

LANDSDOWNE PEACE PLAN DENOUNCED

Chancellor Bonar Law Repudiates Lord's Letter, Styling It "Disaster."

DAILY PRESS SCORES ACT

London Mail Under Caption "The White Flag," Declares Lansdowne "Is Alone in His Surrender."

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The Marquis of Lansdowne, in a sensational pacifist letter, issued yesterday, in which he gave out the substance of his views on the war, has been denounced in the editorial columns of the London morning newspapers, but with the exception of the radical Daily News, which approves it, and the moderate Daily Telegraph, which indorses it, in part, it is denounced.

Insistence is general that he could not have chosen a worse time to launch the letter than when Germany is dicker-ing a peace with the Allies, and the Italian army is about to enter Rome.

The Daily Mail, under the caption "The White Flag," declares that Lansdowne is alone in his surrender, and concludes it with denunciatory comments, declaring that Lansdowne is alone in his surrender.

The Evening News says that at a representative meeting of the Unionist party today Chancellor Bonar Law strongly repudiated Lord Lansdowne's letter, describing it as a "disaster."

The Chancellor further declared that the views expressed by Lansdowne were not the views of any of his colleagues, either in the cabinet or out of it. A strongly worded resolution condemning the publication of the letter was adopted at a meeting and called to the order of the day.

Chancellor Bonar Law in his address pointed out that Lansdowne had no official position in the party whatever, and that he spoke entirely for himself.

This proclamation was received by the meeting with the greatest approval, and constituted an official and definite repudiation of the mischievous trend of the letter.

The meeting was attended by Sir Edward Carson, head of the war aims committee; Walter Hume Long, Secretary of State for the Colonies; and Chaplin and delegates from every part of the country.

LETTER LONDON SENSATION

British Statesman Never Suspected of Pacifist Tendencies.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The Marquis of Lansdowne, whose letter advocating revision of the allies' war aims and an effort to secure peace has provoked a hot discussion, is a typical representative of the old Tory party. He was a member of Asquith's coalition administration and was Secretary for Foreign Affairs in Lord Salisbury's and Mr. Balfour's ministries. He was Viceroy of India and Governor-General of Canada. He was the last public man to be suspected of pacifist tendencies.

His letter gives formal adhesion to President Wilson's policy of a league of nations, and does not seek to impose upon the German people a form of government against their choice; third, that, except as a legitimate war measure, we should not examine Germany her place among the great commercial countries; fourth, that we are prepared after the war, in concert with other nations, to examine the international problems connected with freedom of the seas; fifth, that we are prepared to enter into an international pact under which ample opportunities would be afforded for the settlement of international disputes by peaceful means.

Lansdowne's long and intimate connection with foreign affairs and diplomacy lends unusual authority to his views, and it is not surprising that the publication of the letter at the moment of the meeting of the inter-allied conference at Paris, and because of Clemenceau's recent declaration against a league of nations, has caused such a sensation.

The Evening News demurs against Lansdowne's suggestions on the ground that Germany's war aims have produced the Star of David, the most formidable attack yet made on the Lloyd Georgean "knockout-blow policy."

The matter has created quite a sensation in the lobby of Parliament and it is understood that the subject of discussion in the House at an early date.

LANDSDOWNE'S WORDS SCORED

Lord Cecil Declares Marquis Spoke Only for Himself.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of Blockade, in his weekly talk with the Associated Press, declared emphatically that the Marquis of Lansdowne, in writing a letter containing peace suggestions, was not speaking for an important body of opinion in England.

"The most important thing to say in regard to Lansdowne's letter," Lord Robert said, "is that he spoke only for himself. Before writing it, he did not consult or have any communication with any member of the government and the members of the government read the letter in the newspapers with as much surprise as anybody else."

"It does not represent our views nor has there been any change or modification in the slightest degree in the war policy of this country. Our policy still is as it has always been and is described by the august spokesmen of the country, namely, Premier Lloyd George, Asquith, Bonar Law and Balfour. It has been put in different words by them, but perhaps is best summed up in the recent utterance of Premier Clemenceau—that the war aim for which we are fighting is victory."

