MONEY TRACED TO GERMAN ATTACHE

British Publish Letters and Documents Taken From Von Papen at Falmouth.

LARGE AMOUNTS HANDLED

Correspondence Includes Letter From ex-Consul, Who Hopes Day of Reckoning and Iron Determination Will Come.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The British Foreign Office today turned over to the American Embassy, for transmission to Washington, full copies of the correspondence in the possession of Captain Franz von Papen, the recalled German attache, when Captain von Papen reached Falmouth on his way to Germany. Letters and entries show payments of large sums, some for secret service work, others to men in the United States who have been charged with conspiracy to violate neutrality in the United States.

A feature of the correspondence was a letter from the German Consul at New Orleans referring to the United States as an "unfriendly country," and expressing the hope that "the day of reckoning will come and our government find again that iron determination which alone can make an impression here."

One entry shows the payment of $700 to Werner Horn, who was arrested on the charge of trying to blow up an international bridge on the Canadian Pacific main line at St. Croix, Me. The day before this payment was made Von Papen received $2000 from the German Embassy.

Seattle Payment on Record.

Another check stub shows that about two weeks before the explosion in Seattle on May 10, 1915, Captain von Papen sent $500 to the German Consul at Seattle. In February of 1915 he sent $1200 to the German Consulate in that city.

Captain von Papen's check stubs, bank books and letters from his bank, the Riggs National Bank of Washington, show about 500 items, many of which had to do with routine expenditures. Others, however, revealed payments to various persons who have figured in the activities of German agents in America.

Several large payments were made to Captain von Papen by Count von Bernstorff, German Ambassador at Washington. Most of these were for salaries or similar uses. Entries show payments made by the Ambassador to the military attache for "war intelligence office."

Confessed Spy Rewarded.

In January, 1915, Captain von Papen gave a check payable to Amstck & Co., New York, but with the name E. Kuepferle in brackets on the stub. This is believed to have referred to the man named Kuepferle, who, after being arrested in England on a charge of espionage, committed suicide, leaving a written confession in his cell.

Among the letters given out the one regarded as most interesting was the following from R. von Meysenburg, formerly German Consul at New Orleans:

New Orleans, 4 December, 1915. Dear Herr Von Papen: I read with great regret that the date of recall has indeed overtaken you. I don't suppose that you are very unhappy to be able to shake the dust of this unfriendly country from off your feet. What chiefly offends me is that it always giving way to the government here we have never found that they are kindly disposed against us. The demanded recall was so sudden and belated that it throws an interesting light upon the government here. May here also the day of reckoning come and our government find again that iron determination with which alone one can make an impression here.

Hoping that our connection formed in this great time will not come to an end with your departure I am yours sincerely, R. v. M.

The other letters included one from General von Bernhardi, expressing hope that his letters will have an effect on public opinion in the United States.

SEATTLE ACTIVITY SUSPECTED

Explosion of Dynamite Barge Attributed to German Agent.

SEATTLE, Jan. 14.—It is the theory of British secret agents that the explosion of a barge of high explosive in Seattle harbor at 2 o'clock on the morning of May 30 last was caused by a German agent, to prevent shipment of the explosive to Russia. The explosion caused damage of $100,000 in Seattle, mostly by the breaking of plate glass in downtown stores. Two days after the explosion Louis J. Smith, alias Walter Brown, was arrested at Tacoma charged with having dynamite fuse in his possession. The arrest was made on information furnished by British Vice-Consul Agassiz, of Tacoma.

The evidence was insufficient to hold Smith and he was released, but kept under surveillance. Later, when operations of alleged German agents in San Francisco were being investigated by the Federal grand jury there, it was found that J. J. Crowley, a detective alleged to have been employed by the German Consulate in San Francisco, had sent a money order to Smith in Seattle shortly before the explosion. Smith was arrested by special agents of the United States in Detroit early in last November.

