

OBREGON WILLING TO CONCEDE PORT

Americans May Hold Ground, Leaving Pursuit of Bandits to Mexicans.

TASK IS BELIEVED EASY

Carranza General Said to Have Large Force at His Disposal for Purpose—Attitude of Officials Is Friendly.

EL PASO, Tex., April 28.—With the approach of the Obregon-Scott conference tomorrow over the disposition of United States troops in Mexico, the feeling grew in El Paso tonight that tentative American occupation of parts of Chihuahua pending eradication of Villa bands by the de facto government would certainly result from the negotiations.

The American representatives came to El Paso tonight tight-mouthed regarding their plans of action and their instructions from the Washington Government. All opinion regarding the outcome of the deliberations was based, therefore, on the attitude of Carranza officials arriving with General Obregon.

Obregon to Go Half Way. From an authoritative source it was learned that the Mexican Minister of War had signified his intention to meet General Scott and General Funston "half way" in the coming negotiations.

It was pointed out in other quarters that this might mean that General Obregon would give his consent to further presence of General Pershing's columns on Mexican soil, provided the case of the Villistas was relinquished to the Carranzistas, and provided withdrawal was arranged to follow receipt of assurances from the de facto government that the bandit groups had been wiped out.

Mexican Commands Large. It was asserted by Mexican officials that with the large commands at his disposal, General Obregon could vanquish the already scattered bandits in a short time, not more than a few months. They argued that on the completion of the mission the Americans should concede their mission in Mexico successfully ended and could retire northward.

The opinion was general that if the United States insisted on a continuance of the new troop dispositions recently ordered by General Pershing and not being carried into effect, the Minister of War could not well refuse to grant the proposal, as to do so would be to antagonize the relations between the American and Mexican governments.

Another circumstance influencing speculation regarding the outcome of the conference was the confidence of the Mexican officials that it would reach a speedy conclusion.

"We do not expect any difficulties in reaching an agreement," said one of them. "The whole business should be concluded in time for us to return Monday."

Gossip regarding the coming meeting was interrupted today by reports from the American side that General Carranza's troops were being moved into the Guerrero district. On top of this came information from Columbus, the American base station, that a large force of United States infantry had been moved south along the American line of communication, and that the movement of cavalry had been moved westward to Gibson's line ranch, and that it might cross into Mexico tomorrow morning.

El Paso and Juarez saw more excitement today than they have had since General Scott's arrival in the city on August 1915, to hold his now-famous conference with Villa on the international bridge.

General Obregon's special train arrived from Chihuahua City not long after 8 o'clock this morning, there being on board also Governor Ignacio Enriquez, of the State of Chihuahua. Shortly afterward the special train of General Jacinto Trevino, of Torreon, military commander of the northern district of Mexico, rolled in. Accompanying General Trevino were General Samuel Santos, President Jose de Luz Herrera, of Parral, and other celebrities.

General Gaviola, commander of the Juarez garrison, and General Garcia, Mexican consul in El Paso, met the special trains. General Gaviola was accompanied by his staff and by a military band, which blew a fanfare as the minister of war stepped from the private car.

Consul to Act as Intermediary. Before going to General Gaviola's headquarters at 10 A. M., General Obregon held a conference with Consul Garcia, who was chosen to act as the intermediary between the Mexican and American representatives.

This meeting it was particularly settled that the first session of the conference will be held tomorrow at 10 A. M., and that the meeting will be held in the Custom House in Juarez. A second conference is probable on Sunday.

General Funston arrived tonight. After the first greetings, Consul Garcia informed the American officials that it was the desire of General Obregon and his comrades to extend the hospitality of the city of Juarez to the visitors, and that he had suggested, therefore, that all conferences be held in the Custom House, the Mexican Customs House. This invitation was accepted.