SHIPBUILDERS TO CONFER Labor Commissioners and Deputies to Discuss Accident Prevention.

SALEM, Or., Nov. 30.—(Special.)—State Labor Commissioner Hoff, upon his return today from Portland, said his plans are under way for a meeting of shipbuilders in Portland Friday next, when the question of taking steps to prevent accidents in shipyards will be discussed.

The meeting will be held with the employers. It is expected that employers from Astoria as well as from Portland will be present.

CITY CALM AS FOES NEARS

(Continued From First Page.)

pression that there is a good deal of apprehension on the part of the city as to the result of the next big battle, which may occur any day now.

The Germans are undoubtedly pretty near a good deal of peace, and we know, just before dinner the War Office announced that there would be no further official communications as to the operations. That looks as though they were batten down the hatches for the next big engagement.

Yesterday afternoon I received a letter from Richard Harding Davis, who wants to join the Belgian forces. We are trying to arrange it this morning, and I expect to see him any day now.

Correspondents on Job

We are going to have a lot of newspaper men in our midst. I met two more of them last night. None of them have so far appeared speak any language but English, but they are quite confident that they can get all the news. I look next for Palmer and Jimmy Fere and the rest of the crowd.

Maxwell, the Telegraph correspondent, yesterday showed me a photograph of a French bulldog that has been doing good work at the front. His master, who is an officer in one of the forges, fastens messages in his collar and shoves him out onto the glacis. The puppy makes a blue streak for home, and as he is always sent at night, has managed so far to avoid the Germans. His mistress brings him back to the edge of town and starts him back for the fort.

Time Big Factor

The Belgian troops have so far had to stand the flood of German with little or no help from the allies. The expected, so far as we can make out, to sweep through Belgium with little or no resistance, and to reach the sea in three days. The Belgians have knocked his schedule out by 12 days already, and there is no telling how much longer they may hold out. My military advisers tell me that in view of the great necessity for a quick campaign in France, so as to get the army back in time to head off the Russian flood when it begins to pour over the northern frontier, the loss of this much time is equivalent to the loss of a first great battle. The moral effect is also tremendous.

Villalobar, the Spanish Minister, came in today to dinner just to visit. His household is greatly upset. His cook and three footmen have gone to the rear. He apologized for not inviting us to dine during these depressing days, but said he could not, as his cook was a Lucretia di Borgia. He is confident that he is going to knock Brussels into a cocked hat. So many of the families will be in mourning, and so much poverty will come as a result of the war. Life is very hard here. We have had a little annoyance of living under martial law, that it is hard to realize that such great changes are in the air.

Palmer Arrives Quickly

Brussels, Aug. 16, 1914.—This morning I walked out of my office and bumped into Frederick Palmer. I had just come to work so near. Two weeks ago he was in Vera Cruz, but made a bee line for Brussels at the first news of impending war. In the breathing spaces during the morning I got in a little visit with him. He stayed to lunch at the legation and so did I. In the afternoon I took him to the Foreign Office and the War Office and the General Staff, and got him outfitted with passes, so that he can make a try to get toward the front. As a measure of precaution I added another liaison pass to my collection, with a beautiful photograph on it. The collection grows every day.

I went to the palace to dine with Palmer and Blount. As we got seated in walked Richard Harding Davis and Lord Morgan. They told us that Davis was immaculate in dinner jacket and white linen, for war does not interfere with his dressing.

(To be continued.)

Last of German Fugitives Caught

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Carl Sabel, a petty officer of the German navy, one of the 10 interned Germans who escaped from the prison camp at Fort McPherson, Ga., on October 23, last, was captured here last night. He is the last of the Germans who escaped under the leadership of the lieutenant Hans Berg, the officer who brought the British liner Aquatic into Hampton Roads, Va., as a prize of war in 1916, to be rounded up. When arrested Sabel was employed as a doorman of a Fifth-avenue store.

