

COURT DECIDES IN FAVOR OF TEACHER

Mrs. A. Alexander Has Right to Resume Position in Polytechnic School.

BOARD MUST SHOW CAUSE

Case Resulting From Transfer Is to Be Tried on Facts Saturday and Will Be Taken to Supreme Court for Ruling.

The School Board has no right under the law to transfer a teacher from his or her position to another position of an inferior grade without cause, according to decision rendered by Circuit Judge Gantenbein yesterday in the mandamus proceedings brought by Mrs. Alevia Alexander against School District No. 1, the Portland School Board and School Superintendent L. R. Alderman.

The decision of the judge was made on the demurrer to the original petition for a writ of mandamus, which was argued by attorneys for Mrs. Alexander and the School Board yesterday. E. Clark argued for Mrs. Alexander and ex-Senator Charles W. Fulton represented the school district.

Although the decision of the judge settles the big controversy in the action, the case will come up for hearing on the facts involved Saturday morning.

Ultimately Senator Fulton announced last night, it will be taken to the Supreme Court for final decision. In making his decision Judge Gantenbein declared that the reading of the law which says, "the teachers shall hold such positions subject to such transfers and assignments as the Board from time to time shall determine," would seem to indicate that the Board has the right to make any transfers which were deemed advisable.

The judge, however, expressed the belief that such was not the main purpose of the law. "The main purpose of the law," he said, "is clearly to make the positions of the teachers permanent."

Other Decisions Cited. The judge declared he was influenced greatly in his decision by the decisions in similar cases which had been made in New York and New Jersey, where it was contended that the transfer from a position of a higher to one of a lower grade was equivalent to a demotion from the higher position. Under the law a teacher cannot be discharged from the employ of School District No. 1 without cause.

Mr. Clark based his principal argument on the contention that the transfer of Mrs. Alexander from the position of principal to that of a teacher constituted a removal from the office of principal rather than a transfer. Such a removal he declared is in violation of the law to be improper without charges being made as provided by law.

Mr. Clark cited numerous cases in New York and New Jersey based on similar actions to substantiate his contention. "The principle I contend for," he said, "is this: Where you cannot remove without charges being made, where you have a distinct class, and where these classes are recognized by legislative act, a transfer to a position of lower grade constitutes a removal from the higher position."

Power to Remove Defined. Mr. Clark declared there was no question that the Board could transfer from one position to another of similar rank. He also declared there was no question that the Board had no power to remove a teacher without cause. "If," he said, "as is the contention of the School Board, numerous teachers could be transferred at will, it would be easy to put any teacher in a position for which he was unfitted and then discharge him for incompetency. Such a system would be even worse than the old method."

Ex-Senator Fulton declared that the law meant what it said when it said that teachers should be subject to assignment by the school board. "How could you make it more strong?" he asked.

He declared that the real purpose of the act was to provide a permanent list of teachers subject to assignment and that none of the teachers could insist on any particular position. Mr. Fulton expressed the belief that it was necessary to give the Board power to make transfers in order that the best teachers could be put in the important positions. He declared that it would be impossible to try out any teacher in a position under the construction of the law as set forth by the opposition.

Case to Be Tried on Facts. "Such a construction of the law," he said, "is against high public policy for a detriment to the high standards of the schools. It is also contrary to the law."

Following the decision of Judge Gantenbein overruling the demurrer, Senator Fulton asked that the case be tried on the facts. The principal thing to be gained by such hearing is testimony which can be used when the case is taken before the Supreme Court. Among the matters which are expected to be brought out at Saturday's hearing are the question of whether Mrs. Alexander was temporarily employed and whether she refused the offer of another principalship which is alleged to have been tendered her by the superintendent.

No charges have yet been formally filed against Mrs. Alexander.

