

FEDERAL WORKERS MAY BE UNIONIZED

One Result of Adoption of Borland Amendment Requiring More Work Foreseen.

NO LIKELIHOOD OF STRIKES

Easy Work, Big Pay, and Long Vacations With Sick Leave and Half-Holidays in Summer Make Employee's Life Happy One.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, July 1.—One of the results of the adoption of the Borland amendment, requiring a minimum of eight hours per day in the Government departmental service, will probably be the unionization of Federal employees. Some progress has been made along that line already, but the hold of unions upon members in Government employment has not been strong.

The President's veto of the appropriation bill because of this amendment will, it is said, only tend to urge on the movement for unionization, in order to be prepared for conditions after the war.

Men and women on the Federal payroll have either been pretty well satisfied with pay and hours of service, or have not felt that organization would have much effect. As a matter of fact, exceedingly few people are on the Government payroll who in normal times could go into private employment and do better, or as well.

Work in the departments is from 9 A. M. to 4:30 P. M., with a half hour for lunch, making the working day seven hours. Each employee has 30 days' vacation and also 30 days' sick leave in case of actual illness, Saturday half holidays are granted in summer. These conditions are more liberal than can be found in most lines of private employment.

Salaries Not High Now. But these are not normal times, and some of the regular employees of the Departments find that at present they can do as well or better, so far as salary is concerned, in private employment. The pay of emergency employees in the War Department, the Food and Fuel Administration, the War Trade Board, the War Relocation Authority, are getting higher salaries than the regular Department employees doing a similar class of work.

These circumstances tend to make Uncle Sam's corps of clerical and stenographic workers displeased over the new eight-hour requirement. They will strive to keep their present working day, and for this reason they are getting higher salaries than the regular Department employees doing a similar class of work.

In this connection it may be safely asserted that organization is not at all likely to lead to a general strike. In some branches of Government, such as the postal service, in which the employees are highly skilled, it would be difficult to fill vacancies in case of a large number of resignations. But in other branches few positions could not be readily filled in normal times even were there a general strike.

Old Employees Will Not Quit. Moreover, in all the older departments are large number of employees well along in years who could turn to no other lines of work, though fairly proficient in the accustomed routine. Neither older employees, nor younger ones, make promises of saving anything. It has always been proverbial in Washington that the recipient of a Government salary, either in Congress or in the Departments, is never likely to receive or at least before the next pay day arrives.

With a long waiting list of applicants for positions in normal times, with small, if any, savings, and with a certain difficulty in finding as easy work at as good pay in private employment, there is no danger of a general strike of Government employees, however strong an organization they may form.

Their union, if made effective, will have for its chief purpose the systematic presentation of grievances before Senators and Congressmen, as well as the heads of Departments.

CONCERTS BEGIN SUNDAY

Council Selects Bandmaster and Arranges Summer Schedule.

Portland's Summer band concert season will open Sunday afternoon, July 7, at 3 o'clock in Washington Park, with a complete schedule of 30 concerts will be given. At a meeting of the Council yesterday Percy A. Campbell was selected to lead the band.

When Mayor Baker returned from his Eastern trip he told the Council that it was the policy of the city to conduct the United States to conduct musical programs for the people as a means of "maintaining the morale" of the public during the war.

There were no dissenting votes cast against holding of the concerts and a complete schedule will be worked out by Park Superintendent John White for a committee. The band will make its first appearance in the Fourth of July parade, the city having loaned the band to the Fourth of July celebration committee.

DEATH TAKES JOHN B. KING

Mount Pleasant Man Resident of Clackamas County Six Years.

OREGON CITY, Or., July 1.—(Special.)—John B. King, of Mount Pleasant, died at his home here yesterday.

LEMON JUICE TAKES OFF TAN

Girls! Make bleaching lotion if skin is sunburned, tanned or freckled.

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing one ounce of Orchard White, shake well, and you have a quartier pint of the best freckle, sunburn and tan lotion and complexion beautifier at very, very small cost. Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of Orchard White for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles, sunburn, windburn and tan disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.—Adv.

SEVEN-OUR DAY FOR CLERKS STANDS

Big Appropriation Bill Vetoed by President Wilson Because of Amendment.

