RACE PROBLEMS WORRY GERMANY

Poles and Danes Vie With Citizens of Alsace-Lorraine in Hatred of Prussians.

INDEPENDENCE IS DREAM

Gerard Says One Talent Which Germans Superlatively Lack Is That of Ruling Over and Assimilating Other Peoples.

(Continued From First Page.)

in Prussia. For years Prussia has alternately cajoled and oppressed the Poles and has made every endeavor to replace the Polish inhabitants with German colonists. A commission has been established which buys estates from Poles and sells them to Germans. This commission has the power of condemning the land of Poles, taking these lands from them by force, compensating them at a rate determined by the commission and settling Germans on the lands so seized. This commission has headquarters in Posen. The result has not been successful. All the countryside surrounding Posen and the city itself is divided into two factions. By going to one hotel or the other you announce that you are pro-German or pro-Polish. Poles will not deal in shops kept by Germans or in shops unless the signs are in Polish.

Marriages Do Not Help Matters.

The sons of Germans who have settled in Poland under the protection of the commission often marry Polish women. The invariable result of these mixed marriages is that the children are Catholics and Poles. Polish Deputies voting as Poles sit in the Prussian Legislature and in the Reichstag, and if a portion of the old Kingdom of Poland is made a separate country at the end of this war, it will have the effect of making the Poles in Prussia more restless and more aggressive than ever.

In order to win the sympathies of the Poles the Emperor caused a royal castle to be built within recent years in the city of Posen and appointed a popular Polish gentleman who had served in the Prussian army and was attached to the Emperor, the Count Hutten-Czapski, as its lord warden.

Trip to Posen Made.

In this castle was a very beautiful Byzantine chapel built from designs especially selected by the Emperor. In January, 1914, we went with Allison Armour and the Cassatts, Mrs. Wiltsee and Mrs. Whitehouse, on a trip to Posen to see this chapel.

Some of our German friends tried to play a joke on us by telling us that the best hotel was the hotel patronized by the Poles. To have gone there would have been to declare ourselves anti-German and pro-Polish, but we were warned in time.

The castle has a large throne-room and ballroom; in the hall is a stuffed aurochs killed by the Emperor. The aurochs is a species of buffalo greatly resembling those which used to roam our Western prairies. The breed has been preserved on certain great estates in Eastern Germany and in the hunting forests of the Czar in the neighborhood of Warsaw.

Ink Thrown on Ladies' Dresses.

Some of the Poles told me that at the first attempt to give a court ball in this new castle the Polish population in the street threw ink through the carriage windows on the dresses of the ladies going to the ball, and thus made it a failure. The chapel of the castle is very beautiful and is a great credit to the Emperor's taste as an architect.

While being shown through the Emperor's private apartments in this castle, I noticed a saddle on a sort of elevated stool in front of a desk. I asked the guide what this was for; he told me that the Emperor, when working, always sits in a saddle.

In Posen is a bookstore; the proprietor brought out for me a number of books caricaturing the German rule of Alsace-Lorraine. It is curious that a community of interest should make a market for these books in Polish Posen.

Although not as well advertised, the Polish question is as acute as that of Alsace-Lorraine.

Schleswig-Holstein Danes Hate.

After its successful war in 1866 against Austria, Bavaria, Saxony, Baden, Hanover, etc., Prussia became possessed of the two duchies of Schleswig-Holstein, which are to the south of Denmark on the Jutland Peninsula.

Here, strangely enough, there is a Danish question. A number of Danes inhabit these duchies and have been irritated by the Prussian officials and officers into preserving their national feeling intact ever since 1866. Galling restrictions have been made, the very existence of which intensifies the hatred and prevents the assimilation of these Danes. For instance, Amundsen, the Arctic explorer, was forbidden to lecture in Danish in these duchies during the Winter of 1913-14, and there were regulations enforced preventing more than a certain number of these Danish people from assembling in a hotel, as well as regulations against the employment of Danish servants.

Hanover Heir Marries Princess.