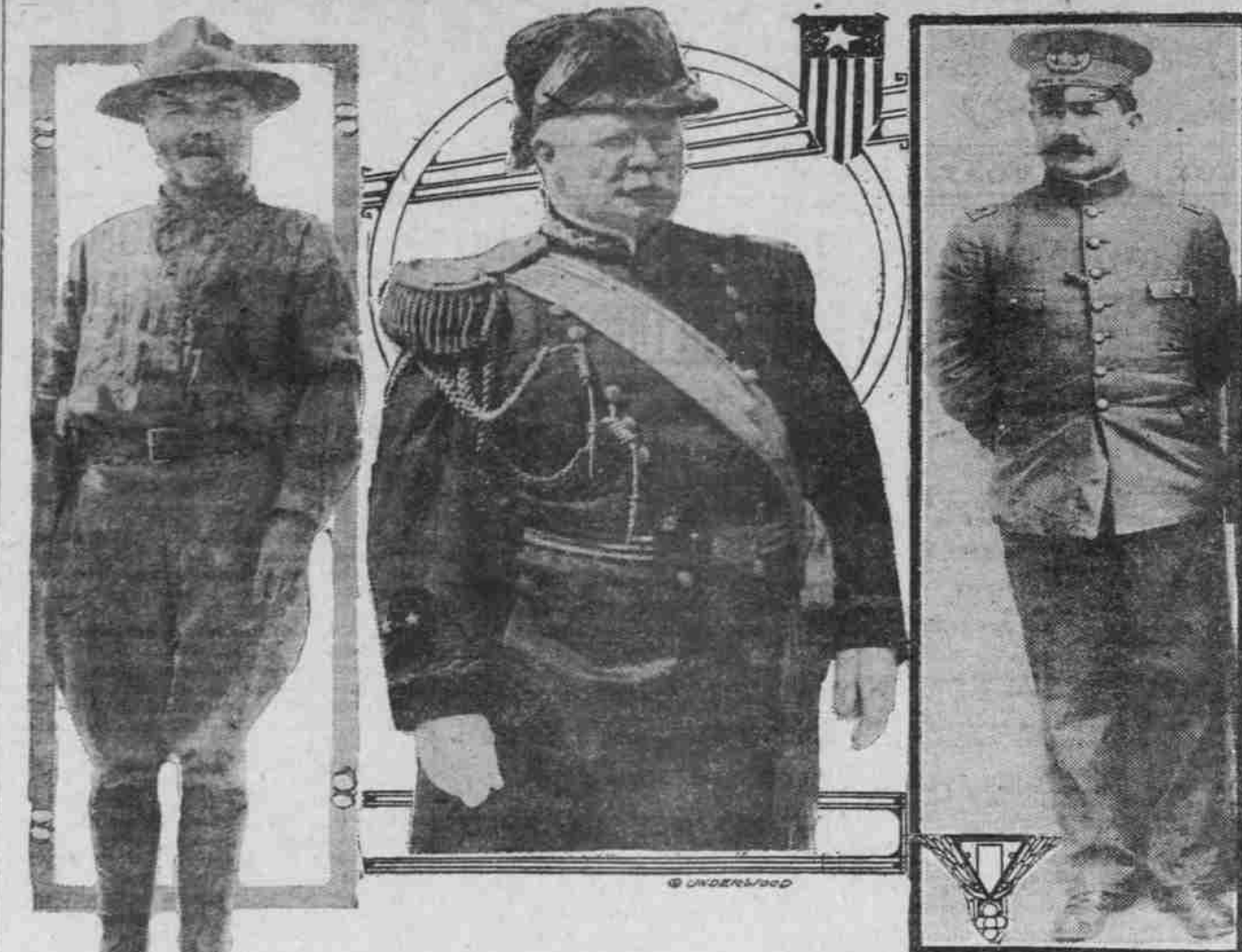
2 FOR COLONEL IN JERSEY Negro and One Other Only Ones in Delegation Pledged.

