

WEDNESDAY VISITOR

Carl Crow Buys Home in Suburbs in Hopes of Settling Down With His Bride.

YELLOW PERIL IS FEARED

Books Minimizing Danger Declared Written by Persons in Service of Japanese Government or Are Interested by Birth.

Carl Crow, intrepid newspaper reporter and magazine writer of Fort Worth, Tex., who for the last five years has been studying and writing of conditions in the Orient, in Portland, en route to New York to confer with publishers and remain out of the Far East with his bride of two years.

Wide Experience Gathered. Mr. Crow, although still a young man, has been one of the associate editors of the China Press, an American English newspaper in Shanghai, and business manager and editor of the Japan Advertiser, an American newspaper at Yokohama.

Japan-German Alliance Likely. "For this reason, as an unbiased, unhampered American, I have chosen to set down conditions as they are, rather than as some high official would have them set down. I confidently expect Japan and Germany to form an alliance when the present European war is ended."

Mr. Crow left Japan by way of Russia, traveling across Siberia with Sam Blythe to Petrograd. He had intended to visit the battlefronts, but inasmuch as the Russian government would allow him to leave Petrograd with only 500 rubles (about \$250) he was forced to shorten his trip.

FRENCH AND GREEKS CLASH

Protest Said to Have Followed Arrests After Fighting. BERLIN, March 14.—(By wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—Reports have been received here from Athens of fighting between the Greek and French soldiers. It is said one French soldier was killed and another severely wounded.

BABY'S DOCTOR SUSPENDED

Chicago Medical Society Sustains Charge of Unprofessionalism. CHICAGO, March 14.—Dr. H. J. Haiselden was suspended from membership in the Chicago Medical Society tonight for "conduct unbecoming the ethics of the profession."

The Coming Baby!

Hooray! Hooray! Nothing else can so completely endear us to the present and the future as the arrival of a baby. But in the meantime the mother is of vast importance. There is a splendid external remedy known as "Mother's Friend," which exerts a wonderful influence upon the expanding muscles.

LATEST OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS

French. PARIS, March 14.—The text of the official statement issued by the French War Office this afternoon was as follows:

West of the Meuse there was spirited cannonading last night. On the right bank of this stream a strong reconnaissance in the wood of Haudremont was checked by our curtain of fire.

In the forest of Le Preire, a detachment of Germans who endeavored to surprise the trenches of the Carmaes was repulsed by a fusillade and compelled to disperse, leaving several dead on the field.

The night passed quietly on the remainder of the front. The supplementary official statement issued in the afternoon is as follows:

North of the Aisne the Germans thrice essayed to penetrate our trenches on the northwest outskirts of the Bois de Lenclos. None of these attempts was successful.

In the Argonne our artillery directed effective fire against the sector of Bois de Paris, where a munitions depot was exploded, as well as on the railroads, on the highway and enemy organizations in the region of Montfaucon and Avocourt.

West of the Meuse, the bombardment with shells of heavy caliber against our positions between Bethincourt and Cumieres rebounded in fury. In the afternoon the Germans launched a very powerful attack against this sector, but were repulsed along the whole front with serious losses.

Two points of our trenches between Bethincourt and Le Mort Homme. The enemy's artillery on both sides was active in the course of the day.

North of St. Mihiel our batteries bombarded important enemy camps in the Heudicourt wood and caused a great fire in the station and storehouses at La Marchand-Woevre.

In the Vosges there was great activity of the two artilleries in the sector of Chapelle and the valley of the Thur. Surprise attacks on the enemy trenches at Stossever and Carapach enabled us to take about 60 prisoners and quite important matter without any loss.

Six aeroplanes of the first bombardment group and five double-motor aeroplanes dropped 42 shells of heavy caliber on the station at Brielle (north of Verdun). A large number of aerial engagements were fought today.

In the region of Verdun, three German aeroplanes were seen to have been brought down by our machines inside the German lines.

One of our aeroplanes, attacked by four enemy machines east of Lure, engaged in combat and succeeded in Zepplins. He asserted that the British possessed a hundred times more aeroplanes and pilots than at the beginning of the war, and that the machines were capable of carrying from two to four times greater quantities of explosives.

If Harold J. Tennant, Under-Secretary of State for War, believed the British had an insufficient number of pilots, Mr. Pemberton-Billing said he would introduce him to a hundred such men within 24 hours.

Mr. Tennant said the British did not possess sufficient machines, he would lead him to them by the hand. If the Under-Secretary said the British government had not sufficient bombs he would lead him to them by the hand.

Mr. Pemberton-Billing concluded with the assertion that the country was demanding that the existing material be sent out to fight, instead of sitting at home to think.

Noel Pemberton-Billing was a temporary flight lieutenant in the Royal Air Force when he resigned to stand for Parliament on the issue of better protection from Zeppelin raids.

