HOLLWEG ALLOWS CABINET CHANGES

Ministers Zimmermann and Helfferich and Five of Prussian Cabinet to Resign.

POLITICAL STORM SEVERE

Chancellor Declares "Peace Without Annexation Is Unacceptable to Us—We Can Win if We Hold Out."

AMSTERDAM, July 10.—German Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, says the Koelnisch Volks Zeitung, promised the Reichstag that he would consent to the resignation from the Cabinet of Foreign Minister Zimmermann and Dr. Karl Helfferich, secretary of the Interior and Vice-Chancellor.

In addition, five members of the Prussian Cabinet will be asked to resign.

COPENHAGEN, July 10.—A sharply censored Berlin dispatch says that the Emperor at yesterday's audience expressed confidence in the Imperial Chancellor and approved Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg's course in opposing the Reichstag's demand to commit Germany to peace without annexations or indemnities.

The Berlin Tageblatt says that the all-day conferences of the Reichstag middle parties and moderate socialists brought the parties near to an agreement regarding questions of peace terms and internal reforms.

BERNE, Switzerland, July 10.—According to Berlin newspapers the German Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, said to members of the Reichstag:

"We Must Conquer."

"I repeat that the formula of peace without annexations is unacceptable to us. We cannot declare our terms of peace. We must fight and conquer."

The Chancellor made a strong attack on Mathis Erzberger, leader of the Catholic Center, who assailed the Pan-Germans in his address before the main committee last week and advocated peace without annexations or indemnities. Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg said Herr Erzberger's attitude was unpatriotic.

Enemies, Too, Have Difficulties.

According to the summary of the Chancellor's speech before the main committee, published in the Lokal Anzeiger, of Berlin, he said:

"We must continue the war with our whole energies. I do not deny that we have great difficulties to overcome, but so have our enemies. We shall see whether their difficulties or ours are greater.

"I am sure we can win if we hold out.

"Nothing was further from my intention than to cling to my post, but now it is a question of protecting the fatherland from injury, and for this reason I consider it necessary to retain my post."

LONDON, July 10.—The crown council called by Emperor William was held in Berlin yesterday, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam today, but no announcement as to what took place at the gathering has been made.

"The German public is very uneasy regarding the absence of news as to the decisions of the crown council which the Emperor held yesterday," says the dispatch. "Only in times of greatest stress are such meetings held."

Conference Unusually Long.

Other advices from the same source say that the meeting of the crown council lasted three hours, being one of the longest on record since July, 1914, when Emperor William signed the mobilization order that preceded the declaration of war.

The Ministers of both the empire and the kingdom were in attendance, together with the members of the Emperor's military and naval cabinet.

It is believed, says the dispatch, that one of the results of the council will be the introduction of a franchise bill for Prussia granting universal direct suffrage and the secret ballot.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—(Special.)—That a great political storm is imminent in Germany is indicated by State Department information concerning events there.

German newspapers are getting bolder in their comment on political conditions. The Vorwerten asks: "Quo vadis, Germania?"

The Socialist element among the people is restless. Comment on the Hollweg speech today is awaited here with interest.

Crisis Only in First Stage.

A telegram to the State Department says that the inner political storm which is now sweeping through Germany seems every hour more severe. The Hamburger Freudenblatt of July 8 says that the crisis is only in its first stage and that it will not reach its culmination for several days. The paper continues:

"We are now living through the greatest crisis in our political life which has arisen since the outbreak of the war. This crisis centers itself around the fundamental questions of war and peace as well as the reorganization of our international political system. It is in the nature of things that every such event centralizes into a personal contest. Member of Parliament Erzberger's speech in the Reichstag general committee was an attack on the government, which means against the Secretary of the Navy as well as against the Chancellor.

Speech Overturns Structure.

"To avoid misunderstanding it should be said that the continuation of the submarine war does not come into the question, not even so far as Erzberger is concerned. The question is of the revising of the war aim formula somewhat on the lines demanded by our Social Democrats. Resolutions in the Reichstag will not accomplish this. Since May there have been many changes.

