ARSON QUARTET TO SERVE TERMS

Long List of Crimes Unearthed After Extensive Investigation by District Attorney.

SYNDICATE IS WIDESPREAD

Operations in Three States Exposed and Methods Similar to Those of Other Incendiaries-Two More to Face Charges.

Four men stood before Circuit Judge Gantenbein yesterday morning and were sentenced to indeterminate terms

were sentenced to impeterminate terms of three to seven years in the Penitentiary for arson.

Thereby, according to District Attorney Evars and his deputies, a blow was struck at the heart of the "arson syndicate" which has assumed coastwide and probably Nation-wide proportions within the last few years.

The men sentenced were:

Sanford W. Currier, for burning his house at Saginaw Heights November 13, 1913. He will be recommended for parole at the end of one year if his behavior is good.

Mont Akeyson, for burning a house at 269 Lombard street May 3, 1914. He will be recommended for parole at the end of six months if his behavior is good.

Goorge W. Wollette, for complicity in the Lombard-street fire. He also will be recommended for parole at the end of six months on condition of good behavior.

behavior.

Mordie Kecney, ex-lieutenant in the Portland Fire Department, for setting the Lombard-street fire. At the end of two years, on condition of good behavior, Judge Gantenbein will recommend that he be paroled.

Web Is Widespread.

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Currier was the first man arrested, and it was his arrest last August that brought to the public eye the existence of the "arson syndicate," to uncover which District Attorney Evans and his deputies had been working since April. Evidence secured against Currier showed that the tentacles of the arson organization extended into California, and Indications were that its members operated actively in other states.

Currier was a contractor and builder of some standing. After he had been under arrest several days he made a statement to the authorities in which he acknowledged his gullt, and told of his operations in Oregon and California over a period of nine years.

Several others were implicated in his confession, but most of these were outside the state and could not be found. The Oakland, Cal., authorities, however, arrested Lester Burright and his wife, with whom Currier had operated in that city.

Investigations by Fire Marshal Stevens and the District Attorney's office

Investigations by Fire Marshal Stevens and the District Attorney's office continued vigorously, and, aithough the other members of the Currier gang could not be located, the officers succeeded in uncarthing an entirely fresh crew in Portland—one, however, that had operated with Currier, used exactly the same methods, and, in fact, had a sort of understanding with him, it was alleged.

Keeney, an ex-lieutenant in the Fire Department and ex-teammate of Fire Marshal Stevens bimself, was arrested by the fire marshal. Woollette and Akeyson also were arrested and indicted and made confessions. Keeney, however, "stood pat," and it took a tedlous week's trial to convict him. The methods of the "arson syndicate" here a similarity that would have suggested the existence of an organization if the officials had no outside evidence. Most frequently houses were built to burn in the outlying districts. A small payment was made on the property. The shell of a house was put up—and then the fire occurred. Casters, drawer handles, furniture

put up—and then the fire occurred.

Casters, drawer handles, furniture nails and broken cut glass were strewn on the floor so that, after the fire, the house was fully furnished.

A certain inflammable formula was found. Turpentine, linseed oll and varnish were mixed in such proportions that it would burn with a hot blaze, a quick one, and yet have substance enough to last some time.

The causes for the fires usually ascribed were that somebody fell down stairs with a lighted lamp, food boiled over on a stove and caused an explosion, and similar excuses.

Convictions Total Nine.

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The sentence of Currier, Keeney, Woollette and Akeyson makes the ninth conviction and sentence of firebugs in Portland since June 1. The others sentenced have been William Stewart, Fred W. Castle, Ben Tanaka, Philip Harris and Earl Mashburn.

Two more remain to face charges, and both of these are women. Mrs. Mary Kennedy, implicated with Keeney, is charged in an indictment with setting fire to her house at 1553 Wilbur atreet October 27, 1912.

The other is Mrs. Daisy Miller, who was arrested only Monday and is awaiting preliminary hearing She is alleged to have burned a house at 126 Thirteenth street on November 26, 1914.

Twenty-four fires, entailing losses to insurance companies of approximately \$50,000, have been positively laid at the door of the "arson syndicate" members now under sentence, and evidence in the hands of District Attorney Evans indicates that these are only a fraction of the number of fires for which the arsonists are responsible. arsonists are responsible.

