

ITALY REAZES SUPREME DANGER

Tone of Press Is Courageous, Notwithstanding Setbacks That Have Been Reported.

MONTENEGRO DEFENSE FIRM

Gallant Defense Made Because Spot Literally Has Been Consecrated by Blood of Italians Since War Began.

ROME, Sunday, Oct. 28.—All Italy realizes that the Italian second line is standing a supreme test as a result of the combined German and Austro-Hungarian offensive on the eastern front. The tone of the press is courageous, notwithstanding the setbacks that thus far have been reported. The newspapers agree that the Germans are aiding the Austrians in the belief that Italy is starving, rent by internal disorders and ready to desert the entente. Also, they say, Italy offered the best grounds for a new success with the German armies which were found to be no longer needed on the Russian front.

The reason for the attack through the Tolmino region is asserted to be partly due to the opportunity provided for threatening the outflanking of the entire Carso plateau and the Lower Isonzo, where the Italians made gains during the summer and because the Italians long have sought to penetrate the passes of Tolmino, through which lie the railroads running into the heart of Austria. One incident of the retreat of the Italians has been the defense of Montenegro, where most fierce fighting took place for an entire week, with the Italians able to retreat but refusing to do so. This gallant defense was made because Montenegro literally has been consecrated with the blood of the Italians since the commencement of the war.

FELICITATIONS ARE EXCHANGED

Austrian and German Emperors Congratulate Each Other.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 29.—A dispatch received here from Vienna says Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary has congratulated Emperor William on the capture of the Italian town of Cividale by the German troops and has thanked the Emperor for placing at his disposal "a number of your splendid divisions."

"The attacking energy of your troops," said the message of the Austrian monarch, "proved as ever to be unconquerable."

Emperor William in reply sent the following telegram to Emperor Charles: "The operations so successfully begun under your command against the Italian army give promise of progressing. I rejoice that beside your well-tried Isonzo fighters the German troops in comradeship of arms have gained our disloyal former ally. Congratulations on the recapture of Gorizia and the Carso plateau. Forward with God!"

GERMAN PRESS IN RAPTURES

Victory Expected to Cause Change of Attitude About Peace.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 29.—The German papers are in raptures over the victory on the Italian front. The *Weser Zeitung* says: "The blow inflicted on Italy is as strong as that which drove the government of France to Bordeaux, but more formidable in its effect, because we are wiser, calmer, more experienced than in the last days of August, 1914. The worst pessimists now must see that Germany is strong enough to win peace by force. The success achieved against Italy will result in a complete change of attitude on the part of Italy toward the entente, which, if not manifested immediately, will be manifested at the peace conference."

CAMP RECREATION TALKED

Co-Operation of Large Financial Organizations Enlisted.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The possible extension of Government recreation work at the training camps through the co-operation of the large financial organizations of the country was discussed today by Secretary Baker and representatives of those organizations who came here at the Secretary's invitation. Mr. Baker explained his desire to enlist the fraternal societies of the communities near the training centers in the work of providing healthful amusements for the soldiers during their leisure hours.

It is possible this work will be carried into the camps, as many of the soldiers are members of some one of the fraternal organizations.

NORWAY CITES OLD TREATY

Assertion Made That Ships Are Exempt From Seizure.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Consideration is being given by the State Department to Norway's assertion that ships under construction in this country for Norwegians are exempt from seizure by the terms of the old treaty between the United States and the dual monarchy of Norway and Sweden, signed in 1827. Some officials think, however, that the contention fails because the provisions of the treaty cited apply to vessels of Norwegian register, whereas a ship building on the stocks is not under any flag or subject to treaty stipulations regarding shipping.

