HENRY FORD BRINGS SUIT FOR $1,000,000

Damages Sought From Chicago Tribune for Alleged Defamatory Editorial.

TERM "ANARCHIST" IS USED

Action Based on Statements That Employes of Factory Would Lose Places if They Answered Call on National Guard.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—Suit for $1,000,000 was filed by Henry Ford, the Detroit manufacturer, against the Chicago Tribune, in the United States District Court here today. Mr. Ford asks for personal damages as compensation for an editorial printed in the Tribune June 23, which, it is charged, called Ford an "anarchist."

The bill charges that the Tribune "tribute" sought to bring the plaintiff into "public hatred, contempt, ridicule and financial injury," by publishing the editorial.

Editorial Arouses Ford.

The editorial, it is charged, referred to Mr. Ford as "ignorant," "a deluded human being," and an "anarchistic enemy to the Nation which protects him in his wealth." The editorial also charges that employes of Mr. Ford would lose their positions if they went to the border as members of the National Guard.

The bill quotes the editorial as saying:

"Ford is an anarchist.

"Inquiry at the Henry Ford offices in Detroit discloses the fact that employes of Ford who are members of, or recruits in the National Guard, will lose their places. Their wages will stop, their families may get along in any fashion possible, their positions will be filled, and if they come back safely and apply for their jobs again, they will be on the same footing as any other applicants. This is the rule of the Ford employes everywhere.

Number in Guard Questioned.

"Information was refused as to the number of American soldiers unfortunate enough to have Henry Ford as an employer at this time, but at the Detroit recruiting office it was said that about 75 men will pay this price for their services to their country.

"Mr. Ford thus proves that he does not believe in service to the Nation in the fashion a soldier must serve it," the editorial continues. "If his factory were on the southern and not the northern border, we presume he would feel the same way. We do not know precisely what he would do if a Villa band decided that the Ford strongboxes were worth opening and that it would be pleasant to see the Ford factories burn.

"If Ford allows this rule of his shops to stand, he will reveal himself not as merely an ignorant idealist, but as an anarchistic enemy of the Nation which protects him in his wealth.

Ignorance Is Alleged.

"An American so ignorant as Henry Ford may not understand the fundamentals of the Government under which he lives.

"That Government is permitted to take Henry Ford himself and command his services as a soldier if necessary. . . . If he takes the men who stand between himself and service and punish them for the service which protects him . . . The proper place for so deluded a human being is a region where no government exists except such as he furnishes, where no protection is offered except such as he affords. . . .

"Such a place, we think, might be found anywhere in the State of Chihuahua, Mexico. Anywhere in Mexico would be a good location for the Ford factories."

RIDGEFIELD SCHOOLS GAIN

Faculty Also Is Increased for Opening of Fall Term.

RIDGEFIELD, Wash., Sept. 7.—(Special.)—The Ridgefield high and grammar schools opened Monday with an increased enrollment and faculty. The corps of teachers includes:

Professor Albert F. Krohn, city superintendent; Professor A. M. Willis, principal of high school and head of the department of science and mathematics; Walter Meikle, eighth grade; Miss Gertrude Foley, seventh and sixth grades; Miss Victoria Thibert, fifth and fourth grades; Miss Edna Richards, third grade; Miss Nettie Thomasson, second grade; Miss Lily Andersen, first grade and primary department; Mrs. Jesse J. Jacobs, head of English and history departments; Miss Thelma Moore, head of the commercial department, and A. Raymond Smith, head of the manual arts department. Professor A. M. Willis will have charge of the music classes.

THRESHING IS RESUMED

Crews Hasten Harvesting Near Kelso Before Rains Begin Again.

KELSO, Wash., Sept. 7.—(Special.)—Threshing machines, which were stopped by the recent heavy rains, have resumed operations in this vicinity the past two days, and heavy yields of oats are reported by all the crews.