In 1866, after its successful war, Prussia wiped out the old kingdom of Hanover and drove its King into exile in Austria. Today there is still a party of protest against this aggression. The Kaiser believes, however, that the ghost of the claim of the Kings of Hanover was laid when he married his only daughter to the heir of the House of Hanover and gave the young pair the vacant Duchy of Brunswick. That this young man will inherit the great Guelph treasure was no drawback to the match in the eyes of those in Berlin.

There is a hatred of Prussia in other parts of Germany, but coupled with so much fear that it will never take practical shape.

In Bavaria, for example, even the comic newspapers have for years ridiculed the Prussians and the House of Hohenzollern. The smashing defeat by Prussia of Austria and the allied German states, Bavaria, Saxony, Hesse, Hanover, etc., in 1866, and the growth of Prussianism since then in all of these countries, keep the people from any overt act. It is a question, perhaps, as to how these countries, especially Bavaria, would act in case of the utter defeat of Germany. But at present they must be counted on only as faithful servants, in a military way, of the German Emperor.

Climate Affects Character.

Montesquieu, the author of the "Esprit des Lois," says: "All law comes from the soil," and it has been claimed that residence in the hot climate of the tropics in some measure changes Anglo-Saxon character. It is, therefore, always well in judging national character to know something of the physical characteristics and climate of the country which a nation inhabits.

The heart of modern Germany is the great north central plain which comprises virtually all of the original Kingdom of Prussia, stretching northward from the Saxon and Hartz Mountains to the North and Baltic Seas. It is from this dreary and infertile plain that for many centuries conquering military races have poured over Europe. The climate is not as cold in Winter as that of the northern part of the United States. There is much rain, and the Winter skies are so dark that the absence of the sun must have some effect upon the character of the people. The Saxons inhabit a more mountainous country; Wurttemberg and Baden are hilly; Bavaria is a land of beauty, diversified with lovely lakes and mountains. The soft outlines of the vine-covered hills of the Rhine Valley have long been the admiration of travelers.

Prussians Originally Slavic.

The inhabitants of Prussia were originally not Germanic, but rather Slavic in type, and, indeed, today in the forest of the River Spree, on which Berlin is situated, and only about 50 miles from that city, there still dwell descendants of the original Wendish inhabitants of the country who speak the Wendish language. The wet-nurses, whose picturesque dress is so noticeable on the streets of Berlin, all come from this Wendish colony, which has been preserved through the many wars that have swept over this part of Germany because of the refuge afforded in the swamps and forests of this district. The inhabitants of the Rhine Valley drink wine instead of beer. They are more lively in their disposition than the Prussians, Saxons and Bavarians, who are of a heavy and phlegmatic nature.

The Bavarians are noted for their prowess as beer drinkers, and it is not at all unusual for prosperous burghers of Munich to dispose of 30 large glasses of beer in a day; hence the cures which exist all over Germany and where the average German business man spends part, at least, of his annual vacation.

Germans Heavy Eaters in Peace Times.

In peace times the Germans are heavy eaters. As some one says, "It is not true that the Germans eat all the time, but they eat all the time except during seven periods of the day when they take their meals." And it is a fact that prosperous merchants of Berlin, before the war, had seven meals a day; first breakfast at a comfortably early hour; second breakfast at about 11, of perhaps a glass of milk, or perhaps a glass of beer and sandwiches; a very heavy lunch of four or five courses, with wine and beer; coffee and cakes at 3; tea and sandwiches or sandwiches and beer at about 5; a strong dinner, with several kinds of wines, at about 7 or 7:30, and a substantial supper before going to bed.

The Germans are wonderful judges of wines, and at any formal dinner use as many as eight varieties. The best wine is passed in glasses on trays, and the guests are not expected, of course, to take this wine unless they actually desire to drink it. I know one American woman, who was stopping at a prince's castle in Hungary, and who on the first night allowed the butler to fill her glass with wine which she did not drink. The second evening the butler passed her sternly by, and she was offered no more wine during her stay in the castle.

