M'ADOO FAVORS

Secretary Suggests How Third of 1919 Revenue Should Be Raised.

PROFITS SPECIFIED

Recommendation Made to Chairman Kitchin That Income Levies Be Increased and Luxuries Help Bear Burden.

WASHINGTON, June 6 .- The recom mendation that one-third of the \$24,-000,000,000 estimated expenditures for 1919 be raised by taxation was made today by Secretary McAdoo in a letter to Chairman Kitchin of the House Ways and Means Committee.

Other recommendations of Secretary McAdoo were that a war-profits tax at a high rais be super-imposed upon ex-

a high rate be super-imposed upon ex-isting excess profits-taxes; that heavy taxation be imposed on luxuries and that an increase be made over the normal rate on uncarned incomes.

The suggestions were given in response to a letter from Mr. Kitchin, and constituted an outline of the treasury's ideas not only of taxation to meet the Nation's huge war expenses in the future, but of preparing the way for floating of additional billions of liberty

Increasing the rate of normal taxes on incomes, from which liberty bonds are exempt, said the secretary, will tend to make these bonds better investments and to permit them to compete with industrial and municipal accurates bearing higher views of in curities bearing higher rates of in-

Articles Not Mentioned.

Mr. McAdoo made no attempt to specify the means of carrying out his suggestions in revenue legislation and did not intimate what articles might be classed as "luxuries" for heavier taxa-

He stated, however, that in many cases the present excess-profit taxes do not reach real war profits, for instance, where a corporation with big earnings made directly out of the war has also a big over-capitalization, and therefore, an apparently low rate of

After explaining that his estimate of \$24,000,000,000 expenditures in the fis-cal year starting next July 1 is based on expenditures in the past and a calcuon expenditives in the past and a calculation of the rate of increase, Mr. Mc-Adoo said it would constitute unsound financial policy to raise \$20,000,000,000 of that sum by flotation of liberty bonds to make up the deficit that would follow, if there were no increase in the \$4,000,000,000 revenue obtainable winder axisting law.

under existing law.

About one-third of the \$12,500,000,000 or \$13,000,000,000 expenditures this fiscal year, ending June 39, will come from taxation and this ratio, he suggested, should not be reduced.

"Second—That a real war profits tax at a high rate be levied upon all war profits. This tax should be superim-posed upon the existing excess profits tax in such a way that the taxpayer should be required to pay whichever tax is the greater. The existent ex-cess profits tax should be amended in certain important particulars so as to remove inequalities. "Third—That there should be a sub-

stantial increase in the amount of normal income tax upon so-called unearned incomes. Under existing law earned incomes above certain exemptions are taxed 4 per cent as an income tax and 8 per cent as an excess profits tax, making a total of 12 per cent, while unearned incomes, derived from securities, etc., are taxed only 4 per cent. The 8 per cent tax should be recognized as an income tax and the rate of 12 per cent (4 per cent normal and 8 per cent excess profits) should be retained in respect to earned incomes, while a higher rate than 12 per cent should be imposed on unearned in

Fourth-That heavy taxation be im posed upon all luxuries.

Taxation Only Sure Way. Explaining his ideas for a new tax to reach actual profits made out of the war, Mr. McAdoo wrote:
"The existing excess profits tax does not always reach war profits. The rates

of excess profits taxation are gradu-ated and the maximum is 80 per cent. In Great Britain there is a flat rate of 80 per cent on all war profits.

Taxation Only Sure Way. "The Government departments, under great pressure as they are to get necessary war materials and supplies with the utmost expedition, cannot in the nature of things fix their prices nor guard their contracts in such a way as to avoid the possibility of profiteering. The one sure way is to tax away the excessive profits when they have been realized."

"I do not say this in a spirit of criticism of the corporations or business men of the country, who have for the

Reasonable Profits Favored.

"On the other hand, when the risk has been liquidated by proper allow-ances and the contract has proved profitable, the Government should take back in taxes all profits above a reasonable reward.

"Of course, no one objects to reasonable profits; on the contrary, everyone should want, and I am sure does want, business and enterprise to be rewarded with reasonable, or even liberal, profits. Prosperity should be preserved and can be preserved. I believe served and can be preserved, I believe, on the basis of reasonable profits."

The way in which a higher normal rate of incomes would promote the sale of liberty bonds, particularly to per-sons of big means, was explained as

hope that it will not be neces sary to increase the rates on Gov-ernment bonds. The number of subscribers to the three liberty loans ag-gregated 30,000,000. The people who subscribed are impatient of those who have not. . . There is also a popular demand that all the people should contribute to financing the war.

