KAISER UNAFRAID, HE TELLS GERMANY

Coming of American Armies Declared to Be No Cause for Fear by Huns.

PROCLAMATION BOASTFUL

Submarines Declared to Be Sure of Success in Attacking "Vital Forces Which Are Streaming Across the Sea."

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 1.—The coming of American armies to France and numerical superiority on the part of the allies do not frighten Germany, declares Emperor William in a proclamation to the German army and navy.

"Vital forces which are streaming across the sea to the enemy," he said, "are being attacked by German submarines which are certain of success."

The Emperor in his proclamation, which is dated August 1, alluded to the successes which the German forces have won, the bringing of peace to the eastern front and the heavy blows dealt the allies during the present Summer. He assured the army and navy that although they are in the midst of the hardest struggle of the war, they will be victorious.

American Power Admitted.

The Emperor continued:

"American armies and numerical superiority do not frighten us. It is the spirit which brings the decision. Prussian and German history teaches that, as well as the course which the campaign has hitherto taken.

"In true comradeship with my army stands my navy. In unshakeable will to win the victory in the struggle with opponents who are often superior and, despite the united efforts of the greatest naval powers of the world, my submarines are sure of success. They are tenaciously attacking and fighting the vital forces which are streaming across the sea to the enemy.

"Ever ready for battle, the high sea forces, in untiring work, guard the road for the submarines to the open sea and, in union with the defenders of the coast, safeguard for them the sources of their strength.

"Far from home, the small and heroic band of our colonial troops is offering brave resistance to a crushingly superior force.

"We remember with reverence all who have given their lives for the fatherland.

Fight to End Promised.

"Filled with care for their brothers in the field, the people at home are, in self-sacrificing devotion, placing their entire strength at the service of our great cause. We must and shall continue the fight until the enemy's will to destruction is broken. We will make every sacrifice and put forth every effort to that end.

"In this spirit the army and the homeland are inseparably bound together. Their united stand and unbending will is certain to bring victory in the struggle for Germany's right and Germany's freedom.

"God grant it."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The submarine is no longer a determining factor in the war and statements by Emperor William in a proclamation to the German army and navy that submarines "are tenaciously attacking and fighting the vital forces which are streaming across the sea" are without foundation, Secretary Daniels said today.

"The reduction in sinkings has been steady," Mr. Daniels said. "The submarine, as a leading, important factor in the war, is ended. It is always a menace as long as there is one in the seas and we are losing ships and will continue to lose ships now and then, but as for its being a determining factor in the war, that fear is ended."

THOMPSON IS DIVORCED

PORTLAND MILLIONAIRE AGAIN WITHOUT A WIFE.

Property Settlement Out of Court Said to Give Nearly $100,000 to Former Spouse, Beatrice Fletcher.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 1.—(Special.)—Mrs. Beatrice Fletcher Thompson yesterday was granted an interlocutory decree of divorce from Robert H. Thompson, millionaire of Portland, by Superior Judge Bernard J. Flood. The decree follows the announcement of a property settlement out of court by which the wife obtains nearly $100,000, according to attorneys. Mrs. Thompson was granted permission to resume her maiden name of Fletcher. Mrs. Thompson testified that her husband had used abusive and profane language in her presence and in the presence of friends. The couple were married last April and separated June 10. In November, 1916, Thompson was divorced in Portland from Harriet Thompson. Helen M. Goodeve obtained a judgment for $50,000 against him for breach of promise in 1912, but this was later reversed.

AUGUST 4 DAY OF PRAYER

Churches and People Asked to Join With Men of Army and Navy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1.—Word has been received from France by the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A. that the men of the allied armies in the war zone will observe August 4 as a day of prayer and intercession for the cause in which they are fighting.

The churches and people in America are asked to join with the men of the Army and Navy in a like observance of the day. Every minister and church leader is requested to set aside at least a part of every service on this day for the purpose of praying for the welfare of the men under arms and for a speedy victory to be granted to the cause for which they are standing.

In every camp and cantonment and marine and naval station in this country Red Triangle workers of the Y. M. C. A. will be leading large groups of the men of the colors in such services. Followers of every faith are asked to join in making this next Sunday one of great impelling force through prayer.

