

AUSTRIANS, TIRED OF WAR, GO ON STRIKE

Pressure Brought to Bear on Government to Invite Peace Negotiations.

APPEAL MADE TO BURIAN

Food Situation Shows No Improvement—Emperor Charles Expected to Refuse to Accept Resignation of Cabinet.

LONDON, June 24.—A strike, which, starting in Vienna, is said to be coming general in Austria, registers the revolt of the people against war. And the fact that the strike was war unpopular, the food shortage, shows no tendency to improve.

Strikers in the various factories at Vienna on Saturday formulated a demand that the Austrian government should issue a general peace and invite the governments of enemy countries to enter into peace negotiations, says a dispatch from the Hague to the Times. Representatives of the workers submitted the plan to Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister.

AMSTERDAM, June 24.—There is sufficient corn for only half a bread ration in Austria, declared Food Minister Paul in an interview with the Vienna correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger. The food department is attempting to make up this deficiency with other foodstuffs. In addition to 250 grammes of beef, two pounds of horseflesh per person will be distributed weekly.

Mobile Kitchens Planned. Military mobile kitchens will be used to supply 100,000 persons daily for four weeks with a warm meal consisting of soup, 100 grammes of meat and vegetables.

AMSTERDAM, June 24.—In discussing the crisis in the Hungarian government, Budapest newspapers, says the Lokal Anzeiger, of Berlin, mention Count Tisza presumably as successor of Premier Wekerle.

Emperor Charles, a Vienna dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger, of Berlin, says, undoubtedly will refuse to accept the resignation of the Von Seydler cabinet, which will remain as constituted except probably for the Polish Minister, Herr von Twardowski, who will retire.

Discussing events which led to the resignation of the Austrian cabinet a Vienna dispatch to the Vossische Zeitung, of Berlin, says that Baron Burian, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, took the position that he was unable to make a declaration against the coalition of Austria with the Poles demanded because it was a purely internal affair.

Premier von Seydler was ready to declare that the coalition of Galicia should come only by constitutional methods.

Promises Demanded By Poles. The Poles, however, demanded an expressed declaration that partition was out of the question and also demanded a binding promise from the German parties regarding an Austro-Polish solution.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Organization in this country of the Bohemians, Poles and members of other races oppressed by Austria and Germany into volunteer units of a "Slavic Legion," authorized in an amendment to the Army appropriation bill was discussed today at a conference between Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, chairman of the foreign relations committee, and Professor Masaryk, head of the Free and Independent Bohemian Society.

Dr. Vladimir V. Alexandrov, president of the Russian National Defense in the United States, is joined in the conference.

Under an amendment added to the Army bill by the Senate committee, Dr. Alexandrov said he thought 100,000 Russians in this country might be expected to form a separate military corps.

LINN COUNTY SENDS 62

Draft Contingent Leaves Albany for Induction at Camp Lewis.

ALBANY, Or., June 24.—(Special.)—Linn County sent 62 more young men into the service today when its draft contingent on the present call left Albany at 8:20 this morning for Camp Lewis. Five of the local contingent entrained at other places, having changed their residences since they registered, and three men summoned from other places went with the Linn County men.

The 57 Linn County men who were inducted here this morning are:

Thomas John Brubaker, Albany; Carl William Edward Leitch, Lebanon; Frank John

Poslam, Best There is for Ailing Skin

You will find in Poslam the quick relief you seek for ailing skin, the active help you need to rid of pimples, to heal eczema, to drive away itches, redness and to clear inflamed complexion.

When Poslam is applied, angry skin is pleasantly soothed, irritation is allayed, itching however intense, is ended. Nothing but a healing power such complete and satisfying work. That is what Poslam possesses in the highest degree.

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Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

Try D. D. D. for Eczema

A Liquid Wash for Skin Disease 25c, 50c and \$1.00

SKIDMORE DRUG CO. OWL DRUG CO.

AUSTRIANS IN ROUT

General Diaz Reports 40,000 Prisoners Captured.

WAR BOOTY IS IMMENSE

Defeated Troops Flee in Disorder Across Piave Under Hail of Fire.

From Italian Batteries and Airmen.

(Continued From First Page.)

been captured, but it is probable that this communication antedated that sent, and that the captives in the hands of the Italians greatly exceed this figure. The probability that this is true is

enhanced by the fact that the river was swollen out of bounds and most of the few bridges that had not been carried away by the freshet had been shot to pieces by the Italian guns, compelling the enemy either to surrender or take his chances of being able to swim the turbulent stream.

