

ALLES PUSH AHEAD AT 3 VITAL POINTS

Advances Made Near Merville, Loere and Ville-Sur-Ancre by French and British.

1000 HUNS FALL PRISONER

English Gain on 400-Yard Front in Operation Monday Night—Sunday Amaze Capture More Than 400; French Take 500.

LONDON, May 21.—A heavy German counter attack against the British lines northwest of Merville along a front about two-thirds of a mile broke down under the strong British resistance, according to Field Marshal Haig's report tonight from British headquarters in France.

The French also repulsed an attack north of Bailluc.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, May 21.—Further improvement of the defending line was achieved by the British in their local attack last night just northwest of Merville, where they carried out a successful operation which advanced their positions along a front of 800 yards. The effect was to reduce a salient which bulged into their territory.

Some prisoners were taken in the engagement, which, of course, falls in the category of minor attacks. The enemy counter-attacked, but his effort was broken up by artillery fire.

Hun Gains Are Lost.

The opposing forces northeast of Aveluy wood, above Albert, have continued to exchange blows in contention for desirable positions. Yesterday morning the Germans rushed some posts there and obtained a footing at a few places. They have been driven out again entirely.

The latest reports concerning the fighting in the Loere sector show that 600 unwounded prisoners were taken, and the casualties of the attackers were slight. In this drive the French retook Erucouse and the new famous crossroads nearby, as well as several fortified farms which have been the scene of desperate fighting recently. They also pushed forward their line east of Hill 44, which the poilus retook a few days ago after a bitter encounter.

French Advance Important.

The French attacked on a front of 3000 to 4000 yards, apparently pivoting on Loere hospice and extending eastward. Every yard of ground the enemy allies take in this locality represents an important gain, inasmuch as it pushes the enemy from important hills running west of Mount Kemmel.

Australian captures on Sunday at Ville sur Ancre exceeded 400. Several prisoners state that when they learned they had to face the Anzacs they felt considerable foreboding. The casualties inflicted during the attack were very heavy.

British Position Improved.

The successful operation has greatly improved the British position. The British now hold the entire village. The Germans have been forced back from the awkward salient they had created and are now probably back upon the railway. More than 20 machine guns were taken between Ribemont and Dernancourt.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Further evidence that another great Austrian drive is aimed against Italy came today in an official dispatch from Switzerland, saying information from Vienna showed Austria had planned to suppress all military operations in the East on May 20 to concentrate forces for the Italian front.

AIRPLANES FALL IN SEA

TWO BIG MACHINES SALVAGED BY SWEDISH STEAMERS.

Of the 20 to 30 Gothas Participating in Raid on London, Five Are Reported Officially as Brought Down.

LONDON, May 21.—Two German airplanes of a new and large type which had been forced to land in the North Sea were rescued by Swedish steamers, telegraphs the correspondent at Copenhagen of the Ekman Telegraph Company. These presumably are the machines mentioned in the British official air report as having been driven down in the sea after the raid on London Sunday.

One of the 20 to 30 Gothas machines which took part in the raid on London Sunday night, five are reported officially to have been brought down.

One of the raiders was engaged by a British aircraft, who fired at close range until the machine disappeared in a cloud. Shortly afterwards the machine burst into flames at a height of 7000 feet and fell, a blazing wreck. Another machine was brought down by anti-aircraft guns in London. The others were brought down while attempting to escape, one being destroyed by British aircraft. The fifth was set afire and fell into the sea.

Bombs were dropped promiscuously on certain parts of the city, but no considerable damage to small dwellings houses.

MURDER YET MYSTERY

(Continued From First Page.)

Snoqualmie, Wash., upon it. An empty sugar sack found in the tent bears the name of the Snoqualmie Falls Milling Company. A loaf of bread had been purchased at Chehalis, and the wrapper about the butter showed it had come from Castle Rock. In fact, valuable testimony at the inquest was given by Fred Booth, Castle Rock merchant, who had sold the butter to the man of the party and recalled his appearance. The sales made Friday, the same day the motorists arrived here.