Incomes to Be Affected. "There should, therefore, be a sub-stantial increase in the normal income tax rate and a higher tax should be levied upon so-called uncarned than on

would be exempt from this taxation and the relation between income from liberty bonds and income from other securities would be readjusted withut increasing the rate of interest on

of consideration. There is a natural feeling among the masses of the people that taxation upon incomes and upon war profits should be high enough to bring the return from corporate investment more nearly on a parity with the return from Government bonds; that the Government should not be forced to compete for credit with war industries which are profiting abnormally and which, unless restrained by the exercise of sound and just taxation, will constantly add to the difficulties of the people of the United States in their effort to supply the Government at reasonable interest ALLIED ADVANCE NEARING

FORMER PORTLAND PASTOR, GRADUATE SURGEON, IS CALLED TO SERVICE,



Dr. J. Carlos Ghormley.

Dr. J. Carlos Ghormley, son of ev. and Mrs. J. F. Ghormley, one of the graduates of the medi-cal department of the University of Oregon, yesterday received his orders from the Government to report at once for duty. He is now assistant surgeon, U. S. N. R. F. He has the degree of bachelor of arts from the University of Oregon and also from the Bible University, Eugene. Dr. Ghormley was a medical missionary in India and served as paster of Rodney-Avenue Christian Church for two years.

rates with the credit it needs to fight successfully this war for liberty."

Inflation to Be Avolded. "Not to increase the sum to be raised by taxes next year, and consequently to raise \$20,000,000,000 from Government bonds," said Mr. McAdoo, "would be a surrender to the policy of high interest rates and inflation, with the evil consequences which would flow inevitably therefrom and which would, I firmly believe, bring ultimate

gested, should not be reduced.

Four Recommendations Made.

"If I may without impropriety offer a suggestion as to the revenue measure," wrote the Secretary, "I should recommend:

"First—That one-third of the cash expenditures to be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1812, be provided by taxation. According to my estimates, this would involve raising \$8,000,000,000 through taxation.

"Second—That a real war profits tax at a high rate be levied near the suggestion of the acknowledged injustices of the present excess profits measure, applying particularly to businesses with small capitalization and consequently high rates of carnings. Suggestions for these amendments will be presented to Congress if they are called for. Secretary McAdoo has expenditures to be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1812, be provided by taxation. According to my estimates, this would involve raising \$8,000,000,000 through taxation.

"Second—That a real war profits tax at a high rate be levied near the profits. This feeling the profits tax are country."

Ireasury tax experts are at work now drafting plans for removing some of the acknowledged injustices of the present excess profits measure, applying particularly to businesses with small capitalization and consequently high rates of carnings. Suggestions for these amendments will be presented to Congress if they are called for. Secretary McAdoo has expressed himself, however, as anxious to avoid the appearance of dictating legislation on revenue matters.

PROFPOTATION OF THE PROFIT OF THE

Record of Sale of Thrift Stamps More Than \$8 for Each Child.

VANCOUVER, Wash., June 6.—(Spedal.)—The highest record for buying thrift stamps in schools in Clarke County is held by Proebstel School. The children, about 50, have bought in less than three months \$420 worth of stamps. The average, more than \$8 per capita, is the highest in Clarke County

J. L. Sutherland, chairman for Clarke County, has called a meeting of all campaign committees, to be held in the Courthouse at 1:30 P. M., Friday, June 14. At this time the committees will be given instructions in conduct-ing campaigns as approved by the National committee.

HEPPNER TEACHERS NAMED

Board Elects Instructors for Schools for Coming Year.

HEPPNER, Or., June 6 .- At a recent meeting of the Heppner School Board the following teachers were elected for the coming year: Prof. D. W. Boitnott, recently of Prairie City, superintendent; high school, Miss Thiel, Miss Struck, Miss May Hewes, Miss Ida Johnson; grades, Miss Blanch Watkins, Misses Mota Douglas, Mabel Noyes, Mamie Harper, Mildred Cox, Ruth Chargeon and Gertride Nesh

eon and Gertrude Nash.

Mrs. Watkins and Misses Struck,
Thiel, Noyes, Harper, Cox, Chareon
and Nash were re-elected.

Money Refunded Company.

OLYMPIA, Wash. June 6 .- (Special.) By order of the Public Service Com-mission the O.-W. R. & N. Company is directed to refund \$2455 to the North "In entering into war contracts they take grave risks. They are called upon to make vast expenditures of capital for purposes which may prove unproductive after the war. They are not to be blamed in these circumstances for asking prices and terms which cover those risks.