A Quotation. Place, in front of our windows:

"Say, mother, this is the place Margaret got her suit and also her mother got a coat. They always have good cloth in their garments here. Margaret says she don't believe she will ever wear her suit out. Let's go in and price that coat. You know this is

Acheson's"

362 ALDER ST.

OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The Army casualty list today shows:

Killed in action, 12; died from wounds, 23; died of disease, 11; died from airplane accident, 2; died of accident and other causes, 5; wounded severely, 61; wounded, degree undetermined, 2; missing, 3; prisoner, 1; total, 120.

The list follows:

KILLED IN ACTION—Lieutenant Wiley C. Bissett, Newbern, N. C.; William Wallrich, Shawnee, Wis.; Corporals George W. Reese, Mahoney City, Pa.; Joseph C. St. Lawrence, South Braintree, Mass.; Wagoner Edward Sindler, Oshkosh, Wis.; Privates Joseph L. Dalbey, Philadelphia; Guerrini D'Avolio, Chicago; Alexander A. Drummond, Funchal, Madeira; David Gecelesk, South River, N. J.; Harry E. Little, Malden, Mass.; Ralph W. Shirley, Fryeburg, Me.; Alfred Smith, Millville, N. J.

DIED FROM WOUNDS—Major James C. Williams, Ramer, Ala.; Lieutenants Thomas R. Bradley, Waxahachie, Tex.; Walter W. Craig, New Bethlehem, Pa.; Pete Haddix, Evenwood, W. Va.; Elmer E. Hagler, Springfield, Ill.; James W. Hanbery, Pittsburg, Kan.; Howard R. Huston, Deering, N. D.; William L. Leconte, Atlanta, Ga.; Arthur T. McAllister, Boonville, Mo.; George B. McCoy, Washington; Leon F. Roemer, Philadelphia; Harold C. Waggatt, Everett, Mass.; Sergeants George S. Koonce, Evansville, Ind.; Walter T. Mann, Plains, Pa.; Charles M. Sullivan, Sparta, Wis.; Corporals Harold E. Mason, Sioux Falls, S. D.; Roy W. Watson, Fond du Lac, Wis.; Privates John W. Fondren, Coleman, Tex.; Paul D. Kelley, Milton Junction, Wis.; Frank Mattern, Mobridge, S. D.; Guiseppe Polaio, Polistua, Italy; Lloyd Shoemaker, Alvin, Ill.; Max A. Straub, Herndon, Pa.

DIED OF DISEASE—Captain John D. Irving, New York; Lieutenant Michael J. Trock, Milwaukee; Sergeant Henry P. Keith, Gilliam, Mo.; Privates Thomas H. Ager, Kilduff Ia.; Leo Bird, Mattern, Ga.; Everett C. Case, Churchville, N. C.; Louis Coty, Worcester; Caleb Green, Meridian, Miss.; William Ichein, Bockhart, Minn.; William S. O'Keefe, Everett, Mass.; Lloyd J. Ward, Lowville, N. Y.

DIED OF AIRPLANE ACCIDENT—Lieutenants Cecil S. Huntington, Burlingame, Cal.; Joseph J. Mason, Pittsburg, Pa.

DIED FROM ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES—Captain George W. Wersoba, Perth Amboy, N. J.; Lieutenants Julian W. Hopenberg, Wetumpka, Ala.; Frank B. Sanders, Chesterfield, S. C.; Mechanic Ernest G. Kehoe, Solvay, N. Y.; Private John Hannula, Karruka, Finland.