TRENTON, N. J., April 28.—Complete but unofficial returns from Tuesday's Presidential primary election in New Jersey indicated that William F. Cozart, colored, who favors the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt, was elected delegate to the Republican National convention from the second Congressional district.

Cozart and William F. Lord, who was successful in the ninth district, were the only Roosevelt Republican delegates elected, the others being unpledged.

Tombstone Used for Hearth. WAYNESBURG, Pa., April 28.—Discovery that a tombstone has been used as a hearthstone in the residence of Miss Jessie Baer, in East Greene street, has been made. The hearthstone, which was removed and on the under side was the inscription, "Elizabeth, wife of George Baer, died October 12, 1852, aged 49 years 8 months and 17 days."

AMERICAN ARMY MEN AND MEXICAN CHIEF WITH WHOM THEY WILL CONFER AT EL PASO.



Left to Right—Generals Frederick Funston, Hugh L. Scott and Alvaro Obregon.

GERARD IS ON WAY

Kaiser's Invitation Viewed as Hopeful Indication.

SPEEDY DECISION POSSIBLE

Submarine Attack on British Vessel, on Which Crew Was Left to Open Boats 120 Miles From Land, Causes Comment.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Ambassador Gerard, at Berlin, in advising the State Department today that he had been invited to confer with Emperor William at army headquarters, said he had not been informed of the purpose of the conference. The belief prevails here, however, that the Emperor desires to discuss the general submarine situation with Ambassador Gerard and possibly explain in detail his views for the benefit of President Wilson. Diplomats, especially those attached to Teutonic embassies, seemed to regard the conference as holding a certain degree of hopefulness.

In view of the activity of German government officials and their apparent intention to reach a decision as quickly as possible, the President is disposed not to instruct Ambassador Gerard to press for a reply to the American demand. The question will not be allowed to drag along many more days, however, it was said today.

Latest Attack Causes Disfavor. The attack by a submarine on the British merchantman industry, reported today, and the placing of the crew in open boats 120 miles from shore, caused an unfavorable impression on officials, although there were no Americans on board and therefore the United States was not directly concerned. Germany had admitted that it is proper to place passengers and crews of attacked vessels in open boats only when they are near shore and the weather is good.

Optimism regarding the ultimate outcome of the situation was apparent in German circles, following the receipt by the German Embassy of dispatches from Berlin described as indicating that Germany would attempt to meet the American demands.

Berlin Accuses Allies. The newspapers today refrained from comment, merely mentioning Ambassador Gerard's departure. The general situation was not referred to by the newspapers, except the Tageszeitung which printed its usual article laying emphasis on the statement that the under-water boat is a necessary weapon in Germany's warfare against Great Britain.

A Berlin dispatch to the Cologne Gazette again calls attention to what it terms the hope of Germany's enemies to bring about a breach in German-American relations. This dispatch says the press of the entente powers is seeking untiringly to hammer the conviction into the whole world that the conditions as laid down by the American Government will not be acceptable to Germany and that an effort is being made to discredit the German answer in advance, no matter what it may be.

"The purpose of these efforts is clear," says the dispatch. "England and France are longing for German-American complications."

RIOTERS PARALYZE DUBLIN

(Continued From First Page.)

In the thoroughfare. In this street there has been a great deal of looting of shops and smashing of windows.

In St. Stephen's Green a detachment of the Sinn Feiners entered the green, which is surrounded by a high railing and looked themselves in and began digging trenches. The authorities considered that this move as a last stand might be intelligible, but as an outlet of the disturbance they could not guess its purpose.

The Countess Markievicz, the sister of an Irish baron, in a volunteer uniform, was a prominent figure in the disturbance. She was one of the leading sympathizers with James Larkin in the 1913 streetcar strike, and her house was raided in January by the police, who are said to have seized a printing press and type with which alleged pro-German literature was being printed. Her husband is said to be a Polish nobleman.