List of Offenses Compiled. Among those which the convicted men and women have clearly estab-lished as incendiary are the following

fires:

1010—County line, Oakiand, Cal. \$1,050
1010—June 23, Firland Station 1,550
1010—Chark Station 1,200
1010—August, Fruitvale, Cal. 500
1010—Cuclober Fruitvale, Cal. 500
1011—San Jose, Cal. 700
1011—Manchester ave. Los Augustes 2,000
1011—July, Thirty-first and Holman sts. 4,000
1011—July, Thirty-first and Holman sts. 4,000
1012—April 18, Denver avenue. 1,550
1012—July, Marguerite street and Kli1012—July, Marguerite street and Kli1012—October 27, Kirby street 2,800
1012—October 27, Kirby street 2,800
1012—October 27, Montene Addition 1,000
1012—October 27, Montene Addition 1,000
1012—October 27, Seat Burnaide and
1013—January 5, East Burnaide and
1013—January 5, East Burnaide and
1013—February 1, McKinley Park. 1,000
1015—October 28, 1001 Powell Valley
1004
1005—November 13, Saginaw Heights 2,500

PIONEER STEEL CHIEF HERE

F. H. Buhl, Owner of Idaho Water Project. Is on Way to Fair.

A pioneer of the steel industry in Pennsylvania, F. H. Buhl, now retired, was a Portland visitor yesterday, trav-eling with a party in a private car en route to California. For almost half a century, Mr. Buhl was an ironmaster in

the Keystone State, but he has given up active business. He has extensive interests in the Pacific Northwest, being the head of the Twin Falls, Idaho, irrigation project, which was carried out by private capital, and is said to be about the only successful privately-owned irrigation scheme in the country. Mr. Buhl reports business exceptionally good in the steel manufacturing line in the East at present and says that many mills that had been shut down have been re-opened to take care of the great demand for war materials. Traveling with Mr. Buhl and his wife are Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Hadley, J. E. Wood and Fred A. Koehler, of Sharon, Pa.; Ira B. Bassett, of Hyannis, Mass., and R. S. Coon, of Boston,

that many mills that had been shut down have been re-opened to take care of the great demand for war materials. Traveling with Mr. Buhl and his wife with Mr

"I saw him with it; he's got it now,"
was the answer.

"How do you know it is your roll?"
was the next question.

"It looks just like mine," he said.
Explaining to the "knight of the road" that there are hundreds of blankets which look alike. Catlin determined to have the blankets identified before proceeding. Calling several hoboes together as a jury over the test, the officer rounded up the complaintant and the suspect. Banishing one while the jury heard the statements of the other, Catlin forced each man to tell exactly what articles were inside the supposedly stolen roll.

He then opened up the blanket roll and found it contained the articles in the man carrying it said it did and its contents did not tally with that of the roll stolen. The suspected thief was promptly discharged.

"How much money have you?" Catlin demanded of the complaintant. He was informed that \$1.50 represented this total assets.

"You are sentenced to spend that sum having graph for the crowd." plaintant and the suspend. Basistains, the search of the other, Catlin forced each survey. The search of the other, Catlin forced each survey. The search of the other, Catlin forced each survey. The search of the other, Catlin forced each survey. The search of the other, Catlin forced each survey. The search of the other, Catlin forced each survey. The search of the other, Catlin forced each survey. The search of the other, Catlin forced each survey. The search of the other, Catlin forced each survey. The search of the other, Catlin forced each survey. The search of the other catles are the search of the other catles and the other catles are the search of the other catles and the other catles are the other catles are the other catles and the other catles are the other catles and the other catles are the other catles are the other catles and the other catles are the other catles and the other catles are the other catles are the other catles and the other catles are the other catles are the other catles and the other catles are the other catles are the other catles are the other catles are the other catles

Makes Stubborn Coughs Vanish in a Hurry

Surprisingly Good Cough Syrup Easily and Chenply Made at Home

retary Redfield, were received at Southern Pacific headquarters in Portland yesterday by telegraph.

The text of the letter follows:

I have read your letter to me of November 5.

The reasons why the Pacific Mail could not continue to operate its trans-Pacific Mail could ships if the seaman's bill became a law would construe away the noxious provisions of the law the pacific Mail did not wait to see how you would construe away the noxious provisions of the law. The law speaks for itself, the men who advocated it and the men who advocated it so as to carry out their never been answered.

Objections Summed Up in Letter.

In a letter to President Wilson, July 6, 1914, I summarized the objections to the proposed levislation and extensions to the proposed levislation and extensions to the proposed levislation and extensions are Quoted.

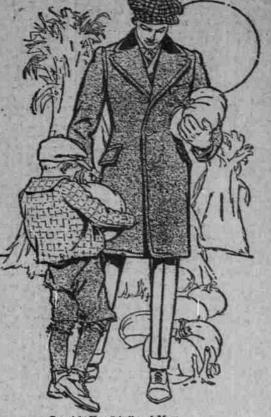
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