GEORGE H. COLLIER DIES

PIONEER EDUCATOR SUCCEUMS AT EUGENE, AGED 89.

Former Professor at Pacific, Willamette and University of Oregon Had Notable Career as Teacher.

EUGENE, Or., March 14.—(Special.)—A man who had possibly been identified with educational work in Oregon longer than any other resident of the state died in Eugene at 9 o'clock this morning.

He was George Haskell Collier, who had held professorships in Pacific and Willamette Universities and in the University of Oregon. He was 89 years of age at the time of his death and had been a resident of the state since the early sixties, following a career as a teacher the greater portion of the time.

Thousands of the men and women of the state attended his funeral.

Professor Collier was born in New York, March 5, 1827. He was graduated from Oberlin College in 1852 and came to Oregon a short time later, to teach. Before entering college he had been a teacher in the common schools, as early as 1845.

He was professor in chemistry and physics at Pacific University from 1866 to 1876, when he accepted the same position at the University, remaining there until 1879.

George Haskell Collier, Pioneer Educator, Who Died at Eugene Yesterday.

In that year he came to the University of Oregon, continuing his work as a teacher here until 1895, when he was made a professor emeritus and retired.

From 1872 to 1874, Professor Collier was a member of the Oregon Legislature.

Professor Collier was elected three times as moderator of the Congregational Association of Oregon.

He is survived by children as follows: Mrs. Joel McCormack, of Mariposa, Or.; Charles M. Collier, Eugene; George Collier, Warsaw, N. Y.; Robert Collier, San Francisco; Arthur J. Collier, Washington, D. C.; David R. Collier, Gardner, Mass., and Mrs. Mary Johnson, Chula Vista, Cal.

AIR RAIDS ARE DEMANDED

New Parliament Member Creates Sensation With Speech. LONDON, March 14.—Noel Pemberton-Billing, the new member of Parliament, who obtained his seat over the united forces of coalition government on a platform "demanding sweeping changes in the air defenses of England, made an impression on the House today in his maiden speech, in which he demanded that all the existing aircraft should be used for raid over hostile country.

Mr. Pemberton-Billing said the British air force must exterminate the

bringing down one of the adversaries, who fell in the region of Cernay. The French aeroplane returned safely to our lines."

Italian. ROME, via London, March 14.—The communication issued by the Italian War Office says:

"In the Lagarina Valley, enemy artillery showed activity in the Rovereto zone, doing some damage to habitable places. Our artillery dispersed enemy working parties between Selva and Leivo in the Sugana Valley, destroyed enemy defenses on the Cordevo heights and in the Cortina Valley, shelled transport columns in the vicinity of Landro-Riens and bombarded the Toblach station.

"Along the Isongo front torrential rains and fog have again impeded our artillery and increased the impracticability of the ground. However, our infantry resumed their attacks with success against enemy positions, notably on the Sabotino slopes between San Michele and San Martino del Carso and eastward of Montefalcone.

The best results were obtained in the San Martino zone, where, after severe artillery preparation, a Queen's infantry brigade stormed with the bayonet and captured a strong redoubt, taking the occupants as prisoners. On their left other detachments entered and destroyed enemy lines in the neighborhood of the San Marino Church.

"Southeast of San Martino we took Dante del Croviggio, which is the pivot of the enemy defenses. We captured 'Altogether we made 54 prisoners, including five officers, and also captured two machine guns.'

British. LONDON, March 14.—The British official communication issued tonight, says:

"The enemy exploded two mines this morning, one southward of La Bassée Canal and the other near Namur, Chapelle. In one case some damage was done to a small salient of our trenches.

"Northward of Ypres, we carried out a successful bombardment of the enemy trenches. During last night near the Ypres-Roulers Railroad, our grenadiers and machine gun detachments, working in pairs, who were attempting to work in a mine crater.

"There has been considerable artillery activity today westward of Lens."

German. BERLIN, via London, March 14.—No important developments along the western front are recorded in the official communication today, which follows:

"Generally speaking, there was no change. A small engagement at Wiclle, northeast of Ypres, ended in the British being driven back.

"A British aeroplane was shot down by Lieutenant Immelmann east of Arras and one west of Bapaume, the occupants were dead. Lieutenant Boelke brought down two enemy aeroplanes.

He asserted that the British possessed a hundred times more aeroplanes and pilots than at the beginning of the war, and that the machines were capable of carrying from two to four times greater quantities of explosives.

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BILLPOSTERS ARE TRUST

LANDIS HOLDS COMPETITION WAS WHOLLY EXCLUDED.

Dissolution Ordered for Practices Declared to Violate Federal Laws for Trade Protection. CHICAGO, March 14.—The Associated Billposters of the United States and Canada was held to be a combination in restraint of trade by Federal Judge Landis today.