In addition to St. Stephen's Green, various corner points covering the entrance to the Green also were occupied by the Sinn Feiners, who flourished rifles from the windows of nearby houses. Several passing motorcars and taxicabs were commandeered. The occupants of these machines were taken inside the Green, apparently as hostages, and the cars were drawn up on the roadway as barricades.

NEW TROOPS READY

More American Cavalry to Enter Mexico Today.

MEN ARE NOW IN CAMP

One Explanation Is That Stipulation May Be Made at Conference That Pershing's Command Shall Not Be Increased.

Rebels Occupy Newspaper Office. No evening newspapers appeared in Dublin Monday and no morning papers were published today (Tuesday). The Evening Mail office was occupied by members of the Sinn Fein yesterday. They still retain their possession of the building. The military have established themselves opposite the Evening Mail office.

The Royal College of Surgeons, which faces St. Stephens Green on the west, was seized by the Sinn Feiners and their flag was flown from it. Thus far the revolutionaries have captured nothing by fighting. There was nobody to resist them and they simply occupied unprotected buildings.

The authorities say there is ample force at the disposal of the government to quell the disturbance with ease. The sympathy of the people generally, they declare, is against the disturbance, but thus far the military authorities have not shown their strength. They are anxious to end the trouble with a minimum of bloodshed and destruction of property.

It is impossible, yet to ascertain, or even approximate, the number of persons killed or injured, but there is no doubt that the aggregate is considerable, as the holiday crowds were large and the shooting by the Sinn Feiners was wild and reckless.

LONDON, April 28.—"The military operations for the suppression of the rebellion in Dublin are proceeding satisfactorily," says a communication issued by Field Marshal French, commanding the home forces, late last night.

Rebels Confined to Barricades. "What may be described as the organized forces of the rebels," the communication adds, "are confined to a few localities, the principal one being the Sackville-street district, in which the rebel headquarters appear to be the general postoffice."

The cordons of troops around this district has been drawn close and the rebels in this locality are now confined behind their line of barricades. "In the other parts of the city small parties of the rebels have established themselves in various parts of the city still continues. The district where this is most prevalent is that northwest of the Four Courts, which are still in the possession of the rebels. The clearance of these quarters is a matter of time."

"Considerable damage was caused by fires on the 27th and a large fire is still burning in Sackville street. The other parts of Ireland the principal centers of disturbance are County Galway and in Enniscorthy. Disturbances also are reported at Killybegs, Clonmel and Gorey."

WAGE SCALE REJECTED

FOREIGNERS BLAMED FOR DISSATISFACTION AT ANCHORAGE.

Engineer in Charge Declares Poll of Men Shows 98 Satisfied With Arbitration Offer.

SEWARD, Alaska, April 28.—United States railroad officials report that the wage scale offered by the Federal Board of Arbitration has been rejected by the Anchorage Labor Union. This scale is:

For common labor 43½ cents an hour or \$3.59 a day of eight hours for longshoremen, 54½ cents an hour, or \$4.36 a day; for carpenters, machinists and other skilled workmen 70 cents an hour.

The railroad officials say that the American workmen at Anchorage were satisfied with the scale, but that the foreign element, comprising a majority of the common laborers, dominated the meetings of the Union held today and stood out for a minimum of 50 cents an hour for common labor.

R. J. Weil, engineer in charge of the Seward branch, said that a poll of the men employed on this division showed 98 per cent were satisfied with the award made by the Arbitration Board.

It was reported here today that the Anchorage Union had sent a telegram to Secretary of the Interior Lane at Washington demanding the establishment of a minimum wage of 50 cents an hour for common labor on the Government railroad.

Farmer Runs Over Fox. LAWRENCEBURG, Ind., April 28.—Charles L. Newlin, farmer and stock-raiser, living in Miller township, ran over and killed a large red fox near his home. The fox had a fat hen between his teeth.

Store Opens Daily at 8:30 A. M. Saturdays at 9 A. M.