RED LIPS AND HEALTH The first place that anemia, or thin blood, shows is in the lips and gums and the membranes that line the eye lids. You may be naturally pale and still be healthy but when these membranes lose their bright red color your blood is deficient in quantity or color. Thin blood is a danger. It invites disease. The organs of the blood fight off disease germ. Thin blood means less power to do this. For instance, when you get your cold, it does not heal so quickly if your blood is thin and weak. To build up the blood there is one remedy that has been a household word for a generation, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They form up the entire system, make the blood rich and red, strengthen the nerves, increase the appetite, put color in the cheeks and lips and drive away that natural tired feeling. Plenty of sunlight, good wholesome food and fresh air will do the rest. Two books, "Building Up the Blood" and "What to Eat and How to Eat" give just the information that every mother of a growing child needs. They are free. Write for them today to Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Your own druggist sells Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

PHOTOGRAPH OF TEACHER WHO IS FIGHTING THE ACTION OF THE SCHOOL BOARD IN TRANSFERRING HER TO AN INFERIOR POSITION.



Mrs. Alevia Alexander

M'BRIDE FOR DRY LAWS

WASHINGTON NOMINEE COMES OUT AND STATES POSITION.

Gubernatorial Candidate Says He Opposes Dry Law.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—Henry McBride, recently nominated Republican candidate for Governor of Washington, has just issued a statement of his attitude on important public issues. Heading the list is an endorsement of the dry law, to which Mr. McBride's opponents, in the recent campaign, had charged that he was opposed.

From an economic as well as from a moral viewpoint our dry law has been of great value to the people of this state. It should not be disturbed. I am opposed to the Legislature making any change in it unless it be to strengthen the means of enforcing it.

Initiative measures, one known as No. 18 or the hotel bill, and the other as the state service bill, were before the people for adoption or rejection at the November election. These measures are in no sense a retrograde step.

Today was fireman's day, and an exciting water fight was held on the streets of the city by teams representing the fire departments of Cornelius and Gaston. After a hardy contested fight the Gaston team won.

Friday is school children's day, and this is always considered the banner day of the fair. At 11 o'clock a parade will be held, the children marching into the fair grounds.

Saturday will be Grange day, and there will be a farmers' parade, short addresses on farm topics and a number of contests and races.

CLACKAMAS FAIR CLOSES

Baby Show Concludes Exhibits and Displays Leave Canby.

OREGON CITY, Or., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—The 10th annual Clackamas County Fair came to a close tonight after a successful four days' session.

The baby show was held in a grove on the fairgrounds, and the Aurora Hubbard band gave a concert. Fifty babies, dark-eyed, light-eyed, fat and thin babies, competed for prizes.

The exhibit buildings were being emptied and the stock was taken from the barns tonight.

FAIR BIG DRAWING CARD

THOUSANDS ATTEND SHOW AT FOREST GROVE.

MOTOR RACES ENJOYED AND GASTON FIREMEN WIN OVER CORNELIUS TEAM IN WATER FIGHT.

FOREST GROVE, Or., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—The second day of the Washington County Fair being held at this city was marked by a largely increased attendance.

Friday is school children's day, and this is always considered the banner day of the fair. At 11 o'clock a parade will be held, the children marching into the fair grounds.

Saturday will be Grange day, and there will be a farmers' parade, short addresses on farm topics and a number of contests and races.

It stands for the complete divorce of politics from the highest caliber devoted to the interests of the state. It stands for the complete divorce of politics from the highest caliber devoted to the interests of the state.

It stands for a commission big enough, fair enough and strong enough to hold the scales of justice evenly between the people and the corporations over which it exercises jurisdiction. It would place every department of the state government upon the highest possible plane with the view solely of serving the best interests of the people to the limit possible.

It stands for the abolition of the budget system, for the fixing and centering of responsibility and the making of our government, state and local, more responsive to the will of the taxpayer and of the people in general. To secure these ends and the consequent reduction in public expenses, constitutional revision is necessary.