Girl's Diary Is Pathetic.

Pathetic in its mute and inadequate testimony, the fragmentary diary started by the little girl, it discloses her name as Ada and that of her brother as Ezra. Her age on May 4 was recorded as 12 years, 2 months and 4 days. The place for "Mamma's and Daddy's" names and ages are blank, but the heights and weights are given. These are identical as to height and weight and identical as to weight until that of the father was changed from 143 to 142 1/2.

Traveled Wednesday 40 miles, Thursday 25; total 75; Friday 54; recorded the little girl on a paper folded in the diary. These distances again bear out the belief that the party came from

near Seattle. The effects they carried indicated not so much a camping trip as removal to some new home.

Testimony of Sheriff Studebaker and Constable Hull at the inquest was followed by a trip of the authorities and the jurors to the scene of the crime. After the return, the testimony of Mr. Booth, of Castle Rock, was given. D. J. Hill, of Castle Rock, a deputy assessor in Cowlitz County, told of having seen the car and the boy and girl at the camping ground Friday evening before the tent had been pitched. C. T. Hansel, Kelso merchant, said that he sold some groceries to the woman Saturday, while the man remained outside the store.

Clock Is Missing.

Young Holmes told his story of the discovery of the bodies. He had been the tent Sunday, but when he heard a clock ticking, decided that the campers must be near and went away. The clock has not been found.

Testimony of Coroners Bales and Dr. J. Ballard gave location of the bullet wounds. The woman was shot from behind the right ear, the missile passing through the back portion of the brain. Two bullets pierced the head of the girl, one through the cheek, the other through the right eye. One of the bullets, believed to be of 23-caliber, was found in her hair, where it lodged. The lad, aged 11 or 12, was shot through the left side of the head, from the rear, the bullet lay on his pillow.

With identification of the new exhibits, including the rusty pistol, the jurors, two of whom were women, quickly reached their decision.

In the case of each of the victims they found that death had been caused by a gunshot wound or wounds in the head, "inflicted with criminal intent by a party or parties unknown to the jurors, sometime between May 18 and the evening of May 20."

The women who sat on the jury were Mrs. Mattie Thornton and Mrs. Ella Pauley; their associates were Rev. E. H. E. Greening, C. T. Gray, George Poland and R. L. McFarland.

Cat May Be Clue.

Late today a white Angora cat which belonged to the travelers was captured near the camp site. The cat had been seen but once since the crime. It is believed that the cat will prove a valuable means of tracing the family's travels.

SOVIET OPPOSES JAPAN

SEVERAL MEMBERS WHO FAVOR INTERVENTION ARRESTED.

Twenty Signed by Two Oriental Nations Providing for Safeguarding of Far East.

LONDON, May 21.—Several members of extreme right wing of the Soviet executive who supported Japanese intervention in Siberia have been arrested, according to an Exchange Telegram dispatch from Moscow dated May 18. The arrests were made after a sitting of the convention of the Bolshevik party.

The extreme right held the view that it was necessary for Russia to lean upon the allies, especially Japan, in the struggle against Germany in Siberia. This wing was outvoted.

PEKIN, Friday, May 17.—(By the Associated Press)—China and Japan have signed the treaty concluded after negotiations lasting several days concerning the military operations to be conducted jointly by these two countries in Siberia.

The treaty also contains clauses dealing with other matters, the details of which are not made public.

AMSTERDAM, May 20.—M. Karakhan

has been appointed to succeed M. Tchitcherine as Bolshevik Foreign Minister, according to a dispatch from Kiev.

COLLIER'S MAKES A MESS

Story of Coast Shipbuilding Leaves Out Columbia River.

Collier's, a weekly magazine, has again made a mess of it in the opinion of a number of Portland people who telephoned protests to The Oregonian office last night.