Yast Supplies Abandoned.

So hurriedly was the retrograde movement of the Austrians at some points that they did not attempt to save their guns and stores, great quantities of which now are in Italian hands.

As yet there has been no sign that the enemy purposes again to renew at an early date another offensive in the mountain region.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Sunday, June 23.—An Italian staff officer, arriving from the fighting zone on the Piave River, exclaimed as he went into the Italian army headquarters tonight:

"Victory is ours! We have put the enemy across the Piave all the way."

Austrian Gain Eclipsed.

The victory of the Italian army is considered by army officials to be greater than that of the Austrians in the Bainsizza plateau last fall. The Austrian retreat was made more difficult by a violent thunder storm.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Sunday, June 23.—(By the Associated Press.)—The great retreat by the Austrians along the Piave front began under cover of darkness on Saturday night. The retreating troops left their cannon behind them.

Italian detachments are pursuing the enemy east of the Piave.

South of the Zenson bend the Austrians are fighting rearguard actions to cover the retreat of their main body over the two miles that they have left at San Dona and Grisolera—3½ miles from the Adriatic.

Entire Front Aflame.

When it was observed that the Austrians had begun a retrograde movement, the Italians began to attack virtually all along the Piave line from Montello on the north, well toward the mouth of the river. The attack was quickly pressed, and became more insistent, accompanied by violent artillery fire.

The number of guns left behind by the Austrians as they retreated had not been computed, but is said to be very great.

Hitlerian troops left to cover the retreat used their machine guns to set up a barrage fire.

The work of the American aviators, who appeared on the front last week for the first time, contributed notably to the disorganization of the Austrian forces which had crossed the Piave, according to Raffaele Gerlini, correspondent of the Milan Secolo.

Attack Begins at Dawn.

The Italian attack began at dawn on Sunday. With the Montello on the left flank, the attack was carried over the line through Candelo to the San Dona di Piave.

LONDON, June 24.—After recapturing the Montello from the Austrians, according to news received in London this afternoon, the Italians began making bridgeheads at Falze and Nervessa. The Italians met with little resistance.

The retreating Austrians crossed the Piave by the only bridge remaining to them north of Zenson. Other enemy forces were forced to wade across the stream.

Between Montello and Zenson, the Austrians are on the river for the entire distance. They are sending a cavalry between the Conegliano and Oderzo railroad to clear the country.

Dispatches to which the Italians have received in London this morning the Austrians had left 2000 men to defend the Montello spur and these fell into the hands of the victors. These dispatches also indicated that a rapid advance by the Italians must not be expected, as the Austrians had some 20 divisions in reserve.

It was thought probable there would be strenuous Austrian resistance at the bridgeheads on the left bank of the Piave, which were well fortified.

However, it was pointed out, should the cavalry which General Diaz has directed across the river succeed in overflanking these bridgeheads the task of fighting ahead would be considerably less difficult.

Meanwhile, the Italian artillery is being systematically advanced toward the Piave and with the captured Austrian guns and the recaptured Italian artillery, is heavily bombarding the retreating Austrians. Bridges already have been thrown across the river by the Italians.

ROME, June 23.—(By the Associated Press.)—Italian troops have crossed the old channel of the Piave River,

west of the main stream and recaptured several of their old positions there, according to a semi-official announcement tonight. From Cape Sile other detachments were advancing toward the main stream of the river.

Aviators Bomb Enemy.

The Italians have thrown numerous bombing detachments across the main stream, where the artillery and aircraft are hammering the enemy.

LONDON, June 24.—One of the principal objects of the recent visit to Germany of Baron Burian, the Austrian Foreign Minister, was to obtain consent for an indefinite postponement of the Austrian offensive, the correspondent of the Daily Mail at Anvers, on the Franco-Swiss border, says he learns from an unimpeachable source.

Baron Burian pointed out that failure of the drive, in conjunction with the threatening food problem and race questions, might lead to the gravest internal disorders, even revolution, but if Austria were permitted to remain on the defensive, the breadless situation might be tided over.

Offensive Insisted On.

Berlin, it is added, insisted that an immediate offensive was necessary to relieve the western front and re-establish Austria with the German public.

ROME, Sunday, June 23.—Premier

Orlando tonight publicly announced from the hand of the Italian ambassador to the British Embassy for disabled soldiers that the Italian army had been victorious on the Piave River, compelling the enemy either to surrender or take his chances of being able to swim the turbulent stream.

When the Premier declared that the Austro-Hungarians had been forced to retire across the Piave River there was a scene of indescribable enthusiasm.