"One thing, however, has not changed, and that is the complete lack of contact between government and people. The reason for all these happenings, one has only to remember that the speech of a member of Parliament, who chanced to be called Erzberger, has sufficed to overthrow the entire structure of both our internal and external policies, nor was the government able to stop it. That shows the bankruptcy of the system. The Kaiser is today in Berlin and conferring with Hindenburg, Ludendorff and the Chancellor. Is it thinkable that in such time the party leaders should not be present and that what they have to say be also considered?"

A new motor-driven surgical drill is so constructed that it can be thoroughly sterilized without injury in steam or dry heat.

STAGE IS NOON OF NEW DAY AFTER 22 YEARS IN PRISON

Civil War Veteran Whose Chivalry in Saving Name of Woman Cost Him Long Term Is Appearing in Hippodrome Act.

BY LEONE CASS BAER.

AN O. Henry would have made a capital little human interest story out of the bit of life history that came my way yesterday. An O. Henry would have found material for a real story and have written it with a pen dipped in the wormwood and gall of a brief he too spent behind prison bars.

A minister might take the story told me by the man who spent 22 years in prison for another's crime, and weave a powerful text around it. A poet would find a great epic in the life of renunciation Thomas McNally spent in the prison that the fair name of one woman be spared.

A philosopher might be moved to moralize on the pros and cons of justice, and the little laymen like you and I can just wonder why it all had to happen and weep in our hearts. Thomas McNally still wonders why it had to happen to him, but he has long ago caused to weep. Instead he smiles, warm, radiant, sunshiny smiles, crinkling up his mouth corners and lighting his blue eyes.

Bitterness at Last Wiped Out.

For 12 years Thomas McNally didn't smile. He was bitter and brooding and often thought of death in his cell at Joliet. On November 15, 1893, through circumstantial evidence and his own lack of law lore, the fine big state of Illinois shut Thomas McNally, an old soldier and an engraver by profession, behind steel bars in Joliet prison. He was a lifer. He offered no defense except "not guilty" when he was caught in a dragnet which drew half a hundred suspects of the murder in 1893 of old man Prunty and his son. No motive was established for the murder, and it was known that the Pruntys were of fighting blood, fighting among themselves. Old man Prunty was found shot dead and his son had been murdered, too, and the police gathered in everyone in the neighborhood. In the haul was Thomas Frank McNally, nearly 40 years old, a soldier of the Civil War, and with a web of circumstantial evidence about his presence in the vicinity of the crime on the night of the murder. Only one person in the world could have saved McNally, and her lips were sealed because in a fortnight she was to be married to another man, one who believed in her virtue and honor. One word from her would have been the alibi McNally needed.

Girl Keeps Secret 22 Years.

Sounds like a scenario, doesn't it? Or a page from the books we say couldn't happen in real life. Thomas McNally had been taught chivalry and to shield women. His mother and his dead wife had been gentle women. So he spoke no word of the woman with whom he had been on the night of the murder, and a queer twist of justice sent him up for life. The girl who could have saved him married, and for 22 years lived with her secret.

Once only she visited McNally in his prison. Occasionally he heard from her through friends on the "outside" as they call the golden, happy world beyond their prison cell. Then the woman died, and Thomas McNally's lips were unsealed. He told his story to Warden Edmund Allen, and to the Rev. Peter A. Crumbly, Catholic chaplain of the Illinois penitentiary at Joliet. An investigation involving months of rehashing of testimony and bitter recriminations, even the nervous invalidism of a judge and opening of sealed pages in the lives of officials, brought release from prison to McNally just two years ago the 23d of this month in Chicago.

Thomas F. McNally, of Four Old Veterans, at the Hippodrome.

You may remember how the papers caught up the story and published it broadcast. His pictures were in every sheet and the Associated Press carried news of the little old gentleman who had served 22 years to protect a woman's name. Then a new sensation took its place in public interest and we forgot the little old soldier. He went back to his Grand Army Home and gathered about him a trio of other old soldiers musicianly bent and started out to make his living and theirs with a vaudeville act.

Trio Appearing at Hippodrome.

