MUNITION BALANCE NOT AUSTRIA'S PLEA

Vienna Note Says Objection Is to Excessive Zeal Manifested in America.

NEW PLANTS PROTESTED

Concentration of Working Power to Aid Allies With War Supplies Declared to Present Situation in New Phase.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—The full text of Austria-Hungary's second note to the United States on the subject of shipments of munitions by American firms to Great Britain and her allies has been received in this country. It practically conforms to cable summaries. Austria's main argument is this:

"The imperial and royal government has in no way pleaded in favor of the principle of 'equalization.' As a matter of fact it did not base its suggestion concerning the exportation of war materials on the fact that it was not in a position itself to import war materials from the United States of America; even if both groups of belligerents were to share in the supply of war materials from the United States of America, the imperial and royal government would, nevertheless, maintain that the excessive exportation of war materials would be objectionable.

Creation of New Plants Protested.

"The imperial and royal government never thought of suggesting that, because Austria-Hungary cannot procure war materials from the territories of one neutral power, this disadvantage should be balanced by prohibiting the citizens of that neutral power to carry on a normal trade in contraband with the enemies of the dual monarchy. It, however, did protest against the creation of new and the extension of existing plants for the purpose of manufacturing and exporting war materials to such an extent that the economic life of the United States has practically, so to say, become militarized—if one can use a word that has been often wrongly applied.

"The concentration of a large part of the American working power toward one goal, namely, the supply of munitions of war, constitutes a 'fait nouveau' which invalidates any reference to allegedly similar cases in other wars; whether intended or not this concentration of the national working power constitutes a one-sided and effective support of one group of belligerents, all the more conspicuous since not even non-contraband goods are supplied from the United States to the other group of belligerents.

Former War Comparisons Rejected.

"A comparison with the former wars is all the more out of place, since those wars were waged between two single powers, or at least between groups of a few powers only. When munitions of war from one neutral country were supplied to one belligerent only, it was then possible for the latter's enemies to apply to other neutral countries. In the present war, however, the United States of America is the only power that can be effectively considered for such supplies. This circumstance further contributes to give to the exportation of munitions of war from the union a different and far more serious character than the exportation of contraband has ever had in the past.

"Since these various facts, unforeseen before, have become clearly manifest in the course of the present war only, the Austro-Hungarian government thinks it is justified to hold the opinion that, in accordance with the last paragraph of the preamble of the XIIIth convention, they should constitute a sufficient reason for modifying the regulations that govern the trade in contraband in the United States.

"The absolute and strict impartiality which the Washington Cabinet is anxious to observe, and, therefore, the abstaining of any direct or indirect assistance and support of one belligerent, are undoubtedly the right of a neutral power. If experience should teach that an embargo in any direction should in the course of the war become necessary to that end, then the power concerned is justified to modify its former policy of applying neutrality.

Power of Enforcement Asserted.

"The suggestion of the imperial and royal government concerning the supply of foodstuffs and raw materials was likewise not based on the assumption that a neutral government would be bound to compensate the advantages attained by one belligerent over the other by a system of non-intercourse with the former. The note of June 29 makes it clear that this suggestion was made solely for the purpose of pointing out to the Washington Cabinet which had declared that, as a consequence of the situation created by the war, it had become impossible for the United States of America to maintain its trade relations with the central powers, that it is within the power of the Federal Government to enforce such a possibility of trade relations.

"As a matter of fact, the trade between America and Austria-Hungary, at least with regard to non-contraband goods, has not been stopped by the naval successes of Great Britain and her allies, but by the unlawful decisions taken by the entente powers which, as the imperial and royal government has not called to learn, are also considered as unlawful by the Government of the United States of America.

Modifications Are Urged.

"It is not contended that were the Washington Cabinet to fall in with the views of the imperial and royal government the trade relations of the United States of America with both groups of belligerents would be less unequal than they are at present.

"The Imperial and royal government believes that an argument could all the less be therefrom derived against a suggestion admitted by a neutral power as justified from the point of view of neutrality and otherwise, since the Washington Cabinet certainly will not consider it as a duty of a neutral power to render its situation toward both belligerents as unequal as possible, or when such a state of inequality exists to undertake no steps whatever with a view to modify it."

Stamps Failure as Currency.