WOUNDED SEVERELY—Major Howard W. Beal, Lewiston, Me.; Captain Henry A. Schwarz, Baltimore; Lieutenants Robert A. Brigham, Bath, N. Y.; Albert G. Kennedy, Jonesville, S. C.; Ernest C. Dedicke, Washington; John L. Roberts, Idaho Springs, Colo.; Sergeants Albert W. Anderson, Monaca, Pa.; Andrew J. Beck, Buffalo, N. Y.; Vern Boutilier, Oakfield, Me.; Lawrence B. McEntyre, Buffalo, N. Y.; Clotus L. Montgomery, Lebanon, Ind.; John H. Theus, Reynolds, Ga.; Corporals Frank H. Ames, Rochester, N. H.; James E. Colgrove, Hulls, Ill.; William J. Daly, Fitchburg, Mass.; Emanuel Hanoff, Brooklyn; Mechanic George Underwood, Lowell, Mass.; Privates Peter T. Anderson, Copenhagen, Denmark; Peter L. Baker, Ogden, Utah; Claude G. Bechtel, Hanover, Pa.; Arnold J. Bertrand, Red Lodge, Mont.; Carl Blair, Big Sandy, W. Va.; Frank L. Briggs, Harrison, Me.; John Bryda, Westfield, Mass.; George J. Bush, Haverhill, Mass.; Ralph H. Challenger, Lebanon, Pa.; Charlie M. L. Clark, Walter, Okla.; John W. Clingerman, Elkins, W. Va.; Charles O. Cross, Faribault, Minn.; Howard P. Curry, McDowell, Va.; Samuel J. Dana, Pleasant Point, Me.; August Davos, Pitco, Pa.; Patrick E. Dunn, Livingston, Mont.; Abe Worsky, New York; William M. Early, Oil City, Pa.; Carl Ebert, Salem Depot, N. H.; Robert W. Faulkner, Philadelphia; Ralph V. George, Cecilville, Cal.; Newton E. Grant, Union City, Pa.; Raymond Hamlin, Beach, N. D.; Heber Herbert, Washingtonville, N. Y.; Stanley Hill, Boston; Harold D. Jeffrey, Washington; Homer Jewell, Culver, Kan.; Edward E. Jones, Jr., Brooklyn; James D. Leasure, Parkersburg, W. Va.; Walter J. Lesher, Pottsville, Pa.; Joseph Luskin, Brooklyn; Herbert A. Howry, Providence; Harry M. Mullen, Dorchester, Mass.; James E. Punco, Raritan, N. J.; John W. Rankin, Plainville, Kan.; Edward Rasmussen, Oxford, Ind.; Harry G. Riley, Toms Creek, Va.; William Roberts, Vinton, O.; Archie L. Salmon, Owensboro, Ky.; Anthony R. Shields, Utica, N. Y.; Lawrence E. Smith, St. Louis; Harry L. Shroul, Cherryfield, Me.; Michael J. Tierney, Clinton, Mass.; Frank Vaughn, Prestonsburg, Ky.

WOUNDED, DEGREE UNDETERMINED—Lieutenants Miles W. Kresge, South Bethlehem, Pa.; Edward C. Merritt, North Augusta, S. C.

MISSING IN ACTION—Corporal Gennaro Scipione, Abruzzi, Italy; Privates Rollin C. Freshour, Ripon, Cal.; Paul Zanetos, Agrilla, Greece.

PRISONER—Private Charles E. Locke, Cincinnati, O.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The Marine Corps casualty list today shows:

Died of wounds, 3; severely wounded, 2; total, 5.

The list:

DIED FROM WOUNDS RECEIVED IN ACTION—Sergeant John J. McAmis, Covington, Ky.; Privates Richard A. Evans, Richmond, Va.; John O. Cowl, Leon, Ia.

SEVERELY WOUNDED IN ACTION—Private David D. Cairns, Cochesett, Mass.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED KILLED IN ACTION, NOW REPORTED SEVERELY WOUNDED IN ACTION—Private Realis C. Kiestler, Cypress, Ill.

BOND SALE AUTHORIZED

SEATTLE PERMITTED TO FINANCE SKAGIT HYDRO-ELECTRIC WORK.

Project Reported Adversely by Capital Issues Committee at San Francisco Approved by National Board.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The city of Seattle was authorized today by the Capital Issues Committee to sell $5,500,000 in bonds for the construction of hydro-electric plants on the Skagit River to serve war industries.

The project had been reported adversely by the Capital Issues Committee of the San Francisco Federal Reserve Bank, but was brought before the National committee here on appeal by Mayor Hanson and other Seattle officials, and President Wilson's interest was enlisted.

The municipality is permitted to sell $1,500,000 of bonds this calendar year and $1,000,000 every six months thereafter until the entire amount is floated.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 1.—Approval by the Capital Issues Committee of the Skagit River bond issue cleared the way, it was said here today, for immediate action toward the construction of the first unit of an electric power project which engineers assert will be capable of developing 200,000 to 250,000 kilowatts.

Proceeds of the sale of $5,500,000 in bonds will be used, according to present plans, on the construction of the Gorge Creek power plant, which is to furnish 35,000 kilowatts of power. Two other units are available for development later.

DRAFT LIMIT TO EXTEND

(Continued From First Page.)

