

I. W. W. ARE MENACE TO SPRUCE OUTPUT

Nation Imperiled by Work of Industrial Agitators, Senator McNary Informed.

PROMPT ACTION IS NEEDED

Mills of Oregon and Washington Able to Supply Only One-Fourth of Airplane Timber Demands of America and Allies.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 28.—Industrial workers of the world, according to telegraphic advices received today by the Aircraft Production Board, are seriously hampering the cutting of aeroplanes spruce in Oregon and Washington and unless their activity is checked the mills of these states will be able to turn out not more than one-fourth the quantity of spruce required immediately to meet the war demands of the United States and allied governments. These telegrams were handed today to Senator McNary and show that mills that were counted on to turn out 8,000,000 feet of spruce a month are turning out one-fourth that quantity.

The Aircraft Board could get the full 8,000,000 feet a month if it were not for the I. W. W. interference, Senator McNary was told.

"This situation is seriously affecting production at the present time and some decisive action should be taken," was the view of Charles L. Sligh, of the Aircraft Board.

This far, however, the Federal authorities have refused to be impressed with the fact that the I. W. W. is blocking the most important war measures upon which the United States is today engaged, and unless some decisive steps are taken soon Senator McNary proposes to lay the facts before the Senate and demand that a positive move be made which will let the airplane program proceed.

Alex. Polson, of the Poison Logistics Company, of Hoquiam, reports that Grays Harbor and other spruce mills with one exception, are tied up, and the one running mill cutting spruce was recently burned, supposedly by I. W. W.

"Unless the Federal Government takes a hand immediately," says Polson, "there will be no timbers for ship-building and no spruce for airplane stock for any nation."

With winter approaching, there is crying need for prompt action by the Government in suppressing the I. W. W. menace, so the spruce can be gotten out of the forests.

GERMAN POMP IS EXTREME

(Continued From First Page.)

most charming gentleman, was killed early in the war.

The Berlin season lasts from about the 20th of January for about six weeks. It is short in duration because, if the Hof-faehig people stay longer than six weeks in Berlin, they become liable to pay their local income tax in Berlin, where the rate is higher than in these parts of Germany where they have their country estates.

Dresses Name Ceremonial.

The first great court ceremonial is the "Schleppen-cour," so called from the long trains or Schlepp worn by the women. On this night we "presented" Mr. and Mrs. Robert K. Cassatt, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Ernest Witte, Mrs. and Miss Luce and Mrs. Norman Whitehouse.

On the arrival at the palace with these and all the members of the embassy staff and their wives, we were shown up a long staircase, at the top of which a guard of honor, dressed in costume of the time of Frederick the Great, presented arms to all Ambassadors and ruffled kettle-drums.

Through long lines of cadets from the military schools, dressed as pages, in white, with short breeches and powdered wigs, we passed through several rooms where the people to pass in review were gathered. Behind these, in a room about 60x50 feet, on a throne facing the door, were the Emperor and Empress, and on the broad steps of this throne were the Princes and their wives, the court ladies-in-waiting and all the other members of the court.

Ladies' Trains 15 Feet Long.

The wives of the Ambassadors entered the room first, followed at intervals of about 20 feet by the ladies of the Embassy and the ladies to be presented. As they entered the room and made a change of direction toward the throne, pages in white straightened out the ladies' trains with long sticks. Arrived opposite the throne and about 20 feet from it, each Ambassador's wife made a low curtsy and then stood on the foot of the throne, to the left of the Emperor and Empress, and as each lady of the Embassy was presented, she stopped beside the throne and made a

low curtsy, the Ambassadors had to call out the name of each one in a loud voice. When the last one had passed the Ambassador followed her out of the room, walking sideways in order not to turn her back on the royalties—something of a feat when towing a train about 15 feet long.

When all the Ambassadors had so passed, it was the turn of the Ambassadors, who carried out substantially the same programme, substituting low bows for curtseys.

