

AUSTRIA READY FOR HONORABLE PEACE

Foreign Minister Declares Teuton Nations Will Never Be Crushed.

AGREEMENT IS DESIRED

Germany, Says Count Chudenitz, Is Fighting Defensive Warfare and Has No Desire for Forced Conquest.

VIENNA, via Copenhagen, July 29.—Reiterating that Austria-Hungary was ready to accept an honorable peace, but that the dual monarchy in conjunction with its allies, would fight to the last extremity if the entente powers declined to enter negotiations on the basis of a peace by understanding, as recently outlined by the German Imperial Chancellor and the Reichstag, Count Ottokar Czernin, foreign minister, in an interview today discussed at length peace possibilities.

The Austrian statement took occasion to reply to the speech made by David Lloyd George in London, July 21, when the British premier characterized the address delivered to the Reichstag by Dr. Michaelis, the German Chancellor, as a sham. The count said Mr. Lloyd George was mistaken when he represented the Reichstag peace resolution to be a "piece of bluff."

Germany on Defensive.
"The chancellor and the Reichstag," the foreign minister said, "declared that Germany was conducting a defensive war and that the German people only asked for an honorable peace by means of an understanding and an agreement offering the basis for a lasting reconciliation of the nations. The chancellor and the Reichstag solemnly repudiated the German desire for no forced conquest and abhorred economic isolation and incitement to enmity between nations after the war."

"I must reply to Premier Lloyd George with the question: 'What are we finally to expect from the entente?' What we desire is a truce which will be the well-known declarations made in Vienna and from the demonstrations by the German people showing that a complete agreement exists to the very last detail between Vienna and Berlin. 'What the Chancellor and the Reichstag declared was that I declared months ago an honorable peace, which the Vienna government is ready to accept, and whereby it seeks a lasting reconciliation of the nations. This agreement is not a complete agreement that we never shall accept a peace which is not honorable for us.'

Austria to Fight to End.
"If the entente does not wish to enter negotiations on the basis which we have clearly indicated, we shall continue the war and fight to the last extremity."

"I don't care whether this admission is regarded as a sign of weakness or of strength. To me it seems only a sign of common sense and morality which revolt against the idea of prolonging the war. I am absolutely convinced that entente is not a necessary condition of defense, and since in our position of defense, we have no intention of crushing the enemy, the war will end soon or later on the basis of a understanding. But, to my way of thinking, the natural conclusion is that the further we prolong the war the more harm it does to all humanity and that it is necessary in the interests of humanity to reach a peace by understanding as soon as possible."

"As we have fought in conjunction with our faithful allies, so we shall make peace in conjunction with them. We and they shall fight in conjunction with them to the last extremity unless the enemy shows a willingness to understand and a willingness to reach a peace by understanding. Continuing Von Chudenitz said: "I shall not put the question who was responsible for the war, because it is useless to do so. I shall speak of the future and I wish to express the desire that the world may succeed after the conclusion of the war with adequate means and expedients to prevent forever the recurrence of such a frightful war. The road may be difficult, but it is not impossible."

LISTER ASKS FOR TROOPS

Governor Does Not Think State Guards Are Sufficient.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., July 29.—(Special.)—Governor Lister does not feel state guards are sufficiently organized and drilled to take up the duty now being performed by the Federal troops, nor that they could do this work with the same efficiency, says George Donald, of this city, a member of the State Council of Defense, who has just returned from Olympia. Mr. Donald stated that Governor Lister has proposed to the War Department that troops now doing guard duty in this state be retained in its service. He expects to have an answer to report to the council tomorrow in Olympia.

CLACKAMAS PIONEER DEAD

Widow of Founder of Palmateer Settlement Dies at Age of 74.

ESTACADA, Or., July 29.—(Special.)—Death today claimed Mrs. Sarah Palmateer, 74, who, with her late husband, John, founded Palmateer settlement, now known as Garfield. She was one of the most widely known women of this section. Mr. and Mrs. Palmateer set here in 1832. They are survived by five sons and daughters. They are: Lou Palmateer and Mrs. Irene Duncan, Garfield; William Palmateer, Morgan, Or.; Henry Palmateer, Silverton, Or.; and Mrs. Eddie Wadd, Currieville, Or. The funeral will be held Tuesday at 2 P. M. from Zion Church.