The ruling was given in the Government suit asking dissolution of the association, filed in August, 1912.

"The rule of reasonable restraint has no application here," said Judge Landis. "For the reason that this is not a case of mere restraint, but of total exclusion."

The complaint charged that ever since its organization in 1891 the Associated Billposters had sought to restrict competition. It was alleged in support of the dissolution suit that membership in the organization was limited to one member in each town.

Members were barred from accepting work from any advertiser who furnished business to non-advertisers; that a schedule of prices was adopted which parts of the country; that competitors were bought off and that members were prohibited from accepting work from advertisers not licensed by the organization.

TIRPITZ' ILLNESS MOURNED

German Editor Comments on Condition of "Creator of Fleet." BERLIN, via London, March 15.—The Hamburg Nachrichten, commenting on the illness of Admiral von Tirpitz, says:

"The times make tremendous demands on the strength of a man in such an important and responsible post as that of Admiral von Tirpitz. We can learn from this announcement the nature of the sickness which has stricken the creator of our fleet, but if it should compel him to leave the German navy, the German people would be afflicted by a severe grief."

Women Are Slow to Register.

ALBANY, Or., March 14.—(Special.)—Almost every week since the registration books have been open in this county men have been outnumbered by women, most exactly two to one in the number of voters enrolled.

The total number of voters registered in this county is now 4247, and of this number 2817 are men and 1430 women. The voters are divided among the various political parties as follows: Republicans, 2117; Democrats, 1531; Prohibition, 127; Socialist, 88; Progressive, 13; Independent, 127; miscellaneous, 15.

planes which fell behind the French lines over Fort Marre and near Malancourt, northwest of Verdun. The latter was destroyed by our artillery. By these achievements these officers have put hors de combat their tenth and eleventh enemy aeroplanes, respectively.

British biplane was compelled to land west of Cambrai after an aerial fight. Its occupants were captured."

Austrian. BERLIN, March 14.—The official statement of the Austrian War Office received here today says:

"Great combats are developing on the Isongo front. The Italians have attacked with strong forces, being repulsed everywhere.

"At the Tolmino bridge head the enemy's activity was limited to lively fire. In the Playa section the enemy's attempts to destroy our obstacles failed.

"The Gorizia bridge head two attacks against the Doberdo position and one attack against the entrenched bridge of Lencico failed, as did likewise several attacks against the Doberdo plateau.

"Near San Martino, the Italians stormed seven times. They were repulsed with heavy losses by infantry regiment No. 46."

Russian. PETROGRAD, via London, March 14.—The following official communication was issued today:

"Western (Russian) front: There has been heavy firing southward of Lake Babit, on the Riga front. On a sector of this front a Lithuanian detachment, having forced artificial barriers, penetrated the enemy's trenches, bayoneted the occupants of them and returned without losing a man."

Extremely heavy infantry fighting has taken place northwest of Verdun and on the outskirts of the Bois Des Buttes, to the north of the Aisne, with the Germans in both regions the aggressors. Elsewhere along the front artillery duels of great proportions are under way.

In the sector between Bethincourt and Cumieres, northwest of Verdun, the intense artillery bombardment of the Germans was followed by an infantry attack, but over the entire front the French with serious losses to the French, except between Bethincourt and Le Mort Homme, where the German positions northwest of the Bois des Buttes, but none of the attacks proved successful.

In the forest of Argonne the French guns effectively shelled German positions. North and east of the Verdun the artillery duels continue. To the north of St. Mihiel, in Lorraine, and in the Vosges Mountains, the guns of both sides have been active. A large number of fights in the air have taken place with serious losses to the German aircraft have been brought down. French aviators have again bombarded the station of Brielle, in the French trenches.

The British evidently are breaking up the opposition of the Senusai tribesmen to the Turkish officers. West of the Nile, an official report received from Major-General Peyton, commander of the Egyptian-Tripoli border, is imminent; that the Senusai tribesmen have surrendered and is in the British camp, and the head men of the Aulad All tribes are asking for pardons.

Russians are still harassing the Turks on the Caucasus front, and have made further progress against the Teutons in East Galicia. They entered German trenches in the region of Riga, killed the occupants, and returned to their own positions without suffering any loss.

The Italians are keeping up their strong offensive begun several days ago on the Isongo front. Especially fierce have been the attacks around San Martino. Here, Rome says, the Italians captured Dante del Croviggio, the pivot in the Austrian defenses, and in the same region stormed two other places and seized Austrian trenches.

Vienna, on the other hand, declares that near San Martino the Italians seven times attempted to storm the Austrian positions, but were repulsed with heavy casualties.

General Weyler is ill. Condition of Famous Spanish Commander Reported Grave. MADRID, via Paris, March 14.—Captain-General Valeriano Weyler, commander-in-chief of the Spanish Army, is gravely ill.