NO CHANGE DURING WAR

Congress Eliminates Objectionable Rider and Repasses Measure, Sending It Again to President.

SPY SUSPECT IS HELD

Cards Bearing Information Regarding United States Ship Confiscated by Officers.

F. C. Ollivan, Delarco, an Austrian, was arrested yesterday afternoon for approaching too near the Army without a passport. He is held as a suspected German spy for having been in the United States since 1914. He is a member of the Masonic Lodge of this city since 1914, and the lodge will attend the services and assist in conducting the funeral.

On a card found in his pocket was written the following: "Swineheads put me in jail for nothing. Call me gringo." The card was found in his pocket when he was arrested.

A cartoon of the Kaiser marching with a sword over his shoulder marked "Militarism" and "The Omnipotent" was found in his possession. Under the picture of the Kaiser was written: "Acht! Don't argue, dot is all. I and heaven was always right."

Delarco claims to be a biologist and a graduate from the University of Jena, Austria. He says he has been manufacturing a concentrated extract called "Vegast," which he has been selling to druggists throughout the city.

A telegram in his pocket addressed to "Daleria, 1515 Leavenworth street, Pasadena, Cal.," asked to wire money immediately to Omaha Hotel in Portland and he would depart at once. The names Otto Wlasinsky and Arthur Hayzen were written on the card.

One telegram was addressed to Daleria and another pleading for money to Mrs. M. A. Daleria, although he said the name of his wife was Delarco, which name he used at the recent registration for German alien men. He told the officers that he had been in the United States since 1914. The name on his identification card read Frederick C. Ollivan Delarco.

Ollivan, alias Delarco, has been using several names, say the authorities. In his pocket was found a newspaper clipping relating to a dispatch from Vancouver, Wash., which said rumors that several ships built by the shipyards there were unseaworthy was false. Delarco said several weeks ago stole a French steamed locomotive from Joseph Patterson. He said he had also served six months and five days in jail for remarks concerning the Government.

83 STARS WOULD RIDE

AUTO NEEDED FOR MEN FROM U. S. S. WESTERN CHIEF.

Lieutenant Jones Asks Motorists to See That Seamen Have Chance to View Highway.

Wanted, at once, automobiles to take 83 United States Navy men from the U. S. S. Western Chief to the Columbia River Highway this morning.

That is the call sent out yesterday by Lieutenant Jones, of the Oregon Naval Militia, who is in charge of the entertainment of the visiting sailors while in Portland.

The officers of the party were taken over the driveway yesterday. Unless 10 automobiles respond to the call early this morning a number of worthy seamen will not have a chance to make the trip.

Anyone who can possibly offer the use of a car for a few hours is urged to notify Lieutenant Jones immediately or be at the United States naval station, Third and Washington streets, at 9 A. M.

The affair is being conducted under the auspices of the National League for Women's Service. The proceeds will go to buying fruit jars and sugar for the Fourth of July celebration committee.

The band will make its first appearance in the Fourth of July parade, the city having loaned the band to the Fourth of July celebration committee.

TWO HELD FOR SEDITION

W. J. Mills and John Doe Kinder to Face Federal Charges.

Violation of the espionage act is charged against two Oregon prisoners held in custody yesterday by Assistant United States Attorney John Veatch. Both men are alleged to have made seditious remarks about the Government or the President.

It is charged that W. J. Mills, now in jail at Grants Pass, made the statement, "The Kaiser will soon be over here and I will be glad of it."

John Doe Kinder, who is held at Medford, is accused of having cursed the Government and the President.

PARIS AIR RAID PROBABLE

Enemy Planes Cross French Lines on Way to Capital.

PARIS, July 1.—Enemy airplanes crossed the French lines last night, proceeding for Paris. The alarm was given at 12:34 A. M. in Paris and "all clear" was sounded at 12:59.

It is officially announced that there is nothing to report on the raid.

SEVEN-OUR DAY FOR CLERKS STANDS

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NO CHANGE DURING WAR

Congress Eliminates Objectionable Rider and Repasses Measure, Sending It Again to President.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—Congress eliminated a legislation rider requiring Government clerks to work eight hours a day instead of seven from the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill today after President Wilson had vetoed the measure because of the provision. Salary increases for the clerks of \$120 a year to meet the increased cost of living were left unchanged.

