

PEACE DRIVE BY
TEUTONS REPULSED

Attempt Reported Made to
Reach President Wilson
Through Friend.

STINGING REBUKE GIVEN

Proposals Submitted to American
at Geneva Dismissed as
Rigmarole of Cant
and Deceit.

LONDON, May 10.—A story of how an attempted peace offensive directed toward President Wilson was turned down unanimously by Professor Heron, an American living in Geneva, is told by the Swiss correspondent of the Daily Mail in his dispatch dated at Annemasse, on the Franco-Swiss frontier, May 10. Professor Heron is described as a friend of President Wilson.

The German government, according to the correspondent, tried to get peace offers sent to the President through Professor Heron, who was visited on April 13 by Professor Quide, a friend of Heron, and a German Chancellor. Professor Quide was accompanied by the Dutch pacifist, Dr. Jong Van-der-Brak.

Professor Quide said he had come to prepare the way for a merciful peace and gave Professor Heron to understand that he spoke for Chancellor von Hertling and the German Foreign Office. He assured the American professor that the peace party in the Reichstag was about to gain predominance in Germany and that he wished to prepare President Wilson to take advantage of that auspicious moment.

Professor Quide then submitted his peace terms.

Peace Offer Rejected.

Professor Heron, the Daily Mail correspondent writes, after listening to the German educator, said:

"I wonder that you have the effrontery to ask me to lay such a rigmarole of cant and deceit before the American people. Far from creating a spirit of conciliation, it would simply strengthen the American will to smash the perfidious and nefarious author of such proposals."

"The United States intends to continue the fighting until the Prussian military power and, if necessary, the Prussian state along with it, is extinguished forever as a power for evil, whether it takes one year or ten."

Professor Quide, adds the correspondent, left the house weeping.

Fourth Year of War Lamented.

"The end of the fourth year approaches since Europe is in conflagration," says the message. "During this time the violence has never diminished, but increased. We never have had moments of relief from ever-increasing ills and afflictions."

Continuing, the Pope says that, owing to the ministry of Thursday, the suffering humanity is urged by Pope Benedict in a special message addressed to the whole world.

LONDON, May 10.—"The Bucharest peace is a peace by understanding, in the spirit of the peace proposal of the central powers on December, 1916, and of the Reichstag peace resolution," a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam quotes the Frankfurter Zeitung as saying in commenting on the Roumanian treaty. "It is a peace concluded according to tradition, between victor and vanquished."

AMSTERDAM, May 10.—Emperor William, in congratulating Field Marshal von Hindenburg upon the Roumanian peace treaty, according to Berlin newspapers, said that the big entrance gate to the old castle of the Knights of the Teutonic Order at Marienburg, Prussia, would have his name and arms inscribed on it.

The Emperor also expressed the desire to name other parts of the castle after German generals.

EXECUTION UP TO WILSON

Case of Deserter Condemned to
Death Sent to President.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The case of a soldier in the American Expeditionary Forces condemned to death for deserting in the face of the enemy was sent to President Wilson today for final action.

Chaplain Franz C. Feiler, who was sent back from France by General Pershing and afterward was stationed in Hawaii, has been sentenced to a long term of imprisonment on charges of desertion. His case was received for review.

PUBLICISTS' CASE HEARD

Representative of U. S. Bureau
Haled Into Mexican Court.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—Official advice to the State Department today says that Robert H. Murray, representative of the committee on public information at Mexico City, who was ordered deported by the Mexican government, has not yet been sent from the country, but that Murray, with E. C. Scoville, correspondent of the Associated Press, has been haled before a court on certain charges respecting news dispatches, and that a decision now is being awaited.

Little Talks on Classified Advertising.

EARLY.

Better to be early than disappointed. Every Saturday there are many advertisers who fail to bring or telephone their classified advertisements to the Oregonian until after 6 o'clock, and are taken after that hour must be run under the heading "Too Late to Classify."

If you know what you wish to advertise in the Sunday Oregonian it should be a simple matter to prepare your copy and get it into The Oregonian office before noon today. You will receive better service and not be subjected to any annoying delay.

For the convenience of classified advertisers The Oregonian accepts classified ads over the telephone, provided the advertiser is a subscriber to the service of either telephone company. Call Main 709 or A 495 and ask for "Want Ads."

GERMAN SEA RAIDER TAKES
14 SHIPS AND LAYS 500 MINES

Captain Cameron Summarizes in Final Article Damage Done to Shipping
by Wolf in 15 Months' Cruise.

Captain Cameron's interesting tale of the cruise of the sea raider Wolf is concluded with this installment. The Wolf ran the British blockade and reached Kiel in safety. The prize ship Igots Mendl ran the blockade and then went ashore on the Danish coast, where the crew was interned and the prisoners liberated. In this concluding article Captain Cameron summarizes the work of the sea raider Wolf during its 15 months' cruise.