All Italy Rejoices.

News of the victory has spread throughout Italy. Everywhere there have been demonstrations and rejoicings.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Sunday, June 23.—By the Associated Press.)—Assured by steady and accurate artillery fire, compelling the face bayonet attacks by the Italians and being constantly bombed by allied aviators, flying low in defiance of machine gun and anti-aircraft fire, the Austrians have been fighting recently with the courage of despair.

The great of the Piave River flood passed yesterday, but the falling waters came too late to relieve the position of the Austrians. The inundation went 18 feet above the low water.

Tired Enemy Wins No Respite.

Along the lower Piave the tired enemy has been given no rest, although the fighting has been intermittent, owing to the fact that neither side has been able to go more than 50 yards through the heavy bushes and tall swamp grasses growing in the lowlands.

There is no effervescent boasting, no victory chants, but a realization that harder fighting may yet come.

The word "Piave" is being written in blood and the Austrians are said to have a dust-covered, sweat-stained Italian officer who has been fighting every day for a week with scarcely any rest.

"We are saving the shouting until Austria's plunder," said a soldier of the 78th regiment, Banquette, who is spending his time as an Alpine officer spurring the soldiers and telling them that victory is the one way to secure peace.

Populace Remains Calm.

Behind the lines the civil populace is undisturbed, there being but few refugees. The cities are calm.

On the mainland Americans are in evidence, due to the fact that the American military mission. The third hospital units of the American Army, and of the 6th division of the 1st Army, have arrived. The American aviators, in their jaunty uniforms with their golden flying eagles, are attracting much attention.

The Austrian retreat, which began in an orderly manner, soon became wildly disorganized and chaotic. Many thousands of Austro-Hungarians are crowded at the first opportunity when overtaken by their pursuers.

Rain Drenches Armies.

Rain which had been falling for eight days broke forth more violently today. The darkness of night and the Italian artillery and machine guns began to open up on the retreating Austrians, who were struggling knee deep in the mire.

The Italian cavalry took part in the pursuit, harrying the fugitives.

As the Austrians were pressed by the Italians they threw away their guns and equipment. They even left on the Montello stacks of bread, canned meat and preserves which Austrian aviators had succeeded in bringing to them.

The Austrians crossed the Piave on rafts and boats which they had brought up or had prepared during the darkness on Saturday night. They left well-built trenches, great quantities of ammunition and blankets and every variety of army equipment in their retreat.

Coquette Girls Gather Digitals.

MARSHFIELD, Or., June 24.—(Special.)—The Honor Guard girls of Coquette have taken up work of gathering digitals for helping the war programme. Their first excursion netted several buckets of the flowers for the Agricultural college at Corvallis, where the digitals will be extracted in the college laboratory. Coos County has great areas of digitals, and other guard units are planning to help this line of endeavor.

Newberg Man Drops Dead.

NEWBERG, Or., June 24.—(Special.)—A. C. Morris, foreman of Jones Bros. Juice plant, dropped dead in the engine room at 8:30 o'clock this morning. He was 64 years of age. Besides his father, he leaves a widow and 11 children.

"THE STORE THAT UNDERSELLS BECAUSE IT SELLS FOR CASH"

For the Woman Who, in Spite of the Great Heat of Summer, Insists Upon Appearing as Attractive as Ever—



Delightfully Chic Dresses at \$9.65

A Special Closing-Out of a Fine Lot of Fashionable Silk Dresses at a Bargain Price—Also a Few Models in Woolen Fabrics—

There's a coolness and brightness about these charming Summer Dresses that foretells how becoming and comfortable they will be when wearing them.

Each deft touch that fashion has brought out finds a place in one or more of these models! Each good fabric and color is represented and most all sizes are included. Finding the models you like most and paying the price quoted for this sale are the easiest parts of your choosing. Remember the advantages of first choice.

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Our Popular Men's Section

These Three Items of Special Interest—

Men's	P. Q. A.	Shirts and
Fine Shirts	Union Suits	Drawers
at \$1	at \$1.50	at 75c
Negligee Shirts made coat style with attached or soft cuffs—new patterns and all sizes.	Men's P. Q. A. Union Suits in styles with short or long sleeves and in ankle length; all sizes; Summer weight.	Bloods! Jersey Ribbed Shirts and Drawers in all sizes—well made, reasonable weight underwear.