The President took the position that, having asked private employers to make no change in working conditions unfavorable to labor during the war, he could not assent to a bill under which the Government itself would make such a change.

When an effort to override the veto failed in the House by a vote of 443 to 50, the bill promptly was repassed there without the rider and similar action in the Senate followed. The Senate, however, added an amendment extending the salary advances to employees paid from lump-sum appropriations. This was accepted by the House and the measure now goes back to the President.

The vetoed provision was an amendment by Representative Borah, of Missouri, who for a long time has been fighting to establish an eight-hour day in Government departments.

The veto message says: "At the outset of the war I felt it my duty to urge all employers in the United States to make no change in the conditions of labor which would be unfavorable to laborers. It has been evident from the first how directly the strain of the war is to bear upon those who do the labor which underlies the whole process of mobilizing the Nation, and it seemed to me at the outset that it was my duty to see that the Government should not take this position because I have not learned from any trustworthy source that the Government in the district have been slack in their labor or have demurred from doing any of the traditional duties which the time and exigency require. On the contrary, I have learned that they have cheerfully done additional labor and not needed the compulsion of law."

Having taken this position in an earnest appeal to other employers, I do not feel justified in assenting to a measure in which the United States as an employer changes the conditions of the labor of its own employees unfavorably to them, and I feel the freer to take this position because I have not learned from any trustworthy source that the Government in the district have been slack in their labor or have demurred from doing any of the traditional duties which the time and exigency require. On the contrary, I have learned that they have cheerfully done additional labor and not needed the compulsion of law."

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HOSPITAL SHIP IS SUNK

(Continued From First Page)

jar and the roar of an explosion from aft. Then the lights went out.

"All that followed, save when a dim light was obtained from an emergency dynamo, just before the ship foundered, took place in darkness. The engines were run once to stop, then full speed ahead. But from the engine room came no answer.

"The rehearsed routine of the ship, however, held good. With the German captain's orders, the emergency like this, and along the darkened decks the crew groped to the boat stations and stood by for orders to leave her.

"In the wireless cabin the Marconi operator was trying in vain to transmit the ship's position. He had no power, and the spark was gone.

"The carpenter, after an examination, reported that No. 4 hold was blown in and that the ship could not remain afloat. The order was given to lower away the boats on both sides and abandon ship.

"The officer commanding the Canadian army medical corps on board reported that his people were out. This is important in view of the fact that no boat but that of the Captain has been picked up.

Captain Misses Last Boat. "One of the small boats, called accident boats, was held back for those last to leave the ship. But when all the others were gone, the Captain went to his cabin for an electric torch, and on returning to deck found that this also had gone.

"The commander hailed the boat, in English: 'Come alongside.'

"The boat was pulling down to pick up a drowning man. The second officer stood up and shouted back: 'We are picking up a man from the water.'

"Come alongside," repeated the boat, and the Captain, who was on the boat held on its way and forthwith two revolver shots were fired at or over it.

"Come alongside or I will shoot my big gun," shouted the submarine commander. The boat lay alongside the submarine and the captain (probably the man who picked up the boat) on board. In case he should be made prisoner and kept on board, he gave the second officer, who remained in the boat, the course to steer. He was then taken to the conning tower of the submarine, where two officers awaited him.

"What ship is that?" "It's the hospital ship Landover Castle," answered the captain.

"Yes," the commander did not attempt to appear surprised, but you are carrying eight American flight officers."

"We are not," replied the captain. "We have seven Canadian medical officers on board. The ship was chartered by the Canadian government to carry sick and wounded Canadians from England to Canada."

"The submarine commander reiterated: 'You have been carrying American flight officers.'

"I have been running to Canada for six months with wounded. I give my word of honor that we have carried none except patients, medical staff, crew and sisters."

The commander then demanded if there were any Canadian medical officers in the boat, and he was told there was one. He ordered him to come aboard.