AIMS NOT CONSIDERED NOW

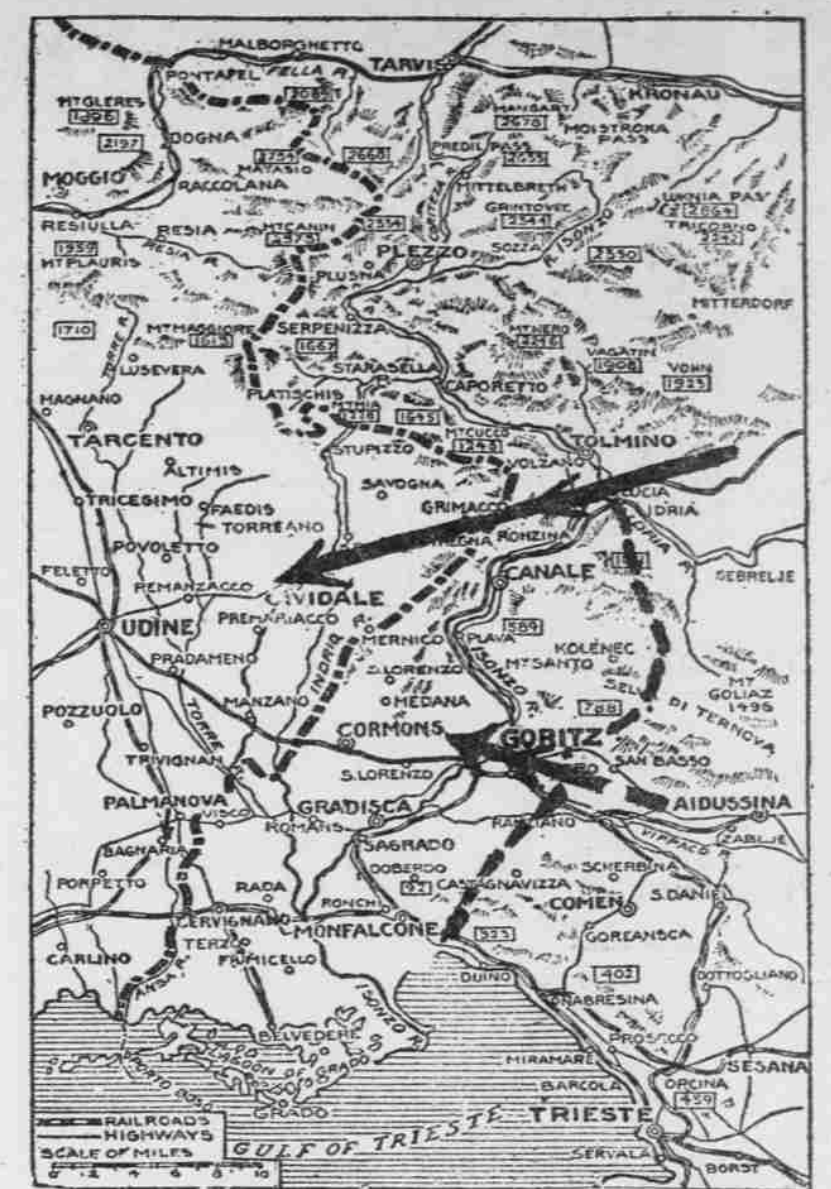
Conduct of War Is Question Before Coming Conference.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in the House of Commons today informed a questioner that the approaching inter-allied conference at Paris had been summoned not to consider war aims, but the conduct of the war.

The question arose out of a report that the Russian Workmen's and Soldiers' delegates were sending a representative to the conference to discuss war aims.

"Russian Revolution," lectures by Austin Lewis at Lincoln High School, November 2, 3 and 6, benefit of Red Cross fund. Tickets now on sale at Meier & Frank Company and Woodward, Clarke & Co.—Adv.

PROGRESS OF TEUTONIC DRIVE AGAINST ITALIANS SHOWN.



Arrows Mark Approximate Direction and Depth of Movement of the German and Austrian Forces. Broken Line Marks Position to Which Italian Forces Had Advanced From Border. Line Broken With Dots Marks Line From Which Italians Started on Their Recent Offensive. Now Overcome.

REVERSE IS GRAVE

Italians Lose Ground Taken by Two Years of Effort.

HOME SOIL IS INVADIED

Italy Regarded More as Liability Than Asset to Allied Cause in Situation at Present Existing.

In their reverses of the past few days on the Isonzo front the Italians have lost ground that it had taken them the better part of two years to gain. Gorizia, which the Teutonic forces have recaptured, had been taken only recently by the forces of General Cadorna, but Cividale, to the west of the Isonzo River, which also has fallen to Mackensen, is on Italian soil. To capture this place the Teutonic forces pushed rather than over the difficult mountain passes, advancing in four days over a route that the Italians had been months in covering. The Teutons crossed the Isonzo at Santa Maria and Santa Lucia, having started their offensive from a point just south of Tolmino.

The main body of Cadorna's forces, estimated in all at 800,000 men, was on the plateau to the east of the Isonzo. The advance of the Teutonic forces threatened to cut off these forces from their base. Rome explains the retreat on this ground, claiming it was better to retire than to run the risk of greater reverse. Rome also declares that a stand will be made by the Italian forces near the border. There is no attempt to explain why 100,000 Italians surrendered without a fight. A grave feature of the reverse is that the Italians lost great quantities of munitions and 100 guns, which they could by no means spare. Also they have destroyed vast quantities of their own stores rather than see them fall into enemy hands. Prior to this reverse Italy had been urging upon the United States and the other allied countries the necessity of supplying her promptly with food and munitions for her troops. Her need now must be doubly great, in the opinion of military observers, and in the present situation Italy is more a liability than an asset to the allied cause.