Many of the doctors who were with me thought that the heavy eating and large consumption of wine and beer had unfavorably affected the German national character, and had made the people more aggressive and irritable, and consequently readier for war. Meat-eating nations have always ruled vegetarians. The influence of diet on national character should not be underestimated.

(Continued Tomorow.)

CAMP LEWIS NEAR TOP

ONLY ONE OTHER CANTONMENT IS NEARER COMPLETION.

Construction at American Lake 39 Per Cent Finished August 11—Barracks to be Ready in Time.

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Only one of the 16 National cantonments is more advanced in construction than Camp Lewis at American Lake, according to word received today from the War Department by Major David L. Stone, constructing quartermaster. The American Lake cantonment was 39 per cent complete August 11. The cantonment at Louisville, Ky., was first, being 57 per cent completed.

The American Lake cantonment is the largest of the 16 cantonments, exceeding the next in size at Louisville by about 13 per cent.

The American Lake cantonment is farther from the bases of practically all supplies, excepting lumber. Since August 11 construction has gone ahead rapidly. The infantry and artillery barricks are 84 per cent complete and will be ready to handle the 15,000 men that will arrive between September 5 and 7. All barracks excepting the remount and hospital are 50 per cent completed.

BOOM RULES DRAFTED

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION MAKES REGULATIONS.

Final Draft Includes Provisions That All Corporations File Quarterly Statements.

SALEM, Or., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Secretary Ostrander, of the Public Service Commission, today announced the final draft of rules and regulations covering operation of corporations under the boom law.

All corporations obtaining franchises must file copies of articles of incorporation with the Commission within 10 days after the franchise is granted. Provision also is made that a tariff must be filed which states clearly and fully reasonable and not unjustly discriminatory rates for each class of service separately, together with reasonable rules governing the same which are not in conflict with the rules and orders of the Commission, this tariff to be filed 10 days before beginning operation.

The company must keep a permanent and accurate record of all forest products handled and must file a statement January 15, April 15, July 15 and September 15 of each year, showing in detail the full amount of forest products handled for the preceding three months, together with remittance fees.

BLACKLEG IS CONTROLLED

Quick Action by Stockmen Near Bend Is Effective.

BEND, Or., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Quick action on the part of stockmen has effectually checked the epidemic of blackleg among cattle near here, the vaccination of more than 900 head of young stock being completed today.

No further danger from the disease is expected this season.

Harrisburg Boy Promoted.

HARRISBURG, Or., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—In a letter to his father, E. W. Hayes, of this city, Cecil R. Hayes tells of promotion to the rank of senior mechanic. The young man is a member of the Third Company, Coast Artillery and is 21 years old.

ROADS SUGGESTED FOR EARLY WORK

First Allotment of $400,000 Worth of Bean-Barrett Bonds Are Sold.

GOVERNMENT WILL ASSIST

Three Postroads and Three Forest Roads Outlined for Improvement and Several Others Have Been Recommended.

SALEM, Or., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Three post-road projects and the start of a number of forest-road projects probably will be paid for out of the first $400,000 worth of Bean-Barrett bonds, which were sold yesterday by the State Board of Control.

The first three post-road projects include what is known as the Wolf Creek and Grave Creek project of 4.9 miles on the Pacific Highway in Josephine County, to be constructed for $83,606.50. This has not been finally approved. Another of the three is ..om Canyon Creek Pass to John's Creek, 2.3 miles, on the Pacific Highway in Douglas County, to cost $23,680.60, and the third is from Myrtle Creek to Dillard, 10.8 miles, on the Pacific Highway, to cost $173,648.50. These projects represent a total estimate of $280,935.60, of which the state pays half, or $140,467.80, the Federal Government standing the balance.

Forest Road Projects Approved.

The first three forest road projects which have been approved are the Medford-Klamath Falls, the Mount Hood loop road in Clackamas County, and the Mount Hood loop road in Hood River County. For the Medford-Klamath Falls project $95,000 has been allotted, of which Jackson and Klamath Counties stand $3500, the state $45,750 and the Government $45,750. On the Mount Hood loop in Clackamas County the allotment is $50,000, of which the Government and state each stand half. The allotment for the loop in Hood River County is $175,000.