This week they are at the Hippodrome, the headline act on the bill, and the gentle-voiced, rosy-cheeked leader, the boy comedian of the group of old fellows, is Thomas Frank McNally. He is the happiest, sunniest man, with unbounded optimism that will not be downed.

"After the first awful 12 years—and I spent them at a shoe bench, seldom lifting my head—I began to find myself," he said yesterday. "I've read everything I could find in those 22 years. I picked up French and German and can read, write and interpret in those languages. I learned a half dozen various professions from watch repairing to keeping books. I've seen lifers suicide. I've seen 'em broken and crucified in hopes, but they couldn't break my spirit. I kept the faith. I still keep it. I am happy. I bear no enmity to anyone in the world."

KNITTERS HERE LAUDED

PORTLAND WOMEN THANKED FOR GIFTS TO NAVY.

Washington Headquarters Declares Articles Are Fine Handiwork. Co-operation Is Appreciated.

Once more the war handiwork of Portland women has won high commendation, and more of the same kind is asked for. This time it was the Portland comforts committee of the Navy League, whose knitted articles and comforts for the boys in the Navy and Marine Corps won the laudatory expression from headquarters at Washington.

W. H. Stayton, Southern building, Washington, is executive secretary of the Navy League, and the Portland committee is headed by Mrs. Allen Lewis, as president; Mrs. W. H. Nunn, as vice-president; Mrs. Helen Ladd Corbett, secretary, and Mrs. W. B. Ayer, treasurer.

The work of this committee Navy League is to knit sweaters, weather hoods, caps, mittens and socks and other protective clothing which is not provided by the Navy Department for the men on duty. The committee buys the wool at wholesale and sells it at cost to women, who then knit or make the garments for the men. It is a form of volunteer work which is having far-reaching results, and in Portland there are already more than 500 women working with the committee. Several vessels of the Navy have been fitted out by them. They use more than 100 pounds of wool a week and represent one of the most effective war relief agencies in the country.

Mrs. Stayton, wife of the executive secretary, has written the Portland committee that the articles sent from here are beautifully knit and that the headquarters appreciates the splendid co-operation from this part of the country. A plea for more workers is the constant appeal, however, and women who are interested should call at room 416 Spalding building, Tuesday and Wednesday mornings, or any time on Thursdays.

The committee has pointed out that the Navy and marine men often are engaged in heavy work for which no clothing provision is made by the Government, and that in time of battle the must reclothe themselves, if they lose their outfit in battle, from their annual allowance.

MRS. ROSS WINS FIGHT

HOMESTEAD OBTAINED AFTER CONTEST ALMOST SINCE 1913.

Case Involving Sensational Night Rider Charges in Washington Is Brought to Close.

TACOMA, Wash., July 10.—(Special.)—After having been in contest almost since the date of filing on it in 1913, the 160-acre homestead claim of Mrs. Margaret M. Ross in the North River country, around which developed the sensational night rider cases in Federal Court has been officially awarded to Mrs. Ross.

Final decision in the case was received today by Earl Ross, who was in Tacoma, and by Tacoma clubwomen who had been in touch with the Ross troubles. The decision was made by the Commissioner of the General Land Office at Washington, D. C., and the Secretary of the Interior and reverses the decision of the United States Land Office at Seattle, made in 1916, which awarded the claim to Mrs. May Vanderpool.

Mrs. Ross has been living on the claim since early in the year and is said to have one of the finest vegetable gardens in the Northwest under cultivation. The land in contest is described as the west one-half of the west one-half of section 28, township 15 north, of range six west, Pacific County. Frank Ross, one of the sons, is a sailor with the Atlantic fleet in European waters and Earl Ross says he intends to seek entrance into the next officers' training school at the Presidio. Failing in that he says he hopes to enlist in the Navy again, from which he has an honorable discharge.

LACHRYMAL GAS IS USED

Paris Police Capture Deserter With War Device.

PARIS, July 10.—Tear-producing gas, such as is used on the battle-front, was utilized by the Paris police to capture a deserted named Thouin, who resisted them in his apartment in the Rue Andre del Sarte.

Protected by a steel shield, a policeman braved the armed recalcitrant and bored a hole in the door, wherein he inserted a tube for the gas. As soon as he realized the situation Thouin shot himself, and his wife, half suffocated, opened the door. Thouin died soon after.