CONSUL DENIES CONSPIRACY

Mueller Says Money Was Used to Help Germans Go East.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 14.—Dr. Wilhelm Mueller, ex-German Consul at Seattle and now Consul here, said today that he had received money from time to time from the German embassy at Washington and "possibly from Von Papen," but that such money was used to send Germans from Seattle to New York "on the chance that they might return to Germany."

"Any intimation that I was connected with any explosion at Seattle is absolutely unfounded," he said. "I do not recall that I received any specific sum from Von Papen, but I often furnished money to Germans who wanted to go to New York on the chance that they might reach Germany. I was reimbursed by the German embassy."

Dr. Mueller was Consul at Seattle from February to June, 1915.

WEEK'S CASUALTIES 158

Oregon Report Shows No Fatalities in Industrial Accidents.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—For the week ending January 11, a total of 158 accidents were reported to the State Industrial Accident Insurance Commission. None was fatal. Of the number reported, 107 were subject to the workmen's compensation act; 24 were from public utility corporations; 13 were from other firms and corporations which have rejected the act, and four were from firms and corporations not employing labor in hazardous occupations.

The following shows the number of accidents by industry: Sawmill 27, logging 18, meat packing 16, construction 15, iron and steel works 6, transfer company 14, light and power 8, transportation 3, paper-mill 3, cooperage company 2, railroad operation 24, ice manufacturing 2, sand and gravel company 2, dredging 2; the following one each: Machine shop, gate works, farmer, mining, roofing company, heating company, oil manufacturing, milk company, garage, door manufacturing, woodsaw, plumbing, brick works, flour mills, gas company, carpenter, traveler on highway, wholesale house, grocer, auto works, cement company.

LAND COUNCIL CALLED

ATTORNEY-GENERAL TO INTERPRET COURT DECISION.

Departments of Interior and Agriculture Await Opinion Before Deciding on Policy.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 14.—The Attorney-General has summoned to Washington C. J. Smyth and, on his arrival, a general conference of Government counsel will be held to interpret the Supreme Court decision of last June in the Oregon-California land grant case. When an agreement is reached the Attorney-General will advise the Secretary of Interior and Secretary of Agriculture how far in his opinion they may go in recommending legislation under that decision and how far Congress can go legislating.

Up to this time no department to which the land grant bills have been referred has been able to formulate a reply to Congress. The Interior and Agricultural Departments assert they are awaiting the opinion of the Attorney-General. The Attorney-General, being pressed with other business and also being somewhat in doubt as to the intent of the Supreme Court, has delayed his interpretation of the decision, but action probably will be taken next week.

When the Attorney-General has formulated his opinion, reports to Congress on the Chamberlain and other bills will be forthcoming.

MILK FOR BABES BARRED

FRENCH TO FORBID SHIPMENTS TO ENEMY COUNTRIES.

Request of United States Government Is Denied "For Military Reasons," Declares Paris.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—France has declined "for military reasons" to permit shipments of condensed milk by charitable organizations in the United States to Germany and Austria-Hungary for use of the babies of those countries. Ambassador Sharp at Paris and Ambassador Page at London were authorized recently by Secretary Lansing to inquire if the governments of France and Great Britain would permit such shipments after the American Red Cross had agreed to undertake supervision of the distribution of the milk to assure its use for the purpose stated.

Ambassador Sharp's reply was received today by the State Department. A department paraphrase of it follows:

"The French government, under date of January 13, reports receipt of your inquiry. It says that on account of military regulations it is not willing to authorize shipments of milk either to Germany or Austria-Hungary, even if the Red Cross will supervise distribution."

WOMAN ATTACKED AT NIGHT

Assailant Kicks Unconscious Victim as He Flees at Marshfield.

MARSHFIELD, Or., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Mrs. E. G. Perham, of this city, recently was assaulted as she stepped onto her back porch one evening. Mr. Perham is a prominent building and bridge contractor.

Mrs. Perham was seized by the throat and, on struggling and trying to call to Mr. Perham, who was inside, was struck unconscious. The man who assaulted her, not satisfied with administering such treatment, kicked the prostrate woman as he ran off. The offense took place on a night when snow covered the ground, and the man's tracks were followed to the home of a person whom Mr. Perham declared to be prominent. No arrests have been made.