A number of other projects have been outlined and recommended, but those mentioned will probably be the first actually worked upon.

The $400,000 will be divided among these projects and others that are started, the work to cover a considerable time, and before the first of the projects is finished other money probably will be available from the Bean-Barrett bonds for completion of this work and the start of other work.

Other Projects Recommended.

Among the other forest projects recommended is the McMinnville-Tillamook project in the Siuslaw Forest Reserve, for which an allotment of $45,000 has been made. Tillamook County to pay $15,000 and the rest to be divided between the state and the Government. The Reedsport-Curry division of the Coast Highway has been allotted $110,000, divided between the state and the Government. The road from Eugene to Florence through Lane County has been allotted $87,965, of which $21,965 is to be paid by the county and $33,000 each by the state and Government. The McKenzie Pass road through the Cascades has been allotted $121,299, of which $21,299 is to be paid by Lane County, $50,000 by the state and $50,000 by the Government. On the McKenzie Pass road through Deschutes $30,000 is to be allotted, Deschutes County paying $5000 and the state and Government $12,500 each.

The Ochoco and Canyon Creek Highway through Crook County is allotted $30,000 and through Wheeler County $30,000, Crook and Wheeler counties to pay $15,000 each and the Government and state to pay $15,000 each.

The John Day Highway through Grant County is given $45,000, divided equally between the state, Government and the county.

Eastern Oregon Roads Proposed.

The Pilot Rock-Long Creek-John Day project goes through Umatilla and Grant Counties, and is allotted $50,000, of which the state and Government each pays half. The Flora-Enterprise Highway, through Wallowa County, has been allotted $30,000, of which $5000 is to be paid by the county and the balance of $25,000 divided between the state and Government.

On the Pendleton-La Grande project, through Umatilla and Union, $75,000 has been allotted, of which Umatilla is to pay $10,000, Union $5000 and the state and Government the balance of $60,000. The Crescent City-Klamath Falls project is allotted $30,000, to be divided between the state and the Government. The La Pine-Lakeview project has been given $30,000 under the recommendation made, to be split between the state and the Government.

All told, the allotment recommended so far is $1,114,194, of which counties are to pay $131,694, the state $491,250 and the Government is asked to pay $491,250.

The Government, under the Shackleford act, pays for Oregon roads $121,794 a year, to be matched by state or local funds.

WOMAN PICKET TAKEN

USE OF LANGUAGE CALCULATED TO PROVOKE ASSAULT CHARGED.

Mrs. Lane Taken Into Custody at Hoquiam After Notable Activity Along Strike Lines.

HOQUIAM, Wash., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—The Hoquiam police this evening arrested the first woman picket taken into custody since the present Industrial Workers' strike began in the Grays Harbor district. The woman, Mrs. L. Lane, has been especially active on the picket lines for several days, or since women have been taking an active part in the picketing.

The charge against her is that of using language calculated to provoke an assault.

County officials today arrested five strike pickets at one of the logging camps in the east end of the county on charges connected with the picketing and the court injunctions procured against picketing.

The general strike call issued at Spokane for yesterday has had no appreciable effect in this county, as all of the Industrials already were out of the mills and camps.

LABOR SUPPLY SATISFIES

Hoff Says Indications Are That No Acute Shortage Is in Sight.

SALEM, Or., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—But little change in the labor situation in Oregon is shown in the latest report from State Labor Commissioner Hoff in comparison with his preceding report. The latest report states that "indications are that no acute suffering will be felt in any section nor serious loss sustained by reason of a labor shortage." A present shortage exists in many sections of the state, however, amounting in some instances to as high as 20 and 30 per cent of the demand.

Reduction of crop prospects and co-operative work through various agencies have combined to eliminate a large part of the danger of a labor shortage along agricultural lines, the report points out.

TYPISTS BADLY NEEDED

Government Announces Examinations for Many Positions.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces that an examination for stenographer and typewriter for men and women, and for typewriter only for men and women, will be held in 45 different cities in the Northwest on August 31, 1917.