PETROGRAD, via London, Oct. 2—The use of stamps instead of coins recently authorized by the government because of the scarcity of small change, is proving inconvenient and the stamps probably will be replaced by small notes.

Doctor's Orders.

New York Mail.

Ray Rohn, the artist, appeared at the Pay-as-You-Enter Club the other day smoking a cigarette in a holder nearly a foot long.

"What's all this?" some one asked him. "Did your doctor tell you to keep away from cigarettes?"

SOME NOTABLES WHO ARE IN THE NEWS IN CONNECTION WITH CRISIS IN GREECE.

Top, Greek Royalties—Seated on Deck (Left to Right), His Majesty, the King of Greece; Sir Thomas Lipton, Allen Fullerton. Seated in Chairs (Left to Right), Sir Frederick Milner, Princess Alice of Greece, Her Majesty, the Queen of Greece; Mrs. Allen Fullerton. Standing (Left to Right), M. Mercati, Sir J. Elliot, Miss Minnie Cochrane, Colonel D. F. D. Neill, H. R. H. Princess Henry of Battenberg, H. R. H. the Grand Duchess George of Russia, H. R. H. Prince George of Greece, H. R. H. Prince Alexander of Greece, Victor Seymour Cochrane. Below, Premier Zaimis (Seated) and His Cabinet, Which Has Fallen.

CABINET IS FORMED

All Greek Ministers Except Premier Zaimis Retained.

CRISIS AT LEAST DELAYED

New Prime Minister, M. Skouloudis, Regarded as Favorably Disposed Toward Quadruple Entente. All Take Office.

ATHENS, via Paris, Nov. 7.—M. Skouloudis, commissioned by King Constantine to form a new Cabinet, has accomplished the task. All the members of the Zamais ministry are retained except the Premier himself.

The new Prime Minister has taken the portfolio of foreign affairs. The formation of the new Cabinet, it is generally assumed, will delay, if not eliminate, the crisis which probably would follow dissolution of the Chamber of Deputies by the King.

Ministers Take Oath.

The Cabinet is composed of the following ministers, who took the oath of office today:

Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Skouloudis.

Minister of Public Instruction, M. Michelidkis.

Minister of Justice and Communications, D. G. Rhallis.

Minister of Interior, M. Gounaris.

Minister of National Economy, M. Thetokis.

Minister of War, General Yanakitsas.

Minister of Marine, Admiral Countouriotis.

Minister of Finance, Stephen Dragoumis.

Besides the Premier M. Michelidkis is the only new member of the Cabinet. The office he takes formerly was held by M. Theotokis, who becomes Minister of National Economy, a new post.

Press Opposes Dissolution.

The press urges the advisability of going on without a dissolution of Parliament and new general elections.

M. Skouloudis is not a deputy, but is registered as an able diplomat, known chiefly for the part he played in the London peace conference in 1913, after the Balkan war. He was Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Rhallis Cabinet in 1897. He is reputed to be favorably disposed toward the quadruple entente.

BOARD TO PASS ON BUDGET

School Directors May Meet Today to Consider Items Passed.

As the school law requires that first publication of the school budget be made November 10, the members of the board will have to meet either today or tomorrow to approve the items passed by the joint committee last Friday.

As the budget now stands there will be a probable levy of 6.6 mills, a levy that will give to the district, upon the valuation of school property as closely as can be ascertained at present, approximately $1,925,000.

The budget will comply with the provisions of the Bingham law, as interpreted by Tax Commissioner Galloway, requiring that any levy shall not exceed the maximum of the preceding two years, plus an increase of 6 per cent.

BREAK FROM BRYAN ON

(Continued From First Page.)

single man to lead the fight. In former years he relied on the friendship of Speaker Clark, Ollie James, of Kentucky; Henry T. Rainey, of Illinois; Hammond of Minnesota and others. But he alienated Speaker Clark at Baltimore when he brought about the nomination of Woodrow Wilson; Ollie James is in the Senate; Rainey, is behind the President for preparedness and Hammond is now Governor of Minnesota.

No Leader Is Bryanite.

Among all the influential members of the lower house, there is not a single man who can be classed now as a Bryanite. It is not expected he can get a foothold in the Senate.