THIRD ARMY IS ROUTED

(Continued From First Page.)

have British or French divisions or both in North Italy in a very short time.

The Daily News, on the other hand, while holding it incumbent on the allies to consider how best to succor Italy, thinks it is impossible to send direct relief on the scale the situation demands.

The Pall Mall Gazette says some months ago an appeal was made by Italy for guns and strongly supported by Premier Lloyd George, but exigencies of the campaign on the western front, then opening, rendered full compliance impossible, as the War Office and the General staff at the front were making demands for guns impossible to resist.

PARTY DIFFERENCES FADE

New Cabinet Consolidated by Austro-German Offensive.

ROME, Oct. 29.—The effect of the Austro-German offensive on the political situation has been to eliminate party differences. The retiring cabinet is expected to resign, and a new cabinet will be formed, under the leadership of the Premier, who will be able to concentrate on the war effort without the distractions of party politics.

The political situation now enters into a new and interesting phase which is being watched closely. It is assumed the new cabinet will be far stronger at home, in view of the overwhelming majority favorable to Signor

GIOLITTI, WHICH INCLUDES THE SOCIALISTS.

On this account it is believed the new government will not be forced to temporize and make concessions to trouble makers as did Premier Boselli. It probably will be able to deal in a practical manner with the problems of food, clothing and speculation.

If Baron Sonnino remains in the new cabinet as Foreign Minister there will be no decided change in the foreign policy.

ROME DISPATCH ENCOURAGES

Washington Believes Underlying Motive of Attack Political.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Word from Rome today that the Italian line was holding against the terrific assault of the Austro-German forces was received by official Washington with eager interest and frank relief. Military authorities here have not disguised their anxiety, as press reports showed the Italians wavering under the crushing blows of the enemy.

Satisfaction was found also tonight in the announcement that the Italian steps had been taken by the French and British to support the Italian front. There was no question of what operations that announcement might foreshadow.

Even accepting the German claims at face value, many officers here believe General Cadorna will be able to check the drive if the morale of his army was not shattered. An announcement from Rome that all elements of the Italian forces are obeying orders of the General Staff was viewed as setting at rest, for the time at least, the gravest fears for the final outcome of the struggle.

The announcement was taken to mean that General Cadorna had succeeded in reuniting the forces scattered by the first fierce rush of the Austro-Germans and was falling back to the line selected for a stand. The belief prevails here that the underlying motive of the German high command, which is the cause of the attack and has furnished the men and guns for the drive is a purely political one. Army officers point out that it was launched with the object of securing the final outcome of the struggle.

Behind the position into which the Italians have now been forced lies the old defense line established many years ago by Italian soldiers; the line of '66. It was selected because of natural advantages and along the line new rail and wagon roads, distributing machinery and all that is necessary for the maintenance of the great army are said to have been provided in anticipation of a backward movement.

AUSTRIAN PEACE HOPES RISE

Safety of Trieste Is Chief Cause of Rejoicing.

ZURICH, Oct. 29.—Austrian hopes of a "speedy peace" have been raised by the Austro-German successes on the Italian front. The President of the Reichsrat said in an address to the Deputies, as quoted in Vienna dispatches, "He admitted the high degree of anxiety in regard to Trieste, which had now been removed."

The report of the proceedings in Parliament added that the German and Polish Deputies arose and cheered the Emperor and the army, implying that the Czechs did not join in the demonstration. The safety of Trieste was to be the chief cause of rejoicing in Austria.

BOER GENERAL HAS IDEA

America's Entry Credited With Starting Italian Invasion.

CARDIFF, Wales, Oct. 29.—Speaking in regard to the Italian situation here today, General Smuts, the former South African commander, said: "Germany sees America rushing in with tremendous weight. Therefore she is trying to dodge the issue and catch some advantage in a minor theater of war. It will not do her; it will only prolong the war a few months. The issue is no longer in doubt."

RED CROSS APPEALS

Forty Millions Needed for Work Next Six Months.

WINTER PROBLEMS COMING

Mission Cables Telling Call for Funds With Which to Combat Misery and Maintain Morale of People and Armies.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—At least \$30,000,000, in addition to the \$10,000,000 already appropriated, will be required to keep in full operation Red Cross activities in France and Belgium during the coming six months.

That is the estimate of the American Commission in France.

