

SUPPLY SHIPMENTS TO RUSSIA BARRED

Exports From This Country Forbidden Until Situation Is Clearer.

GOODS ON DOCKS TIED UP

If Bolshevik Gain Control and Separate Peace Is Called For, Embargo Will Be Made Permanent.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—No shipments of supplies will be permitted to go from the United States to Russia until the situation in that country clears. The American Government, before allowing the export of goods already on the docks, wants to know into whose hands they will fall on their arrival.

If the Bolshevik gain control and pursue their programme, calling for a peace with Germany, the embargo will be permanent.

The provisional Russian government was given credits amounting in all to \$325,000,000, of which \$191,000,000 already has been advanced.

The State Department today had no additional dispatches from Ambassador Francis at Petrograd, but unofficial messages coming from Sweden were that General Kaledin, hetman of the Don Cossacks, who held the main hand in Russia through domination of the country's coal and bread supply in the Don Cossack region was marching with an army on Voronez, 200 miles south of Moscow.

Passengers arriving at the Swedish frontier from Russia also reported that soldiers were parading in Petrograd streets bearing banners demanding a constitutional assembly of all Russia and declaring that the Bolshevik regime was more tyrannical than that of Nicholas. The passengers believed the present revolutionary government must fall through lack of support of the principal parties.

The only official dispatch reaching the State Department today from Russia announced that John F. Stevens, head of the American Railway Commission to Russia, had left Petrograd for Vladivostok in connection with his work of rehabilitating the Russian railway system.

American Leaving Petrograd. A dispatch from Tornea, dated yesterday, reports the arrival there of several Americans from Petrograd in advance of the largest party being sent away by Ambassador Francis. Petrograd was said to be quiet, with theaters open and trains running.

Kernans is again reported to have escaped capture and to have gone to the front in an effort to get support. According to Swedish newspapers, an army corps is marching on Petrograd and under command of an army committee determined to end the Bolshevik power.

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 20.—(By the Associated Press.)—The American, French and British representatives at the border station of Tornea, opposite Haparanda, have been stripped of all actual power by Finnish revolutionists, assisted by Russian soldiers. At the outbreak of the revolution, the representatives were recognized as such and detained properly accredited couriers. They were induced finally to desist from this attitude, but they are bringing all conceivable obstructionist tactics to bear to compel the entente representatives to recognize them. Recognition has been refused flatly.

Swedish Flag Torn. The revolutionists visited the Swedish Consulate at Tornea and demanded that the Consul place his automobile at their disposal and he himself act as their chauffeur. This he refused to do. The revolutionists then tore the Swedish flag from the Consulate and departed, declaring that they needed no foreign Consuls in Tornea.

Ira Nelson Morris, the American Minister, learns from a competent source that Petrograd was quiet up to Friday night and that the police were guarding the various legations and embassies.

Fighting in Moscow has ceased. It is reported to have been sanguine. Estimates of the number of dead reach as high as 4000.

A general exodus of Americans from Petrograd and Moscow was expected for the next few days.

its quarterly conference with the Board. Action on the recommendation probably will be taken within two weeks by the Board. Most of the Board members believed that under the uneasy money conditions indicated by the liberty loan payments last week, something should be done to discourage inflation, promote sound conditions and prepare for healthy absorption of future Government loans.

Reports that the shortage of one-cent pieces had caused clearing-houses in several Eastern and Middle Western cities to determine to issue paper scrip to be circulated locally instead of pennies, reached the Treasury today, and were met by an immediate effort to ship more small coins Eastward from the Denver and San Francisco mints.

Five million one-cent pieces were on the way to Chicago to relieve the shortage in the Midwest, and the movement of small coins will continue through December to accommodate holiday shopping demands in Eastern cities.

Within the six weeks ending November 15, 62,600,000 new pennies and 15,000,000 new nickels were put into circulation by the Treasury.

Opposition to the holding of aeronautic exhibitions during the war was expressed in resolutions made public today by the National advisory committee for aeronautics. For military reasons no developments of new types of engines or planes can be exhibited, and a committee felt that the distraction of it to manufacturers would not be wise. The aircraft production board of the Council of National Defense recently took a similar stand.

Secretary Houston announced today that despite his conviction that the Government fees charged this year for granting privileges on the National forests are below the real value of the forests, there will be no further advance in those fees for the present. There will be no substantial change in the existing regulations governing the issuance of grazing permits for more than a year.

The hopeful outlook for effectively curbing the submarine menace, indicated in the speech of the British Premier yesterday, will serve to increase rather than lessen the pressure the Washington Government is putting up on destroyer building and other anti-submarine measures.

This was indicated by Secretary Daniels today in refusing to discuss details of the American vessels have been playing in the campaign.

The Fuel Administration is considering immediate withdrawal of the priority under which all Middle Western coal shipments have been going to take care of the Northwest territory. When this is done, the coal will be diverted to the East to relieve shortages, particularly in New England.

Baltimore was selected today as the 1918 convention city of the Southern Commercial Congress by the executive officers in session here.

Packing-houses and the meat industry generally are co-operating fully, the Food Administration announced today, in support of a meatless Tuesday.