"Where are our other boats?" asked the captain. The submarine commander did not answer. He was watching the Canadian medical officer being roughly hauled on board and thrust along the deck. This was done so violently and with such plain intention to injure that the Canadian medical officer, who actually had a small bone in his

foot broken by the handling he received.

"There was another German officer in the conning tower, the second in command who had not yet spoken. In reply to the captain's question, he motioned over his shoulder with his field glasses, northward.

The following survivors from the captain's boat are the only ones accounted for up to the present. Eleven of them were picked up from the water:

"R. A. Sylvester, captain; L. Chapman, second officer; D. C. Barton, fourth officer; H. E. Evans, purser; camp trimmer Davies, Painter Scott, O. S. Hunt; able-bodied seamen Murphy, Schroeder, Friedrich, Ward, Tredgill; Fireman P. McVey, Fireman Mounsey, Trimmer Heather, Deck Steward Savage, Assistant Steward Abraham; Ward attendant of the Canadian Army Medical Corps. The boat also contained the following: Major P. Lyon, Sergeant Knight and Orderlies Taylor, Hickman, Pilot and Cooper.

"Major Lyon was interrogated after protesting as a medical officer and was ordered back into the boat. The captain also was allowed to go. The boat was cast off and pulled away from the submarine.

"The submarine began to circle around the wreckage at full speed. Several times it shaved the boat narrowly, once swirling within two feet of it; once it stopped and again took the second and fourth officers aboard and questioned them.

New Excuse Invented. "By this time the submarine commander, after a new excuse, stated that there was a big explosion at the vessel sank, and that, therefore, she must have been carrying ammunition."

"The second officer explained patiently that this was the explosion of the boiler, and that the vessel was sinking. They were allowed to return to the boat, which then made a sail and proceeded.

"Again for a while the submarine circled and threatened her by swooping close to her and then moved off and seemed to come to a stop. From this position the captain, in a new statement, she opened fire at an unseen target, firing about 15 shells.

"It is perhaps too early yet to guess what the unseen target may have been. Possibly the other boats when they are picked up can furnish evidence on this point.

"The captain's boat had been towed for some distance while alongside the submarine. Nothing was to be seen of the other boats. The captain, sent out, there was no hope of assistance arriving from the north. The captain, then, decided to make for the Irish coast, to send help.

"After sailing and pulling for about 70 miles they were picked up by the destroyer Lyander, which rescued the captain of the Landover Castle and those in his boat, and, after the rescue, they sailed.

"When the survivors were picked up they cheered, although they had been drifting for hours and had sustained only shipwreck and water.

When last seen the submarine was apparently shelling, in the darkness, one of the seven boats.

"One boat, in which there were 12 nursing sisters, was seen to capsize. The sisters were thrown out and were seen to drown. The captain, however, was in the same boat managed to crawl on the keel.

"Nothing had been seen of the others. The submarine was observed charging wreckage, on which might have been seen the bodies of the crew. It was likely some of the boats were drifting.

"The submarine steamed swiftly toward the wreckage, containing the survivors, and passed just astern. Ordinarily such a maneuver would disperse the water so as to make the captain's boat, a small boat, almost invisible. This boat, however, kept on her keel."

U-boat Captain Brutal. The commander of the Lyander, describing the ferocity of the submarine commander, said:

"The Canadian sergeant was dazed and bruised. When the Lyander turned back got near the submarine the sergeant climbed aboard exhausted. He thought it was a rescue, but he was seized by one of the submarine officers and thrown back like a handbag."

The commander, in a general review of the circumstances, says that Captain Sylvester knew nothing about a submarine being in the vicinity. He did not at first realize that he had been seized by one of the submarine officers and tried to get the emergency response to work, but there was no time.

"After the submarine charged into the wreckage," says the commander, "from what I have heard, I firmly believe that the submarine tried to ram the survivors' boat and thought it had done so."

"As far as can be ascertained, one stoker was observed on the upper deck just as the ship was disappearing. We have since been cruising in the neighborhood, but not a single speck or wreckage of any kind was seen. It must, of course, be remembered that it was a long time after the event that any naval craft got on the spot. The wreckage might have drifted away, but none has been discovered. Neither have we been able to find any trace of the missing boats."