Board of Control Meeting Called.

SALEM, Or., July 10.—(Special.)—Secretary Goodin, of the State Board of Control, today tentatively set Thursday as the time at which that Board will prepare for advertising for proposals on the sale of highway bonds under the Bean-Barrett bill. At that time it is expected all members of the Board will be present.

PANTAGES VENTRILOQUIST AND WIFE SHARE HONORS.

Mlle. Bianca.

Marital ties are not disturbed by professional art in the family of Ed Reynard, the noted ventriloquist, who presents his latest production at Pantages this week. Another feature on the programme is Mlle. Bianca, late premier danseuse of the New York Metropolitan Company, who, in private life, is Mrs. Reynard.

In their professional cards Mr. Reynard is presented by Mlle. Bianca; Mlle. Bianca is presented by Ed Reynard. Thus do they share stellar honors on the stage, and when the curtain is rung down for the night they are the happiest of married couples.

GERMAN CASH SAID TO BACK MANCHUS

Had Royalists Succeeded, Rupture With Teutons Would Have Ended.

PRICELESS RELICS PAWNS

General Chang Hsun Seeks Personal Safety in Temple of Heaven. Republican Forces Close In on Capital City.

LONDON, July 10.—The North China Daily News declares it is virtually established that General Chang Hsun, leader of the Imperialist forces, is in German pay, says a Reuter dispatch from Shanghai. If the monarchical movement had succeeded, the newspaper continues, the rupture of relations between China and Germany would have been canceled.

PEKIN, via Tien Tsin, July 10.—The imperialist troops under General Chang Hsun, who now are in the imperial city, retreated there after being defeated by the republican forces with heavy losses near Feng Tai. The republican army is outside the city gates.

General Chang Hsun first retreated to the Temple of Heaven, but later led his troops to within the imperial city.

The chief of police and the commander of the gendarmerie have informed Chang Hsun that he must leave the city or they will attack him.

WASHINGTON, July 10. — General Chang Hsun, leader of the attempt to restore the Manchu dynasty in China, was reported by Minister Reinsch today to have withdrawn his troops into the Imperial City and the Temple of Heaven, the two most historic and beautiful sections of Peking.

Loyal troops of the republic surround the city, and complete destruction of the monarchial movement is considered only a matter of a short time. Uninterrupted communication with Tien-Tsin was restored July 8.

Priceless Edifices Are Pawns.

Chang Hsun's choice of the Imperial City and the Temple of Heaven as his place of refuge after his desperate project had been swamped by a wave of universal republican opposition, confirms the belief here that he intends to hold China's priceless edifices as a pawn for his own personal safety.

The Temple of Heaven, a large enclosed space dotted with blue-domed temples, was the scene of the most sacred worshiping under the old imperial regime, while the Imperial City is filled with irreplacable relics of old China.

Monarchists to Be Banished.

Another dispatch to the Department said the republican government at Nanking had, in accordance with the constitution, announced the confirmation of General Feng Kwo Chang as President and Tuan Chi Jai as Premier.

According to this information a decision has been reached to banish the Emperor, the imperial family and the monarchist Princes from Pekin under surveillance.

PEKIN, via Tien Tsin, July 10.—The western army under General Tsao Kun, military governor of Chi Li, is now within a few miles of the city, while the forces of General Chuan Chi Kwein are a few miles southeast of the capital. Heavy artillery fire can be heard in that direction. Troops from Kalgan, a town in the province in Chi Li, have been placed in position to cut off General Chang Hsun's retreat toward the northwest. Heavy engagements are expected.

Bombs Drop on Palace.

Bombs were again dropped on the imperial palace by an aeroplane of the republicans. Foreign reinforcements have arrived. Arrangements have been made whereby troop trains daily will be permitted between Pekin and Tien Tsin each way, subject to search.

Although there was much noise at the battle of Lang Fang and republicans report the killing of 500 imperialists and the wounding of numerous others, foreign eye witnesses estimate total casualties at 10 on each side. A reward of $100,000 has been placed on Chang Hsun, dead or alive.