FRANCE IS APPRECIATIVE HIGH COMMISSIONER EXPRESSES GRATITUDE FOR AID.

Support of United States Depended on, but All Hopes Have Been Surpassed, Official Says.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—"France found sympathy in the minds and hearts of the people of the United States," said Captain Andre Tardieu, French high commissioner to the United States, in a statement reviewing the work of his commission recently carried out in that country.

"France knew she could count on the United States," Captain Tardieu added, "but all our hopes have been surpassed. The commission gave a brief outline of what was accomplished in each of the various fields of activity—financial, armaments, supply and transportation aid, as well as military and naval co-operation. He paid a tribute to the methodical and successful way in which the enormous task was taken up. Captain Tardieu said that the United States will have loaned France \$1,130,000,000 between May and the end of December at 5 per cent. These loans had sufficed for the payment of purchases made during that period in the United States.

"France has obtained 300 locomotives, 1250 miles of track and 5000 pieces of rolling stock," he said. He said that the conditions that had existed between the United States and France would be greatly improved and that the increase in tonnage of merchant ships of the United States during 1918 will reach 50 per cent of the total of last July.

"Besides furnishing France with great quantities of rolling stock," said Captain Tardieu, "the United States is sending 650 locomotives to its own Army in France, which will lighten just so much the burden on the French rolling stock."

NATIONS ARE LINKED

Historic Downing-Street Building Scene of Allied Council.

WAR NEEDS CONSIDERED

Commissioners Take Stock of Resources and Necessities of Both Countries and of Continental Allies as Well.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—None of the allied war councils which have occurred in the past three years have occasioned the same interest as today's historic meeting of the American war mission and the British war cabinet for tightening the links that chain the Anglo-American war effort.

The general work of the committee constitutes the taking of stock of the resources and needs of both countries and to some extent of the continental allies.

Conference Opens at Noon. The conference met at noon, as had been planned. Lord Reading was the first to arrive. He had a five-minute chat with Premier Lloyd George and then prepared to greet the distinguished men from America and the British participants.

The Earl of Derby, British Minister of War, and General Sir William Robertson, chief of the Imperial staff at army headquarters, arrived in a motor-car a few moments before Lieutenant-General J. C. Smuts, who drove up alone.

Everybody asked for Colonel E. M. House, head of the American mission, but Colonel House did not attend the meeting, his secretary, Gordon Auchincloss, representing him.

The question asked Mr. Bonar Law was whether President Wilson had requested Colonel House and General Bliss to attend the first meeting of the supreme war council and had called that the American Government considered unity of plan and control to be essential for the allies. The Chancellor replied:

"President Wilson selected Colonel House to take part not only in the inter-allied conference but in the supreme war council, with General Bliss as his military adviser. There ought to be no misunderstanding. We have that information quite officially."

Progress Reported at Close. The conference lasted an hour and a half, the members having frequent recourse to the mass of statistics and official documents at their command.

There was little formally about the proceedings. Lord Reading started them by explaining the purposes of the meeting and a general discussion followed. At the close the conference reported that satisfactory progress had been made.

News Notes About War. Orders establishing a zone within which vessels may load or unload munitions at San Francisco became effective November 20. The order was issued after arrests of several alleged German agents in the city.

Over-subscription of the \$25,000,000 Y. M. C. A. war fund is officially announced by the National war work council of the organization. Total subscriptions cannot be computed because full returns have been received from many states which have not reported.

Imprisonment for life was the sentence imposed by Justice Pelletier on Charles Edouard Monette, one of the alleged dynamiters arrested in connection with the attempt several months ago to blow up the Summer home of Lord Athelstan, publisher of the Montreal Star.

An appeal asking all men not American citizens in California, Utah, Nevada and Arizona to enlist in the British or Canadian military forces through United States Army recruiting stations has been issued by A. Carnegie Ross, British Consul-General.

The trial by court-martial of a French prisoner of war has brought out the hitherto suppressed fact that the commissary storehouse at Augsburg, Bavaria, containing hay, straw and flour from last year's crop, to the value of nearly 1,000,000 marks, has been destroyed by an incendiary fire. The prisoner admitted having set the fire and was condemned to death.



Last Week of Sale

Step Lively, Men— Now Is the Time to Get That OVERCOAT

While Prices Are Reduced

This week every Overcoat in the store is marked at a special reduced price; this includes not only our splendid Overcoats for men, but the fine "Utility" coats for women, now being shown on our third floor. These Coats are made from the same cloth as the men's, and they are in great demand. Just now we have the largest stock of Boys' Overcoats that we have ever shown—all made just as the boys want them—in the latest models. Buy this week and save.

Sale Prices

Men's Overcoats

Table with 2 columns: Original Price, Sale Price. Rows include \$15.00 Coats now \$13.50, \$20.00 Coats now \$17.50, \$25.00 Coats now \$21.50, \$30.00 Coats now \$26.50, \$35.00 Coats now \$30.00.

Women's Overcoats

Table with 2 columns: Original Price, Sale Price. Rows include \$18.00 Coats now \$15.00, \$20.00 Coats now \$17.50, \$22.00 Coats now \$20.00, \$25.00 Coats now \$22.50, \$27.50 Coats now \$23.50.