Washburn Bros. are operating in Diking District No. 1, and the oat yield from newly-broken land has been averaging better than 90 bushels an acre. The Davolt machine is busy on the west side of the Cowlitz and the Holbrook separator at Lexington and the Lane-Jabusch outfit at Shanghai are extremely busy. Other machines are also rushing work to get the threshing finished before rain sets in again.

Width of Sidewalks Reduced.

KELSO, Wash., Sept. 7.—(Special.)—Provisions for the building of four-foot cement sidewalks with a parking strip on each side within the residential districts at Kelso, are incorporated within a new ordinance being prepared for council action. The council last night went on record in favor of this new regulation. Heretofore all walks had to be at least six feet in width. The old regulation will be continued within the business district.

Astoria Firm Gets Concession.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 7.—The trade department of the British Embassy notified the State Department today that after much discussion it had granted permission to the Union Fishermen's Cooperative Packing Company, of Astoria, to ship salmon to Earl A. Jensen, of Christiania, Norway.

3,000,000 NON-ENGLISH-SPEAKING AMERICANS BEING MADE AMERICANS.

CANDIDATES FOR CITIZENSHIP AT SCHOOL.

On September 1 the United States Bureau of Education began its Nation-wide campaign to make better citizens. The slogan of the campaign is to be "America First." Their first and most important step is to induce 3,000,000 non-English-speaking immigrants to attend night schools. The Commissioner of Education has designated men dealing with every branch of the immigrant problem to serve on a committee of one hundred to further the purpose of the campaign. American employes throughout the country are volunteering their services to act as teachers to the foreigners.

The photo shows a large industrial establishment employing thousands of immigrants with its English teaching school assembled. The factory itself has undertaken the task of enlightening its immigrant employes. The teachers seen at the blackboards are some of the employes at the factory.

BOMB THREAT MADE

Governor Johnson Gets Blackhand Demand for Money.

TONE OF LETTER ALARMING

Secret Service Men Arrest Italian, but They Have No Clew as to Whether Organized Gang Is Concerned in Plot.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Sept. 7.—Following an investigation by police and Secret Service detectives for the last several days C. Anapoli, an Italian, was arrested today on suspicion of having written letters to Governor Hiram W. Johnson threatening to dynamite him if he did not deliver a large sum of money.

The demand that he pay over a large sum of money or else suffer the penalty of death was received by the executive in a letter through the mail. Immediately upon receipt of the threat the United States Postoffice Inspectors and the local police were notified.

Tone of Letter Convincing.

The police and Federal Secret Service men are without any clew as to whether the letter was sent by some organized blackmailing society or whether it was sent by a group of anarchists who hoped to scare Governor Johnson into paying them money.

The tone of the letter, however, was so convincing that no time was lost by the Governor in notifying the police.

Many May Be Involved.

In regard to whether the letter was sent by a regular blackmailing society or not Chief of Police Conrad said:

"We have made one arrest, but I do not know how many other persons may be implicated. There may be only a couple of men back of the plan, or again there may be more and investigation may develop the fact that many more are mixed up in the plot, as there were in the San Francisco bomb affair, which resulted in the death of several persons."

Governor Johnson received the letter last week and despite the threat against his life he has been a regular visitor at the State Fairgrounds.

CIVILIANS SHOOT WELL

NORTHWEST NAVAL PILGRIMS ARE GIVEN RIFLE PRACTICE.

Range at North Island, San Diego Harbor, Is Used—Oregon Pastor Has Second High Score.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal. Sept. 5.—(Special.)—Fog covered this city this morning, and the sun tried in vain to pierce the gloom, but succeeded after breakfast. Nearly all the naval pilgrims are away sight-seeing, on shore. The cruiser New Orleans swings quietly in the harbor.

Not only have the naval pilgrims from the Pacific Northwest won honors in shooting the big six-inch guns, and one-inch sub-caliber guns, but they have given evidence of remarkable proficiency in firing at 200 yards, using the Springfield rifle.