Embargo May Exempt Red Cross

PETROGRAD, Nov. 28.—An official of the Red Cross here has sent a communication to the press in regard to published declarations of a stoppage of supplies for Russia and the opinions expressed in them that this would be the course adopted by America. The Red Cross communication declared that the alleged embargo had no reference to shipments for the Red Cross.

Keeping the Quality Up

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, the World-Famous Cure for Colds and Grip, is now being sold in a new form. On account of the advance in the price of the six druggists, Concentrated Extracts and Chemicals, Concentrated LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, it was necessary to increase the price to the druggist. It has stood the test for a quarter of a century. It is used by every civilized Nation.

Pianos, Player Pianos and Talking Machines

HOVENDE PIANO COMPANY 87 FIFTH ST. Broadway 677

BELL-ANS Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

GERMAN ARMS, SAYS CHANCELLOR

Teutons Declared Ready to Enter Into Peace Negotiations.

ARMY AND NAVY PRAISED

Peace-Destroying Militarism Is Declared to Rest With Entire Powers, Which Seek Destruction of Germany.

MRS. ALICE PRATT GOUGH ACCUSES HUSBAND OF BIGAMY

Woman Says Defendant Has Been Married Five Times and Says He Has Right to 1000 Wives.

WOMAN SAYS DEFENDANT HAS BEEN MARRIED FIVE TIMES AND SAYS HE HAS RIGHT TO 1000 WIVES

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 30.—(Special.)—Disagreeing with her husband's profession that he has as much right to 1000 wives as King Solomon, Mrs. Alice Pratt Gough has filed a complaint against Thomas G. Gough, in which she charges him with bigamy. Gough is being sought by the police of San Francisco for Pierce County authorities.

At the Time Gough Led Her to the Altar in Tacoma in 1914, According to Mrs. Gough, He Had Another Wife, Who is Now in Los Angeles. He was, not long ago, according to the court records at Reno, Nev., before she met Gough he had married other women, staying with them, and that most of the money they possessed, she says.

He told me that King Solomon had 1000 wives, and that he had any reason why he shouldn't have, said Mrs. Gough, when she placed her evidence before the District Attorney.

AUTO MAKERS PLEDGE AID INDUSTRIES TO BE TURNED OVER TO GOVERNMENT AS RAPIDLY AS NEEDED

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 30.—Approximately 150 automobile manufacturers at a meeting of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce here today, pledged their support to the Government and expressed their readiness to turn facilities over to the Government as rapidly as required.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 30.—Approximately 150 automobile manufacturers at a meeting of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce here today, pledged their support to the Government and expressed their readiness to turn facilities over to the Government as rapidly as required.

time, it was decided, the manufacturers will keep their organizations intact to conserve the greatest possible strength of the industry for present and future war needs of the Nation. A telegram to this effect was sent to the War Industries Board at Washington.

ALFRED REEVES, GENERAL MANAGER OF THE NATIONAL AUTOMOBILE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, SAID THAT THE EXPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, WERE 64,824 PASSENGER CARS AND 15,977 TRUCKS. INCLUDING THE TIRES AND PARTS, THESE EXPORTS, HE SAID, WERE VALUED AT \$132,411,000.

GREAT CAUTION IS URGED

(Continued From First Page.)

(By the Associated Press.)

Following Germany's announced willingness to treat with the Russian Bolsheviks for an armistice having as its purpose ultimate peace, comes the statement that Austria-Hungary is likewise ready to accept the government of the Dual monarchy has sent an official reply accepting the present Russian wireless proposal for negotiations. Unchanged, it is stated, that the Russian plenipotentiaries will meet at noon Sunday on the northern Russian battlefield and thence proceed by train to the German headquarters at Brest Litovsk to discuss the Bolshevik project.

LANDSDOWNE IS REPUDIATED

The letter of the Marquis of Lansdowne, in which he gave out the substance of his views on the war, has been denounced in the editorial columns of the London morning newspapers, but with the exception of the radical Daily News, which approves it, and the moderate Daily Telegraph, which indorses it, in part, it is denounced.

Insistence is general that he could not have chosen a worse time to launch the letter than when Germany is dicker-ing a peace with the Allies, and the Italian army is about to enter Rome.