Should he see fit to do it, the President will have cloture to use as a vote-getter among the Republicans. It is not expected that the Republican Senators will play politics with the question of National preparedness, and most of them are on record as favoring better National defense. But should they attempt delay to secure concessions from the Administration, the President can withdraw his support from cloture, which the Republicans oppose, if they assent to early action in his preparedness programme.

The Democratic majority, with known affirmative votes among the Republicans, precludes any idea of defeat of these measures in the Senate, and Bryan's defeat there will be decisive.

SCIENTIST SET FREE

Speaking French Not "Gross Nuisance" in Berlin.

LORRAINE GIRL PUNISHED

References to Prussian Soldiers as "Boches" Construed as Insult and Sentence of Imprisonment Imposed.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—After two sensational trials, the first of which resulted in a conviction, Professor Dr. Oscar Vogt, director of the royal neurobiological institute and one of the most distinguished scientists of Germany, has been acquitted of the charge of "gross nuisance," in that he spoke in French on the street, and assaulted Pastor Kettner when the latter protested against the use of the foreign tongue.

The facts concerning the alleged assault, even at the first trial, soon faded into the background, and the whole issue hinged on the question of whether or not a court would rule for or against the public use of French. Justice Westermann, in deciding for Professor Vogt, declares that no nuisance has been committed, that Professor Vogt did not speak French with the intention of insulting or hurting the feelings of anyone, and that he had the right to assume that those whom he might meet "carry patriotism in their heart, not on their tongue."

The conviction and sentence to five months' imprisonment of Cabriele Barthel, a Lorraine girl, for having insulted the Prussian army by referring to its members as "boches," has aroused an even greater wave of discussion that gradually has extended all over Germany.

Legal lights even have been called upon to render an opinion as to whether the word "boche" really is an insult or not, and the answer without exception, backed up by judicial decisions, is that the spirit in which it is uttered determines the innocence or guilt of the speaker.

Judge Horch, of Mayence, has been appealed to for a decision regarding the word, and from a variety of precedents, largely French, he unhesitatingly declares it is an insult, even though its inherent meaning be not so.

WAR HEARD OF YEAR LATE

Englishman Returns From Far North to Enlist as Aviator.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1—John Eaton, an English mechanical engineer, who arrived from Lake Harbor, Baffin Land, away up in latitude 64, where the midnight sun is a familiar sight and the days are mighty long, spent more than two whole days, or about a year, as a boss or factor of a Hudson Bay Company factory before he heard of the big war.

He was the only white man at the station and therefore the only man who was interested in doings of civilization. The Indians and Eskimos with him did not care a continental about the disturbance in the remote and intemperate zones so long as they got enough to eat.

Eaton was much upset by the news and decided after he heard it from his relief, who arrived on the ice breaker Nudcopia, that he would return immediately to England and enlist. He said he probably would join the aviation corps, being a mechanical engineer.

German Idea of Liberty.

Charles W. Eliot, in Atlantic.

The government of Germany is the most autocratic in Europe. It has always been so in Prussia; and since German unification in 1871 that description applies to the whole of Germany. One of the most extraordinary phenomena in connection with this ferocious war is the unanimous opinion among German scholars, historians, statesmen and diplomats that—as was lately said to me in a letter from a German friend—"We Germans are just as free as you Americans are." They really believe that. This unanimous opinion is a complete demonstration of the effect of the autocratic government which has long existed in Germany on the spirit and temper of the German people as a whole. They do not know what political and social liberty is. They have no conception of such liberty as we enjoy. They know nothing at all about the liberty that England has won through Parliamentary government, through party government. Their complete ignorance on that subject is the explanation of the fatal mistake the German government made in going to war last Summer before they knew what England was going to do, or could do. The German government believed thoroughly that in the existing condition of party government in England, with the Ulster disturbance unsettled and the trades union difficulties on hand, England not only would not go to war, but could not. One could not have a better illustration of the complete ignorance of the German people as to what political and social liberty is.

More than 200,000 acres of land are devoted to cocoanut growing in the Federated Malay states.

BULGARS TRYING TO ENVELOP FRENCH

Serbians Said to Be Holding Position in Pass Against Heavy Assaults.

MORE BRITISH ARE LANDING

Additional Facilities Granted at Saloniki After Negotiations With Greece—Much Booty Captured at Kraguyevatz.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—A devision of 25,000 Bulgarians is attempting to envelop the French force in the Valandovi region, according to information from Bulgarian soldiers obtained by a Greek outpost, says a Reuter dispatch from Saloniki.