BY CAPTAIN J. STANLEY CAMERON.
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DURING the 15 months' cruise the Wolf laid approximately 500 mines and captured 14 vessels, as follows:

1. British bark S. S. Turritella, 7200 gross tons, Captain E. G. Meadows, captured on February 27, in the Indian Ocean, bound from Rangoon to Europe with a cargo of oil. The captain and officers were taken off and transferred to the Wolf. A crew of German officers and mine men were put on board, under charge of Lieutenant-Commander Brandes, ex-chief officer of the Wolf, and she was sent away as a mine layer, laying mines at Bombay, Calcutta, and was afterwards captured at Aden, while laying mines, by a British gunboat, and her crew of Chinese were sent back to China, while her German officers were taken prisoners.

2. British S. S. Jumna, 6050 gross tons, Captain Shaw Wickham, bound from Torrefria, Spain, to Calcutta, with a cargo of salt, in the Indian Ocean, March 1. After removing what coal and stores she had on board, she was bombed in latitude 8 degrees 9 minutes north and longitude 62 degrees 1 minute east.

Fifteen Tons of Rice Taken.

3. British S. S. Wadsworth, of London, 2500 gross tons, built in 1915, Captain John Shields, captured March 11 in latitude 54 degrees 30 minutes north and longitude 67 degrees east. After taking off about 15 tons of rice and all the ship's stores, the vessel was bombed. The Wadsworth was bound from Baseline, India, to London, and was six days out from Colombo.

4. Mauritius bark Deo, 1200 tons, Captain Ruge, bound from Mauritius to Bundbury, Australia, in ballast, 29 days out. Captured May 21, 300 miles off the coast of Australia. Crew of blacks and stores taken on board the Wolf and vessel immediately bombed.

Bird Makes Capture.

5. New Zealand steamship Wairuna, of the Union Steamship Company's line of New Zealand, Captain John Saunders, with general cargo from Auckland to San Francisco; captured May 21, off Sunday Island by seaplane. The Wolf was lying behind Sunday Island, cleaning and repairing boilers at the time.

The flying machine flew over the Wairuna and dropped a message attached to a sandbag, saying to steer toward the Wolf or the flying machine would drop bombs on her. Thus she was taken to the raider.

After taking off some 40 live sheep and some ship's stores and about 500 tons of coal, the Wairuna was towed to sea on June 16 and sunk by one bomb and 16 shells. While towing the Wairuna to sea the Wolf sighted the schooner Winslow.

Three American Vessels Taken.

6. American schooner Winslow, 565 gross tons, Captain Thaddeus, bound from Sydney to Samoa, with general cargo; captured off Sunday Island by the seaplane while the Wolf was sinking the Wairuna. After removing

ship's stores and 450 tons of coal the Winslow was towed to sea and sunk on June 21 by four bombs and 39 shells.

7. American bark Beluga, of San Francisco, 250 gross tons, Captain Cameron, bound from San Francisco to Sydney, Australia, with a cargo of benzene, captured latitude south 26 degrees 40 minutes and longitude east 156 degrees, on July 9. After removing 300 cases oil, stores and boatman's supplies the Beluga was set on fire by gunfire on July 11 by the nineteenth shot.

Schooner Encore Burned.

8. American schooner Encore, 651 gross tons, Captain Olson, bound from Columbia River to Sydney to Rabaul, New Guinea; captured August 4, about 122 miles southwest of Rabaul. Both vessels proceeded from this point to Pirate's Cove, the northernmost end of New Guinea, arriving there on August 10. Transferred cargo to Wolf, amounting to 350 tons coal and 350 tons food supplies, and 200 passengers (passengers), including two army medical corps officers and three military captains. On August 16 Wolf proceeded to sea and sank Metung by three bombs, vessel sinking in six and one-half minutes. Full particulars of the Metung's cargo was picked up by the Wolf in a wireless message to her consignees, giving a copy of her outward manifest, also all sailings from time to time, by Burns & Phillips themselves.

Varied Cargo Here.

9. Japanese S. S. Hitachi Maru, of the N. Y. K. Company, 5558 gross tons, Captain Kokkua, en route from Colombo to England via African port, captured on September 28 off the Maldiva Island and proceeded to southernmost group of Maldivas, where 800 tons of bunker coal was transferred to the Wolf, also 250 tons copper and tin, silk, tea, approximately 400 tons of rubber, further coconuts and hides.

October 7 both vessels left the Maldivas and separated. The Wolf was searching for another vessel with coal, and the Hitachi, looting along in a general southeasterly direction. The Wolf picked up the Hitachi again on October 19 42 miles west of the Caragos group. October 20 both vessels arrived at the Caragos Islands and tied up together. Additional rubber and silk and remaining coal was transferred to the Wolf. On the morning of November 7 both vessels left Caragos and the Hitachi was bombed.