Pacific Phone: Marshall 5050

Robert's Bros.
THIRD & MORRISON

The Most in Value, the Best in Quality

Store Closes Daily at 5:30 P. M. Saturdays at 6 P. M.

Home Phone: A 2112

R. & G. Corset Special

Saturday Only

Now that corsets, like all other commodities, have "gone up" (and corset prices have advanced enormously wholesale), a special of such a standard make as R. & G. ought to interest all prudent purchasers for present, as well as future, needs.

Not often do you have the opportunity of buying regular values to \$1.50, in guaranteed makes, fancy coutils, batistes, brocades, etc., etc. Both white and in delicate pastel blues. Samples, manufacturers' "close-outs" short lines. Sold to \$1.50. On sale for This Sale at.....79c

Just Think of It! We've Arranged a Great Low Price Suit Sale A Full Showing of the Most Fashionable Spring Models in Poplins, Gabardine and Black and White Checked Materials—You Pay Only.....\$12.95

We bought these handsome Tailored Suits from one of America's best makers of women's ready-to-wear garments at special price concessions in consideration of extensive orders—so we now offer them to our patrons at a price in proportion to the one we received. Included are many clever Spring styles with double collar and in belted lines; good, full skirts in belt and gathered models. The materials are fine all-wool poplins, gabardines and black-and-white check fabrics. All sizes and the most desirable colors. Suits of charm and distinction at the special price for This Sale.....\$12.95

99c for Children's Wash Dresses IN VALUES TO \$2.50 A sale of sample garments in standard quality gingham, in stripes, checks—also in chambray. One each of all the new styles. Come early for first choice. All sizes, 6 to 14.

DRYDOCK IS NEEDED

Mr. Harley Says Oregon's Opportunity Has Arrived.

STRONG FIGHT IS URGED

Beginning Probably Would Be Foundation for Full Naval Base, but Inaction Now Will Add to Future Difficulties.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, April 28.—The subcommittee that drafted the naval appropriation bill favors the establishment of an additional drydock on the Pacific Coast, but does not go to the extent of saying where the dock shall be located, said F. C. Harley, chairman of the Columbia River naval base committee, today.

"This is Oregon's opportunity," Mr. Harley added, "and if the people of Oregon will get strongly behind the delegation, and if the delegation will make a persistent fight before the naval committee, and make it now, while the opportunity is at hand, we shall be able to get this dock on the Columbia River."

"If we can accomplish this we shall have succeeded in laying the foundation for a full naval base, for it was from this identical kind of a start the Puget Sound Navy-yard was developed, and, in fact, every other yard has been built up in the same manner."

"If this opportunity is overlooked, it will be doubly difficult later on to get a dock on the Columbia."

Secretary Daniels was called from his office today, and was unable to keep his appointment with Mr. Harley and Mr. King regarding the naval base. He, however, promised to discuss the subject at length tomorrow.

Later Mr. Harley and Mr. King held a conference with Representative Fitzgerald, of the House appropriations committee, and made him familiar with the Columbia River base project and with the reasons on which Oregon is asking this recognition.

Mr. Fitzgerald told his callers he was disposed to look favorably on their project, and promised to give it further study when Mr. Harley's detailed statement is filed with the naval committee.

LABORER SUES POLICE

MAN JAILED IN RAID ASKS \$3000 DAMAGES.

Complaint Recites False Imprisonment and Refusal of Permission to Communicate With Wife.

"There's another hobo. Pick him up, too. I want a full load," a patrolman said during a round-up in the North End last May, and as a result Richard Granat, married man, respectable laborer and innocent onlooker, was placed behind the bars at the City Jail for five hours and refused permission to communicate with friends or family.

This is the contention of Attorney Seton & Strahan, who filed suit for \$3000 damages against Patrolman R. T. Stewart, Frank Mallon and Chester E. Shaffer, in the Circuit Court yesterday, alleging false imprisonment.