CHILDREN HEAR APPEAL

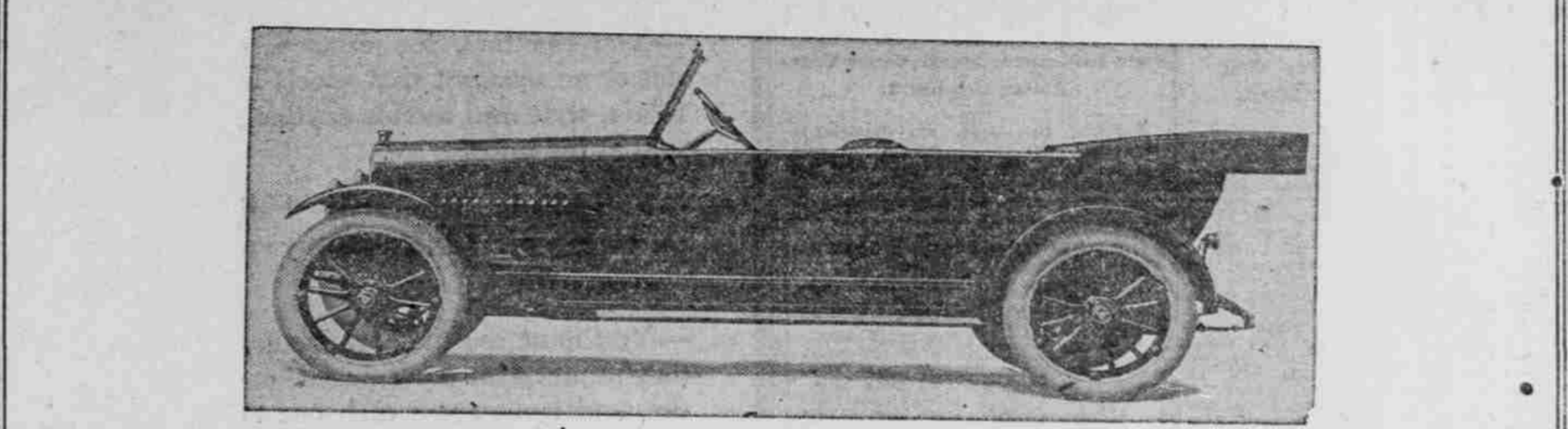
YOUNG FOLKS SWARM TO PROHIBITION CAMPAIGN MEETINGS.

HANLY AND LANDRITH TELL PEOPLE THEY SHOULD SACRIFICE WINERIES TO WELFARE OF COMING GENERATION.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., Sept. 21.—As if a special day had been set aside for them, hundreds of boys and girls from the graded and common schools swarmed around the Prohibition special coast-to-coast train today at its seven stops between here and San Francisco, and the speakers, taking their cue from the crowds, abandoned their National prohibition speeches in the main and urged Californians to save their children by destroying their vineyards, if necessary. Children and parents alike cheered the sentiment frequently.

The policeman reported that when he entered the Soderberg home in search of the man he found Soderberg sitting on the bed with a bottle of whisky on one knee and the knife delicately balanced on the other.

The Hudson Super-Six Now Largest Selling Fine Car in the World



Twice What You Require in the Hudson Super-Six Records prove power and endurance

What Power Is Wanted?

THE HUDSON SUPER-SIX is a light car, as a modern fine car must be. In ordinary driving 40-horsepower would be ample. That's what motors of this size heretofore developed.

But the Super-Six—our patented motor—delivers 76 H. P. Yet we add no size, no cylinders. We don't increase fuel consumption. We have simply lessened vibration, reducing friction to almost nil. And we thus save the power that was wasted.

That extra reserve power means much on hills. It means much in flexibility and in quick response. It saves much changing of gears. Would you want an engine of equal size which lacked it?

What Speed Is Wanted?

The Super-Six speed records—quoted below—have never been matched by a stock car.

