

FIRST MAIL MAKES AMERICANS HAPPY

Letters Reach Army in France After Following Soldiers to Many Parts of World.

CAMPS ARE INSPECTED

Troops Are Still Eating "Durable" French Bread and Have Wines That They Cannot Touch Because of New Legislation.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS. AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP IN FRANCE, July 19.—Several thousand soldiers were made happy today when as many letters or packages arrived and were distributed among the various camps. It was for many of them the first mail they had received since leaving the United States and it was more welcome than anything else that has been sent them.

The original addresses on the letters indicated often how long the families of men had been out of touch with them. Every third or fourth message was addressed in care of the former assignments of regiments, for instance, the Mexican border and Western forts. Others had found their way over to "somewhere in France" notwithstanding the addresses; others had been addressed to the War Department, while others had been forwarded from the sailing point of various regiments.

Chaplain Is Postmaster. The mail here is in charge of one of the Army chaplains who thus has a busy week between his Sunday duties and his work as postmaster. All letters and packages are received from Paris and must be sorted and distributed under his direction. Likewise he has charge of all outgoing mail. Major-General William L. Sibert went through his entire camp today on the first official inspection tour he has made. From early morning until late in the afternoon he made the rounds and did not call it a day until he had examined each set of quarters and inspected virtually every man in his command.

Yesterday an American corporal opened a barber shop in the abandoned quarters of a one-time French barber, who now is at the front. Almost immediately the American barbered virtually all the troops in the town. He had so many customers, both French and American, that he announced that business here was far better than in his previous army shops in Manila, Hawaii, Alaska and on the Mexican border.

As the kits have been unpacked, phonographs have made the military concerts are supplemented by informal phonograph recitals.

Durable Bread Distributed. The busiest of all the American troop departments these days is the quartermaster's, which is working almost feverishly to perfect its system of supplying the men with all the necessities. The work has gone ahead so fast that the quartermaster already has a three month supply of bread, a short distance of the camp and a constant 10-days' supply here.

The troops are still eating the dark French bread which is made for them with American flour, but within three days bakeries will have been established and the rations will change to white bread with heavy crust, which makes it transportable and durable. The American Army will then be the only one in the world eating white bread. It is today the biggest meat consumer, as the men receive a ration of 20 ounces daily.

The American soldiers are now living on the so-called field ration, which consists of 20 ounces of fresh beef daily or 12 ounces of bacon, or 18 ounces of canned meat of any kind, 12 ounces of salmon, 13 ounces of soft or 18 ounces of hard bread or flour or beans; 20 ounces of potatoes with a similar amount of onions; an ounce and one-quarter of coffee and three ounces of sugar, with salt, pepper and syrup, as well as prunes, dried apples or peaches or jam. When the supplies all arrive there also will be butter, which will be distributed as an extra on special occasions.

Gift of Liqueur Not Used. The department is still trying to decide what to do with the gift made by the French Government to the American troops in honor of the 14th of July, the French national holiday, consisting of champagne, red wines, jellies, jam and other delicacies. There is a considerable quantity of champagne and red wine for each soldier and officer, but for the present the authorities have not been able to decide whether the distribution of these wines would be in violation of the spirit of the recent legislation covering the question of liquor to soldiers.

The first death occurred at the camp yesterday, when Private Nolan, of the infantry, was drowned.

Pueblo Cheers Belgian Mission. PUEBLO, Colo., July 19.—The Belgian war mission was cheered through Colorado today. It was almost the busiest day since the mission started its thanksgiving tour of the country. July 1, Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo were visited and each welcomed the guests with characteristic Western hospitality.

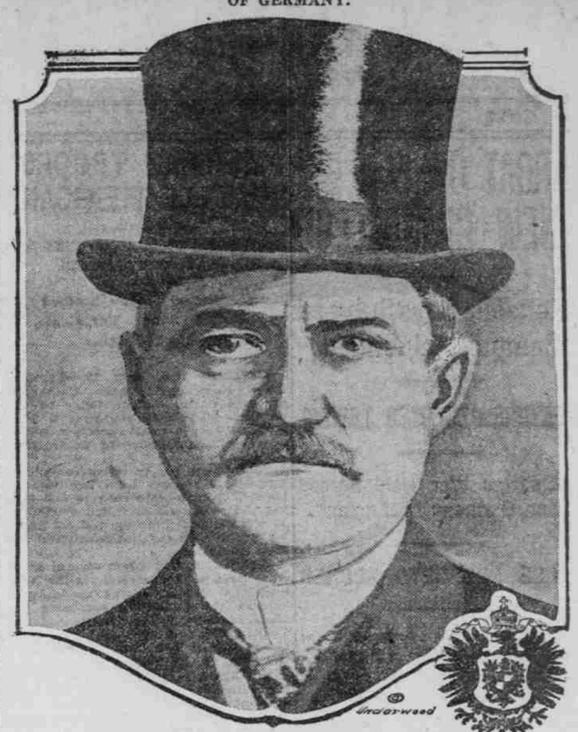
Read The Oregonian classified ads.