In an attempt to tell the story of the shipbuilding activity on the Pacific Coast, the magazine, this week so far overlooked the facts as to pass up the Portland district entirely. The article, which is entitled, "They're Building Ships Out There," makes no mention of Portland, St. Helens, Columbia City, Astoria or Vancouver, Wash., and intermediate points, where close to 315 ships have either been turned out, put under construction or under contract.

The Portland district, since 1915, has turned out 75 vessels of which 22 were for the government, and of these 22 were steel. These facts are ignored completely, although a government chart recently issued by the Emergency Fleet Corporation of the United States Shipping Board, gave the Portland steel yards places relatively at the top of a list of 47 yards in the country and divided honors for total construction turned out.

The Portland Ad Club will take official cognizance of the slight today at its luncheon and W. P. Strandberg will father a motion to take some definite action.

NEW RIVET RECORD SET

"Big" Tom Horn, of Oakland, Drives 5620 in Nine Hours.

OAKLAND, Cal., May 21.—"Big" Tom Horn, an iron worker employed in the Moore Shipbuilding Company yards here, set a new record for rivet-driving today when, according to company officials, he drove 5620 rivets in nine hours, of which 429 were seven-eighths countersunk rivets.

At the expiration of 8 1/2 hours, company officials said, Horn had driven more than 4000 rivets. Horn said his daily average ranged from 2500 to 3000 rivets.

GIRL TELLS OF PURSUIT

(Continued From First Page.)

has happened and yet I had rather have had this experience, painful as it has been, than to have gone through life without knowing what love can mean. I can't honestly believe I have been sinful.

Another, which was marked "open in case of accident only," gave directions for her funeral, which she desired to be without "much fuss." She also directed that she be dressed "in the little new grey frock," which she wrote would "be ready for my last party."

Washington Drafters to Leave.

OLYMPIA, Wash., May 21.—(Special.)—Washington's quota of 250 registrants inducted into military service under the first of two recent emergency calls will entrain tomorrow for Vancouver Barracks from the various counties. Date of entrainment of the same number under the second emergency call is fixed for May 29, except in Whitman, Walla Walla, Garfield, Columbia, and Asotin counties. These quotas entrain on May 31.

10 MILLION YEARLY HAWOC, I. W. W. BOAST

Trail of Sabotage Through Hop Fields and Orchards of California Traced.

NATOMA'S DISASTER TOLD

Killing of Sheriff Meadows, of Imperial Valley Discussed in Letter Introduced in Trial at Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 21.—Inside history of the ruin wrought by the I. W. W. in the hopfields and fruit orchards of California by the practice of sabotage several years ago, in an effort to obtain the release from prison of Richard Ford and Herman Suhr, members of the organization convicted on a charge of murder and sentenced to life imprisonment, was revealed today at the trial of 112 I. W. W. leaders.

The Government attorneys read a number of letters written by Charles L. Lambert, of Sacramento, Cal., who was secretary of the hoppickers' defense committee in 1914 and later elected a member of the general executive board of the I. W. W.

He was one of the leaders who directed the unsuccessful fight conducted by the organization in California in the hope that the Governor might be influenced to pardon Ford and Suhr from prison.

According to Lambert, the I. W. W. campaign of sabotage resulted in the destruction of property valued at \$10,000,000 annually for several years.

Hop Shortage Pointed Out.

In a bulletin signed by Lambert, the statement is made that the hop crop of California was 24,000 bales short in 1915, despite the fact that in that year the vines gave the heaviest yield on record.

"Bosses say the boycott was a joke," wrote Lambert. "This joke will be repeated next year on a larger scale."

The bulletin relates how the machinery of Durst Bros. was wrecked, which caused them to lose one-third of their crop.

"If we can do this much with poor discipline and organization, we can do more next year," continued the writer. "This fight on the hop industry will be continued until Ford and Suhr are free."

In another bulletin Lambert tells of ordering 40,000 I. W. W. stickers for use in the fight. There were three styles of stickers which bore these inscriptions:

"Sabotage Incited by Stickers."

"As long as Ford and Suhr are in the penitentiary don't stick copper nails in fruit trees or grapevines; it hurts them."