Special Sale of Crepe de Chine Chemise \$2.39

See Our Morrison-St. Window

We are fortunate in securing from a prominent manufacturer a splendid sample line of Women's Crepe de Chine Chemise at an unusual price concession. Included are dozens of pretty styles lavishly trimmed with laces, hand embroidered or with Georgette yoking. You have choice from the entire assortment while they last at.....\$2.39

Store Opens at 8:30 A. M.
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WHICH IS MORE IMPORTANT? YOUR PERSONAL COMFORT or THE WINNING OF THE WAR? Pledge yourself and encourage others to buy War Savings Stamps June 28

GERMANS QUIT WORK

Munitions Factory Strikes Due to Food Shortage.

meeting was held. All the speakers, who included foremen and forewomen, made this declaration: "Unless we get more to eat we shall not work."

LONDON, June 24.—Meatless weeks for Germany are a possibility of the near future. Dr. August Muller, under-secretary for food distribution, at a meeting of the Reichstag food committee Saturday, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen, announced that it would be impossible to increase the meat ration. He said that most likely it will be necessary to lower it or introduce meatless weeks for the whole of Germany, or at any rate certain parts of the population.

AMSTERDAM, June 24.—The Reichstag this week will be asked to pass a new vote of credit of 15,000,000 marks, according to the Berliner Tagblatt. This will raise Germany's war debt to 135,000,000 marks.

COPENHAGEN, June 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—The German soldiers generally are tired of the war, but the patience of the people as a whole, especially the middle classes, is marvelous, in view of the prevalent unfavorable conditions, said Dr. C. E. N. Nicolai, former professor of physiology at the University of Berlin, when questioned today regarding conditions in Germany. Professor Nicolai was one of the men who escaped from Germany last week in airplanes, landing in Denmark.

In official circles, continued Professor Nicolai, the war is expected to last a long time yet, but among the people the opinion is expressed by many that the present offensive on the western front will be decisive.

Food conditions in the empire are extremely bad, Professor Nicolai reports. As against the disappointment from the failure of the Ukraine supplies to come up to expectations, however, some encouragement had been received from the recent rains.

The first United States 25-cent coins to be put in circulation in La Crosse, Wis., for more than a quarter of a century.

Twenty thousand persons quit work in the munitions factories at Cologne and Muezelheim last Thursday, owing to a reduction in the bread ration, according to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from The Hague.

A Dutch workman returning to The Hague reports that the military and police interfered, but failed to prevent a street procession of more than 2000 strikers at Cologne. The strikers, who included women, marched in a dense mass to an open place, where a mass

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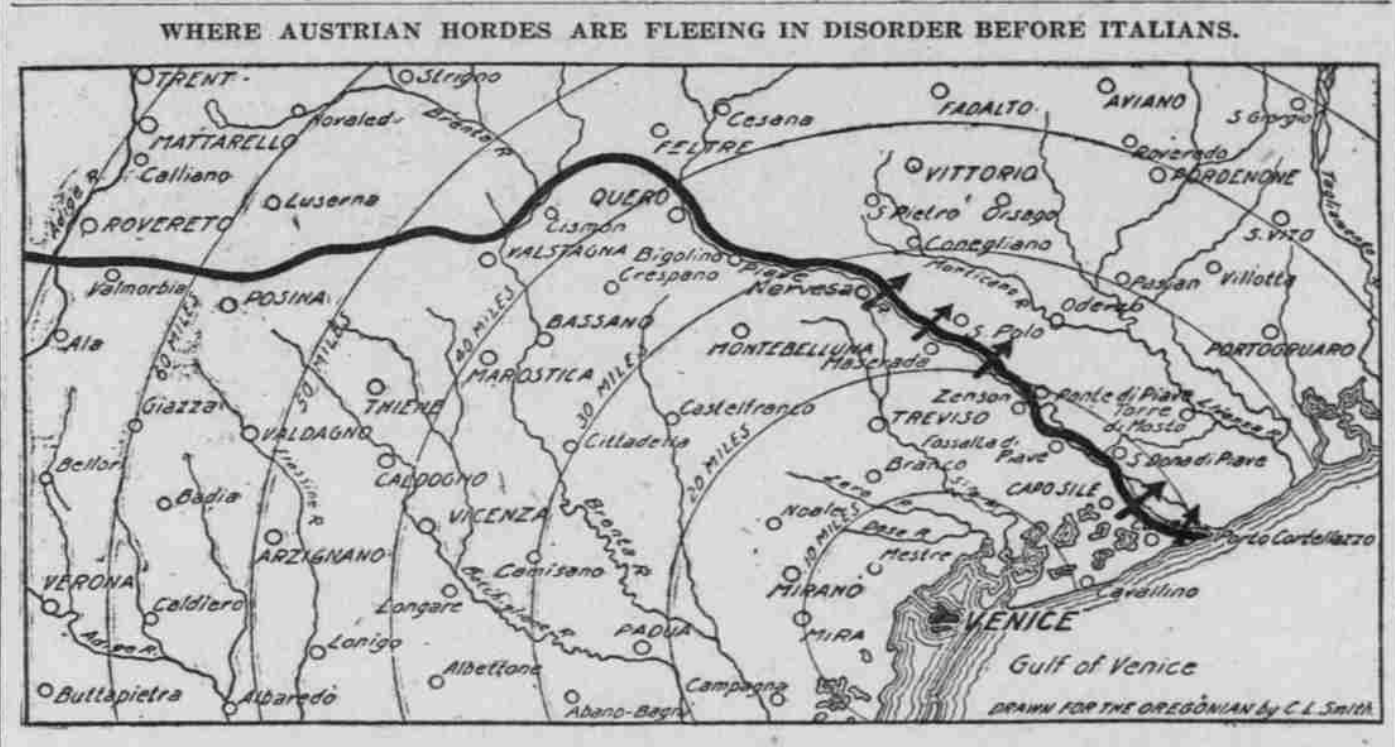
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ARROWS MARK CHIEF POINTS WHERE TEUTONS HAVE BEEN HURLED BACK BEYOND PIAVE RIVER.

