

MILLION STRIKE IN TEUTON EMPIRE

Great Industrial Centers in Revolt.

50,000 BERLIN WOMEN OUT

State of Siege Said to Exist in Cities of Wandsbeck, Ham- burg and Altona.

PLEAS OF CHURCH IGNORED

Socialist Leaders Reported Arrested; Labor Demands Immediate Peace.

(By the Associated Press.)
The strikes in Germany apparently are growing in magnitude. In Berlin alone, according to press dispatches reaching neutral countries from Germany, 700,000 men and women have ceased work, while in Kiel, in towns along the Rhine, in the Westphalian coal regions and other districts in the empire, including Bavaria, the situation is serious.
It is asserted that martial law has been declared in Hamburg and other centers, and that in Hamburg the military commander has ordered a cessation of the strikes and given the added order that further demonstrations be avoided.

Further Arrests Made.
Additional Socialist leaders in various German towns have been arrested because of their activities in fomenting strikes or by reason of their hostile attitude toward the policy of the militaristic elements with regard to peace and franchise reforms.

Numerous industries necessary to the prosecution of the war have headquarters in towns where strikes are in progress.

War Plants Affected.

Notable among these industries are the great shipbuilding yards at Kiel, the military airplane and balloon plants at Adlershof, the large arsenals and ammunition works at Spandau and the great coal and iron mines and foundries in the Westphalia region.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The broad features of the news filtering in today from Berlin are, first, that the strike movement undoubtedly is extending, and, second, that the German authorities are endeavoring to minimize its importance.

Thus far there has been no news regarding the decision of Minister of the Interior Walraf at his conference with General von Stein, commander of the home forces, as to what attitude the government will adopt.

Least Somber View Presented.

Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent says in a telegram dated Thursday that the strike obviously represents the situation in the least somber light.

The German semi-official news agency says the trouble is stationary and that no disturbances occurred Wednesday, that police intervention was needless, and that work was partly resumed in several manufacturing centers of greater Berlin, but that in other quarters operations still were suspended.

In the upper Silesian industrial region, according to this news agency, the strike has gained virtually no ground, and it adds that news from the iron and steel districts of the Rhineland and Westphalia also is reassuring. In Spandau work is in full swing in most of the government workshops, the news agency concludes, the trades unions refusing to have anything to do with the strike.

Scarcity of Food Blamed.

A dispatch to the Associated Press from Stockholm says the German strikes are largely due to the scarcity of food, quoting the Svenska Dagbladet's Berlin correspondent.

This correspondent asserts that the people are indignant over the exportation of flour to Austria and also over profiteering and the illegal procuring of foodstuffs, which flourishes despite the utmost efforts of the authorities.

The strikes in Hamburg and Kiel have resolved themselves into hunger demonstrations. The extent of the food profiteering in Berlin alone is illustrated by a report in the Berliner Tageblatt that fines imposed in

WILD FREIGHT HITS CAR; 4 DEAD, 12 HURT

TRAGIC COLLISION OCCURS AT SEDRÖ-WOOLLEY STATION.

Runaway Northern Pacific Train
Crashes Into Rear End of Pas-
senger Coach at Night.

BELLINGHAM, Wash., Jan. 31.—A telephone message from Sedro-Woolley says the death list in the wreck there may reach 20, as many of the injured are dying.

BELLINGHAM, Wash., Jan. 31.—Four persons were killed and 12 or more seriously injured when a runaway Northern Pacific freight train crashed into the rear coach of a Great Northern passenger train at the station at Sedro-Woolley, Wash., 30 miles south of here, at 8 o'clock tonight, according to reports received.

Among the dead are: C. E. Patten, of Seattle, president of the Atlas Lumber Company, and Henry Thompson, County Commissioner of Skagit County. The Great Northern passenger train No. 292 was bound east on the Anacortes-Rockport branch, while the freight train was bound south on the main line of the Northern Pacific.