Congress to go lower than the 21 limit is still apparent, although there is evidence of a strong sentiment toward carrying the maximum up as high as 45. There is no doubt, however, that War Department officials would prefer to draw on the classes of 19 and 20 year-old youths to fill the ranks and see no decided military advantage to be gained from any considerable extension upward.

Secretary Baker has heretofore announced that his policy in recommending any change in draft ages would be to seek a sufficient number of men to meet the Army's needs in such ages as would least disturb the economic situation at home. The bulk of the new forces, in his view, should be drawn from the youngest class of men physically able to stand the strain of modern warfare.

Army Men Want Boys.

From the purely Army standpoint this has been a boys' war from the start. The quick recuperative powers of youth have been vitally necessary to the military machine under the conditions of modern warfare.

Older men are slower to recover and are, therefore, of more limited use to the Army.

On the other hand, however, there are a great number of men who could be called out of the higher ages, even up to 45. A far greater proportion of the men between 21 and 45 have independent incomes than is true with men below 31, reducing the dependents factor for exemption to that extent.

It is not certain that the department is aiming at the creation of a force of any definite size. There are now upward of 1,300,000 American troops either overseas or en route. Secretary Baker said today the shipment rate of the early part of July had been maintained throughout the month, although he did not have available the total shipment. Under the 250,000-a-month suggestions and without mishap to the supply line, October should see 2,000,000 Americans overseas and the opening of the Spring campaign of 1919, when many officers believe the final scenes of the German defeat will begin in a great combined drive against the German lines, might easily see 3,000,000 ready for action, with another force of substantially 2,000,000 organized at home.

That would represent the Army of 5,000,000 men for which, in a general way, the War Department may be aiming.

Mr. Hoover Goes to Paris.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Herbert C. Hoover, the American Food Administrator, left here today for Paris.

ALLIED PARTY SAFE

Heads of Diplomatic Missions Reach Kandalaska.

OFFICIALS MUCH RELIEVED

Message From Ambassador Francis to State Department Says Representatives Are Now Safe on Murman Peninsula.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Ambassador Francis and the heads of the British, French and Italian diplomatic missions who recently arrived at Kandalaska, Russian Lapland, from Vologda, left that place on July 30 for Murmansk on the Arctic Ocean. The State Department was so informed in a cablegram received today from Mr. Francis.

Ambassador Francis' message did not give the reasons why the allied diplomats decided to leave Vologda and the department still is without official information on that subject.

Ambassador Francis reported the various diplomatic missions had arrived at Kandalaska, July 30, and that with the exception of the diplomats who were accompanying him to Murmansk, the emissions were remaining there. Murmansk is 179 miles north of Kandalaska.

Officials were relieved upon the receipt of the message from the Ambassador, as it indicates that he is safe now on the Murman peninsula, where armed forces of the United States and the allied governments are in control. Frequent communication with the Ambassador from Kola is now expected.

For several months communication with Mr. Francis has been slow and greatly interrupted and the messages have been frequently garbled.

HEALTH OF TROOPS GOOD

Death Rate in Cantonments for Week Lowest Since October.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The health of troops in the training camps and cantonments of the United States during the week ending July 26 was characterized as good in the weekly report issued today by the War Department.

The death rate for the week was 2.12, the lowest recorded since last October. Deaths numbered 104.

NORTHWEST IS BIG FACTOR

(Continued From First Page.)

Detroit, where practically the entire machinery formerly used for making pleasure cars has been turned over to war purposes.

"The Liberty motor is not 100 per cent perfection, but it is the best engine produced by either side for heavy, bombing planes. Its worth is shown in recent orders of allied governments for 21,000 Liberty motors."

Oregon Has Patriotic Record.

Mr. Ryan was welcomed to the city by Commissioner Bigelow, who briefly recounted Portland's and Oregon's patriotic record in a talk that paid tribute to the spruce and aircraft work. President Corbett, of the Chamber of Commerce, introduced the speakers.

The dining-room of the Chamber of Commerce, filled to the limit by the 600 business men, was decorated appropriately by men from the spruce production division at Vancouver. Spruce boughs were banked about the room and airplane models floated from the ceiling.

The Spruce Division Jazz Band, which furnished lively, patriotic music for the occasion, was composed of the following: Corporal C. Young, violinist; C. C. Borland, violinist; L. Fisher, clarinet; H. Hussgen, saxaphone; F. Pettit, drummer; Sergeant Tillotson, piano.