RARE ANIMALS ARE FOUND

Collection Assembled in Hecote Park of China by Zoological Party.

NEW YORK, July 29.—A large collection of rare animals from remote regions in the province of Yun-Nan, China, said to be the most valuable ever assembled from that country, has been gathered by the American Expedition of the American Museum of Natural History. It was announced here. The expedition, headed by Roy C. Andrews, is expected to arrive here late in September. Members of the expedition were the first white persons to be seen by natives of the explored territory, Mr. Andrews reported.

WAR BREAD BAKED ON HISTORIC GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD.



A TEN-POUND LOAF OF BREAD, BAKED ON THE GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD.

This size of loaf is called war bread, for it keeps in good condition for three weeks. Uncle Sam's bakers turn out bread that delights the soldiers. Several thousand regular troops and several thousand embryonic "Sammys" are training here for probable service abroad.

FOES PLOT IS CHARGE

Michaelis Alleges French Seek Boundaries of 1870.

GOOD FAITH IS DOUBTED

Chancellor Declares He Has Written Proof of Allies' Plans and Report of Stormy Secret Session of Chamber of Deputies.

(Continued From First Page.)

were forced to admit that France shortly before the Russian revolution, had come to an agreement having in view vain plans of conquest with a government which Premier Lloyd George described in his last speech as a 'corrupt and narrow autocracy'.

"I ask if it is true that the French Ambassador at Petrograd in response to a request sent by him to Paris, had returned with a treaty prepared in advance by M. Doumergue (ex-Premier and Foreign Minister) after negotiations with the Russian Emperor?"

"Is it true or not that the French President, at the instance of General Berthelot, head of the French military mission to Roumania, was formally entrusted with a mandate and that M. Briand afterwards sanctioned this step? This treaty assured to France her frontiers, but amended on lines of previous wars the conquest of 1870 to include, besides Alsace-Lorraine, Saarbruecken and vast territorial modifications of the left bank of the Rhine."

Russia Protests Aims.
"As desired by France when M. Terechenko (the Russian Foreign Minister) took office, the Russian government protested against the French aims of conquest, which also included that of Syria, and declared that new Russia no longer would be willing to take part in the struggle if it learned of these French war aims."

"Wasn't it the principal object of Albert Thomas (premier of the French war council), on his journey to Russia to overcome this renunciation of M. Terechenko? The French government will not be able to deny all this and it will be obliged to confess, although it may do so only tacitly, that M. Briand was the object of stormy attacks during the secret session, that Premier Ribot was obliged to produce the secret treaty in response to the demand of M. Renaudel (leader of the majority Socialists in the French Chamber), and also that M. Briand, in the course of the excited debate which ensued, declared that revolutionary Russia was obliged to carry out what imperial Russia had promised, and that it did not matter to France what was said by the lowest classes in Russia?"

"It is characteristic that Deputy Moutet, according to his own statements, replied in Russia to the question whether Alsace-Lorraine was the only obstacle to peace by saying he could not answer the question in that form, and that Russia ought to take into consideration the fact that the Russian revolution had been purchased by French blood."

Territory Promised Italy.
"The admission of Deputies Cochon and Moutet that the Russian representatives had declared in the course of the negotiations that they attached no importance to Constantinople throws clear light on Russian senti-

GERMAN PERIOD IS WELL CAUSE OF WAR

Secretary of State Emphasizes Peril of Teuton Ambition for World Dominion.

PROMISES GAIN RESPITE

Disclosures of Imperial Chancellor Show Training of Germans to Worship Might—Americans Slow to Understand.

MADISON BARRACKS, N. Y., July 29.—In a speech here tonight before 1700 members of the Officers' Reserve Corps, Robert Lansing, Secretary of State, emphasizing the peril of German imperialism to the United States and the world, declared his belief that the German people would not cast off the yoke of autocracy "until the physical might of the united democracies of the world has destroyed forever evils of the military rulers of Germany." That, he added, is the only way to restore the peace of the world.

"Were every people on earth able to express their will, there would be no wars of aggression," he said, "and if there were no wars of aggression there would be no wars, and lasting peace would come to this earth. The only way that a people can express their will is through democratic institutions. Therefore, when the world is made safe for democracy, when that principle prevails, universal peace will be an accomplished fact."