You perhaps don't want such speed. We made those records to prove the motor's supremacy. Also to prove its endurance.

But they mean that in ordinary driving you will run the Super-Six at half load. And that means a long-lived motor.

What Endurance?

Nobody knows how long a high-grade modern car will last. All we can do is to compare the endurance by extreme and prodigious tests.

A Super-Six stock chassis was driven 1819 miles in 24 hours, at an average speed of 75.8 miles per hour.

The same car previously had been driven 2000 miles at average speed exceeding 80 miles an hour.

No other car ever has matched that endurance test. It would take five years of pretty hard driving to equal those top-pace strains.

But this Super-Six motor, after all those tests, showed no appreciable wear whatever. So the Super-Six is likely to last years longer than any man expects.

What Luxury Is Wanted?

You find in the Super-Six all the beauty and luxury that we know how to put in a car.

You find a luxury of motion—due to lack of vibration—which you never before have experienced.

You will find fine engineering, with all the satisfaction that comes of it. For this is the crowning effort of our great engineering staff, headed by Howard E. Coffin.

You will find pride of ownership which comes from owning a car of the Hudson name. A car which outrivals other cars in performance. A motor which by every test holds unquestioned supremacy.

Where else can you find what you find in the Super-Six? Or anywhere near what you find here?

You will find fine cars and great cars, according to former standards. But the Super-Six invention has set some new standards. And Hudson controls that by patent.

Think of these things when you buy a new car. Prove up the differences by road comparison. If you are buying a fine car, and buying to keep, you don't want a second-place car.

Other Unrivalled Records

- All made under American Automobile Association supervision... 100 miles in 80 min., 21.4 sec., averaging 74.87 miles per hour... 75.69 miles in one hour with driver and passenger in a seven-passenger touring car... Standing start to 50 miles an hour in 16.2 sec... One mile at the rate of 102.53 miles per hour... 1819 miles in 24 hours at average speed of 75.8 miles per hour.

HUDSON MOTOR CAR COMPANY, DETROIT, MICH.

Table with car models and prices: Phaeton, 7-passenger \$1475; Roadster, 2-passenger 1475; Cabriolet, 3-passenger 1775; Touring Sedan \$2000; Limousine 2750; Town Car \$2750; Town Car Landaulet 2850; Limousine Landaulet 2850.

Hudson Just Broke the Transcontinental Record by Fourteen Hours Fifty-nine Minutes

C. L. BOSS & CO. 615-17 Washington St., Portland, Or.

5 DEAD; WOMAN INDICTED

POISONING OF INMATES IN HOME FOR AGED CHARGED. Keeper of Windsor, Conn., Institution Accused of Killing Patrons Who Paid for Care for Life.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 21.—Mrs. Amy E. Archer Gilligan, charged with poisoning five inmates of her home for elderly people at Windsor, was indicted for first degree murder on five counts by the grand jury late today.

Milwaukee City Election Set. MILWAUKIE, Or., Sept. 21.—(Special.)—The city primary election will be held November 4 and the regular city election December 4. It is generally understood that Mayor G. C. Felton will be a candidate for re-election. Mrs. Maggie Johnson, old resident and secretary of the Milwaukee Commercial Club, will be a candidate for the Council from the Second Ward.

STAPLES, THE JEWELER. ARE YOU PREPARED? The long evenings are here and your eyes will need attention. We are now equipped to give you the very best results. Two optometrists—two refracting rooms—all latest approved testing apparatus—these are the reasons why we can serve you best and at these remarkably low prices. PRICES: Lenses Sphero in your own frame \$1.00; Lenses Sphero in Aluminum frame \$1.50; Lenses Sphero in gold-filled frame \$4.50; Lenses Sphero (curved) in G. E. glass mounting \$5.50. KRYPTOK LENSES \$8.00 to \$15.00. 266 MORRISON, BET. THIRD AND FOURTH.