KELLY BUTTE WOMEN HELP Inmates of County Detention Home Buy War Savings Stamps.

Sixty-five inmates of the Women's Detention Home at Kelly Butte purchased \$800 of war savings stamps in the past week.

The purchases were all in cash, and many of the women made additional purchases during the latter part of last week, after learning that Portland was lagging in the campaign.

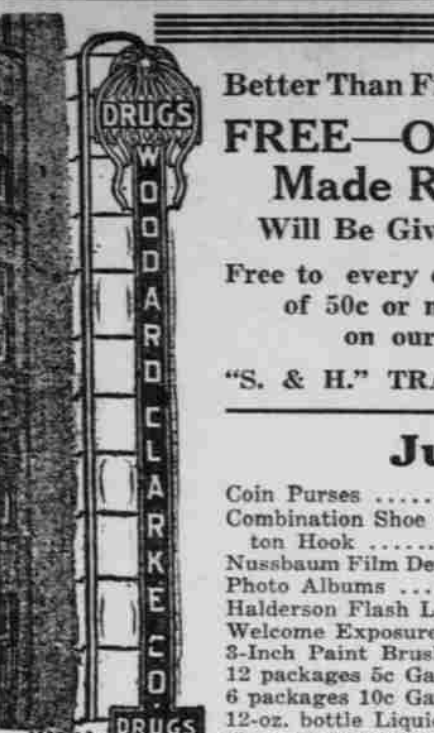
The City Council yesterday was informed that the County Commission had rescinded the operation agreement under which the Detention Home has been maintained for many months. The city will no longer be required to serve to the women and it has become necessary for the City Council to appropriate \$1000 for this purpose. No explanation was made by the county officials for the cancellation of the working agreement.

WOMAN INJURED IN CRASH Mrs. J. B. Maher Thrown From Auto While Making Turn.

Mrs. J. B. Maher, of the King Albert Apartments, was seriously injured last night when an automobile in which she was riding was turned over at the corner of Park avenue and King street. The machine was going East on Park avenue at a good rate of speed and in making the turn to go south on King street turned over and crashed into a tree. Mrs. Maher received injuries to her head and back, and was taken to the St. Vincent's Hospital by the Ambulance Service Company.

The other occupants of the car were not injured.

Tillman Funeral Tomorrow. Frank Tillman, who died yesterday, at his home, 5124 Front street, will be buried from St. Lawrence Church, Third and Sherman streets, at 9 A. M. tomorrow. Interment Mount Calvary cemetery.



Better Than Fireworks for the Children FREE—One of These Well-Made Rubber Balloons Will Be Given Until All Are Gone

Free to every customer making a purchase of 50c or more in any department on our first three floors.