trained with the local contingent were Jack Shoshone, Idaho, and Blair B. Brown, Malta, Mont.

John Wesley Green, of Crawfordville, a former student of the Oregon Agricultural College, who had been in the army, was chosen by the local board to act as captain of the contingent and he was in charge of the men until they report at Camp Lewis.

WHEAT RESERVE NEEDED

W. B. AYER DECLARES GRAIN CONSERVATION PATRIOTIC DUTY.

Saving of Sugar Also Urged by Food Administrator, Who Is Just Back From San Francisco Conference.

A paramount war duty of the American family and citizen is going to be that of helping build up a wheat reserve, declared W. B. Ayer, Federal Food Administrator, when he reached here yesterday after attending a zone conference of fellow administrators at San Francisco.

Recent submarine depredations made serious inroads upon sugar imports that can only be offset by conservation in the home, according to a secondary policy made by Mr. Ayer.

This statement was given out by Mr. Ayer.

One of the most important matters discussed at the zone conference was that of building up a wheat reserve. This is because the wheat fields of the United States must produce not only for the army and the allied peoples, as well as the needs of its own people so long as this war lasts, but also for the future.

The conservation of wheat must inevitably be one of the first duties of the civilian for the duration of the war. This is because the wheat fields of the United States must produce not only for the army and the allied peoples, as well as the needs of its own people so long as this war lasts, but also for the future.

The sugar situation is still a serious one. The submarine losses and the diversion of cargo space from sugar-carrying to the needs of the army, munitions, equipment and foodstuffs to Europe further complicates the situation. Every housewife should put up her usual winter supply of sugar, but there must be some restriction against any individual hoarding of sugar under the guise of fruit canning, for other purposes.

IMPOSTURE IS CHARGED

ALLEGED BOGUS SHIP INSPECTOR IN MARSHFIELD JAIL.

Police Find 40 Cents in Pocket of Man Claiming \$100 Per Week From Government.

MARSHFIELD, Or., June 24.—(Special.)—Jack McGinnis, of Willapa, is in the city jail charged with impersonating a Government ship inspector. McGinnis was arrested after he had said he was an inspector drawing \$100 per week. He had 40 cents in his pocket when taken. Letters found on his person indicated he had been in a women's employment bureau and was offering Portland working women jobs in this district although he had no authority for such action.

The police believe McGinnis is mentally unbalanced, since he claimed he landed here without knowing where he was bound. He attributes his trouble to over-indulgence in liquor, but was unable to say where he procured it. He had worked two days at the Kline & Banks shipyard in North Bend. C. K. Cadman and Tom B. James, local ship inspectors, caused his arrest. An order for his trial has been asked from the District Attorney at Portland.

AMMUNITION IS SMUGGLED

Dublin Police Seize 40,000 Rounds Concealed in Grain.

DUBLIN, June 24.—The police today seized 40,000 rounds of ammunition found in a consignment of grain in the Smithfield market.

It is believed the consignment formed a part of a cargo of arms and ammunition landed in the northern coast some time ago.

Phone your want ads to The Oregonian, Main 2070, A 6992.

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Italian detachments are pursuing the enemy east of the Piave.

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