The crash came at the Sedro-Woolley crossing, near the station, and the impact smashed the passenger coach into the depot building. Every doctor in Skagit County who could be found was summoned to the scene to care for the injured. So far as is known, all of the dead and injured were passengers in the wrecked coach.

SOPHOMORES ON STRIKE

Albany High School Students Pro- test at Mates' Suspension.

ALBANY, Or., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Twenty-five of the 30 members of the sophomore class of the Albany High School went on a strike today and left school when they understood some of their fellow-members had been expelled. It developed, however, there was a misunderstanding and it is said that the students will return to work Monday.

Last Monday night the senior class pennant disappeared from the wall of the assembly room, which for years has been "neutral ground." Today several sophomores appeared at school wearing pieces of felt like the material of the pennant. It was not part of the pennant, but feeling it would promote row between seniors and sophomores Principal Young ordered the boys to remove the felt from their coats. Some refused and were ordered to leave school. Thinking these boys had been permanently expelled, some of the others went out.

NATURAL GAS IS STRUCK

Volume of Eastern Washington Well Is 1,000,000 Cubic Feet a Day.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Word was received today from the Benton County district that the Walla Walla Gas & Pipe Line Company had struck a gas well flowing 1,000,000 cubic feet of gas a day. The well is located a quarter of a mile from the original well opened a few years ago by a company drilling for artesian water and which is flowing at the rate of 200,000 feet a day.

The gas in the new well was struck at 799 feet. Drilling will be resumed in an effort to strike oil. There are 700 stockholders in Walla Walla County. Henry D. James, general manager and treasurer of the company, will leave tomorrow for the well. The opening of the second gas well proves Mr. James' claim that a mammoth gas reservoir underlies the district.

AURORA CITIZENS HAPPY

Announcement of Paving of Pacific Highway Pleases.

AURORA, Or., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The announcement that the State Highway Commission will pave the 21 miles of the Pacific Highway from Aurora to Salem early in the Spring, using its own plant and its own workmen, pleased many here who were becoming rather pessimistic over the prospect of any paving for the highway this year. The city has spent several hundred dollars preparing grades within the city, under the direction of the Highway Commission's engineer and citizens are naturally pleased over the prospect of early realization of paved streets through the town.

NEW REVOLUTION STARTED

Jose Obregon Said to Be Back of Latest Mexican Revolt.

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 31.—Rumors of a new movement against the Mexican government in the state of Sonora reached here tonight.

According to semi-official reports, Jose Obregon, a brother of General Alvaro Obregon, former minister of war, is leader of the new movement, and he is said to command a number of troops, including a large number of the revolting Yaqui Indians.

BIG BLOW-UP IS REPORTED

Terrific Explosion Heard in Vicinity of Friedrichshafen.

ZURICH, Jan. 30.—A tremendous explosion, accompanied by gunfire and followed by a huge column of fire, was heard in the direction of Friedrichshafen this morning, a telegram received at St. Gall from Rosenberg, on Lake Constance, reports.

The explosion was probably the result of an aerial attack on the Zeppelin works at Friedrichshafen.

FUTURE RUSSIA TO HAVE NO CLASSES

Pure Social Democracy Lenine's Ideal.

COALITION SCHEME IS DEcriED

Bolshevik Premier Is Opposed to Compromise.

CAPITALISM IS ATTACKED

Moneyed Interests Eventually to Be Wiped Out in General Leveling Process of Socialist Regime. Peace Most Urgent Need.

The New York Evening Mail's correspond-
ent, George T. Odell, who has made a study
of conditions in Russia before and since the
revolution, today announces the plans as put
forth by Premier Lenine.

BY GEORGE TALBOT ODELL.
"Future Russia will be a pure social
democracy. All class distinctions will
be abolished. There will be neither
bourgeoisie nor capitalists; therefore
we do not believe in compromising
with the bourgeoisie; we do not believe
in a coalition government."

In these words is to be found the
explanation of Nicolai Lenine's quarrel
with Kerensky and the former pro-
visional government of Russia.