Compromise Not Considered.

Liang Chi Chao, chief counsellor of Tuan Chi Jui, leader of the republican forces, says there is no question of any compromise with Chang Hsun, as the republicans are determined finally to overcome him.

Tuan Chi Jui, interviewed at Tien-Tsin, is optimistic. He believes the imperialist movement will collapse in the next 24 hours. He received a telegram from Feng Kuo Chang announcing that he has assumed the temporary presidency. Negotiations are under way for the surrender of Chang Hsun's Suchow Fu forces. The co-operation of the navy is being arranged.

According to reports, Chang Hsun's whereabouts at Pekin is unknown. He has urged the Emperor to take personal command.

A train bearing monarchist wounded has arrived. They said the monarchists were still in retreat.

A republican airplane dropped bombs on Feng Tai. There were four civilian casualties.

Fighting is expected soon at Yung Ting, toward which point some of the imperialists have retreated.

TIEN-TSIN, China, July 10.—The British military telegraph line between Pekin and Tien-Tsin has been interrupted by the seizure of the equipment at Feng-Tai by adherents of General Chang-Hsun. A Japanese passenger on a train at Feng-Tai has been wounded by a bullet.

Progress of the War.

RUSSIA'S armies have broken the Austro-German lines in the Halicz-Stanislau sector, one of the most important on the eastern front, and the Russian advance continues.

The Austro-German forces already have withdrawn beyond the Lomnica River, about 10 miles west of Jezupol, which was occupied Sunday by the Russians under General Korniloff. The Russians have taken four more villages and increased their captures of prisoners more than 1000. Seven more field guns and other war material also fell into Russian hands.

West of Stanislau toward Klausz and Dolina the Russians have penetrated the Teutonic lines to a depth of nearly seven miles, and between Stanislau and Halicz they have widened their wedge. In their retirement, apparently made hastily from the large amount of guns and military stores captured by the Russians, the Austro-Germans failed to make a stand at two rivers, the Lukovitza, and the Luvka. It is probable they may entrench on the west bank of the Lomnica.

A stand west of the Lomnica, however, hardly will prevent the forced evacuation of Halicz, the strategic key to Lemberg, as the Russians are within less than eight miles of Halicz on three sides and only one avenue of retreat toward Lemberg is left open, that between the Dniester and the Lipiza rivers. The evacuation of Halicz would make a retreat from the Brzezany-Zlochoff-Brody line by the Austro-Germans almost a necessity.

Manwhile the Russian artillery is hammering the enemy lines south of Brzezany and north of the Pripet Marshes, near Riga, Dvinsk and Smorgon, the fighting activity has increased.

On the western front, along the Chemin des Dames, the French have repulsed more attacks by the troops of the German Crown Prince. The French also threw back a strong attack near Hurtebise, in Champagne.

A vigorous artillery duel is in progress between the British and Germans in Flanders. The German artillery fire also has been intense along the Belgian front. In Flanders, near the French border, the British have advanced their line east of Oosttaverne.

The Germans cannot declare their terms of peace and "must fight and conquer," Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, is reported to have told members of the Reichstag. Peace without annexations is not looked upon with favor by the German government, the Chancellor is reported to have said, adding: "I am sure we can win if we hold out."

The tension of the political situation in Berlin is still intense. The Imperial Chancellor, one report says, will retain his post, but a German paper says he has promised the resignations of Foreign Minister Zimmermann and Vice-Chancellor Helfferich. Changes in the Prussian Cabinet are expected.

PORTLAND YOUTH HURT

RALPH WILLIAMSON RUNS MOTORCYCLE INTO ELECTRIC TRAIN.

Accident Occurs in Albany When Interurban Is Passing Through—Injuries May Be Fatal.

ALBANY, Or., July 10.—(Special.)—Ralph J. Williamson, aged 17, of 1695 East Eleventh street, Portland, received serious, probably fatal, injuries when his motorcycle struck the southbound limited on the Oregon Electric at the intersection of Fifth and Washington streets here at 7:45 o'clock tonight. He was taken at once to St. Mary's Hospital and physicians who have been working with him say he has only a slight chance for recovery.