The Ambassadors were followed by the Ministers' wives, these by the Ministers, and these by the dignitaries of the German court. All passed into the adjoining hall, and there a buffet supper was served. The whole affair began at about 8 o'clock and was over in an hour.

German Court Balls Different.

At the court balls, which also began early in the evening, a different procedure was followed. There the guests were required to assemble around 120 in the ballroom. As in the Schleppencour, on one side of the room was the throne with seats for the Emperor and Empress, and on the other side the ladies and gentlemen of the household, all in brilliant uniforms, and one or two officers of the court regiment and dress in the kind of uniform Rupert of Hentzau wears on the stage, a silver helmet surmounted by an eagle, a steel breastplate, white breeches and coat, and enormous high boots coming half way of the thigh. The Grand Huntsman wore a white wig, three-cornered hat and a long green coat.

"Making the Circle" Is Duty.

On entering the room, the Emperor usually commenced on one side and the Empress on the other, going around the room and speaking to the Ambassadors' wives and Ambassadors, etc., in a similar fashion. Then the ladies and gentlemen of the household, and their wives lined up on the opposite side of the room and the Emperor and Empress, surrounded each side, the Emperor and Empress would then change sides.

This going around the room and chatting with people in turn is called "making the circle," and young royals are practiced in "making the circle" by being made to go up to the trees in a garden and address a few pleasant words to each tree, in this manner learning one of the principal duties of royalty.

The dancing is only by young women and young officers of noble families, who have practiced the dances before. They are under the supervision of several young officers, who are known as "vortanzers," and when anyone in Berlin in court society gives a ball these "vortanzers" are the ones who see that all dancing is conducted strictly according to rule, and they manage the affairs of the ballroom with true Prussian efficiency.

Supper Served at Small Tables.

Supper is about 10:30 at a court ball and is at small tables. Each royal party has a table holder, a waiter, a person and to these people are invited without particular rule as to precedence. The younger guests and lower dignitaries are not placed at the tables, but find places at tables to suit themselves. After supper all go back to the ballroom and there the young ladies and officers, led by the "vortanzers," execute a sort of lancers, in the final figure of which long lines are formed of couples radiating from the Emperor and all the dancers make bows and curtseys to the Emperor and Empress, who are either standing or sitting at this time on the throne.

At about 11:30 the ball is over. As the guests pass out through the long hall they receive glasses of hot punch and a peculiar sort of local Berlin bun, in order to ward off the lurking dangers of the Berlin winter climate.

(Continued Tomorrow.)

READERS POWER CALL FOR TAX ON PROFITS

Conservatives Prepare for Increases in Nature of Compromise.

3-CENT POSTAGE DROPPED

Newspaper Profits Tax and Second-Class Rates to Be Disposed Of Today, Opening Way for Debate on War Profits Tax.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Senate finance committee leaders, recognizing the growing demand for better taxation upon war profits, tentatively drafted, at private conference today, amendments to the war tax bill designed to increase the gross levy on this source from 25 per cent to about 33 1/2 per cent, and the revenue to be derived from \$52,000,000 to about \$55,000,000.

These amendments will be offered as a compromise effort to head off more drastic increases advocated by Senators Johnson, of California, La Follette, Borah and others.

Three-Cent Letter Rate Off.

Leaders of the so-called conservative predicted they would muster sufficient strength to insure adoption of a compromise bill which would raise the higher rates were equally sure they would make a levy not less than 50 per cent.

Consideration on the floor of the war profits taxation drew nearer during the day, when the Senate struck provisions for 1-cent increase in letter postage and arranged to dispose of publishers' tax features tomorrow.

Soldiers' Mail Goes Free.

Senator Hardwick's motion to eliminate the latter postage tax was adopted to raise \$50,000,000, was adopted, 29 to 23, and the Senate spent the rest of the day debating the proposals for increasing second-class mail rates to a 5 per cent special tax on publishers' income. In eliminating all taxes on first-class mail, a provision was retained for free postage on letters mailed to American soldiers abroad.