Our interview occurred in Petrograd,
while Kerensky was making his last
desperate effort to retain his control
of the government by forming a coalition
cabinet and establishing a "tem-
porary parliament" without legislative
powers.

Who knows where Kerensky is now?
Perhaps he is hiding as Lenine was
hiding when I found him; hiding in
the shadow of the Winter Palace, ac-
cessible at all hours to his friends,
walking the streets of the capital in
broad daylight under the very noses
of the officers who had been "ordered"
to arrest him.

Perhaps Lenine is afraid to make a
martyr of Kerensky by throwing his
into prison just as the former Minister-
President was afraid of consolidating
the revolutionary forces against him
by incarcerating one of the ten apostles
of the Russian revolution.

Lenine Is Interviewed.

It was about the middle of last Sep-
tember that I went into Russia on a
pass obtained from the Bolshevik
headquarters near Stockholm, with a
determination to find this man Lenine
and learn from his own lips his theories
of government.

I was introduced into a large draw-
ing-room, furnished rather sumptuous-
ly. In the middle of the room was a
table. Seated at this table was Lenine.
I was presented to him as "comrade"
by one of his close friends and po-
sitively introduced to him as "comrade."
(Concluded on Page 4, Column 1.)

SPY ACTIVITIES IN NORTHWEST BARED

SOLDIER AT CHARLOTTE SAID TO HAVE CONFESSED.

Expose of German-Born Naturalized
American Expected to Cause
Teuton Agents' Roundup.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Jan. 31.—Agents of the Department of Justice have taken to Chicago a prisoner said to be one of the most wanted of men by the secret service. He is said to have made an important confession.
A naturalized American of German birth, the man was arrested in a southern military training camp more than three weeks ago and has been in the County Jail here.
He was drafted into the National Army from a Western state. His confession and information given to the Government agents, it is said, will cause the arrest of some of the most dangerous German agents in the Pacific Northwest.

SEATTLE, Jan. 31.—Ernest V. Evenson, aged 23, a special science student at the University of Washington here, today was placed in the county jail and questioned by Federal officials. Evenson was arrested in the chemistry laboratory at the university yesterday. Officials declined to discuss the case or make public Evenson's statements.

BRITISH LOSSES DECREASE

January Casualties Total 14,058 Officers and 58,961 Men.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—British casual-
ties reported during January totaled
12,017. They were divided as follows:
Killed or died of wounds—Officers,
358; men, 13,659.
Wounded or missing—Officers, 1205;
men, 57,756.

The January casualties show a slight
falling off from those reported during
December, which reached a total of
79,537. The total for November was
129,955, reflecting the severe fighting
on the Cambrai front in that month.

WILSON WILL "SIT TIGHT"

Ohio Governor's Telegram to Presi- dent Brings Response.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 31.—Governor
James M. Cox today sent the follow-
ing telegram to President Wilson:
"Just sit tight in the boat. The
reaction now crystallizing will over-
whelm those whose politics has en-
gulfed their patriotism."
President Wilson sent the following
reply:

"Thank you heartily for the message
You may be sure I shall sit tight for
the boat is sound, and nobody can
overturn it."

RED CROSS USES VILLA

Large Home in Best Quarter of Rome Loaned to Americans.

ROME, Jan. 31.—The American Red
Cross has been installed in a villa
which the Italian government has
turned over for its use.
It has 30 rooms and a garden and is
situated in the best quarter of the city.
(Concluded on Page 2, Column 1.)

AIRSHIP BUILDING RACES WITH WAR

New Tactics Make Junk of Model of U. S. BEHIND

Work Two Months Delayed Now Progresses.