Germans Taught to Worship Might.
"No nation of people will fit more than the United States when that time comes. Being it has not yet come. A great people, such as ours, in world as well as in deed by the most sinister government of modern times, is straining every nerve to supplant democracy by a despotism which they have been taught to worship."

"When will the German people awake to the truth? When will they arise in their might and cast off the yoke and become their own masters? I fear that it will not be until the United States and the other democracies of the world have destroyed forever the evil ambitions of the military rulers of Germany and liberty triumphs over their enemies."

American Cause Righteous.
"Mr. Lansing sought to drive home to the student officers the righteousness of the cause for which they had volunteered to go to France and fight, asserting that America's cause is the cause of justice and of right and of humanity."
"Immediate cause of our war with Germany—in the making in world promises as to indiscriminate submarine warfare—has a far deeper meaning," he said, "a meaning which has been growing more evident as the war has progressed and which needed but this act of perfidy to bring it home to our people."
"The evil character of the German government is laid bare before the world. We know now that that government is inspired with ambitions which menace human liberty, and that to gain its end it does not hesitate to break faith to violate the most sacred rights, or to perpetrate intolerable acts of inhumanity."

Promises Made to Gain Time.
"It needed but the words reported to have been uttered by the German Chancellor to convince the world of the character of his government when he announced that the only reason why he had not immediately declared war against the United States, was never intended to be kept; that they were only made in order to buy time for their preparations for a more aggressive war, and that when the time came to act the German promises were unhesitatingly torn to pieces like scraps of paper."

World Dominion Wanted.
"It is this disclosure of the character of the imperial German government, and the underlying cause of our entry into the war, we have not been able to get through to the American people, or at least many Americans had doubted, the evil purposes of the rulers of Germany. I think that the American people, in the light of events we could read the past and see that for a quarter of a century the absorbing ambition of the military oligarchy which the master of the German empire was waiting for a world dominion."

"I imagine Germany victor in Europe because the United States remained neutral. Who then, think you, would be the next victim of those who are seeking to be masters of the whole earth?"

Switzerland to Save Coal.
BERNE, Switzerland, July 29.—In consequence of the increasing coal shortage, the Swiss government has decided upon a considerable restriction of railroad and steamship traffic of all kinds.

MAJOR BARBER IN FRANCE

Portland Man Retained as Member of Pershing's Staff.

Major Via Barber, formerly of Portland, who went to France early in May to arrange transportation service for the American Army, has been retained there on the staff of General Pershing and will remain indefinitely. Major Barber is a son of Mrs. S. J. Barber of 483 East Sixteenth street North, and a brother of Mrs. L. R. Allderman and Miss Helen Barber. He attended the Portland schools, was appointed to West Point from this district.

was encouraged to weaken the potential strength of nations which might be obstacles to the lust of Germany's rulers for world mastery. "My friends, I am firmly convinced that the independence of no nation is safe, until the military despotism which holds the German people in the hollow of its hand has been made impotent and harmless forever. There is but one way to restore peace to the world, and that is by overcoming the physical might of German imperialism by force of arms.

"If enthusiasm and ardor can make success sure, then we Americans have no cause for anxiety, no reason to doubt the outcome of the conflict; our enthusiasm and ardor are not all; they must be founded on a profound conviction of the righteousness of your cause and on implicit faith that the best of battles will strengthen the arm of him who fights for the right."

TEUTON ARMY WEAKENS

MORALE OF GERMAN FORCES GOING FAST, SAYS GEDESDES.

First Lord of Admiralty Pays High Tribute to English Railroad Men for Their Work in France.

LONDON, July 29.—"The destruction of the German military powers is progressing more since last Spring than the people of the world are aware of," said Sir Eric Geddes in his first public speech as First Lord of the Admiralty in the Guildhall at Cambridge last night. As to his own attitude he said he would not interfere with the need of the moment.
Speaking of German inhumanity at sea, the new First Lord urged that detailed information concerning the heroism of officers and men be not sought as it would mark them for the enemy and he was sure the public placed confidence in the navy and army.
He paid tribute to English railroad men for their work in France, as they had given the army freedom of movement possessed a year ago and construction wagons now are off the roads, he said, and munitions are carried to the front on small gauge railways, which has resulted in saving of many lives.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

HAVING retreated a distance of approximately 100 miles from where Kereneky, the Iron man of Russia, carried them in his personally conducted drive early in the present month, the army center of the line in East Galicia is again on Russian soil on both sides of Husiatyn and is still being followed by the forces of the Teutonic allies. Likewise the armies to the south and south continue to fall back before the enemy. Whenever the faithful troops attempt to give battle they are overpowered by superior stronger forces of the Teutons and compelled to give ground, receiving no assistance from their recalcitrant former brothers in arms, whose aid continues to be to get out of striking distance of the enemy.