During the debate Senator La Follette presented his plans for taxing war profits. He introduced eight amendments proposing to take from 75 to 48 per cent of war profits, or \$2,380,000,000 to \$1,440,000,000, including the last two amendments, and if this is rejected the others in order downward.

Debate to Start Today.

The compromise proposal of the conservatives, said to have been virtually agreed upon at a late session after the Senate adjourned, includes a provision for minimum exemptions of 6 per cent and maximum of 10 per cent, to be determined by the Treasury Department, based upon the pre-war period of calculation. This was designed to benefit corporations suffering serious depression during the ante-bellum period.

The war profits fight is expected to begin late tomorrow, after disposition of the publishers' tax provisions. The closure petitions circulated yesterday and now having virtually the necessary two-thirds majority, adoption of a rule to shut off debate are held in abeyance.

In today's debate on publishers' taxation Senator William Borah, of Idaho, spoke at length for elimination of the proposed second-class mail increase and the publishers' special income tax.

Compromise Rate Offered.

He and other leaders in the contest tonight expressed confidence in adoption of his motion to strike out both, and prominent finance committee members declared such action was not improbable in view of the elimination of the letter tax and probable increase in profits taxation.

Senator Bankhead opposed the bill's levies on publishers. An increase in postal rates was urged by Senator Norris, who declared he did not think it fair to ask the taxpayers of the country to pay a subsidy to newspapers and magazines.

Senator Weeks of Massachusetts opened debate on the publishers' tax provisions, advocating their elimination. He declared he was not in favor of the Hardwick and McKellar substitutes.

"Nobody denies that second-class mail is carried at a loss," he said, "but it is a loss which is not only maintained and maintained the rates. This is a most inopportune time to punish—not tax—the publishers. Having permitted the business to be developed to this condition, is it fair or reasonable to take the time when the industry is laboring under the heaviest possible burdens to come to the shore of it?"

"It is doubtful," Senator Weeks continued, "if the publications of the United States, under present conditions, are getting a new dollar for each one. This is due to the abnormal increases in the cost of everything which publishers must use and to their inability to pass it along to the consumer these additional costs."

KORNILOFF'S FAITH BRIGHT

(Continued From First Page.)

whole of Bukovina and all the fruits of our recent victories. At several points the enemy has crossed our frontier and is threatening the southern provinces. He is endeavoring to destroy the Roumanian army and is knocking at the gates of Riga. If our army does not hold the shore of the Gulf of Riga the road to Petrograd will be opened wide.

The old regime bequeathed to Russia an army which despite all the defects in its organization, nevertheless was animated by a fighting spirit and was ready for sacrifices. The whole series of measures taken by those who are completely foreign to the spirit and needs of the army has transformed it into a collection of individual groups which have lost all sense of duty and only tremble for their own personal safety.

If Russia wishes to be saved the army must be regenerated at any cost.

WE MUST IMMEDIATELY TAKE MEASURES SUCH AS I HAVE REFERRED TO, WHICH HAVE BEEN APPROVED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY THE ACTING MINISTER OF WAR.

General Korniloff then outlined the most important of these measures, in addition to restoration of the death penalty, which are: First, restoration of discipline in the army by the strengthening of the authority of officers and non-commissioned officers; second, improvement of the financial position of officers who have been in very difficult position in the recent military operations; third, reduction of the functions of regimental committees, which, although managing economic affairs of the regiments, must not be permitted to have any part in decisions regarding military operations or the appointment of leaders.

General Korniloff expressed his firm belief that the measures which he proposed would immediately be put into execution.

N. C. Tcheldens, president of the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates, who was received with frenetic applause by the audience, said in his address of "long live the leader of the Russian revolution," read a statement pointing out that only the active support of the revolutionary democracy would make possible the regeneration of the army and the country and the salvation of Russia.