WAR TIME NERVOUSNESS

In these war times many people are living in an unnatural condition of nervous excitement. Unless something is done to correct it, the inevitable result will be a nervous breakdown, an exhaustion of nervous energy that may take a very serious and unforeseen turn.

Neurasthenia is one such result with its accompaniment of worry, irritability, oversensitiveness and severe headache. It means that the patient has lost the power to recover and store up energy. The condition will grow worse if not corrected.

FIRST PHOTOGRAPH OF HOLLWEG'S SUCCESSOR AS CHANCELLOR OF GERMANY.



GEORGE MICHAELIS.

KILLING IS ADMITTED

George Tompkins Confesses to Triple Murder.

DETAILS TOLD MINISTER

Officials Do Not Make Public Statement in Regard to Tragedy Sunday on Road Near Carroltown, Pa.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., July 19.—George C. Tompkins, of Philadelphia, held in connection with the shooting to death of Edmund I. Humphries, prominent coal operator, his wife, Mrs. Carrie Humphries, and their 15-year-old son, Edmund I. Humphries, Jr., on a country road near Carrolltown, this county, last Sunday, confessed to the three murders today, according to announcements by the police.

According to Jailer Kneeb, Tompkins was sitting in the office of the jail talking to his wife and his father, George C. Tompkins, Sr., of Clinton, N. J., when he burst forth, saying: "I killed those three people. I killed them all. I killed Humphries in the cornfield. I bought the pistol in Johnstown. It is said, he made a detailed verbal confession to Rev. B. F. Henry, but this confession was not made public.

DRAFT NUMBERS TO COME

(Continued From First Page.)

In order to provide enough men to cover the probable exemptions and objections on account of physical disability. With 717 men to be furnished by Oregon, 1434 names would be drawn if this system is followed. Of these 1434, however, only 717 would be actually taken into the military service. Their selection, of course, would be in the order in which the numbers were given.

In counties like Multnomah, which have already furnished their full quotas on this draft through voluntary enlistments in the regular Army and National Guard, there will be no names given out in this draft. Counties having numbers that would have called them out had the counties not already furnished their quotas will be called out in the same order on the next draft, however.

Some mighty fast work was done in General White's office yesterday morning, when official notification was received from the Provost Marshal-General that the state's gross quota for 1917 and its net quota, 717, as previously announced in press dispatches. Within one hour, General White was able to report back to Washington that the apportionment of quotas in each of the counties of the state, called the allocation of the draft quota, had been completed and notification telegraphed to each county.

Quota Table Is Prepared. This quick action was made possible through the fact that General White had assumed that the press dispatches were correct, and on that basis had had a tentative allocation table made out. As soon as the press figures were officially confirmed, all that was necessary was to make the tentative allocation table an official one, and send copies, which had also been prepared, to the proper authorities in each county.

Thus much delay at a critical juncture was saved. General White gave out the following statement in explanation of the method whereby the net quotas for the various counties were calculated: "First, the gross quota of 7374 assigned to the state was apportioned among the counties in proportion to their respective populations, as estimated by the Census Bureau on the basis of the registration for conscription.

Enlistments Are Credited. "Next, each county was credited with the total number of its enlistments in the National Guard and regular Army to June 30, and the difference between the various counties were calculated. "Several counties had an excess of credits over gross quotas, and these credits were next apportioned among

RADICALS' REVOLT IS BROUGHT TO END

Small Proportion of Loyal Troops in Petrograd Is Able to Keep Order.

ARMY AT FRONT IS LOYAL

Corps on Way to Capital to Stop Disorders—Ukrainian Soldiers Seize Kiev Arsenal, but Order Is Restored.

BY ARNO DOSCH FLEUROT. (Copyright, 1917, by the Press Publishing Company, New York.) PETROGRAD, July 19.—(Special.)—The Bolsheviks (the rebellious radicals), especially the Red Guard of the Viborg district, under the leadership of machine gunners, who refused to go to the front, having forced the issue by a demonstration in front of the Tauride Palace (after it had been forbidden by the United Provisional Government and Councils of Workmen, Soldiers and Peasants), no course was left open to the government but to end the revolt by disarming the discordant elements.