So fast has been the retirement of the Russian line and the advance of the enemy toward Bukovina that already an arc-like formation has been thrown westward of Czernowitz, the capital, with the northern end resting on Usculowice, 25 miles distant, and the southern end to the east of Kutu, on the western border of the Carpathians. Evidently the preparations for the "blood and iron" policy of the government against the disaffected troops which he put forth in a recent speech, Minister of War Kereneky is on his way to the Russian headquarters, there to confer with the military leaders to Southeast plans to stay the retreat and compel the troops to stand and face the foe as the Russians in the southern Carpathian region are doing now, along this latter front the Rumanians, aided by the Rumanians, continue to force the Teutonic allies to cede ground, especially in the upper Putna valley.

French troops in the Alsine region have turned back the counter attacks against the army of the German crown prince, put down an offensive he had launched between Hurbelise and Bouville and made good gains against him all along the line. Several attacks by the Germans in Verdun sector were repulsed. The artillery duel which has been in progress in Flanders for more than a week continues unabated.

In the air the machines of Great Britain and Germany are carrying out maneuvers of proportions never before seen. As an indication of the intensity of these aerial combats, 39 German airplanes were accounted for in the latest fighting, in addition to two observation balloons. The British war office admits that 13 of the royal air squadron failed to return to their bases. The German war office asserts, however, that 35 British planes were shot down. On Friday and Saturday night German airplanes attempted to bombard Paris. In the first attacks three suburban sections were reached and bombs dropped, which caused the injury of several persons. The attempt of Sunday night was entirely futile, the raiders not even reaching the environs of the capital.

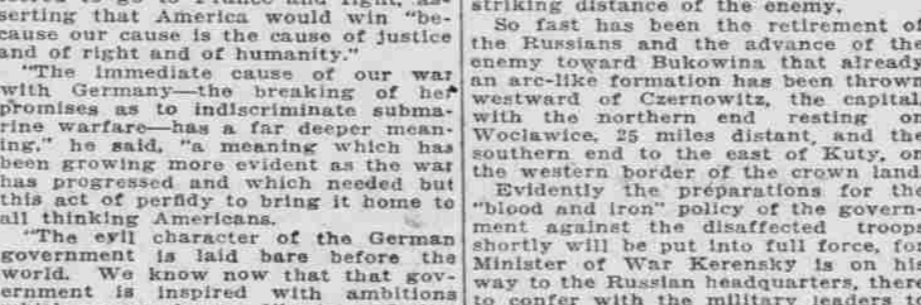
Switzerland to Save Coal.
BERNE, Switzerland, July 29.—In consequence of the increasing coal shortage, the Swiss government has decided upon a considerable restriction of railroad and steamship traffic of all kinds.

MAKE YOURSELF STRONGER

People with strong constitutions escape many minor ills that make life miserable for others. Don't you envy the friend who does not know what a headache is, whose digestion is perfect and sleep undisturbed?
How far do you come from this description and have you ever made an earnest effort to strengthen your constitution, to build up your system to ward off disease and discomfort?
Everyone cannot have perfect health, but unless you have an organic disease it is generally possible to improve your physical condition by attention to the rules of health, the first of which is to keep the blood built up.
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain just the elements needed to build up the blood and restore the lost color and vitality. New energy circulates through the system with the enriched blood, the heart stops its alarming palpitations, color returns to cheeks and lips.
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FRENCH MAKE GAIN

Troops of German Crown Prince Are Repulsed.

FRENCH AVIATOR SOARS 10,000 FEET. NEWPORT NEWS, Va., July 29.—In an endurance test of an American army flying machine here yesterday, Lieutenant Lamarie, of the French army, reached an altitude of 10,000 feet.

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