MEDFORD PUPILS TO WRITE

School Children Plan to Take Part in Letter Writing Week.

MEDFORD, Or., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Six hundred letters to friends in the East will be written by Medford school children during Letter Writing week, according to an announcement by Superintendent of Schools Hillis. The work will be under the direction of the various principals.

The policy will be to adhere strictly to statistics with the idea that the natural resources of Southern Oregon are great enough without verbal colouring. The Commercial Club will assist in the campaign, and an effort will be made to have every member of the club write to some friend in the East, urging a visit in 1916 and assuring a hearty welcome.

REPRISALS TO BE TAKEN

(Continued From First Page.)

admission, of the German charges regarding the Baralong, but suggested that the affidavits of the American ministers were insufficient on which to accept as true the charges that the Germans had been killed while helpless.

It was generally thought in London at that time that the reply to Germany would not be satisfactory and that the next move would be reprisals in the form of the shooting of British officers and soldiers, held prisoners in Germany, in equal number to those of the German submarine who lost their lives.

Later London dispatches said that two Americans who were aboard the Nieuwlan and who later enlisted in the British army, had made affidavits contradicting those made in New Orleans by the mutineers.

Klamath Drainage District Elects.

KLAMATH FALLS, Or., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—At Wednesday's meeting of the stockholders of the Klamath Drainage District the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mike M. Matchanbacher; secretary, A. A. Mahaffey; treasurer, L. F. Willits; director, C. R. DeLap. The president and secretary, together with Mr. DeLap, constitute the board of directors. Matters of interest to the association were discussed.

Only One "BROMO QUININE."

To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in one Day. 25c.

PLANS FOR DEFENSE IN STATE OF CHAOS

Members of Congress Indorse Preparedness but Stick at Raising Revenue.

GASOLINE TAX UNPOPULAR

Continental Army Regarded by Many as Impracticable and Present Indications Are It Will Be Abandoned Ultimately.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 14.—Utter chaos prevails in Congress with respect to the great problem of National defense. Notwithstanding the subject has been discussed from all angles for a series of months, notwithstanding the attitude of the Administration has been set forth, and notwithstanding the fact that the judgment of the best military minds in the American Army and Navy have been reduced to writing there is no agreement or semblance of agreement on the plan of preparedness.

There are nearly as many plans of preparedness as there are Senators and Representatives. No man seems ready to accept the plan of another. There is yet to develop in Congress an enthusiastic support for the programme mapped out by the President. On the other hand, some features of the Administration plan are drawing general fire and probably will be sacrificed.

Revenue Is Sticking Point.

A striking feature of the Congressional situation is that there are many who declare themselves in favor of reasonable preparedness, and yet are unwilling to vote to raise the revenue necessary to provide such preparedness as they advocate. When it comes to the question of revenue there is just as great diversity of opinion as prevails with regard to the question of preparedness.

One thing, however, is becoming more and more apparent. The Continental Army idea advanced by the President and Secretary Garrison is unpopular and probably will have to be eliminated from the preparedness programme. By many the Continental Army is regarded as impracticable. It is held that such an army cannot be raised, or if raised that it would not afford adequate training; by others the opinion is held that the Continental Army would operate to handicap, if not destroy, the National Guard. These would substitute for the Continental Army the militia pay bill.

Gasoline Tax Unpopular.

On one other point there is general agreement, though this may be dispelled when the Administration brings pressure to bear. If a vote could be taken tomorrow on the proposal to tax gasoline, the idea would be rejected, two to one, or by an even greater majority. That is the way Congress feels about that proposed tax. But it is too early to say that Congress will vote as it thinks, for the President has not yet undertaken to bear down on Congress and when he does he may be able to force many Democrats to vote contrary to their personal judgment.