The Daily Mail, under the caption "The White Flag," declares that Lansdowne is alone in his surrender, and concludes it with denunciatory comments, declaring that Lansdowne is alone in his surrender.

The Evening News says that at a representative meeting of the Unionist party today Chancellor Bonar Law strongly repudiated Lord Lansdowne's letter, describing it as a "disaster."

The Chancellor further declared that the views expressed by Lansdowne were not the views of any of his colleagues, either in the cabinet or out of it. A strongly worded resolution condemning the publication of the letter was adopted at a meeting and called to the order of the day.

Chancellor Bonar Law in his address pointed out that Lansdowne had no official position in the party whatever, and that he spoke entirely for himself.

This proclamation was received by the meeting with the greatest approval, and constituted an official and definite repudiation of the mischievous trend of the letter.

The meeting was attended by Sir Edward Carson, head of the war aims committee; Walter Hume Long, Secretary of State for the Colonies; and Chaplin and delegates from every part of the country.

LETTER LONDON SENSATION

British Statesman Never Suspected of Pacifist Tendencies.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—The Marquis of Lansdowne, whose letter advocating revision of the allies' war aims and an effort to secure peace has provoked a hot discussion, is a typical representative of the old Tory party. He was a member of Asquith's coalition administration and was Secretary for Foreign Affairs in Lord Salisbury's and Mr. Balfour's ministries. He was Viceroy of India and Governor-General of Canada. He was the last public man to be suspected of pacifist tendencies.

His letter gives formal adhesion to President Wilson's policy of a league of nations, and does not seek to impose upon the German people a form of government against their choice; third, that, except as a legitimate war measure, we should not examine Germany her place among the great commercial countries; fourth, that we are prepared after the war, in concert with other nations, to examine the international problems connected with freedom of the seas; fifth, that we are prepared to enter into an international pact under which ample opportunities would be afforded for the settlement of international disputes by peaceful means.

Lansdowne's long and intimate connection with foreign affairs and diplomacy lends unusual authority to his views, and it is not surprising that the publication of the letter at the moment of the meeting of the inter-allied conference at Paris, and because of Clemenceau's recent declaration against a league of nations, has caused such a sensation.

The Evening News demurs against Lansdowne's suggestions on the ground that Germany's war aims have produced the Star of David, the most formidable attack yet made on the Lloyd Georgean "knockout-blow policy."

The matter has created quite a sensation in the lobby of Parliament and it is understood that the subject of discussion in the House at an early date.

LANDSDOWNE'S WORDS SCORED

Lord Cecil Declares Marquis Spoke Only for Himself.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of Blockade, in his weekly talk with the Associated Press, declared emphatically that the Marquis of Lansdowne, in writing a letter containing peace suggestions, was not speaking for an important body of opinion in England.

"The most important thing to say in regard to Lansdowne's letter," Lord Robert said, "is that he spoke only for himself. Before writing it, he did not consult or have any communication with any member of the government and the members of the government read the letter in the newspapers with as much surprise as anybody else."

"It does not represent our views nor has there been any change or modification in the slightest degree in the war policy of this country. Our policy still is as it has always been and is described by the august spokesmen of the country, namely, Premier Lloyd George, Asquith, Bonar Law and Balfour. It has been put in different words by them, but perhaps is best summed up in the recent utterance of Premier Clemenceau—that the war aim for which we are fighting is victory."

SHIPBUILDERS TO CONFER

Labor Commissioners and Deputies to Discuss Accident Prevention.

SALEM, Or., Nov. 30.—(Special.)—State Labor Commissioner Hoff, upon his return today from Portland, said his plans are under way for a meeting of shipbuilders in Portland Friday next, when the question of taking steps to prevent accidents in shipyards will be discussed.

The meeting will be held with the employers. It is expected that employers from Astoria as well as from Portland will be present.

CITY CALM AS FOES NEARS

(Continued From First Page.)

pression that there is a good deal of apprehension on the part of the city as to the result of the next big battle, which may occur any day now.