VERDUN TEACHES LESSONS

Senate Military Committee Informed That Contracts for Aviation Ser- vice Exceed \$640,000,000 Provided by Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Constant
altering of plans to meet rapid changes
in air fighting tactics in Europe, com-
bined with delays in getting material
and scarcity of skilled labor has put
America's great aircraft programme two
months behind schedule, though it is
now moving forward smoothly.
In disclosing this today to the Sen-
ate's military committee, Colonel Deeds,
assistant to Major-General Squiera,
chief signal officer of the Army, said
that not a single machine of the ex-
act type planned when Congress ap-
propriated \$540,000,000 for an air fleet
will see service in France.

Greater Power Needed.

Colonel Deeds told the committee
that the tendency was toward machines
of greater power and that valuable les-
sons in this respect had been learned
at the last battles about Verdun. He
believed that the machine now being
manufactured and sent to France not
only would meet present requirements,
but would excel anything the enemy
may produce.
Testimony on how many machines
have been sent over, the equipment go-
ing with them, the number of aviators
in France or expected to go was left
to an executive session of the commit-
tee, and will be continued tomorrow,
but Colonel Deeds said at the public
hearing that it "looks as though we
will keep the programme of moving
men and equipment to France well
balanced."

Four Types Being Made.

Colonel Deeds said four types of ma-
chines were being manufactured: Ele-
mentary training, advanced training,
combat and bombing. Contracts have
been let for 5550 of the elementary
type, first used by the students; 2153
have been completed, and contracts
had been awarded for 1400 of the ad-
vanced training. Information about
the combat and bombing craft was
withheld.
Contracts for the aviation service,
however, exceed in the aggregate
\$640,000,000 provided by Congress and
are distributed as follows:
One hundred and ninety-four million
(Concluded on Page 2, Column 1.)

8-HOUR DAY ACTION FOR MILLS HALTS

SECRETARY OF LABOR TO STAY HAND FOR PRESENT.

Future Procedure Will Depend on
Progress Made by Spruce and
Fir Production Operations.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash-
ington, Jan. 31.—The proposal arbit-
rarily to establish the eight-hour day
in the lumber industry of Oregon and
Washington by executive order of the
President has been abandoned, for the
present at least. This is shown by a
letter sent today by Secretary of La-
bor Wilson to Senators Jones and Poin-
dexter, of Washington, which explains
the alternative plan to be adopted.
In this letter Secretary Wilson says:
"I have been advised by the Sec-
retary of War that the lumbermen of
the Pacific Northwest have stated that
they would abide by any directions
given by Colonel Disque in the applica-
tion of the basic eight-hour work-
day in that field or in the operation
of it."
"No further action will be taken by
me pending the results of his efforts.
If he succeeds in getting a sufficient
supply of spruce and fir to meet the
needs of the Government, the contem-
plated recommendation will not be
pressed."

In this same connection Vice-Presi-
dent Pies, of the Shipping Board, sent
word to Senator McNary that he had
appointed R. S. Shaw, of Astoria, of
the Hammond Lumber Company, and
J. H. Bloxell, of Seattle, to investi-
gate the lumber situation in Oregon
and Washington, as it bears on the
shipbuilding industry.
With their figures received, the
production division of the Shipping
Board will estimate how large a fleet
of wooden vessels can be built by the
Government over and beyond the ships
now contracted for. Mr. Pies explains
that this data before the Shipping
Board can announce a definite
wood ship programme for the fu-
ture.

TACOMA AFTER 7-CENT FISH

Mayor Fawcett Highly Indignant at Favors Shown Seattle.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 31.—(Special.)
—Tacoma's proposed fish market
will be a minor question and Mayor A. V.
Fawcett is to take the matter up with
Governor Ernest Lister unless he re-
ceives fish from the hatchery for the
proposed market.
"I have written and written to Com-
missioner Darwin concerning the mat-
ter," said Mayor Fawcett, "and re-
peatedly he has replied that he will
be in Tacoma in a few days and ar-
range for Tacoma to receive the 7-cent
fish. At the same time the fish is
being shipped to Seattle.
"Seattle is being furnished fish from
the Chambers Creek hatchery, which
was built by the city of Tacoma at a
cost of \$5500."