The usual entrance salaries are from $900 to $1200 per annum. All qualified stenographers and typewriters are urged to apply for and take the coming examination, as a sufficient number of stenographers and typewriters has not been reached to meet the needs of the Government service.

For application and full information apply to Herbert F. Ward, district secretary, 303 Postoffice building, Seattle Wash.

SOLDIER'S MOTHER DIES

Shock of Departure of Troops Induces Stroke of Paralysis.

MASON CITY, Ia., Aug. 21.—Mrs. Elizabeth Bouldin, who was overcome by the shock of seeing her son, Charles R. Bouldin, leave for Des Moines with other members of Company D, Second Iowa Infantry, Saturday, and was found to be suffering a stroke of paralysis when the hospital was reached, died today.

The members of Company D will be used to fill the Third Iowa to war strength. The Third is scheduled to go soon to France with the First Guard force.

GIRLS ARE WAR WORKERS

Two at Wapato Lake Herd Cattle to Free Man for Other Duties.

GASTON, Or., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Gaston has some real war workers. They are Ruth and Lois Armstrong, high school girls, who are "doing their bit" by herding cows for their fatehr, who is superintendent of the 800-acre Wapato Lake tract here.

So many farm workers from this district have answered their country's call that Mr. Armstrong was short-handed. His daughters came to the rescue and the regular herdsman is now released for more arduous work until after the rush of the harvest is over.

JAM MADE FOR SOLDIERS

Bids on 120,000 Cans Made by Puyallup Association.

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—The Government's first contract for blackberry jam, to be given to the Puyallup and Sumner Fruitgrowers' Association, was filled today. It consisted of 3600 cans to be distributed among the forts of the Northwest.

That the Government will follow England's example and supply jam to its soldiers is indicated by the fact that its cannery has just filed bids for 120,000 cans with the quartermaster department in Seattle.

$600,000 BONDS VOTED

Talent Irrigation District Would Provide for Water Supply.

MEDFORD, Or., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Talent irrigation district today voted $600,000 in bonds for construction of a water system from the Hyatt Prairie source of supply in Cascade Mountains, near Green Springs. Ashland opposed the bonds on the ground that an adequate supply cannot be obtained from that source. The vote stood 83 to 60.

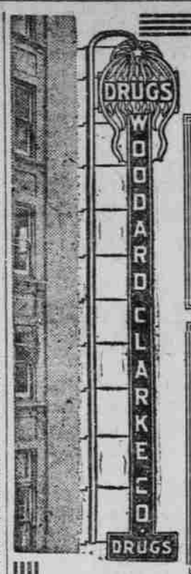
The district embraces 8500 acres of rich valley land nearly all under cultivation.

Camp Bowie Is Completed.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Aug. 21—Construction of Camp Bowie has been completed. It is stated that this is the first of the 16 National Guard camps to be finished and accepted by the War Department.

Tom Watson's Meeting Denied.

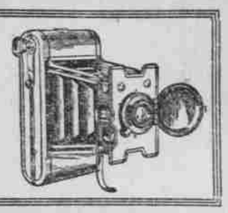
MACON, Ga., Aug. 21.—City and county authorities have given notice that they will not permit assembling of the so-called state convention organized by Thomas E. Watson to protest against the draft law here Thursday.



DOUBLE S. & H. STAMPS ALL THIS WEEK
FIRST THREE FLOORS

MANY A GOOD FILM
Will Make a Perfect Enlargement
showing greater detail and beauty than the little print.

WE GIVE FREE an 8x10 Enlargement
with finishing orders of Three Dollars. Double Stamps with all this work.



PICNICS, OUTINGS, AUTO TRIPS Bespeak the Helpful

THERMOS BOTTLE

Gives you drink or food as hot or as cold as you wish it. On sale now at..... $1.50

AUTO RESTAURANTS—A wonderful compact, complete, convenient outfit, with knives, forks, spoons, plates.