American Bark Bombed.

11. Spanish steamer Igots Mendl of Bilbao, 4648 tons, captured in the Indian Ocean November 10, en route from Delagoa Bay to Colombo with a cargo of coal. This vessel was taken to Germany, but grounded off Denmark.

12. American bark William Kirby, 1200 tons, of New York, Captain Blum, from New York to Port Elizabeth, Africa, with a general cargo, captured on November 15. Crew, provisions and stores were taken off, and the vessel bombed on November 15. She was captured 320 miles southeast of Port Elizabeth.

13. French bark Larchal Davoust, 1100 tons, from Delagoa Bay to France with a cargo of wheat. Captured on December 14. This vessel was armed and equipped with wireless. Guns and provisions were transferred to the Wolf and the vessel sunk by bombs. Captured 130 miles southeast of the Cape of Good Hope.

14. Norwegian bark Storöbror, 3000 tons, Captain Moller, bound from Montevideo to Europe in ballast. Captured January 4 in latitude 18 degrees south and 27 degrees west. Crew, provisions and stores transferred to the Wolf and the vessel bombed.

(The End.)

that he will continue his attacks there, despite the lack of success during the last week."

I. W. W. PLAN U. S. DEFEAT
(Continued From First Page.)

who swore away the life of Tom Mooney shall hang."

NEW YORK, May 10.—The sedition bill was characterized as "a national lynching" by Morris Hillquit, recent Socialist candidate for the New York Mayoralty, at a "testimonial dinner" last night by the Liberty Defense Union to Max Eastman and the other editors of The Masses, and recently on a Federal indictment charging them with publishing seditious literature.

The jury was unable to agree on a verdict and last night more than 1400 persons, chiefly Socialists, turned out to tender their respects to the defendants.

Reference made by speakers to Postmaster-General Burleson, who has authority to bar questionable matter from the mails, were greeted with hisses and catcalls.

Many Trials Predicted.

Predicting that if the sedition bill became a law many other trials similar to that of the editors of The Masses would follow, Mr. Hillquit added that the bill would relieve his audience of "correspondence, thinking and talking."

SAN FRANCISCO, May 10.—Otto Janson, son of the head of the Janson Iron Works, of Oakland, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment at McNeil's Island, Washington, here today following a plea of guilty of violation of the espionage act.

Janson was charged with having expressed the wish that "every American soldier sent to France might be drowned."

ST. MARIES, Idaho, May 10.—Members of the Idaho National Guard, who have been on duty here said in other parts of Benewah County on account of Industrial Workers of the World threatening trouble, were withdrawn today.

I. W. W. Peril Ended.

Adjutant-General Charles S. Moody said the leaders of the Industrial Workers have been driven from the state or are in jail, and that there is no further need of the guardsmen here.

EDINBURGH, May 10.—For making speeches prejudicial to recruiting, John MacLean, consul in Glasgow of the Russian Bolshevik government, in the high court yesterday was sentenced to five years' penal servitude under the defense of the realm act.

MacLean had urged working men to break all laws and to replace Parliament by an organization patterned after the Russian soviets.

RED WING, Minn., May 10.—Joseph Gilbert, state manager for the National Non-Partisan League, was convicted here this afternoon of having made disloyal utterances during a public address at Kenyon, Minn., last August. Gilbert was sentenced here tonight to one year's imprisonment and a fine of \$500 and granted a stay of 60 days, with the provision that he forgo Non-Partisan League activities in Goodhue County during that time.

Read The Oregonian classified ads.

Why the Great German
Push Has Failed

Victory is the bag of oats continually dangled in front of the German people, remarks the Chicago Daily News; "they never get it but they believe it is never far away." Thus while the Kaiser declares flamboyantly that "the people who wish to destroy us are digging their own graves," the desperate German thrust in the battle of the Western front fails disastrously; General Ludendorff announces that "the idea of forcing success by the employment of masses must be abolished absolutely" because "it only leads to unnecessary losses;" and, as the New York World notes, even the Berlin battle-bulletins begin to read as tho it was an Allied offensive which is being victoriously resisted by the Germans.

Meanwhile, American battalions are fighting valiantly on a sector of the Picardy front which blocks the way to Amiens; and the process of fusing the Allies into one invincible army—the greatest ever commanded by a single General—is being accelerated and completed in the furnace of the German offensive.

There is a searching analysis and review in THE LITERARY DIGEST for May 11th, of the great drive on the Western front showing all its many angles, and drawn from all sources of available information.