"We cannot state too strongly the critical situation that will arise during the coming winter," the commission has cabled headquarters, "and the necessity for efforts which will conduce to the firm establishment of the morale of the people and the armies. The amount of work that can be done in this direction will be limited solely by the resources at our command, both money and material."

"If the American people can get a real picture of the misery among those who have been and are being daily driven out of their homes and dumped in poverty upon other parts of the country, oftentimes terribly sick or mutilated, they will gladly do all in their power to help."

"We must, however, at all hazards, reserve sufficient funds to meet all demands which may be made upon us by our army during the coming year and to enable us also to satisfactorily deal with the problems of emergency relief, which will almost certainly result from racial clashes and for us to curtail in a most radical way the plans now in prospect for useful work with the civilian population."

Progress of the War.

From the head of the Gulf of Trieste northward along the Isonzo front to beyond Tolmino and thence westward through the Carnic Alps region to the Ploekken Pass, forming the eastern and northeastern boundaries of the Austro-Italian war front, the Germans and Austro-Hungarian troops are operating swiftly and strongly against the Italians in an endeavor to crush the forces of General Cadorna.

Already the Italians, according to the German official communication, are standing before the town of Udine, the former grand headquarters of the Italian army, having been driven on past Cividale. In the press westward from Gorizia, the Germans have captured the town of Cormons, ten miles to the southeast of Udine, and the entire Italian line southward to the head of the Adriatic is reported to be in retreat.

In addition to the wedges driven into the Italian front in the east and northeast, the Teutonic allies have started a third wedge in the north through Ploekken Pass, their hope being to cut off the retreat of the greater part of General Cadorna's armies moving west and southwest. The Italian Commander-in-Chief, however, reports that his men are holding the line in this region. Evidently the weakness among the Italians has been entirely overcome, as General Cadorna says all movements ordered by the general staff now are being carried out in regular order and that the Italians are fulfilling their duty by keeping in check the enemy's advance into the plains.

Great Britain and France are preparing to lend immediate aid to Italy, and the possibility of this already proposed are being hastened across the western Italian frontier and by way of Turin and Milan to the battle front in the east.

As a result of the Teutonic allied offensive, internal conditions in Italy are declared to have been unified, the preponderating tendency of the entire population now being to abolish party lines and to unite in the defense of the interests of the country. Even the Cabinet crisis is expected to be solved with comparatively few changes in portfolios.

On the western front in France and Belgium little fighting has taken place, except in the nature of bombardments, although on the Verdun front the Germans in an attack near Chaume wood captured a portion of a French trench. Later, however, they were driven out from the most of it.

On that portion of the line held by the Americans, the Americans are daily shelling the Germans, with the Germans answering their fire.

Snow has fallen in the region where the Americans are entrenched.

GERMAN FURLONGHS CUT

New Regulations May Dampen Martial Ardor of Men at Front.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 29.—The new restrictions on the furloughs for German soldiers, necessitated by the growing problem of transportation, cut down by one-half the number for men in the field and eliminated furloughs for troops garrisoning the occupied regions except for urgent personal reasons or when leave is granted for pressing farm work.

It is believed this regulation can hardly fail to have an effect on the spirit of the soldiers, for the semi-annual opportunity to visit home and relax from the strain of service in the field was an important factor in keeping up the fighting spirit and willingness to continue in the war.

Camp Lewis Theater Started.

TACOMA, Wash., Oct. 29.—(Special.)—Construction work has been started on the theater at Camp Lewis, which will represent an expenditure of \$27,000. The stage will be of ample dimensions to stage the largest productions, while the main building will measure 250 feet by 100 feet. The capacity will be 8000. There will be 12 dressing-rooms.

Mexican Registrant Indicted.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Jesus Martinez, Mexican Vice-Consul here, who refused to appear for medical examination on the ground that he was an alien and not subject to draft after having resigned from the army service, was indicted by the Federal grand jury on a charge of violating the conscription law.

"THE STORE THAT UNDERSELLS BECAUSE IT SELLS FOR CASH"

We Cannot Preserve Freedom Unless We Conserve Food—Sign the Food Conservation Card—Do Your "Bit" to Win the War

Patriotic Thrift is a pleasure rather than a self-set task, when such advantages as these are presented. Genuine quality, the desirability, the usefulness of every one of these offerings place special emphasis on this opportune sale.