AUTO WATCHES.....$1.35 RADIO WATCHES—
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THERMOS LUNCH KIT—Food Box and Bottle, metal or fiber case. Makes lunching a healthy joy..... $3.00

Soap for Every Use and at Popular Prices!

6 bars Peet's Mechanic Soap..... 25c
6 bars Jergens Glycerine Soap..... 25c
25c Cuticura Soap 18c
25c Packer's Tar Sp 20c
50c bottle Synol S'p 40c
10c Kirk's Baby Castile— 3 FOR 25c
10c Shah of Persia Castile— 3 FOR 25c

25c Woodbury's Facial Soap..... 22c
10c Skat— 3 FOR 25c
10c Allround Almond Oil Soap— 3 FOR 25c
10c Jergen's Rose Glycerine Soap— 3 FOR 25c

10c Kirk's Geranium, Sq. Cake— 3 FOR 18c
10c Genuine Olive Oil Soap— 3 FOR 25c
10c Creme Oil Soap— 3 FOR 25c
10c Stuart's Peroxide Toilet S'p, 3 FOR 18c

10c Maxine Elliott Toilet Soap— 3 FOR 25c
10c Wash Rag Castile Soap— 3 FOR 19c
10c Jergen's Yutopia Soap— 3 FOR 18c
10c Prize Baby Soap— 3 FOR 18c

5c Colgate's Viodora— 6 FOR 25c
10c Vallant's Antiseptic Soap— 3 FOR 25c
25c Resinol Soap..23c
10c Jergen's Almond Cocoa Oil Soap— 3 FOR 25c

10c Jergen's Buttermilk Soap— 3 FOR 25c
15c Supertar Shampoo Soap— 3 FOR 40c
25c Danderine S'p. 20c
25c Harfina Soap. 20c
10c Rose City Glycerine Soap— 3 FOR 19c
25c bar Castile S'p 19c

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ALDER STREET AT WEST PARK MARSHALL 4700 - HOME A 6171

Always "S. & H." Stamps First Three Floors.

MEN OF '61 PARADE

Eight Thousand Take Part in Boston Demonstration.

VETERANS' MARCH SHORT

"We'll Hang the Kaiser to a Sour Apple Tree," Recalls Days of Civil War and Makes Hit With Crowd.

BOSTON, Aug. 21.—Several thousand aged men in blue, survivors of the Army which fought for the Union more than half a century ago, marched with brave step through Boston streets today. The route was the shortest ever selected for the annual parade of the National encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. The veterans were favored by a clear sky, moderate temperature and a refreshing breeze.

The chief marshal was J. Payson Bradley, of this city. In the line were the departments of the Grand Army in order of seniority of organization. The National officers and past commanders-in-chief in automobiles, the Sons of Veterans, former prisoners of war, naval veterans and a rear guard of disabled veterans in cars. Commander-in-Chief William J. Patterson reviewed the parade from a large grandstand on the Tremont-street side of the common. Governor McCall was at the Statehouse and Mayor Curley at the City Hall.

About 8000 blue-coated, gray-haired men were in line as compared with nearly 50,000 who formed the parade at the last reunion held in this city. Many of the veterans of 80 years and over rode in automobiles, but there were hundreds of nearly that age who marched over the entire route. For those who found their endurance unequal to this task cars were stationed at various points in readiness to pick them up. Red Cross stations were called on to care for a few cases of slight heat prostration.

U. S. Grant Post, of New York, headed the line as guard of honor, carrying the colors of Commander-in-Chief Patterson.

The Nebraska men attracted attention as they swung past one of the reviewing stands by singing: "We'l hang the Kaiser to a sour apple tree."

Aside from the commander-in-chief, the individual veteran who received the most applause was E. E. Timmons, of Pennsylvania, who served with the First California Regiment in the war. Mr. Timmons is 78 years of age, but he trampled sturdily along the route, wearing the uniform and equipment he had at Gettysburg, including his blanket roll, knapsack and canteen.

In the reviewing stand on the common were the commander-in-chief and the Russian Ambassador, Boris A. Bakhmeteff, General Roop and other members of the Russian mission to this country.