"As long as Ford and Suhr are in the penitentiary beware of all California canned goods."

"Ford and Suhr must be free; therefore a boycott has been declared on all hop fields, orchards and all ranching."

In a letter written to George Childs, treasurer of the Joe Hill defense fund, Lambert, on August 4, 1915, said:

"There is so little justice towards our class that we will have to change our tactics and in the future when one of our class is murdered in the interest of capitalism two of theirs should be murdered in the interest of labor, and then the authorities will have more respect for us. We will have to use more direct action."

Lambert in another letter expressed the opinion that more could be gained by sabotage in one week than in a generation by the "Imperial Valley route."

Direct Action Advocated.

"The Coast cats practice sabotage and the Eastern cats talk about it," Lambert wrote in another letter from Chicago in quoting an I. W. W. named Klein.

Lambert declared "Our only hope lies in sabotage and direct action" in a letter addressed to Dick Highfield at Oatman, Ariz.

In a bulletin issued in 1916 Lambert told of how I. W. W. members had overturned a big gold dredge owned by the Natoma Gold Mining Company, and added that it would cost \$75,000 to put it right again.

In another bulletin the I. W. W. leader said California had paid a big price for the railroading of Ford and Suhr and by the time the organization got through paying off the state would look "like a dirty white chip in a stack of blues."

He referred to a riot in the hopfields near Wintland and remarked that he did not understand how the boys got away without leaving some in the hospital.

The newspapers are trying to make the public believe this is the work of German spies," wrote Lambert in describing the destruction of property by the I. W. W., "but they will know what it is before we get through with them."

Killing of Sheriff Told.

In a letter written to G. J. Bourge, another defendant in the present trial, Lambert told of property in California valued at \$2,000,000 being destroyed by fire.

He concludes this letter by telling of the killing of Sheriff Meadows, of Imperial Valley.

"They finally got our old friend Sheriff Meadows, of Imperial Valley," wrote Lambert. "This rat has dodged everything successfully for the last five years, from poison to bullets, but finally he fell and died after four hours of terrible agony from poisoning of some kind. This is the skunk who used to sell the rebels, men and women, to the Mexican Government and take them over the line and shoot them. He lived five years too long."

Lambert, in a letter written to Richard Ford, who was in prison in June, 1915, said:

"Big Bill (Haywood) was up before the Industrial Relations Commission in the East lately, and he handed them a package they will not forget in a hurry. The chairman of the commission is sure a dandy, too. He is doing more to bring about a state of anarchy and disorder, where the rights of American citizens are 'trampled on' ruthlessly."

"The money of our enemies is at work in Mexico," the Senator declared, adding that the country is a hiding place for conspirators. Every wireless message sent out of the United States is caught, he said, in Mexico. "For what purpose Senators can conjecture what they desire," he added.

MEXICO DECLARED MENACE

Senate Informed American Rights Trampled On.

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Start today to buy War Savings Stamps

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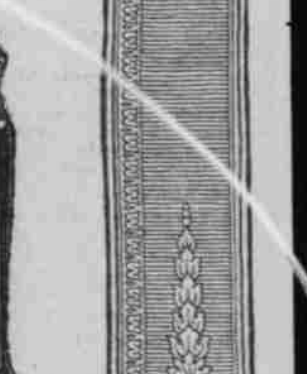
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Mahogany or oak



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Mahogany or oak



Victrola XVI, \$225
Mahogany or oak



Victrola XVII, \$275
Mahogany or oak

Victrola XVII, electric, \$332.50
Mahogany or oak

DUTCH SHIP SEIZED

Agneta Taken From Stockholm-Rotterdam Route.

SAFE CONDUCTS DENIED

Holland Government Issues Order Prohibiting All Sailings From Its Ports Excepting Only Coastal, Fishing Craft.

AMSTERDAM, Monday, May 20.—The

Germans have seized and taken to Swinemunde, Prussia, the Dutch ship Agneta, which was bound from Stockholm for Rotterdam.

According to the Handelsblad, the German Minister at Stockholm