The dinner last night at the Arlington Club, attended by Mr. Ryan, was given by Colonel Disque, Lieutenant-Colonel Van Way and 75 officers of the spruce division headquarters staff.

Brief talks were made by Mr. Ryan and Colonel Disque. Most of the evening was given over to informal features, including orchestral and banjo music, and spirited songs, some of which were composed for the occasion.

It was near 10 o'clock before the banquet attractions were concluded. Division officers accompanied Mr. Ryan to his special car, in which he was carried northward at 11 o'clock over the Union Pacific line. He goes to Seattle and thence starts directly for Washington, D. C.

RUSSIA AT POINT OF WAR WITH GERMANY

Great National Awakening and Overthrow of Bolsheviki Expected at Moscow.

LENINE SCENTS DANGER

Famine Impends and Peasants Are on Point of Revolt Against Huns. Feeling of Bitterness Is Growing Day by Day.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 1.—"Feeling in Russia is everywhere very bitter against Germany," is the surprisingly frank statement made by Hans Vorst, special commissioner of the Tageblatt of Berlin, who reports from Moscow on his investigations.

Business men are blaming the "crazy tyranny" of the Bolsheviki for Russia's downfall and economic ruin. They believe another war against Germany was coming.

"An officer who claimed to be speaking for 80 per cent of his class," Herr Vorst continues, "said that he was serving under Bolshevik authority, but was doing so in the hope that some great national awakening would overthrow the Bolsheviki and that Russia would yet finish the war. Many peasants confessed that they were formerly for the Bolsheviki because they had been given land by this regime and had been left to manage their own affairs. The division of land had turned out unsatisfactory, however, as it was done without any system and one local soviet would take action diametrically opposed to the interests of other soviets.

Peasants Grow Restless.

"The peasants thoroughly approve the confiscation of church and monastery properties, but disapprove the clergy being persecuted by those in power, as the people have held to their religion."

LONDON, Aug. 1.—There are indications that the situation has changed in the last three weeks in Northern Russia and that the Germans shortly will begin an offensive against the southern part of the Murman Railway. The Finnish population now is intensely hostile to the Germans. There is a great shortage of food and the people are entirely dependent on the entente for sustenance. Both the government and the army, however, are completely under German control.

The Germans have induced the Bolshevik government to agree to the cession of the whole of the Murman coast to Finland, notwithstanding the desire of the inhabitants to remain Russian. The Finnish army capable of undertaking an offenseive probably does not exceed 30,000 men.

In the Ukraine the peasant rising has assumed large proportions and apparently seriously menaces the German and Austrian communications. The peasants are destroying the railroads and have blown up the bridge southeast of Kiev. The Austrian troops in the district have been unable to control them.

In the Caucasus there is great friction between the Germans and Turks. The Germans are trying to prevent the Turks from occupying Baku, on which a Turkish attack appears to be imminent. Baku is lightly garrisoned by Armenians and Bolsheviki and probably will fall.

There is evidence of growing discouragement in Bulgaria which is said to be due chiefly to the exploitations of the Bulgarians by the Germans.

MOSCOW, July 31, via Berlin to Amsterdam, August 1.—At a plenary session of the executive main committee, the Moscow Council and the labor organizations, Premier Lenine and War Minister Trotzky spoke, and the following resolutions were adopted:

First—The Socialist Fatherland is in danger.

Second—The chief tasks at the present moment are the repulse of the Czecho-Slovaks and the obtaining of grain.

Situation Regarded Grave.

Third—The most powerful agitation must be started amongst the laboring classes to explain the gravity of the situation.

Fourth—Vigilance must be increased against the Bourgeoisie, who everywhere are joining the counter revolutionists. The Soviet government must protect itself, and to that end the Bourgeoisie must be placed under control and mass terror put into practice against them.

Fifth—The general word must be death or victory, with mass expeditions for bread, mass military organization, the arming of workmen and the exertion of all strength to fight against the counter revolutionary Bourgeoisie.

The meeting at which these resolutions were adopted was held July 30.

MOSCOW, August 1, via Amsterdam.—The people's delegates for internal affairs have appealed to the provincial and district committees, declaring that Moscow and Petrograd have been without bread for four days. The committees are urgently requested to save the capital from famine.