With chaos prevailing it seems certain that the ultimate legislation must, of necessity, be compromise legislation. There are many in Congress who incline to the view that the United States should adopt the Swiss system of universal military training, yet not one in ten who holds this belief is ready to vote his convictions. Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the Senate military committee, introduced a Swiss system bill, but in presenting it said it was offered merely to bring about discussion, and any bill introduced in that way is dead when it is introduced.

O. A. C. FAVORS LETTERS

PROFESSOR HORNER TELLS WHY STATE SHOULD BE BOOSTED.

Vast Area and Resources Are Compared With More Populous Places and Patriotic Duty Urged.

OREGON AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Corvallis, Jan. 14.—(Special.)—In view of the fact that "Letter-Writing week" is near at hand, John B. Horner, professor of history, gave out to the class in Oregon history today the statement that England, with a population of 39,000,000, has less than two-thirds the area of Oregon, which has a population of only 800,000.

Furthermore, the statement was made that if England were as large as Oregon she could, with the patronage of her dependencies, support half as many people as live in the United States of America. By way of comparison, it was also stated that the Willamette Valley is as large as Massachusetts and that Oregon covers more territory than the combined states of New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Maryland, New Jersey, Vermont and Delaware, which support a population of 19,000,000.

Yet, said the speaker, the great histories of our country are practically silent regarding the minerals, the forests, the rich soil, the unused water power and other natural resources and fabulous possibilities that invite prospective tourists, enterprising investors and homeseekers to Oregon.

Therefore, it is a patriotic proceeding on the part of the people to disseminate at home and abroad correct information regarding the industrial, the educational and the civic conditions that prevail in this state, Professor Horner concluded.

WOMAN IN RUBBER PLOT

INDICTMENTS CHARGE PLAN TO GET SUPPLIES TO GERMANY.

Contraband, It Is Charged, Was to Have Been Shipped as Personal Baggage to Rotterdam.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Four men and a woman were indicted today by a Federal grand jury on a charge of conspiracy to violate the customs laws of the United States by shipping contraband rubber to Germany. Those indicted were: Edward Webber, a cousin of Albert Webber, an official of the Deutsches Bank at Berlin; Paul Schmidt, Webber's partner in the Rubber & Guayule Agency, of this city; Max Jaeger, a German maker of automobile accessories; Mrs. Annie Dekkers, a native of Holland, and Richard Wehlburg, a naturalized citizen who operates a rubber and cement factory here. The Guayule agency is also made a defendant.

Harold Content, Assistant United States Attorney, said today that Mrs. Dekkers was to have been the go-between. Her sex and the fact that she had been in the habit of making frequent trans-Atlantic trips were relied on to protect her from suspicion. The rubber was to be carried by her as personal baggage.

Four and a half tons of rubber was obtained by the alleged conspirators, according to Mr. Content, before the attempt at shipment was made. On November 27, Mrs. Dekkers took passage on the Holland-American liner Ryndam, bound for Rotterdam. She had four trunks and eight packing cases filled with rubber, but which was marked personal baggage.

On information given the customs authorities by British agents, Mrs. Dekkers' baggage was held up and she was not permitted to sail.

The defendants will be arraigned in the Federal District Court next Monday.

GERMAN PAPERS DIVIDE

THRONE SPEECH ON FRANCHISE DISPLEASES SOME.

Matter Is Something to Be Expected After War, Announces Prussian Prime Minister.

BERLIN, via London, Jan. 14.—The Vorwaerts expresses dissatisfaction with that portion of the speech from the throne delivered yesterday at the opening of the Prussian Diet which refers to the reform of the Prussian franchise. The other papers are guarded in their comments, excepting the Tageblatt, which declares openly its dissatisfaction. The sentence regarding franchise reform, says the Tageblatt, demands of the people "a far-reaching renunciation."

The other papers are either satisfied that more cannot be expected at the present time or, like the Tages Zeitung and Kreuze Zeitung and one or two other papers of the extreme right faction are of the opinion that the promise goes too far.

Excepting the Tageblatt, the Radical papers, which before the war were loudest in demanding the franchise, do not speak a word of adverse criticism.