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OREGON TO ELECT TWO U. S. SENATORS

Long and Short Terms Open to Aspirants.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL DECIDES

Parties to Make Primary Se- lections for Each Office.

KNOTTY ISSUES INVOLVED

Whether One Man Can Run for Both Terms Undecided in Opinion of Mr. Brown, Given at Request of Secretary of State.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—Two
United States Senators are to be elected
by the people of Oregon in November,
instead of one, and the Republican and
Democratic parties are to nominate two
Senatorial candidates at the primaries
for each party instead of one. One of
the Senators elected will hold for the
long term of six years, from March 3,
1915, while the other will hold for the
unexpired term of the late Senator
Harry Lane, from a November election
until March 3, next year.
This is the gist of an opinion handed
down by Attorney-General Brown to-
day for Secretary of State Coolett.
The request for the opinion was made
by the Secretary of State in order that
he may be certain as to the offices to be
included in ballots which are to be
certified to the County Clerks for the
primary nomination election in May.

Two Terms to Be Considered.

The Attorney-General informed him
that such ballots should provide for the
unexpired term ending March 3,
1915, as well as for the full term be-
ginning March 4, 1915.

The Attorney-General, in today's
opinion, failed to pass on the question
as to whether one man could be a candi-
date for both the long and the short
terms. "That is a question to pass upon
when it comes up," was the remark of
the Attorney-General, when questioned
as to this point. If he holds that one
man can run for both the long and
short terms then the people must elect
the same man for both terms, and he
will step into office as soon as he can
qualify after the general election, and
then qualify again in March. If he
holds that the law which provides that
no person can run for two offices at
one election applies in this case, then
it will be up to the present candidates
to decide whether they shall run for
the long or short terms. If they all
choose to run for the long term, other
candidates would have to be up to
the voters to write their names in
on the ballots.

Possibilities Are Pointed Out.

Also, in this case, if Senator McNary
should run for the long term, which
he no doubt would, and happened to
be re-elected, he would have to re-
turn to the question arose at the primary
election in November and March, unless the Sen-
ate itself would refuse to let the short-
term Senator qualify. This might be
done, it is pointed out, under the con-
stitutional provision that the Senate is
sole judge of the qualifications of its
own members.
The Attorney-General in his opinion
today said that the primary law of the
state has been given a practical inter-
pretation in this regard by the peo-
ple and the Legislature, when in 1905
Senator Mitchell died and Senator
Gearin was named to succeed him. In
1906 the question arose at the primary
election as to whether a Senator should
be nominated to fill the vacancy caused
by the death of Senator Mitchell, not-
withstanding the temporary appoint-
ment of Senator Gearin. F. W. Mulkey
was elected to fill the unexpired term.

Opinion Is Cited.

Continuing in his opinion, Mr. Brown
said in part:

"I am perfectly aware that the Sen-
ate of the United States is the sole
and exclusive judge of the qualifica-
tions and elections of its own members.
I am also mindful of the fact that it
is possible that the nomination and
election to fill the vacancy caused by
the death of the late Senator Harry
Lane, now being temporarily filled by
Senator McNary, may be an empty
honor, but this is not the concern of
the election officers of the state of
Oregon. Our duty is to construe and
apply the election law as we find it."
"I know of no reason for following
a different course in the pending elec-
tion than was pursued in 1906 and
1907, when a successor was elected,
and nominated, to Hon. John M. Gearin
for the purpose of filling a vacancy
caused by the death of Senator
Mitchell."

Constitution Is Relied Upon.

"I do not believe that chapter 49,
General Laws of Oregon, 1915, clothes
the Governor with more power to fill
a vacancy in the office of United
States Senate than he possessed prior
to the adoption of the seventeenth
amendment to the Constitution of the
United States."
"The purpose of the constitutional
amendment was not to confer addi-
tional power upon the Governors of the
several states with reference to the
appointment of United States Senators,
but the amendment was adopted for
the express purpose of empowering the
people to choose their own Senators."
(Concluded on Page 2, Column 2.)