Four positions were used by these riflemen—standing, kneeling, sitting and prone. The targets were permanent ones, on North Island, San Diego harbor, Cal. A detachment of half the naval volunteers shot at the rifle targets one day, and next day worked at the butts as scorers.

The surprise of the shooting results was the success of marksmen who had never previously fired a rifle.

Take for example, the case of Rev. H. W. Davis, Baptist preacher, of Eugene, Or. Mr. Davis was a raw "rookie" when the rifle squad received from the officers first instruction in rifle practice. The highest possible score was 200. Yet Mr. Davis won second place on the rifle team with a score of 170.

Those men who qualified as marksmen are: C. S. Thompson, 177; Rev. Mr. Davis, 170; W. G. Peters, 163; C. W. Conrad, 161; C. Rantz, 160; A. W. Talbot, 160; C. C. Woodworth, 153; Roger Newhall, 153; L. W. Jones, 152; J. C. Robeson, 152; J. H. Ivey, 151; H. H. Brooks, 150; L. L. Catterlin, 149; James G. Eernise, 149, and F. W. Haynes, 146.

The shooting included both slow-fire and rapid-fire, and the course was that of the American Rifle Association.

GUARDS FIND JOBS ENDED

California Employers Do Not Regard Service as Patriotic.

BERKELEY, Cal., Sept. 7.—California National Guardsmen, returning from the border, are finding the jobs they left when the call to arms was sounded several months ago gone, according to a statement credited today to Mrs. T. H. Larke, president of the Home Comforts Corps for Company C, of the Fifth California Infantry. This regiment was ordered mustered out by the War Department.

Mrs. Larke and other women have interested themselves in the cases of several guardsmen returned under the order releasing married men. She said some employers refused to look upon the border service as a patriotic duty and have refused to re-employ the guardsmen who entered it.

DUFUR LOSES ITS PASTOR

Rev. W. E. Kloster Is Transferred to Woodlawn Methodist Church.

DUFUR, Or., Sept. 7.—(Special.)—Rev. W. E. Kloster, pastor of the Dufur Methodist Episcopal Church since January, 1915, was transferred from the Columbia conference to the Oregon conference and stationed at the Woodlawn Methodist Church, Portland. Rev. Mr. Kloster and family have moved to Portland, where he commences his pastorate at the Woodlawn Church September 10.

Rev. Louis Thomas, who has been pastor of the Woodlawn Church for the past four years, has been transferred to the Columbia River conference and it is expected that he will be stationed at Dufur.

SMUGGLER'S TERM SHORT

Previous Voluntary Exile Was Punishment, Rules Judge.

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 7.—Ed Hall, soldier of fortune and confessed smuggler of Chinese, was sentenced today in the United States District Court to three months in the county jail when he pleaded guilty to an indictment returned in 1911. Hall was arrested in San Diego recently when he disembarked from the refugee ship Glacier after five years in Mexico, where he fled. Judge B. F. Bledsoe, in imposing sentence, said Hall's voluntary exile was punishment for his offense.

Hall's wife, Ethel, was caught and served a term in San Quentin penitentiary. She died recently, soon after her release.

Aged Woman Found Guilty.

ROSEBURG, Or., Sept. 7.—(Special.)—"It is nobody's business what was said," declared aged Mrs. Lucy Davidson as she left the witness stand while being quetioned by the City Attorney here today following her arrest on a charge of using profane, indecent and abusive language. Despite the urgent demands of the lawyers that she answer their questions, she remained firm in her refusal to talk. She was convicted, but because of her age she was fined only $3.50 and the costs incurred in prosecuting the action. The complaint against Mrs. Davidson was filed by L. L. Mathews, proprietor of a local stage line.

Centralia Enrollment Larger.

CENTRALIA, Wash., Sept. 7.—(Special.)—The total enrollment in the Centralia schools on the opening, Tuesday, was 1585, which is an increase of 40 over the opening day last year. The high school enrollment showed an increase of 22.