That the government was strong enough to disarm the agitators was demonstrated by the violence they today a rigid control throughout the district with a small proportion of the loyal forces in the city. But the army at the front was no dissuaded by the continual disturbance in Petrograd that it has started a corps, which is now on its way here, to suppress the trouble-makers.

Radicals Alarmed at Own Acts. Many of the Bolsheviks are coming over to the side of the government, being alarmed at the violence they aroused by disclaiming against the rich. They have done great harm to the cause of the preservation of order, by bringing on civil war.

PETROGRAD, July 19.—With the re-entrance of the military elements concerned in the recent disturbances by the Maximalists appears to be over for the time being. Today the city is normal. As a safeguard the troops were kept in readiness for any trouble that might arise. During the night several companies of infantry arrived from the front to assist in the preservation of order. A detachment of Cossacks also reached Petrograd to patrol the streets. Telegrams have been received by the ministers and council of deputies from various parts of the country protesting a lack of sympathy with the Maximalist movement and giving assurance of support in the workmen's and soldiers' and peasants' organizations.

Special Congress Called. A special congress of delegates representing all the councils of Russia has been called to meet at Petrograd, July 23, to determine the future composition of the cabinet and the governmental policy. Until then the present cabinet will continue to function.

Table with columns: State of Oregon, Population, Gross Quota, Net Quota. Lists counties like Baker, Benton, Clatsop, etc.

MILLS' RUN IS RESTRICTED

Guardsmen at Hoquiam Supervise Shipment of Munitions.

HOQUIAM, Wash., July 19.—Troops arrived on Grays Harbor today as the result of a request from Governor Lester in connection with the Industrial Workers of the World strike in the logging camps and mills of Grays Harbor County. The Guardsmen supervised the shipment of the cargo of rifles and ammunition, taken from the schooner Annie Larsen two years ago to the Army camp at American Lake.

Conditions in the strike zone are quiet. The situation in the mills and camps is practically unchanged since Tuesday. Only a few are running their sawmills, although practically all are operating planers and shingle crews. Some camps are taking out a few men and will get work under way to some extent, although no attempt is yet being made to start up the full outfit.

BELGIANS SEEK LAND

Opportunities for Colonization Project in Utah Investigated.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, July 19.—In search of land suitable for colonization purposes, the Belgian government is having some investigations made as to the opportunities for such projects in Utah, according to information received here yesterday.

It is reported that a representative of the Belgian government has been making some investigations in the Pacific Northwest and at his suggestion a representative of the colonization department of the Union Pacific system is making an inspection of some of the lands in Emery County. No details of the colonization project are available.

GERMANY UPHOLDS U-BOAT (Continued From First Page.) now serve the cause to the utmost of my power. I beg from you your trusty co-operation in the spirit which has been splendidly maintained in this body during the war."

"THE STORE THAT UNDERSELLS BECAUSE IT SELLS FOR CASH"

Offers This List of Unmatchable Underpriced Friday Spec'ls

An Extraordinary Underpricing of Dainty and Well Made Corset Covers and Drawers Friday only 35c for Three Garments \$1.00 for

3000 Yards of Voiles Priced 19c Friday at, Yard. 38-inch Voiles of best standard quality, priced to close at less than mill cost. Included are all wanted colors in stripes, dots, figures, flowers, checks and plaids.

No Other Sale Will Compare With This Great Embroidery Offering Friday—Choice From 5000 Yards at 35c a Yard

Sale of Men's Suspenders at 19c Pr. Sale Men's Shirts at \$1.05. Sale of Curtain Goods at 8c Yard. Sale of Barefoot Sandals at 99c.

A Timely and Important Sale of Women's and Misses' Fashionable Summer Dresses Pongee Silk and Wool Jersey, all sizes, 16 to 42, Friday Only at \$9.25

Robert's Bros. THIRD & MORRISON. The Most in Value—The Best in Quality. Store Opens at 8:30 A.M. Saturdays at 9 A.M. Store Closes at 5:30 P.M. Saturdays at 6 P.M.

U. S. ASKED TO CONFER not to be taken as an indication of a permanent policy. The Paris conference was stated in the invitation to be largely military and upon the Balkan situation.

MINE GUARD TO WITHDRAW Soldiers Will Be Removed From Arizona Properties.

PHOENIX, Ariz., July 19.—Federal troops now guarding Arizona copper mines will be withdrawn on August 1, according to correspondence between the War Department and Governor Campbell, made public by the latter today.

"I am Guided by the Lamp of Experience" Sherry (Patrick Henry)

Firestone Super-size Cord Tire. IN developing the Firestone Super-size Cord Tire only the facts of road performance dictated manufacturing policy. Perhaps the relentless Firestone road tests are responsible for the marked differences between Firestone Cord Tires and others.