The anticipated reference to franchise reform was expressed in the speech from the throne delivered by Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Prussian Prime Minister, in definite phrases as something to be expected after the war, owing to the harmony and mutual respect developed in the Prussian nation by trials of the war.

STUDENT PLAY SUCCESS

"THE RIVALS" ABLY PRESENTED AT LINCOLN HIGH.

Music by School Orchestra Is Triumph and Staging and Properties Fine. Attendance Is Large.

Richard Brinsley Sheridan's comedy, "The Rivals," given yesterday by the Lincoln High School class of February, '16, at the auditorium, was a distinct success and music by the school orchestra was a triumph. The staging, properties and costumes were unusually fine. Miss Ruth Pfaender won popularity with her singing. Carl Denton directed the orchestra.

George Alstadt starred as Sir Anthony Absolute. The role was well played. Excellent support was lent him by Miss Esther Hettinger as Mrs. Malaprop. Harry Hettinger was typical as the ardent lover, Captain Jack Absolute. Lydia was admirably played by Alvira Harry.

D. J. Conway scored a marked success as Bob Acres. Humorous interpretation of Sir Lucius O'Trigger was effected by Adolph Block. Horace Foulkes, as Thomas the coachman, lent an ideal atmosphere. Nelson Dezendorf won success as the captain's valet. David, in the hands of Abe Goldstone, was well handled. Harold Baker appeared well as Mr. Faulkland. Lucy was ably played by Miss Ruth Pfaender. Miss Lucile Smith gave a fine idea of Julia.

Both yesterday afternoon's performance and last night's were well attended.

GUARD TO REPEAT SHOW

Members' Friends to Be Guests Wednesday Night.

At the conclusion of the military tournament held last night for the third consecutive time at the Armory, all the units of the Oregon National Guard in Portland and vicinity participating, it was decided to repeat the events next Wednesday night, January 19, for the benefit of the friends of the men who have taken part in the tournament.

Approximately 1200 tickets will be distributed among the men belonging to the different detachments, and both officers and men are greatly interested in the semi-private entertainment.

Lieutenant Kenneth P. Williams had charge of the tournament that ended last night.

Music for the entertainment next Wednesday night will be given by the Third Infantry Band.

FOOD MADE FROM BONES

America Is Investigating Discovery of German.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Department of Agricultural chemists are examining samples of new foods from animal bone and blood invented since the war began by a German scientist at Cologne. Bosivan is the name given to the blood food.

The German Ministry of Trade and Industry is investigating the scientist's assertions that he has developed nourishing foods. Samples of the food were sent to the United States by an American Consul in Germany.

COLORADANS PLAN GAYETY

State Society Adopts Programme at Business Meeting.

A series of social gatherings to be held in connection with the regular meetings were planned at the session of the Colorado State Society at the Central Library last night. These, it is intended, will take the form of dances, card parties and addresses by prominent speakers on issues of the day. A committee was appointed to take charge of the arrangements for these gatherings.

A committee was also appointed to draw up a new constitution and by-laws.

Redmond Man Named Agriculturist.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 14.—A. E. Lovett, of Redmond, Or., has been appointed agriculturist in the field service of the Department of Agriculture.

All Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Filled at Clearance Sale Prices.
Express and Parcel Post Packages Prepaid on $5.00 Purchases

Store Opens Daily at 8:30 A. M. On Saturdays 9:00 A. M.

Pacific Phone Marshall 5080

Roberts Bros.
THIRD & MORRISON
The Most in Value—The Best in Quality

Store Closes Daily at 5:30 P. M. On Saturdays 6:00 P. M.

Home Phone A 2112

JanuaryClearanceSale

PRICES REDUCED IN EVERY SECTION OF THE STORE

A sale of unequaled saving advantages, a clearance of all Winter goods—odds and ends, broken lines, surplus stocks, remnants, discontinued lines, etc.—goods that must be disposed of before stocktaking. It necessitates a great sacrifice of profits for us, but at the same time affords you the greatest money-saving opportunities of the entire season. Every department is involved.