The boy was riding south on Washington street and the train running west on Fifth. Williamson was going at a high rate of speed, some witnesses say as high as 45 or 50 miles an hour. He evidently saw the train when he was about 90 feet from the track. Tracks on the pavement show where he skidded his motorcycle for about 60 feet. When he was 33 feet from the track his machine turned over on its side and slid into the train, striking the rear trucks of the first car of the four-car train.

The motorman had applied the brakes so that the train wheels slid instead of rolled, and instead of running over the boy and machine the train trucks dragged the motorcycle and the young man with it. He was dragged about 25 feet before the train came to a full stop.

Several persons, including the occupants of an auto, which had stopped to let the train pass, saw the accident. He suffered one severe cut in the body and other injuries.

The young man is the only child of Mr. and Mrs. Emmet Williamson, of Portland. He is a student in Washington High School and is most highly regarded. He came to Albany five days ago to visit relatives near here. He has three uncles residing in Benton County, near Albany, and is a cousin of Elmer B. Williamson, vice-president of the Albany State Bank.

SALEM REGAINS FINANCING

Banks Again Honor Warrants and Street Work Is Resumed.

SALEM, Or., July 10.—(Special.)—Mayor Keyes announced tonight that all street work which was stopped prior to the special city election yesterday on charter amendments, because banks refused further to honor city warrants following Supreme Court decisions against the city, will start again tomorrow.

Plants will be reassembled and crews of men were being lined up today. City banks gave assurances before the election that if the street improvement charter amendments passed they would continue to finance the work.

Parthenia Survivors in America.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, July 10.—Nine survivors of the British steamer Parthenia, torpedoed off the British coast several weeks ago, have arrived here aboard a British steamer. Four of them, Americans, have been sent to New York.

Without Reservation

All America has been captivated by the refreshing goodness of

Bevo

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

A BEVERAGE

Those who have tasted it have spread the news of its deliciousness. Those who have tested it testify to its purity, wholesomeness and nutritive qualities.

That's why, throughout the country—north, east, south and west—in cities and villages—on land and water—among civilians, soldiers and sailors are found hosts of enthusiastic friends of

Bevo—the all-year-'round soft drink

See That Crown Bears This Fox — CAUTION — See That This Seal Is Intact

Get Bevo at inns, restaurants, groceries, department and drug stores, picnic grounds, baseball parks, soda fountains, dining cars, steamships, and other places where refreshing beverages are sold. Guard against substitutes—have the bottle opened in front of you.

Bevo is sold in bottles only—and is bottled exclusively by

ANHEUSER-BUSCH—ST. LOUIS

BLUMAUER & HOCH

Dealers PORTLAND, ORE.

8B

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it is present as Hay Fever or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes," etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense that this new method is designed to end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write today and begin the method at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do It Today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 449 S. Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y.

Send free trial of your method to:

.....

.....

Adv. .....

A Delightful Trip to NEW YORK

Because she experienced the elements of service to which she is accustomed, this dainty Miss, born to home refinements and luxuries, was *at ease* on the

Broadway Limited

The Train of Today

EASTBOUND

Leaves CHICAGO Union Station 12.40 PM; Englewood 12.56 PM — Central Time

Arrives NEW YORK Pennsylvania Station 9.40 AM — Eastern Time

WESTBOUND

Leaves NEW YORK Pennsylvania Station 2.45 PM — Eastern Time

Arrives CHICAGO Englewood 9.22 AM; Union Station 9.45 AM — Central Time

Shortest Route 20 Hours of Luxurious Travel on The Standard Railroad of the World

Other New York trains leave Chicago 8.45 AM, 10.00 AM, 10.20 AM, 2.15 PM, 5.30 PM, 8.00 PM, 8.15 PM, 9.40 PM, 11.45 PM and 12.05 AM.

For further particulars consult Local Ticket Agents or address

J. S. CAMPBELL, District Agent, Railway Exchange Bldg 105 Third St., Phones Main 6207—Automatic A4525 PORTLAND, ORE.

PENNSYLVANIA LINES

THE BEST WAY ANY DAY