"S. & H." TRADING STAMPS BESIDES

Just a Few Suggestions

Coin Purses	50c	Sterno Stove Outfit	50c
Combination Shoe Horn and Button Hook	50c	Good Rubber-set Lather Brush	50c
Nussbaum Film Developing Tray	50c	Boys' Pocket Knife	50c
Photo Albums	50c	"Hone Your Own" Razor Home	50c
Halderson Flash Lamp	50c	Blunt Point Scissors for Sammies' Outfits	50c
Welcome Exposure Record	50c	Article Scissors	50c
3-Inch Paint Brush	50c	Folding Shaving Mirror	50c
12 packages 5c Garden Seeds	50c	1 pkg. Durham Duplex Razor Blades	50c
6 packages 10c Garden Seeds	50c	1 pkg. Eveready Blades	50c
12-oz. bottle Liquid Veneer	50c	50c Bromo Seltzer	50c
"Wood-Lark" Thermometer	50c	25c Alcock Porous Plasters, 3 for	50c
12-oz. bottle Oil Cedar Oil	50c	60c Danderine	50c
Bathing Caps	50c	60c California Syrup Figs	50c
Bathing Suit Bags	50c	Salvora Sage Tonic for Dandruff	50c
Bathing Shoes	50c	60c Swamp Root	50c
Rubber Gloves	50c	Cold-Well Cough Balsam	50c
Colored Glasses	50c	55c Glyco-Thymoline	50c
Flags	50c	Cla-Wood Asthma Remedy	50c
Rubber Balls	50c	16 oz. Dentox Mouth Wash	50c
Dolls	50c	60c Walnuta Hair Soap	50c
Kewpie	50c	2 bars Whale Oil Soap	50c
Glass Vases in various styles and shapes	50c	1 qt. Apicid	50c
Haeger Pottery Bowls	50c	10 lbs. Bathing Epsom Salts	50c
White Kid Boxes for Gifts	50c	1 qt. Denatured Alcohol	50c
Waynesboro Linen Stationery, in khaki, buff, lavender, pink, blue, white, gray	50c	8 oz. Castor Oil	50c
Commonwealth Lawn Stationery, dainty tints with attractive borders	50c	8 oz. Powdered Orris Root	50c
"Cloth of Gold," 96 sheets Linen Paper, lb.	50c	1 pt. Albandol	50c
Hurd's Lennox Lawn in all shades	50c	6 oz. Pure Olive Oil	50c
Volland Mottos	50c	2 lbs. Bird Seed	50c
Guaranteed Washable Chamois	50c	2 lbs. Merck's Sterate Zinc	50c
Bath Brush	50c	10 lbs. Sea Salt	50c
Bleached Bath Sponge	50c	1 lb. Hospital Cotton	50c
Electric Insoles	50c	Miolema Cleansing Cream	50c
Jar Cucumber and Elderflower Cream	50c	Miolema Vanishing Cream	50c
Jar M. Hood Cold Cream	50c	Miolema Cucumber Cream	50c
Cutaneous Emollient	50c	Peerless Almond Cream	50c
Uardas Cream	50c	Witch Hazel Cream	50c
Crema de Melisse—white or flesh	50c	Princess Rouge	50c
Princess Cream	50c	Marcelle Powder	50c
Miolema Cold Cream	50c	Miolema Face Powder	50c
5000 sheets Toilet Tissue	50c	Marvelous Cold Cream	50c
18-Inch Towel Bar	50c	Perfume—assorted odors, oz.	50c
Shoe Polish Outfit	50c		
Whisk Broom	50c		
1/2 dozen Sterno Heat	50c		

Hoodand Clark Co. Always "S. & H." Stamps First Three Floors

SEND IN DISHES, PLEASE

EQUIPMENT NEEDED TO BANQUET UNCLE SAM'S SOLDIERS.

Discarded Dishes and Cutlery Will Be Received at Accommodation Desk at Department Stores.

Here's the chance to feel that one is playing host or hostess to the men who assemble in Portland just before they leave for Camp Lewis and the olive drab.

With the organization of a permanent committee for the farwell entertainment of the boys, as they are called, the colors, the committee has sent forth an S. O. S. plea for contributions of dishes and cutlery to equip the future banquet boards.

All dishes that are serviceable will be accepted, as will knives, forks and spoons, though they may have been used by the housewife, boarding-house or hotel for newer patterns. They will be in the care of the entertainment committee and will furnish a permanent set for the dinners to be given to selected men.

Among the items needed, sufficient for the banqueting of 2500 men, are cups, saucers, dinner plates, dessert plates, platters, sugar bowls, creamers, vegetable dishes, knives, forks and spoons.

Contributions of dishes will be received at the accommodation desks of downtown department stores, or at the Auditorium, where the farewell dinners are to be given.

The committee in charge is acting for the War Emergency Council and is composed of the following members: Mrs. R. D. Inman, chairman; Mrs. C. B. Simmons, Mrs. B. Blumauer, A. G. Clark.

of the board are: Mrs. F. H. Morrison, Dallas; Mrs. C. H. Hyland, Astoria; Mrs. Berta Hansen, Tillamook; G. E. Mulkey, Coquille; Miss Margaret Coen, Salem; Mrs. Z. I. Riggs, Salem; Mrs. Arville Beckwith, Clatsop; Mrs. Edith Sore, Portland; M. L. Falkerson, U. S. Deton, W. I. Reynolds, Salem; V. V. Willis, Scotts Mills; Mrs. Emily Shaw, Mrs. Minnie Altman, Oregon City; E. C. Stated, Central Point; Miss Sibyl Harrington, Salem.

Read The Oregonian classified ads.