Granat, assert the attorneys, saw the



Ribbon Sale

See Third-Street Window LOT 1 AT 35¢ YD.—Values to 85c. A wonderful line of high-class Ribbons for millinery, dress trimming and fancywork. Seven-inch light and dark warp prints. Seven-inch stripes, plaids and novelties. Regular values to 85¢ a yard. Special price for This Sale.....35c

LOT 2 AT 25¢ YD.—Values to 48c. New Ribbons for hair bows, hat trimming, sashes, fancy work, etc. Five to 6-inch plaids, stripes, checks and warp prints, in a big section of the very latest patterns. Also a line of moires, taffetas and hairbows in the best colors. Regular values to 48c. Special Sale at.....25c

LOT 3 AT 10¢ YD.—Values to 35c. Plaids, checks, warp prints, in a big line of new patterns. Also a good quality taffeta in staple colors. Regular values to 35c—Special Sale at.....19c

LOT 4 AT 12½¢ YD.—Values to 20c. Checks 3½ inches wide, light and dark warp prints 3½ and 4 in. wide, in a big range of patterns. Regular values to 20c—Special Sale at, yard.....12½c

LOT 5—BLACK VELVET RIBBONS A high-grade all-silk imported French Velvet Ribbon. Satin back and heavy pile. Black only, in three of the most wanted widths.

No. 7 at 17¢ Yard. Regular 30c. 1¼ inches wide. No. 16 at 33¢ Yard. Regular 50c. 2¼ inches wide. No. 60 at 40¢ Yard. Regular 75c. 3½ inches wide.

A Sensible Cigarette

FATIMA
TURKISH BLEND
CIGARETTES
Cameroon Cigarette Co.
RICHMOND, VA.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

considered at the meeting tonight at 8 o'clock in the Audubon Bird Club rooms, 309 E. M. C. A. building. Mrs. Mamie E. Campbell, of Multnomah Station, will give the descriptive outline and talks, illustrating her points with original photographs and colored pictures.

Miss Grubb's Funeral Is Monday. VANCOUVER, Wash., April 28.—(Special).—The funeral of Miss Mary Grubb, who died at St. Joseph's hospital last night, will be held from the St. James' Catholic Church Monday morning at 9 o'clock with high mass by Rev. John Sweeney. Interment will be in the Catholic Cemetery.

Fred Bissell Tells How He Watched Flames Consume House Where He Had Round 10-Year-Old.

LANSING, Kan., April 28.—Fred Bissell, a Topeka baker, confessed late today that he murdered Edna Dinmore, a ten-year-old girl, in Topeka last Tuesday. Resentment caused by the refusal of the child's mother to marry him prompted the crime, many of the details of which were of a revolting character.

The story of the murder was told to J. R. Coddling, warden of the Kansas state penitentiary, and L. L. Kline, Sheriff, of Topeka.

Bissell is said to have admitted that he lured the child to an empty house by telling her he would buy her some books. After tying her and placing her in the cellar, he went out and bought some tobacco and a newspaper. Then returning to the house he found his victim still alive, but going to an upper room of the building he set the structure afire. From a nearby corner, he waited until the fire companies arrived and then went back to his father's bakery.

Mrs. Campbell to Speak on Birds. The Audubon warbler, insect thrush and hermit thrush are the birds to be

considered at the meeting tonight at 8 o'clock in the Audubon Bird Club rooms, 309 E. M. C. A. building. Mrs. Mamie E. Campbell, of Multnomah Station, will give the descriptive outline and talks, illustrating her points with original photographs and colored pictures.

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THE ORIGINAL Malted Milk

Made from clean, rich milk with the extract of select malted grain, malted in our own Malt Houses under sanitary conditions. Infants and children thrive on it. Agree with the weakest stomach of the invalid or the aged. Needs no cooking nor addition of milk.

Nourishes and sustains more than tea, coffee, etc. Should be kept at home or when traveling. A nutritious food-drink may be prepared in a moment. A glassful hot before retiring induces refreshing sleep. Also in lunch table form for business men.

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