Union Man Held as Embezzler.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 1.—William J. Schwartz, president of the National Association of Yardmasters, is in jail today charged with having embezzled $33,720 of the association's funds.

LOS ANGELES BANK ROBBED

Three Masked Men Lock Employes in Vault and Take $2000.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 1.—Three masked men today held up three persons in the Westlake branch of the Home Savings Bank, in a busy suburban district, and escaped with about $2000.

The masked men, showing revolvers, entered the bank shortly after noon, when only the manager, the bookkeeper and the statement clerk were there. They ordered the three employes into the large vault, which they were unable to lock, seized all the money in sight on the counter and backed out the front door.

The robbers escaped in an automobile through the crowded streets.

Peruvian Cabinet Resigns.

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 1.—The Peruvian Cabinet has resigned.

A Wonderful Economy Day!

Our 925th Bargain Friday Sale!

These are important underpriced offerings that mean the saving of many dollars to those who are fortunate enough to be able to attend, and in these days of "economy" everyone is looking for opportunities to save. Secure your full share.

An Extraordinary Showing and Sale of

Odd Lot Lace Curtains at Half Price

1/2 Regular Selling Prices! Not more than three pairs of a kind, but about 500 pairs in the lot. Included are Scotch and Madras Lace, Filet Net, Scrim, Marquisette and Irish Point Curtains. Prudent housekeepers will need no urging to attend this important sale.

Extra! *WOMEN'S WHITE OXFORDS* *At $2.48*
Also high shoes—this season's styles with high or low heels. All sizes in the lot, but not of each style.

Extra! *WOMEN'S SAMPLE NECKWEAR* *At 25c*
Neat and attractive styles too numerous to mention. Collars, Sets and Vestees in silk, pique and organdie.

Extra! *FANCY GOODS REMNANTS* *At 1/2 Price*
Ribbon, Lace, Chiffon, Georgette Crepe and Net Remnants, without reserve, to close at half price.

At a Ridiculously Low Price—We Are Closing Out Our Entire Stock of Women's and Misses'

Mohair Bathing Suits Special at $1.00

Dozens of styles and all sizes in the lot. Come early for first and best choice. None reserved—no phone orders and none sent C. O. D.

Extra! *CREPE KIMONOS* *At 94c Each*
Various styles and colors and most all sizes. Every garment less than cost.

Extra! *LUNCH KITS* *At $2.49*
Thermos and Hot-A-Cold Lunch Kits—either metal or fiber cases.

Extra! *BOXED PAPER* *At 15c Box*
24 sheets of Linen Finish Writing Paper, with Envelopes to match. White only.

Mid-Season Sale Summer Wash Fabrics 15c Yd.

Hundreds of yards of Printed Batiste and Woven Tissues in figure, flower, stripe, and check styles, in both medium and dark colorings.

Extra! *Stamped Art Goods* *At 25c*
Included are Towels, Runners, Pillow Cases, Pillow Tops, Doilies, Scarfs, etc. A wonderful assortment to select from—25c.

Extra! *EMBROIDERIES* *At 5c Yard*
A cleanup of odds and ends and broken lines of Edges, Insertions and Beadings. All of dependable quality—at 5c yard.

Extra! *DAINTY LACES* *At 2c Yard*
Out-of-the-ordinary values in Val, Torchon and Shadow Lace Edges and Insertions. Purchase for present and future needs.

Store Opens at 8:30 A. M. Saturdays at 9 A. M.

Roberts Bros. THIRD & MORRISON

The Most in Value—The Best in Quality

Store Closes at 5:30 P. M. Saturdays at 6 P. M.

AUGUST VICTOR RECORDS HERE TODAY

Some very fine numbers. Come in to hear them. You will find a cordial welcome awaits you.

"The Song That Reached My Heart" ..... Evan Williams
"Canzonetta" (string instruments) ..... Flonzaley Quartet
"They Were All Out of Step but Jim" ..... Murray
"We're All Going Calling on the Kaiser" ..... "Sailor" Reilly
"When I Send You a Picture of Berlin" ..... Fields and Peerless Quartet
"Indianola" ..... Murray
"Smiles," Fox Trot ..... Joseph C. Smith Orchestra
"Rose Room," Fox Trot ..... Joseph C. Smith Orchestra

G. F. JOHNSON PIANO CO.

149 Sixth, Bet. Alder and Morrison.

MEHLIN — PACKARD — BOND PIANOS. VICTROLAS AND RECORDS.

