A. T. Lundberg, Formerly Manager Benson Hotel.
This excellent hotel is Northwest headquarters in San Francisco. Rooms with bath \$2.00 per day and upward.

AMIENS, DEAR CITY,
IS COMING TO LIFERetreat of Invader Celebrated
With Solemn Mass in Grand Old Cathedral.

CIVILIANS CREEPING BACK

Signs of Hun Bombardment Seen All Over Town; Streets Deserted. Still, but Recovery Is in the Air.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 15.—(By the Associated Press.)—Amiens, which has been "dead" for five days since its population of about 150,000, including 40,000 refugees, fled before the crest of the German offensive last night, is now being reclaimed by the British army.

The invaders have been driven back toward the Somme, and now gathered in the cathedral itself showed that Amiens was coming back to life, for in addition to the khaki and the horizon blue of the British and French soldiers, there was a sprinkling of the darker shades of civilian clothes. Most of those wearing the latter had returned to the city since the enemy was thrown back.

Before the altar, surrounded by red, white and blue flags of Great Britain, France and the United States, with the assistance of a choir formed of French soldiers, mass was celebrated. From the pulpit a priest eloquently told his hearers, sitting among sandbags and debris, the history of the cathedral.

The voices of the chorists accompanied by the soft strains of the organ and of violin solos, which were carried not only throughout the cathedral, but well into the streets through the open window spaces and across the German walls by explosives hurled by the Germans.

Old Marble Group Chipped. The glass broken here dated back to the fourteenth century. Fortunately much of the glass in time to save it. The same is true of the wonderful statuary, the famous bronze statues of which the church is the repository of the famous paintings and interior decorations. One of the famous paintings was damaged. That was cut out and carried away by debris sent flying through the cathedral when a German shell came bursting through the splendid roof.

Of the project chipped the columns of the edifice and also the old marble group of the holy family, which for some reason had not been removed.

Some houses and many others bear great, gaping holes in their sides, through which are revealed the interiors in some of which the covers of the tables on the tables, pictures on the walls and curtains flapping in the breeze.

Wrecked Wagon in Street. In one of the principal streets of the city an old wagon with one of its wheels off lies turned up sideways on the sidewalk. While a little further on is piled high with square blocks of stone from a demolished house. The pigeons of which there used to be so many, have gone to the great extent evacuated the shell-torn place at the same time that the entire population left it.

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the allied offensive. In the course of the letter, which is dated August 12, the King said:

"I return home with feelings of profound admiration for our army and am convinced that, in union with those of the allied nations, we shall, with God's help, secure a peace worthy of the noble sacrifices that have been made, a peace which must be a surety to the coming generation against the suffering in the Revolutionary War, and endured throughout these years of relentless war."

DELMONICO CASHIER SUES

R. F. E. McClellan Says Dr. Winters Called Him "Dirty German."

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—Dr. Joseph E. Winters, of 27 West Thirty-seventh street, was named as defendant in a \$25,000 suit filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by Robert F. Ellis McClellan, cashier at Delmonico's, who charges that the doctor said to him on July 15, in the presence of others: "You are a German—a dirty German—a low-down German."

McClellan asserts that none of the alleged statements is true. The plaintiff says that he is a direct descendant of Colonel Joseph McClellan, who commanded a Pennsylvania regiment in the Revolutionary War, and that he is a collateral descendant of Major-General George B. McClellan, one time commander of the Army of the Potomac during the Civil War, and hence kin of ex-Mayor George B. McClellan, of New York, the General's son.

The conspicuous loyalty of Dr. McClellan's ancestry caused him to feel that no other course was open to him save to institute a damage suit, so his attorney, Joseph F. Perdue, of 48 Fifth avenue, said yesterday.

MAYOR LABORS FULL SHIFT

Hanson One of Many Professional Men at Work in Seattle Shipyards.

SEATTLE, Aug. 15.—Today from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Ole Hansen was Mayor of Seattle. From 4 P. M. until midnight he was just Ole Hansen, shipyard common laborer. The Mayor put in his first day's work on his local yard on night shift in answer to the appeal of the Federal Employment Service for emergency helpers, which practically has brought the butcher, baker and candlestick maker to respond.

County Courthouse clerks, Harvey L. Gleason, assistant assessor, a postmaster and editor, and other prominent professional men joined the working ranks today.

GEORGE GREEN DROPS DEAD

Morrison-Street Bridge Tender Succumbs on Way to Work.

George Green, 67, of 1577 East Market street, employed as tender on the Morrison bridge, died suddenly, apparently from apoplexy, while riding on a Mount Tabor streetcar on his way to work at 10 o'clock last night. The body was taken to the morgue and the widow was notified.

Mr. Green wore a deputy sheriff badge bearing the number 56. He was a member of the Woodmen of the World, Oddfellows and Knights of Pythias.

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