Other articles of direct interest to the American people in this number are:

The Big Men at the Head of the War-Work

Public Opinion, as Reflected in the Newspaper Press, on Schwab, Stettinius, Baruch, and Ryan, the Captains of Industry Whom the President Has Placed in Charge of Important Branches of War-Work

To Kill or Use Our German Press
A Flanking Drive for Suffrage
Where the Kaiser Lost His Chance
Our Ignorance of New Food-Plants
A New Tonic for Tired Souls
Paying Employees to Exercise
Pictures to Teach Strategy
An Index to the German Mind
The Kaiser Confronted by Christ and Napoleon
Important News of Banking and Commerce
A Fine Collection of Illustrations, Including Cartoons, Maps, and Half-tone Photographs

"The Digest" the Most Trustworthy Historian of the War

Now that the armies of the Allies are locked in a death grapple with the invading Hun, armies of which our own "boys in brown" are an integral and active part, it becomes a matter of vital importance for each one of us to know as nearly as may be just what is transpiring at the front, how the battle is going along those three hundred odd miles which mark for us the Frontier of Freedom. The daily papers give some idea of the situation, but

their statements to-day are not infrequently colored by an optimism that has to be modified to-morrow. The only real way to get the facts accurately is from a careful summary of all reports made after the event, when time has been given to obtain perspective. Such a summary you have weekly in THE LITERARY DIGEST, the columns of which form a unique, condensed history of the struggle. Read it and know the truth.

May 11th Number on Sale To-day—All News-dealers—10 Cents

The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

BONDS READY JULY

McAdoo Announces Conversion
Details Completed.

NEW LIBERTIES TRADED IN

Large Offerings of Third Loan
Made in Wall Street Attributed
by Traders to Out-
of-Town Banks.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—In announcing today arrangements for converting first and second liberty loan bonds into bonds of the third loan bearing 4 1/2 per cent interest, Secretary McAdoo explained that the new conversion bonds would not be ready for delivery until July 1 and requested bondholders not to ask conversion before that date, although legally bonds may be converted any time from today until next November 9.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The new liberty bonds of the third issue, bearing 4 1/2 per cent interest and listed for the

first time on the Stock Exchange today, sold almost a point below par at the opening. Within the first 20 minutes of trading two blocks of the bonds, one of \$207,000 par value and the other of \$100,000 were sold at 98 1/2.

Large offerings of bonds for the third liberty loan at the end of the first hour sent the selling price down 1 1/2 points below par. A block of \$100,000 sold at 99 and a few minutes later another of \$670,000 went at 98 1/2.

During the afternoon the bonds ranged a new low figure of 98 1/2.

On the Stock Exchange the selling of these bonds was attributed to out-of-town banks.

SALEM DEBATORS TRIUMPH

Marshfield High School Defeated
for State Championship.

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, May 10.—(Special.)—Salem High School won the debating championship of the state when it earned an unanimous decision over the Marshfield High School team last night.

Upholding the negative, Dewey Probst and Phillip Elliott, the Salem debaters, completely blocked Albert Powers and Thelma Lyons, the Marshfield team, in their attempts to make a case for the affirmative side of the question:

"Resolved, That at the close of the war the United States should join a league of nations, with police power to enforce the decrees of its international court."

With the championship goes the University of Oregon cup. The Judges were, Dr. Joseph Schaefer, Dr. Henry

D. Sheldon and Professor E. E. Decon, all of the University faculty.

ACTRESS BENDS IRON RULE

Maude Adams to Appear Sunday for
Camp Lewis Soldiers.

TACOMA, Wash., May 10.—(Special.)—Twenty years ago, when Maude Adams rose to fame and first place in that corner of America's heart reserved for its best-loved stage woman, she made it a rule never to play on Sunday.

So far as is known she has never broken that rule.

Sunday, Mother's day, Maude Adams and her company will give a benefit performance of "A Kiss for Cinderella" in the Liberty Theater at Camp Lewis. She has disturbed a lifelong principle for the sake of the young manhood of the West.

The performance will be a voluntary contribution by the company, and every cent of admission will go into the funds distributed for the comfort and happiness of the men at camp. Officers and men of the Army only will be admitted.

Read Harley's article, page 11.—Adv.

A Simpson Rally

An Address

by

L. J. Simpson

Candidate for the Republican Nomination
For Governor

on

"The Needs of Oregon and
the Issues of the Day"

Make it a point to hear him. Be there and
bring your neighbor.

ELEVENTH-STREET PLAYHOUSE
Eleventh and Morrison

Saturday, May 11, 8 P. M.

Hon. Ben Selling will introduce the speaker.
Judicial, Legislative and County Candidates
will be introduced and invited to speak during
the evening.

(Paid Ad.)
Simpson for Gov-
ernor League.

Your Future—

Our Boys Are Fighting
to Secure It.

Are You Saving to Assure It?

Open Saturdays 6 to 8 P. M.

Hibernia Savings Bank

A CONSERVATIVE CUSTODIAN
Fourth and Washington Sts.