Authority Is Required.

"The democracy," he said, "cannot be detached from the revolutionary country and nothing but power based on support of the people can save the country from its critical position and give the victory over our enemies without and within."

M. Tcheldens declared that the revolution recognized that the vital interests of the country and the revolution demanded the application of reform measures.

When General Korniloff arrived Sunday the station was filled with deputations of workmen and guards of honor, the chief of honor guard composed of the much decorated Cavaliers of St. George, youths from a military academy and cosacs. Every man of the guard of honor, following the Russian army practice when welcoming a specially loved commander, held a rose and another flower.

There was also present a group of seven boy volunteers, none over 16 years of age, all of whom had fought since the beginning of the war and a girl volunteer who had been wounded twice on the field of battle. General Korniloff alighted from the train soon after noon, followed by a bodyguard of 100 cosacs, gigantic Asiatics in prune-colored caftans, leather belts and vast shaggy sheepskin bushies.

General Korniloff, whose military parentage, resembles a Japanese, is below middle height and of medium size. He has small black eyes and a sparse tawny beard. His manner is grave and modest as he inspected the guard of honor. He spoke to some of the soldiers and each soldier threw a flower under his feet as he passed.

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GREEK PEOPLE DUPED

VENIZELOS SAYS EX-KING ACTED IN BAD FAITH.

Parliament Passes Vote of Confidence in Government After Premier Speaks From Throne.

ATHENS, Aug. 27.—(Delayed.)—A vote of confidence in the government was passed in Parliament today at the conclusion of the debate on the speech from the throne. Premier Venizelos spoke for six hours.

In his address Premier Venizelos traced the course of events in Greece from the last days of the war to the present. He gave a detailed account of his conferences with King Constantine in the last days of the war, when on the question of departure from neutrality, and said the King acted in bad faith. Constantine's royalist advisers, he said, were not in agreement with the King's illness and duped the people by persuading them they must choose between the King and M. Venizelos, between peace and war.

"The royalist policy sacrificed the interests of Greece to serve Germany," M. Venizelos declared. "Constantine's motto was 'Deutschland über alles.' M. Venizelos dealt severely with ex-Premier Gounaris, expressing the conviction that the King was a tool of the central powers. Referring to the German propaganda, M. Venizelos said Baron von Schenck, the propagandist, who was expelled from Greece last year, was working under royal patronage. The Premier elaborated his statements by showing that the King, by interesting revelations taken from diplomatic documents, was frequently by the opposition was represented only sparsely in the chamber, and did not undertake to reply to the speech.

STEEL STOCK IS ISSUED

BETHLEHEM CORPORATION TO ADD \$300,000,000 CAPITAL.

Increase in Business Makes Necessary Additions to Plant—Surplus Is Required for War Taxes.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.—Bethlehem Steel corporation's new financial plan was announced here today, the chief feature of which is that holders of the corporation's common stock are to be given the right to subscribe at par to \$30,000,000 of 8 per cent cumulative preferred stock. These shares will be convertible into common stock, class B, at \$115 a share.

In giving reasons for the new financial plan, Charles M. Schwab, chairman of the board of directors, said the entrance of this country into the war "has produced such abnormal conditions that the corporation is now confronted with the necessity of raising a very substantial additional amount of capital in order to continue its construction programme and provide for increased business resulting from the war."

He said that although this year's earnings have surpassed estimates, "a very large part is intended to expand and improvements this year and next must be used for payment of excess profits taxes and other war taxes."

The government, he said, also entails an increase of about \$15,000,000 in the construction programme, while increased cost of labor and material calls for "an unexpected increase in working capital, especially in connection with Government work."

The increase of the corporation's orders "to an amount in excess of \$300,000,000 as compared with \$193,500,000 at the beginning of the year" is also mentioned as a factor.