A Great Clearance Sale Special!

Women's High-Grade Winter Shoes

In the Best-Known Makes—All Fashionable Leather in Both Button and Laces—Values to $4.00 on Sale at, Pair..... $2.97

To really appreciate the importance of this sale you must see the shoes themselves. They are of such well-known makes as Val Duttenhoffer, Edwin G. Smith, Kridew Shoe Co., etc. All late, new models, in gunmetal, vici kid and patent leather, in button and lace. All styles and sizes. Sold regularly up to $4. Clearance price..... $2.97

Misses' and Children's $2.25 Shoes, sizes 11½ to 2, priced at..... $1.97
Misses' and Children's $2.25 Shoes, sizes 8½ to 11, priced at..... $1.37
Infants' Shoes in sizes 5 to 8, $2.00 grades, on sale at..... 97¢
Broken lines of Boys' Shoes, in values to $3.00, on sale at..... $1.67

A Great Clearance Sale Special!

Sale Women's Fine Corduroy Coats

Nobby Plain and Belted-Back Styles in Brown, Green, Blue and Black; Values to $16.50.... $8.99

Winter comfort, chic styles and an unusual saving unite to make this offering of Women's and Misses' Corduroy Coats one of the most important items listed for this sale. Included are models with plain or belted back, with or without plush collar. All sizes in shades of brown, green and black. Values to $16.50, at $8.99

Women's Hand-Embroidered Linen Waists in Values to $4.50. Your Choice at..... 79c

Another great Clearance special; a closing out at an extraordinary price reduction of a fine lot of Women's Pure Linen Waists shown in styles with hand-embroidered front. They come in sizes 34, 36, 38 and 40. The kind regularly sold up to $4.50. Priced for this sale at ..... 79¢

DUTCH DYKE FAILS

Zuyder Zee Pouring in on North Holland Province.

GREAT AREA IN DANGER

Many Farms Are Flooded and Inhabitants Are Fleeing in Boats. Amsterdam Is Believed Protected by Canals.

AMSTERDAM, via London, Jan. 14.—The Telegraaf reports that the Zuyder Zee dyke at Katwoude has broken and that Zuid Polner has been flooded. The inhabitants of that place were obliged to abandon it and have fled to Edam, which is partly flooded, the newspaper adds.

A latter message from Edam says that the dyke protecting Polderzeevang is in danger and that if it breaks the result will be the flooding of the greater part of North Holland.

At 7 o'clock this morning, adds the message, an alarm bell was rung at Broeck, also in the province of North Holland, about six miles northeast of Amsterdam, as the flood was pouring in with terrific force.

Many farms are completely inundated, the inhabitants proceeding in boats to surrounding villages. There was great consternation in the waterland district as the water came over the dike and the inhabitants are fleeing to Amsterdam.

Volendam is entirely flooded and Monnikendam, on the mainland, and the island of Marken are under water.

The province of North Holland mentioned in the Amsterdam dispatch as seriously menaced by floods forms a peninsula. It has an area of 1059 square miles, much of which is below the level of the sea and protected by dikes. Amsterdam is in the southern part of the province, but although near the district mentioned as imperiled by the flood, is regarded as protected from serious flood danger by its system of canals.

CHINA REPLACES EMBARGO

Flour Not to Be Exported: Northwest Mills Benefit.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 14.—Seattle flour millers were officially advised today that the Chinese government had replaced the embargo on the export of Chinese flour, which was taken off soon after the beginning of the European war.

Local flour exporters said that this would enable them to resume their former large shipments of flour to Hongkong, from which market they virtually were driven by the Chinese competition.

ABERDEEN FACING SUITS

Property Owners Declare Cutting of Street Moves Homes.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Five damage suits, aggregating $14,500 in claims, probably will be brought against this city, due to landslides on Second avenue, which the claimants say are due to cutting of two streets below grade. The Council, following the advice of City Attorney Cross, has disallowed the claims.