JAPANESE NEAR CAPITAL

Mission Will Be Received in Washington at Noon Today.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—The Japanese mission to the United States will arrive in Washington at noon tomorrow, headed by Viscount Ishii, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary, with Admiral Takeshita and Major-General Sugano, Secretary Lansing and Assistant Secretary Phillips, of the State Department, will greet the visitors at the railroad station.

The mission landed at San Francisco recently and came on a special train across the continent. On arriving here they will be escorted by cavalry to the home of Perry Belmont, which has been placed at their disposal through the State Department.

12-Year-Old Girl Is Murdered.

LEMARS, Ia., Aug. 21.—The body of 12-year-old Alta Braun was found in an alley in the residence district today. The child had been outraged and murdered. An undershirt torn from the child's waist was wrapped tightly about her neck. No clew to the child's slayer has been discovered by the officers. The little girl was last seen alive early last evening.

Call for Dish Cloths Made.

CLACKAMAS, Or., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Every soldier must wash and care for his own mess kit. There is an insatiable and perpetual demand for dishcloths. This morning I distributed 500 and had only half enough. Hemmed flour sacks are the best, or anything of similar kind. Please send packages either to me direct at Clackamas, Or., or to the W. C. T. U., 310 Selling building, Portland.

WILLIAM S. GILBERT,
Chaplain Third Oregon Infantry.

Loan Made to England.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—A loan of $50,000,000 was made today to the government of Great Britain. This brings the total advances to the allies up to $1,966,400,000.

"A-1 Quality"

FORD
Universal Auto Co., Spokane
"have been using Zerolene for several months—A-1 quality."

BUICK
J. D. Lauppe, Sacramento
"We have found Zerolene to be a satisfactory lubricant for Buick Automobiles."

DODGE
Eaton & Campbell, Seattle
"our experience with Zerolene has been entirely satisfactory."

MERCER
Mercer Pacific Coast Agc'y, San Francisco—"Zerolene has proven very satisfactory."

ZEROLENE
The Standard Oil for Motor Cars

Endorsed by Leading Car Distributors

—because the records of their service departments show that Zerolene, correctly refined from California asphalt-base crude, gives perfect lubrication—less wear, more power, least carbon deposit.

Dealers everywhere and at our service stations.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
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For tractors, Zerolene Heavy-Duty is especially recommended.

How Any Woman Can Remove Hairy Growths

(Beauty Culture.)

It is not longer necessary for a woman to visit a beauty specialist to have superfluous hairs removed, for, with the aid of a plain delatone paste, she can, in the privacy of her own home, remove even a stubborn growth in a very few minutes. The paste is made by mixing some water with a little powdered delatone. This is applied to the hairs and after 2 or 3 minutes removed and the skin washed, when it will be left clear and hairless. Be sure you buy real delatone.—Adv.

Fall Hats IN Profusion

are here ready for your selection.

—Soft Hats are again most popular and the colorings are very attractive.

—The black Derby is always in style and is a necessary part of a man's wardrobe.

—Cloth Hats will be used this Fall and are especially comfortable for wet weather.

—The best domestic and foreign makers are represented in our Hat department.

Bristol Hats at....$3.00
"B. & P." Special $3.50
Knapp Felt at.....$4.00
Stetson at.....$5.00
Knox at.....$5.00
Borsalino at.....$6.00
Knapp Felt De Luxe $6

Buffum & Pendleton
Clothiers, Hatters and Haberdashers.
127 Sixth Street
30 Steps From Wash. St.
F. N. PENDLETON
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THOSE AWFUL CRAMPS

Suggestions that may save Much Suffering

Marysville, Pa.—"For twelve years I suffered with terrible cramps. I would have to stay in bed several days every month. I tried all kinds of remedies and was treated by doctors, but my trouble continued until one day I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for others. I tried it and now I am never troubled with cramps and feel like a different woman. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly and I am recommending it to my friends who suffer as I did."—Mrs. George R. Naylor, Box 72, Marysville, Pa.

Young women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by this root and herb remedy.

Write for free and helpful advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Only women open and read such letters.

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