The Germans are undoubtedly pretty near a good deal of peace, and we know, just before dinner the War Office announced that there would be no further official communications as to the operations. That looks as though they were batten down the hatches for the next big engagement.

Yesterday afternoon I received a letter from Richard Harding Davis, who wants to join the Belgian forces. We are trying to arrange it this morning, and I expect to see him any day now.

Correspondents on Job

We are going to have a lot of newspaper men in our midst. I met two more of them last night. None of them have so far appeared speak any language but English, but they are quite confident that they can get all the news. I look next for Palmer and Jimmy Fere and the rest of the crowd.

Maxwell, the Telegraph correspondent, yesterday showed me a photograph of a French bulldog that has been doing good work at the front. His master, who is an officer in one of the forges, fastens messages in his collar and shoves him out onto the glacis. The puppy makes a blue streak for home, and as he is always sent at night, has managed so far to avoid the Germans. His mistress brings him back to the edge of town and starts him back for the fort.

Time Big Factor

The Belgian troops have so far had to stand the flood of German with little or no help from the allies. The expected, so far as we can make out, to sweep through Belgium with little or no resistance, and to reach the sea in three days. The Belgians have knocked his schedule out by 12 days already, and there is no telling how much longer they may hold out. My military advisers tell me that in view of the great necessity for a quick campaign in France, so as to get the army back in time to head off the Russian flood when it begins to pour over the northern frontier, the loss of this much time is equivalent to the loss of a first great battle. The moral effect is also tremendous.

Villalobar, the Spanish Minister, came in today to dinner just to visit. His household is greatly upset. His cook and three footmen have gone to the rear. He apologized for not inviting us to dine during these depressing days, but said he could not, as his cook was a Lucretia di Borgia. He is confident that he is going to knock Brussels into a cocked hat. So many of the families will be in mourning, and so much poverty will come as a result of the war. Life is very hard here. We have had a little annoyance of living under martial law, that it is hard to realize that such great changes are in the air.

Palmer Arrives Quickly

Brussels, Aug. 16, 1914.—This morning I walked out of my office and bumped into Frederick Palmer. I had just come to work so near. Two weeks ago he was in Vera Cruz, but made a bee line for Brussels at the first news of impending war. In the breathing spaces during the morning I got in a little visit with him. He stayed to lunch at the legation and so did I. In the afternoon I took him to the Foreign Office and the War Office and the General Staff, and got him outfitted with passes, so that he can make a try to get toward the front. As a measure of precaution I added another liaison pass to my collection, with a beautiful photograph on it. The collection grows every day.

Last of German Fugitives Caught

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Carl Sabel, a petty officer of the German navy, one of the 10 interned Germans who escaped from the prison camp at Fort McPherson, Ga., on October 23, last, was captured here last night. He is the last of the Germans who escaped under the leadership of the lieutenant Hans Berg, the officer who brought the British liner Aquatic into Hampton Roads, Va., as a prize of war in 1916, to be rounded up. When arrested Sabel was employed as a doorman of a Fifth-avenue store.

Embargo May Exempt Red Cross

PETROGRAD, Nov. 28.—An official of the Red Cross here has sent a communication to the press in regard to published declarations of a stoppage of supplies for Russia and the opinions expressed in them that this would be the course adopted by America. The Red Cross communication declared that the alleged embargo had no reference to shipments for the Red Cross.

Keeping the Quality Up

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, the World-Famous Cure for Colds and Grip, is now being sold in a new form. On account of the advance in the price of the six druggists, Concentrated Extracts and Chemicals, Concentrated LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, it was necessary to increase the price to the druggist. It has stood the test for a quarter of a century. It is used by every civilized Nation.

Pianos, Player Pianos and Talking Machines

HOVENDE PIANO COMPANY 87 FIFTH ST. Broadway 677

BELL-ANS Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

THE STORE THAT UNDERSELLS BECAUSE IT SELLS FOR CASH

A Timely Sale of Boxed Handkerchiefs

Especially Appropriate for Gift Purposes—

Lot 1—3 to a Box at, Box 25c

Women's Initial Handkerchiefs of sheer quality lawn. They come in many different styles, embroidered in white or colors.