General Weyler was Governor of Cuba just prior to the Spanish-American war and his harshness of manner in dealing with the Cubans, especially the forcing of the rural population into concentration camps, has been regarded as having had much to do with the war between the United States and Spain.

When he returned to Spain after the war he was made Captain-General of Madrid. Later he became Minister of War and in 1898 was appointed Captain-General of Catalonia, with headquarters in Barcelona. In January General Weyler was made president of the general staff of the Spanish army.

Articulated Fingers Enable Wounded Soldier to Play Violin. PARIS, March 14.—Two new types of artificial arms with hands are shown at the Academy of Sciences. One is for heavy work, with fingers like claws of a lobster. The other has artificial fingers, enabling the hand to reproduce closely the action of natural fingers.

Successful experiments were made in the presence of members of the Academy by two men, each of whom lost an arm. One of them sawed through a beam of wood without difficulty and the other played a violin.

MR. ASQUITH IS NO BETTER. BRONCHIAL AFFECTION, HOWEVER, NOT REGARDED AS SERIOUS. LONDON, March 14.—The condition of Premier Asquith, who is suffering from bronchial catarrh, was unchanged tonight, according to an official bulletin issued by the attending physician.

It was declared at the Premier's residence that the bronchial attack is not of great severity and should no unfavorable developments occur it is expected that the Premier will resume his parliamentary duties in a few days. Meantime he is confined to his room.

Alleged Malpractice Case Falls. Charges of malpractice brought against Drs. Gustav Baar and J. D. Sternberg by W. F. Bredenstein, fell through yesterday, when Circuit Judge Gaters granted the defendants a nonsuit on the motion of Attorney Ralph Wilbur, after the plaintiff had offered his testimony. Mr. Bredenstein sued for \$25,000 damages for alleged incorrect treatment of a form of cancer.

Christ's Coming His Topic. The series of lectures by Elmer Catlin will be resumed in Wall Hall, Thirtieth and Lexington streets, Sellwood, tonight. Mr. Catlin will talk on "The Second Coming of Christ."

NEW HANDS LIKE CLAWS. Articulated Fingers Enable Wounded Soldier to Play Violin.

PRIZE ORIENTAL RUGS. At No Advance in Prices. Portland is especially fortunate just now on account of the threatened Oriental Rug famine, in having available, in addition to our regular stocks, and at no advance in prices, the combined exhibits shown in the Turkish Pavilion and the Palace of Varied Industries, both of which exhibits won the grand prize.

Prices are doubling everywhere else, but for a time, at least, Portlanders may buy at regular prices.

Atiyeh Bros. Tenth and Alder

RECEIPT TO DARKEN YOUR GRAY HAIR. Not a Trace of Gray Shows After Applying Q-Ban—No Dye or Sticky Mess—Harmless.

Do this—Apply like a shampoo Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer to hair and scalp, and dry hair in sunshine. A few applications like this turns all your gray, faded, prematurely gray, dry or gray streaked hair to an even, beautiful dark shade. Q-Ban also makes scalp and entire head of hair healthy, so hair is left soft, fluffy, lustrous, wavy, thick, evenly dark and fascinating, without even a trace of gray hair showing (only beautiful dark hair), making you look young again. Insist on having Q-Ban, as it is harmless—no dye—but guaranteed to darken all your gray hair or money returned. Q-Ban also cleanses the scalp at once of dandruff. Ask for Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer. Only 50c for a big 7-oz. bottle. Humbley Drug Store. Out-of-town folks supplied by mail.—Adv.

Drop in and See the Wonderful Spring Display of

Brownsville "Ready" Clothes

Slip into a few suits. See the fit, the tailoring, the quality of Brownsville Woolen Mills Clothing. The Spring patterns are beautiful. Stripes are the "thing." And the soft roll semi-English styles are more popular than ever.

Greatest showing in town of "extra-value" Suits for \$15 \$20 \$25

Brownsville-Made-to-Measure Suits for the man who prefers little individualities in his Clothes. Hundreds of patterns at \$20, \$25, \$30.

Brownsville Woolen Mills J. L. Bowman, President Wooler Mill Bldg. Third and Morrison Stores in Portland, Eugene, Astoria, Marshfield

SOAP advertisement for Woodard Clark Co. listing various soap products and prices. Includes a list of items like Resinol Soap, Jergen's Yutopia Soap, etc.

TRIBESMEN ARE BEATEN advertisement. Includes text about British report success on Egypt-Tripoli border, starvation of Bedouins, and general Weyler is ill.

Brownsville "Ready" Clothes advertisement. Features an illustration of a man in a suit and text promoting the clothing store's offerings.

Atiyeh Bros. advertisement. Promotes Oriental rugs and hair care products, mentioning a prize rug and hair color restorer.