Stylish Coats \$16.45-\$22.95

For Fall and Winter

Never were we better prepared with new Fall and Winter Coats than we are now. We have gathered for your inspection the most popular and fashionable styles in a fascinating variety of materials and models. At this sale we offer two especially attractive lines considerably below retail worth. All are of the finest workmanship and finish. The materials are fine velours and other fashionable fabrics in navy, brown, green, plum, elephant gray. They come in all sizes 16 to 44, and we know them to be unmatched values at \$16.45 and \$22.95. Let your personal inspection disclose the truth of this assertion.

Another Great Showing and Sale of Val. and Torchon Laces at 5c a Yard

See Our Third-Street Window

The Fall sewing season is now in full swing, and we have arranged a special sale of Val. and Torchon Laces that is well worthy of your best attention. Included are French, English and Zion Laces in both edges and sets. Dainty patterns in single and double-thread meshes; also Imported and Domestic Torchon Laces in Edges, Sets, and Beading Edges. In addition, you have choice from Filet, Normandy, Val. and Shadow Laces, all at 5c a yard.

Store Opens at 8:30 A. M.
Saturdays at 9 A. M.

Roberts Bros.
THIRD & MORRISON

The Most in Value—The Best in Quality

Store Closes at 5:30 P. M.
Saturdays at 6 P. M.

ALLIES WILL HELP

Italy, Stunned by Huns, Is to Be Reinforced.

FOOD SUPPLIES ASSURED

Ships Already Allotted for Carrying Immense Quantities of Coal, Munitions and Other Commodities That Are Needed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Lack of material, munitions and guns and unseasoned troops on the right wing in the face of an overwhelming Austro-German force coming from the Russian borders, are the causes assigned by technical experts of the Italian staff for the Italian defeat in the Julian Alps.

There must be a reformation of the fighting line, they say, and a resumption of the Italian offensive cannot be expected before next spring, the campaign meanwhile being of necessity on defensive lines.

Members of the mission are confident that relief and assistance will be forthcoming from Italy's allies. Men are not wanted. Italy has an abundance of men. Munitions, steel, coal, cannon and last, but not least, food, are what must be had at once.

That the allies will now make every effort to supply the Italian army is not doubted. Last week the Italian Embassy here learned that the American shipping board had allotted 25 ships or 100,000 tons, to Italy and these ships should be able to carry not only munitions, but supplies of food to the Italian people and thereby relieve the internal political strain.

In throwing her enormous force against the Italians, the mission here believes, Germany has played her greatest card. The Italians, when turned back, were within 35 miles of Lebach, which, in the opinion of the Italian General Staff, was the key to success, and the capture of that place by the Italian forces would have meant the collapse of Austria, which in turn would have caused defeat for Germany.

CRISIS IN SPAIN GRAVE

King Alfonso Holds Conference With Political Leaders.

MADRID, Oct. 29.—King Alfonso held conferences with various political leaders, but the solution of the Cabinet crisis promises to consume several days. It is not expected the new Cabinet will be announced before tomorrow.

Spanish newspapers attribute a certain amount of gravity to the ministerial crisis. Some of the newspapers assert it is the end of the Dato Ministry and also the death blow to the rotating system by which different parties succeed one another in power. L'Action, the organ of Former Premier Maura, says Spain demands a new

MIAMI I. W. W. ARE RAIDED

Literature and Records Seized by Federal Authorities.

MIAMI, Ariz., Oct. 29.—All the correspondence, literature and records of the Industrial Workers of the World were seized in a raid on local headquarters today by agents of the United States Department of Justice. Deputy Sheriff and officers of the United States cavalry stationed here.

The office of the I. W. W. defense council also was raided.

Labor Indorses Candidates.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., Oct. 29.—

(Special.)—Yakima County will send 45 men to Camp Lewis in its last contingent on November 7, instead of 20. The increased number is made necessary by the fact that 15 Yakima men have been rejected for physical disability.

Theaters Boost Prices.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., Oct. 29.—Increases of 5 to 10 cents in the admission prices of the several North Yakima theaters have been announced to take effect on November 1. All the theaters in this city are owned or controlled by Frederick Mercy.



Autumn comes but once a year! Turkey-time is nearly here! Time to join the Twind' guy band into Lackawanna-land!

LACKAWANNA TWINS UNDERWEAR

is the coziest, warmest refuge for any youngster to crawl into for the long cold spell ahead. Sterilized and pre-shrunk with live steam. And Lackawanna fits with a perfection that gives full play to every movement of the healthy little body.

UNION SUITS

(Best Value in America)

Boys' and Girls' Vests, Pants and Drawers

For Children from 2 to 16 years

This justly famous wool underwear is endorsed and carried by the better-sort department and dry goods stores.

For Sale by

OLDS, WORTMAN & KING