Lot 2—3 to a Box at, Box 35c

Women's dainty Handkerchiefs of fine mercerized Swiss embroidered in white or color in pretty floral and conventional designs.

For Saturday We Announce an Underpriced Sale of

IVORY SOAP

Five Bars for 25 Cents

For Saturday we will place on sale this well-known Soap at a reduced price. Limit 5 bars to a customer. None delivered except with other goods. No phone orders.

At an Attractive Price Reduction We Place on Special Sale Broken Lines of

Women's Coats and Suits

In This Season's Styles

At \$12.75

The assortment includes most every popular material and the most desirable colors. Coats of fine velours and mixtures—Suits in gabardines, etc. Fail to attend this sale and you'll miss one of the most important buying opportunities of the season.

BROKEN LINES OF

Misses' & Children's Shoes

High-top Winter Boots in patent and gummetal leathers—button styles with patent leather cuff—sizes from 9 to 2. Price to close at \$2.25.

BOYS' HIGH-TOP BOOTS

Sizes 1 to 6 special \$3.50 | Sizes 9 to 13 1/2 special \$3.00

at.....

Tan leather Shoes in styles with 8-inch top with buckle—good, durable Shoes for wet weather—considerably underpriced.

Store Opens at 8:30 A. M.

Saturdays at 9 A. M.

Store Closes at 5:30 P. M.

Saturdays at 6 P. M.

The Most in Value—The Best in Quality

FARMERS MAY GET AID

FEDERAL SALE OF SEED AT COST URGED UPON PRESIDENT.

Head of National Non-Partisan League Says That Middle-Western Growers Suffer.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—President A. C. Townley, of the National Non-Partisan League, today asked President Wilson to urge upon Congress an appropriation of \$50,000,000 for the purchase of seed and feed to be sold at cost to farmers of the Middle West who, he said, are in financial straits because of the failure of the crops in two successive years.

Mr. Townley told the President that the farmers in North Dakota, Montana, Kansas, Nebraska and parts of Oklahoma and Minnesota, whom he represented, had answered the country's call for more food by increasing their acreage this year and that the failure of the enlarged crops had hit them heavily. He said that the country was in a state of emergency, and that the failure of the crops had hit them heavily. He said that the country was in a state of emergency, and that the failure of the crops had hit them heavily.

During the conference, Mr. Townley pledged the President the allegiance of the Northwestern farmers, declaring that they desired to do everything within their power to aid the Government in its war effort.

Before going to the White House, Mr. Townley called on Food Administrator Hoover and urged his support of the project.

The letter of the Marquis of Lansdowne, in which he gave out the substance of his views on the war, has been denounced in the editorial columns of the London morning newspapers, but with the exception of the radical Daily News, which approves it, and the moderate Daily Telegraph, which indorses it, in part, it is denounced.

Insistence is general that he could not have chosen a worse time to launch the letter than when Germany is dicker-ing a peace with the Allies, and the Italian army is about to enter Rome.

The Daily Mail, under the caption "The White Flag," declares that Lansdowne is alone in his surrender, and concludes it with denunciatory comments, declaring that Lansdowne is alone in his surrender.

The Evening News says that at a representative meeting of the Unionist party today Chancellor Bonar Law strongly repudiated Lord Lansdowne's letter, describing it as a "disaster."

The Chancellor further declared that the views expressed by Lansdowne were not the views of any of his colleagues, either in the cabinet or out of it. A strongly worded resolution condemning the publication of the letter was adopted at a meeting and called to the order of the day.

Chancellor Bonar Law in his address pointed out that Lansdowne had no official position in the party whatever, and that he spoke entirely for himself.

This proclamation was received by the meeting with the greatest approval, and constituted an official and definite repudiation of the mischievous trend of the letter.

The meeting was attended by Sir Edward Carson, head of the war aims committee; Walter Hume Long, Secretary of State for the Colonies; and Chaplin and delegates from every part of the country.

LETTER LONDON SENSATION

British Statesman Never Suspected of Pacif