Reasonable Provided to the North River Timber Company. The judgment is allowed as the difference due the timber company on a charge of \$1.25 per thousand feet for logs hauled from Hanna to South Aberdeen, which the commission adjudged to be an over-charge and reduced it to \$1.

Free to every reader of The

Oregonian.

Help win the war. Food will do it. Not less for you, but more of the food that the boys won't here booklets. of the lood that the boys won't need. Send for these booklets that show you in many easily made recipes how to turn what you have, at small cost, into many fine and nourishing dishes. THIRTY-SIX WAYS to make CREAM CHEESE into things that you can enjoy every meal in the

you can enjoy every meal in the day. Many potato dishes that you will not recognize. All will give you that Oliver Twisty feeling—when he wanted "MORE." Nothing less than GRAND are these soups and sauces, salads and dressings, meatlike dishes and dandy combinations with vegetables. Presto! Potatoes suddenly become cookies, muffins

and biscuits. Government authorities stand back of these recipes. Send your name and address with request for booklet to The Portland Oregonian Information Bureau, Frederic J. Haskin, di-rector, Washington, D. C. Inclose 2-cent stamp for return postage.

Fighting by Few Weeks'

Expectation of Observers in United States Is That General Foch Will Soon Begin Forward Movement Against Boche Hordes.

WASHINGTON, June 6. - American troops in training at home are being especially schooled now in preparation for the forward movement of the allied armies expected to follow the ultimate crushing of Germany's offensive power. It was learned today that orders have been issued to division commanders to lay greater stress Enon training for iny greater stress upon training for open warfare and reduce the time devoted to teaching trench specialties.

The men are being hardened to long marches, given target practice without end, and thoroughly trained to take care of themselves in the give and take of open compat.

of open combat. Military observers say this change in the midst of the greatest effort of the German general staff of the entire war speaks significantly of the spirit of vonfidence that pervades the councils and armies of America and the allies. When many of the men now in training

the front have been insisting recently upon greater attention to general ele-ments of warfare and less to the fine details of position fighting in fixed trench lines. These officers say the American soldier takes naturally to training of this sort and that he should be developed as highly as possible in all-round soldiering, leaving the details of trench-warfare education to be added by a brief postgraduate course. added by a brief postgraduate course when he reaches France. This view found ready sympathy here, for it is believed the old stalemate of the trencu lines has been broken never to be re-

Today's news from the front added Today's news from the front added to the growing conviction that General Foch has out-generaled the Germans on the Alsne front in having brought them to a halt without weakening the defenses of the channel ports. Territory has been yielded, but no point of strategic value and the Germans must try again to draw away the supporting lines in Picardy and Flanders or face the necessity of hurling their army into the wall of manpower, French, British and American, that now blocks the road to the channel ports. the road to the channel ports.
Officers who have come from the front say that the American units are arriving well advanced in training for the business ahead of them.

REMITTANCE OF CHARGES TO SOL-DIERS IS DOUBTFUL.

Definite Action Deferred Pending Suggestions From Governor Withycombe and Washington Officials.

bridge, although Attorney - General Panama Canal Defense Cash Asked. the Board of County Commissioners that it has authority to relieve enlisted men from this charge. Definite action in the matter has been deferred pending suggestions from Governor Withy-

they are dust-enslaved.

never-ending circulation.

Lysol Toilet Soap

Contains Lysol, and therefore

combe, the Board of County Commis-sioners for Clarke County and District Attorney Walter H. Evans, to whom opies of the Attorney-General's opinion

In his opinion the Attorney-General

FOR OPEN WARFARE

In his opinion the Attorney-General pointed out that under the law Multnomah County has full power and authority to levy and collect tolls for use of the bridge. He then holds that the same county "also has authority to remit such tolls to such persons or classes of persons as it may in the exercise of its sound discretion deem advisable."

In an off-hand opinion yesterday, District Attorney Evans said he believed legislative action by the two states. legislative action by the two states, joint owners of the bridge structure, would be necessary before the tolls now provided could be remitted as to any class of persons. Furthermore, the Clarke County Commissioners have at all times zealously contended for the all times zealously contended for the collection of tolls on the bridge. The Washington county is heavily bonded and relies on the revenue from the operation of the bridge to meet its bond

william Reidt, "father of the Third Oregon," yesterday cited his own experience as an instance of the unjust practice of charging soldiers bridge tolls. For some time Mr. Reidt has been going to Vancouver and taking convelored to Vancouver and taking convalescent soldiers from the hospital for an auto-mobile ride. He says the tolls required to be paid on account of these soldiers for two trips daily average \$3.20.

TRAINING COURSES OPEN

ARMY ELIGIBLES MAY ASK FOR SPECIAL INSTRUCTION.