GILL SAYS SEATTLE LIES DRYNESS

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—Dr. W. J. Johnson, reporting today to the Dry Chicago Federation on a survey he has made of dry territory in the West, quoted Mayor Gil of Seattle, as saying: "At least 85 per cent of the people would vote for prohibition if the subject were presented again." Mayor Dahlgren, of Omaha, is quoted as say-

All Goods Purchased Today and Balance of Month Will Be Charged on Your October 1st Bill

Lipman Wolfe & Co. "Merchandise of Merit Only"

MME. RICHET

Tuesday, September 4th

Some Welcome News for Women Who Figure!

\$30 for a Suit or Dress

—Yesterday's express brought to us the most attractive suits and charming dresses, featuring the new Fall materials and styles.

—Youthfulness is the supreme note. Refinement in every line.

—The suits show three models—in serges, in poplins and the now ultra-fashionable Oxford chevrons. The coats are of military length. Belts are in evidence. The skirts are flaring and a trifle narrower than before. Colors—navy, black, brown and green.

—Young women going away to teach school will find this a most serviceable garment.

Alluring New Dresses

—We are sure you will be as enthusiastic as we are about them. JUST OUT of the boxes—eight new models. The silk, satin and serge. Some combined with Georgette, and some with satin. Tunic effects and other new styles.

—The most attractive dresses that have come to us this season. In taupe, in navy, brown, green, beet root and black.

Third Floor—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Smart Waists for Girls Who Are Going Away to School

It's Outfitting Week for Girls and Boys!

CLEAN-UP of Printed VOILES 15c

—About 1500 yards in the lot; this season's newest colorings, in medium and light grounds, in floral and striped patterns; 38 inches wide.

—Owing to this great reduction, no goods will be exchanged after being cut off the piece.

Clean-Up of Our Best Wash Goods 25c

—Newest and prettiest wash goods, including gabardines, Oxford weaves, colored woven voiles and plaids will be sold at 25c for immediate clearance. Fabrics most suited for girls' school dresses.

Second Floor—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Princess Satin Kimono Silk

—Just arrived by express, the most attractive new patterns in kimono silks. These are from the famous Cheney Brothers mills. Also princess satin for kimonos; dressing sacques, linings, etc. See the window display—bird patterns, flowered patterns, butterfly patterns, Oriental designs. And very reasonable.

\$1.25 and \$1.50

Second Floor—

NOTIONS

Grande folding skirt mark's 27c
Felt pad skirt hangers, 2 for 15c
Wooden coat hangers, 2 for 15c
Net collar foundations for the new stock collars, each 15c
White hooks and eyes, black 10c
White hooks and eyes, black 10c
Mercedized lingerie tape, 6-yard 10c
Elastic shirt waist buttons, 10c
New set trimming buttons, 10c
On card, in round, square and oblong 10c
Sleeve "dress" shields, tie on style, washable shields, 10c
Sleeves, pair 10c

Main Floor—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

A Great Sale of A Great Trunk

Large 36-inch Fiber Bound Three-ply Veneer Wood Box Solid Steel Riveted Trimmings Two Trays, Cloth Lined Sub-Basement—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

BOYS!

The First Showing of New Speedway Suits Special \$7.50

With Two Pairs of Pants Made With Double Seat and Knees

—"Speedway" suits are introduced to boys through Lipman, Wolfe & Co. They are the cleverest suits we have seen to withstand hard wear. Made of white double seat and lined throughout with reinforcing material. They are made strong where suits get their hardest wear. Sizes 7 to 18 years.

Fourth Floor—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Men!

Pajamas \$1.79

—Made of famous Faultless and Universal brands. Materials consist of fine quality madras, plain or corded, crystal cloths, specially woven fabrics, soisettes, made with silk frogs and loops and pearl buttons. Endless assortment of colors and striped patterns. Main Floor, Washington St.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

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