Boys' Overcoats

Table with 2 columns: Original Price, Sale Price. Rows include \$ 5.00 Coats now \$ 4.25, \$ 7.50 Coats now \$ 6.75, \$ 8.50 Coats now \$ 7.75, \$10.00 Coats now \$ 8.50, \$12.50 Coats now \$10.50, \$15.00 Coats now \$12.50.

BROWNSVILLE WOOLEN MILL STORE

Morrison at Third Street

Manufacturers and Sellers of Fine Clothing for Men, Women and Boys

HARMONY IN SIGHT

War Will Not Be Hampered by Railroad Strikes.

MEDIATION AGREED UPON

Concessions Made by Both Railroads and Brotherhoods Counted Complete Assurance That Tie-Ups Will Be Averted.

CHARGE IS SMUGGLING

Three Arrested in San Francisco to Return to Portland for Trial.

County Building to Be Improved.

ROSEBURG, Or., Nov. 20.—(Special.)—The County Court, in making up its budget for the year 1918, will include the sum of \$50,000, to be used in installing a modern heating plant and making needed improvements to the Courthouse, as well as building a new jail, the latter structure having been condemned regularly for the past 10 years by every grand jury empaneled during that period.

Dr. Nansen Calls at White House.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, head of the Norwegian Economic Mission to the United States, called at the White House today and was understood to have discussed with President Wilson conditions in Norway and the matter of exports to that country from America.

Flour Ordered at Pendleton.

PENDLETON, Or., Nov. 20.—(Special.)—The Pendleton roller mills today received its second order for 8000 barrels of flour to be manufactured for the Government. It is expected that an equal amount will be required from the mills here each month.

Japanese Is Arrested.

T. Makino, a Japanese, of 65 North Tenth street, was arrested last night by Special Officers Scott and Jeffries in charge with violating the prohibition law. The officers seized ten gallons of sake as evidence.

WAR WILL NOT BE HAMPERED BY RAILROAD STRIKES.

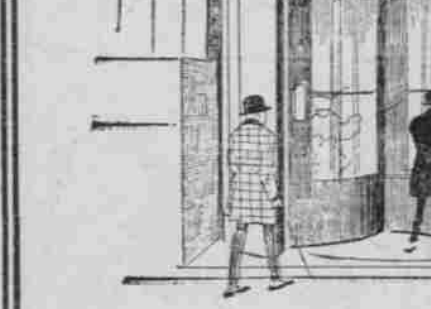
Work that two strikes had been averted by the attitude of railroads and employees toward the war reached the Board of Mediation today. Wage differences which threatened a walk-out of engineers and firemen on the New York, New Haven & Hartford will be arbitrated through an agreement reached by the two sides. The management of the St. Louis & San Francisco cleared away misapprehensions of their men by notifying the Railroad War Board here that they were willing to meet their employees for a discussion of grievances over working conditions and mediation is expected to forestall a rupture.

UNION TABERNALES PROPOSED.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Nov. 20.—(Special.)—A hundred Aberdeen citizens now stand ready to subscribe heavily towards the erection of a union tabernacle in this city, says Rev. T. H. Simpson, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, who is fostering the plan here. He would have the tabernacle centrally situated and have all denominations unite one each week in holding services there.

THE INCREASE IN THE MEMBERSHIP OF ALL CHRISTIAN CHURCHES IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE LAST 26 YEARS HAS BEEN 94 PER CENT, THOUGH THE POPULATION HAS INCREASED ONLY 61 PER CENT.

HOW A BANK SERVES BUSINESS—Number Two.



Trade Acceptances

BUSINESS is slow to appreciate the value of the Trade Acceptance. The Federal Reserve System urges this as a great step in strengthening credit and facilitating collections.

No one should hesitate to ask for or to give a Trade Acceptance. In mercantile transactions it takes the place of open accounts, and offers a much stronger basis for bank credit. When endorsed by a member bank, the Federal Reserve Bank considers the Trade Acceptance a desirable investment.

In this, our new Banking Act is pointing out to business a way better to utilize its credit.

Any of our officers will be glad to explain fully the many advantages of the Trade Acceptance.

NEXT NUMBER

Portland Lyceum Course HON. FRANCIS NELSON English Author-Statesman ARMORY Thurs. Night, Nov. 22 Single Admission 50c

The FIRST NATIONAL BANK First for three generations.

Fifth Street at Stark

AT THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—General increase of discount rates, with special preference for commercial paper secured by liberty bonds or Treasury certificates of indebtedness, was recommended today by the Federal Reserve Board's advisory council at the end of

THE FIRST LINE OF DEFENSE

Pure blood is the body's first line of defense against disease. Healthy blood contains small amounts of antitoxins that neutralize the poisons of invading germs or destroy the germs themselves. That is why so many people exposed to disease do not contract it. Those whose blood is weak and therefore lacking in defensive power are most liable to infection. Everybody may observe that healthy, red-blooded people are less liable to attacks of cold and the grip than are pale, bloodless people.