The claimants allege that the slide has been going on steadily for some months with the result that their houses have been moved and their basements and plumbing damaged. On B street, at the end of Second avenue, the slides have moved a concrete sidewalk a foot into the street.

WINTER BRIDES WIDOWS

Maidens Are Not Among Vancouver Marriage License Applicants.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Widows know the happiness of married life, so no wonder they are the only women being married these cold, dreary days, when the Columbia River is packed with ice, while the maidens sit calmly at home and wait for more pleasant weather.

Yesterday all who were married were widows, and today the four women to secure marriage licenses had passed through the same experience before and were willing to do so again. It has been noted that in the cold months of the year the percentage of widows to maidens to marry is largely in favor of the widows.

HYGIENE MEETINGS HELD

Field Secretary of Society Reports on Eastern Oregon Work.

PENDLETON, Or., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Dr. W. D. McNary, head of the Eastern Oregon State Hospital, and Rev. J. E. Snyder, of the Presbyterian Church, have, according to J. A. C. Oakes, field secretary of the Oregon State Hygiene Society, conducted single handed more meetings in the state than any other workers of the society.

Among the 90 towns and cities in which they have either one or both conducted meetings before men, women and mothers are: Moro, Heppner, Condon, Klamath Falls, Lakeview, Arlington, Hermiston, Stanfield, Echo, Union, North Powder, Haines, Sumpter, Huntington, Ontario, Nyssa, Vale, Pilot Rock, Adams, Athena and Weston. A large mass meeting for men will be held in Pendleton Sunday, January 15.

BERRY GROWERS TO MEET

Kennewick Meeting Called to Effect Better Marketing Plan.

KENNEWICK, Wash., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—The strawberry growers of the Kennewick district have called a public mass meeting for January 17 to agree upon some plan of marketing this year's crop at a greater profit than last year.

Last year the berries were shipped through three principal concerns, the Yakima Valley Fruitgrowers' Association, the Fruit Exchange and the H. H. Davis Company. Many growers shipped independently.

The growers of the Richland district already have unanimously agreed to ship their entire crop through some one shipping concern, probably a co-operative agency.

TRAINS TO TAKE SHORT CUT

O.-W. R. & N. Co. to Begin Using Coyote Cutoff Sunday.

PENDLETON, Or., Jan. 14.—(Special.)—Sunday morning the first passenger trains will be routed over the O.-W. R. & N. Company's Coyote cutoff out of Pendleton. The shorter route, which lessens the distance between Portland and Pendleton 16 miles, will cut down the running time about a half hour. With the opening of the cutoff the new freight terminals at Pilot Rock Junction will be placed in operation.

Trains No. 17, 18, 19, 5 and 4 are to be routed over the cutoff and trains No. 6, 1, 2 and the motor to Umatilla will run over the old track.

What to Do for Itching Skins

Eczema, ringworm and other itching, burning skin eruptions are so easily made worse by improper treatment, that one has to be very careful. There is one method, however, that you need not hesitate to use, even on a baby's tender skin—that is, the resinol treatment. Resinol is the prescription of a Baltimore doctor, put up in the form of resinol ointment and resinol soap. This proved so remarkably successful, that thousands of other physicians have prescribed it constantly for over twenty years.

Resinol usually stops itching instantly, healing the eruption quickly, unless it is due to some serious internal disorder. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap can be bought at any druggist's, and are not at all expensive. Write for free sample, Dep. 6-S, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

Pain in the Back

Is often of the most violent character, yet it is surprising how quickly it disappears when Sloan's Liniment is used, not only for backache but for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nerve Pains, Sloan's Liniment is remarkably effective.

Sloan's Liniment

KILLS PAIN

"Keep a bottle in your home."
Price 25c., 50c. $1.00

PURE COAL

DIAMOND BRIQUETS

Absolutely the cheapest and best fuel on the market: three-ton lots, $7 per ton delivered.

Will Reduce Your Coal Bill One-Half.

PACIFIC COAST COAL CO.
249 WASHINGTON ST.
Main 223. A 2293.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.