Time of Filing for Mechanical Courses at Benson School, Believed Past, Found to Include Today.

Applications of registrants wishing to enter the soldier training courses at the Benson Polytechnic may be rewift maneuvering against a retreating for may well be the order of the front have been insisting recently upon greater attention to general eledicate that this date is to be included.

In most divisions of the state the opportunity of obtaining instruction in mechanical lines has been fully ap-preclated by registrants and quotas were quickly filled. In some divisions, however, the chance to enter the train-ing school for the two-months course offered is still open to applicants. Where quotas are not filled by volun-tary inductions today the boards will fill them by selections from their lists. Yesterday was the last day on which registrants under limited and special service classification could voluntarily obtain admission to the spruce production division of the Signal Corps. Names of the limited service volunteers will be reported to Provost-Marshal-General Crowder's office, in Washington. Calls for involuntary inductions needed to make up the contingent of 9000 such men sought throughout the Nation will then be made.

"NAUGHTY" FILMS SEIZED

Bathing-Suit Girls and Waterfront Scenes Interest Amateurs.

What is said to be the most unusual What is said to be the most unusual photographic exhibit collected in Portland is in the hands of Chief of Police Johnson. The collection comprises pictures taken along the waterfront and on Islands in the Willamette River and includes pictures from camouflaged ships to bathing suit girls.

The pictures are from films confiscated by the police.

"Some are, well, just naughty, and I intend to destroy them so as not to cause anyone any embarrassment," said Chief Johnson. "Unless camera flends use precautions they will be subject to arrest and punishment. No one is al-

arrest and punishment. No one is allowed to take photographs on the waterfront, without special permission from the exempted from the payment of

The Dusty Shaft

of Light

The pure, clean sunshine that streams through the

tree-tops of a mountain forest-contrast it with the dusty beam of light that comes through your window.

The woods are healthful mainly because they are free

from dust. Cities are nurseries of disease because

Heed well the lesson in the dusty shaft of light. Con-

template the menace of its uncountable dust particles.

Every breeze every footstep every turning wheel-

every broom-swish keeps the germ-laden dust in

Remember that dust is the most efficient germ carrier

Arrow Shirts-the new detachable collar to match-\$1.50 to \$6.

Dixie Weaves

For hot weather comfort

You know how it is with most light-weight Summer clothes; the fabric may be cool but the fit and styles makes you "hot." You'll find the ideal combination at this

Hart Schaffner & Marx Dixie Weave Suits

They're made of light-weight all-wool fabrics; they're very cool-and all wool keeps its shape, tailors better than other fabrics and the style is there. Better have us show you today. Satisfaction guaranteed.

\$25, \$30 and Up

Straw Hats for Summer comfort. We have them here, and every style and shape. Get yours now—we're ready for you. \$2.50 and up to \$7.50



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Sam'l Rosenblatt & Co.

The Men's Store for Quality and Service Fifth and Alder

FACTORY SAMPLE SHOP

286 Morrison St., Next to Corbett Bldg., Between 4th and 5th



Beware of imitators and imitation Sample Shops. Look for the big sign with the hand pointing at 286 Morrison Street. Factory Sample-Shop.



FACTORY SAMPLE

The greatest bargains yet this season on merchandise that has just arrived and must be sold at once. No matter at what price we sell goods, we get our commission. The prices are left to us, not how much it will bring, but how quick we can dispose of the stock.

REMEMBER, during this sale the Factory Sample Shop will exchange all sale goods and your money back if not perfectly satisfied.

Silk and Serge resses

to close out at once. Some in this lot run up to \$27.50. They are offered in this sale at only.....



Sample Long Coats \$1

Hundreds of them-all shades and sizes. Must go at once. Some would be cheap at \$27.50.

\$16.95 \$12.95



Mostly samples; some \$12.95 in this lot run up to \$12.95 at only \$14.95 and

Silk Fiber Sweaters at 1/2 Price Silk Sport Skirts \$3.95



\$14.95

Protect your home with Lysol Disinfectant. It annihilates all germ life at the instant of application. It is economical; a 50c bottle added to water makes 5 gallons of powerful disinfectant; a 25c bottle makes 2 gallons. Get a bottle today. Make systematic household disinfection a regular duty. Use the Lysol solution in scrubbing-water and in garbage-cans, sinks, drains, and dark sunless corners. Take these simple, easy precautions and you will make a better fight against disease than it can make against you. Lysol is invaluable for personal hygiene. See instructions with Lysol Shaving Cream Contains Lysol, and kills germs on razor and shaving-brush (where germs abound), guards the tiny cuts from infection, and