HIGHER PAY ASKED

Western Roads Consider Request of 25,000 Shopmen.

THREE TRADES INVOLVED

Machinists, Sheet Metal Workers and Blacksmiths Demand 5 Cents Increase Per Hour and 8-Hour Day—22 Lines Affected.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—Railway executives of 22 Western lines today resumed negotiations at Chicago, Kansas City and elsewhere with representatives of 25,000 shopmen who are seeking higher pay and reduced hours.

The shopmen are negotiating with the roads simultaneously, but not collectively. The trades represented include machinists, sheet metal workers, blacksmiths and their helpers.

The demands, according to railway executives, are for an increase of 5 cents an hour in wages and for an eight-hour day. The increase and time reduction, according to railway officials, would total perhaps $3,000,000 a year. Where the open-shop policy obtains, the railways are dealing with the shopmen, not as unions but as representatives of the employes.

Contracts with some of the railroads expired last May, while others did not expire until September 1. The shopmen, it is stated, agreed to delay their negotiations until the trainmen's strike peril had reached a head or been eliminated.

Among the railroads affected are the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific; Colorado & Southern; Colorado Midland, Denver & Rio Grande; Fort Smith & Western; Wabash; Trans-Mississippi Terminal Railway Company; Texas Pacific; St. Louis & San Francisco (Frisco Lines); St. Joseph & Grand Island; Missouri Kansas & Texas; Missouri Pacific & Iron Mountain; International & Great Northern; Kansas City, Mexico & Orient; Kansas City Terminal and the Missouri & North Arkansas.

Railway officials here said they did not believe any Eastern railroads were negotiating with the shopmen at this time.

PORTLAND MAN NAMED

C. D. MAHAFFIE IS SOLICITOR OF INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

All High Offices in That Branch of Government Are Now Held by Pacific Coast Citizens.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 7.—With the appointment today of Charles D. Mahaffie, of Portland, as solicitor of the Department of the Interior, the Pacific Coast for the first time in its history obtains complete control of the principal offices of that department. Secretary Lane and First Assistant Secretary A. T. Vogelsang, recently promoted from solicitor, both hail from San Francisco, and Assistant Secretary Sweeney from Seattle. The solicitor is the chief law officer of the department. The position until recently was called Assistant Attorney-General for the department.

Mr. Mahaffie's appointment is credited primarily to Senator Chamberlain, although both Senators joined in indorsing him. Mr. Mahaffie was here in August, appearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission in the informal hearings on the proposed new transcontinental freight rates.

Logging Resumed at Bucoda.

CENTRALIA, Wash., Sept. 7.—(Special.)—The Mutual Lumber Company resumed operations in its camp at Bucoda on Monday, following a brief suspension of operations caused by an over-supply of logs.

TEXAN HEADS FARMERS

HENRY N. POPE ELECTED PRESIDENT OF NATIONAL BODY.

Resolutions Adopted Approving Stand of President of Union Against Adamson 8-Hour Law.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 7.—(Special.)—Henry N. Pope, of Texas, was elected president of the Association of State Presidents of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Unions of America, an organization of State Farmers' Union presidents, which has just closed a three days' session in this city. There are 30 states organized in the Union with a following of 6,000,000 farmers. The association affirmed President Pope's stand in opposing the eight-hour law recently enacted by Congress and adopted resolutions approving his messages sent President Wilson asking that the entire labor controversy be arbitrated.

An agricultural transportation commission was created for the purpose of studying the transportation problem from the standpoint of the farmer. The commission was instructed to appear before any tribunal having authority to deal with matters of transportation and to represent the farmer.

The keynote of the convention was co-operation. All agencies seeking to aid agriculture were invited to work through farmers' organizations.

The Berlin military authorities are awarding an iron cross to all schoolmasters who induce 100 school children to subscribe to the war loans.