We Tune Pianos.

BANK OPEN

SATURDAYS 6 TO 8 P. M.

THE CITIZENS BANK

Grand Ave. and E. Alder

Now Is the Time TO BUY GROCERIES

Lay in a Supply of Canned Goods. The Price Is Advancing Day by Day. Buy Crisco—These Special Prices on CRISCO.

For Today and Saturday Only

No Phone Orders and No C. O. D.'s Taken for Crisco at These Low Prices.

Crisco, extra large, 9-lb. $2.75
Crisco, large, 6-lb. $1.85
Crisco, medium, 3-lb. 95c
Crisco, 16-oz. 31c

Groceries at wholesale prices to private families

SYRUP

Golden Marshmallow Syrup—good canning, fruit and table—No. 2 can 22c, No. 5 can 60c; No. 10 can $1.15, 5-gal. $5.50, 2-gal. jkt. $2.50

RAISINS—SPECIAL PRICES.

Seeded Raisins, Bonton brand, 15-oz. cartons, ea. 13c, 2 for 25c
Seedless Raisins, Bonton brand, 15-oz. cartons, each 13c, 2 for 25c
Seedless Raisins, unbleached Sultana, bulk, per lb. 12½c
Cluster Raisins, No. 1 cartons, each 12c

RIPE OLIVES—SPECIAL PRICES.

Medium Ripe Olives, quarts $3.25 per dozen—Each 30c
Large Ripe Olives, No. 10 cans, each $1.25
Extra Large Ripe Olives, No. 10 ..... $1.50
Sardines, round can, ½s flat, tomato sauce, per doz. $1.10, ea. 10c
Chili Con Carne, Gebhardt, per dozen $1.80, each 16c
Baked Beans, Taylor 1s, per dozen $1.00, three for 25c

ASPARAGUS AND CORN—SPECIAL PRICES

Onarga Corn, fancy, per dozen $2.00
Libby Asparagus, 2ls large, per dozen $3.40, each 30c
Libby Hillsdale Brand Asparagus, short tips, 1s, tall, dz. $2.40, each 23c
Libby Brookdale Cut Asparagus, No. 3 round cans, dz. $2.75, each 25c

FLOUR—FLOUR—SPECIAL PRICES

Potato Flour, Rice Flour, CORN FLOUR, BARLEY FLOUR, etc., at LOW PRICES. You do NOT need Wheat Flour when you can buy these high-grade and nutritious Cereal Flours at such low prices.

Potato Flour, 5-lb. packages, each 80c
Potato Flour, 10-lb. packages, each $1.60
Potato Flour, 25-lb. sacks, each $4.00
Potato Flour, 50-lb. sacks, each $8.00
Virgin Unpolished Long Grain Rice, No. 12½, per lb. 14c
Siam Imported Rice, No. 66, per lb. 11c
Rice Flour, per lb. 12½c
Corn Flour, Golden Glow brand, white or yellow, per lb. 8c
Corn Meal, white or yellow, 10-lb. sacks 75c, 49-lb. sack $3.25
Cream Rolled Oats, 9-lb. sacks 75c, 22½-lb. sacks $1.75, 49-lb. sacks $3.40
Oat Meal, steel cut or ground, 10-lb. sacks 85c, 45-lb. sacks $3.60
Oat Meal Flour, 10-lb. sacks 80c, 45-lb. sacks $3.25
Barley Flour, 10-lb. sacks 75c, 49-lb. sacks $3.25
Barley Meal, 10-lb. sacks 70c
Hominy, large and fine, 10-lb. sacks 80c

OUT-OF-TOWN PEOPLE—TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE! All mail orders will be filled carefully and promptly at these low prices—providing you order not later than Monday or Tuesday.

WE ARE PROUD OF JUNO COFFEE

We are now doing the biggest Coffee trade in the history of our business. We feel that this is due to the remarkable excellence of Juno Coffee.

JUNO COFFEE, 3½ lbs. for $1.00, or, per lb. 29c

D. C. BURNS COMPANY

208-210 Third Street, Bet. Taylor and Salmon

One and One-Half Blocks South of Public Market.
Special Mail-Order Service. Write for Monthly List.
U. S. Food Administration License No. G-33567.
Member of the Greater Portland Association.
Wholesaler to Private Families, Hotels and Restaurants.