A Serbian official is quoted as declaring the Serbs are holding firm at Babuna Pass, where all Bulgarian onslaughts have been repulsed. The pass is said to be piled deep with Bulgarian dead.

A n important British contingent was landed Saturday at Saloniki, where additional landing facilities have been granted the allies after negotiations with the Greek authorities.

AMSTERDAM, via London, Nov. 7.—According to a dispatch to the Cologne Gazette from Kraguyevatz, the Serbian town taken recently by the Teutonic forces the Germans captured considerable booty in the chief arsenal of the Serbians in Kraguyevatz. The value of the stores of metal, oil and rubber is estimated from $6,000,000 to $10,000,000.

It is said that the ammunition factory was working up to the last moment the town was taken. Outside Kraguyevatz are 14 buildings filled to th eroofs with finished ammunition, it is said.

PRIMARY INTEREST LOW

FEW MORE THAN HALF OF VANCOUVER VOTERS REGISTERED.

Twenty-six Candidates in Races for Nominations for Eight Offices; Republicans in Majority.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Nov. 7.—(Special.)—Little interest is being taken by local voters in the primary to be held Tuesday to nominate candidates for city offices, although there are 26 candidates for the eight offices, most of them being Republicans.

About 2100 of 4000 voters have registered and the books close tomorrow night. Mayor Evans is a candidate to succeed himself, and is opposed by John P. Wineberg, Republican; R. C. Sugg, Republican ticket, and Mrs. E. C. Burrows, Socialist ticket.

Others who have filed are:

Councilman-at-Large—Charles W. Davis, Christian Engleman, F. W. Beatty, J. E. Carter, all Republicans, and L. L. Hatch, Socialist.

Councilman, Third Ward—C. W. Newcomb, Republican.

Councilman, Fourth Ward—F. B. Redlell, W. R. Jackson, Frederick Mathys and J. B. Atkinson, all Republicans.

Councilman, Fifth Ward—Andye Johnson, G. B. Percival, C. A. McDonah, all Republicans.

Councilman, Sixth Ward—Edward H. Mackey and George B. Stoner, Republicans, and F. W. Fouts, Democrat.

City Attorney—George M. Davidson, Republican, and George B. Simpson, Democrat.

City Treasurer—Otto F. Zumsteg, Republican.

City Clerk—Robert E. Brady, Republican.

GREAT MILITARY LEADERS

Present War Has Not Produced Grant, Lee or Lincoln.

Worcester (Mass. Post.

Lord Northcliffe in a recent statement admitted frankly that the present European war had not produced a Lincoln, Grant, Lee or Jackson. He laid particular stress upon the fact that the Civil War had produced more than one military genius and that the European war in this respect as yet had been barren.

Curiously enough, the two Generals who are receiving the greatest praise on the sides of the allies are noted for their masterly retreats. It was for this that Joffre received great praise and so it is now that Grand Duke Nicholas, extricating the Russian forces in their backward movement, is acclaimed.

Joffre without a doubt saved Paris from investment. The Grand Duke's strategy saved the Russian forces from annihilation. Both these Generals at previous times were likewise successful in attacking, but they have been bound hand and foot by the lack of ammunition.

On the side of the Germans, the Generals who have obtained greatest fame are Von Hindenburg, Von Kluck, Von Mackensen and Von Bulow. Each in his turn has been amazingly successful, but each has been backed by an army superior to that of the enemy, and it remains to be seen whether any one of them will take rank with Grant or Lee.

The evidence indicates that the wars of today and tomorrow will not be won by individual strategic accomplishment. Munitions and preparedness are the greatest captains. The battles that America will fight in the future are being won or lost today—in the American arsenals and munition factories, in the limitations upon the standing army, in the nature of the coast defenses and in the manner in which Congress provides for a greater Navy.

SON BORN TO BRAGANZAS

Mrs. Saint Cyr Hears Daughter, Formerly Anita Stewart, Has Son.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Cable dispatches to Mrs. Jean H. St. Cyr, at Greenbrier, W. Va., announced she has become the grandmother of a Prince. A son has been born to her daughter, the Duchess of Vizen, wife of Prince Miguel de Braganza. The Duchess and the little Prince are said to be doing well at the castle of the Grand Duchess of Baden, where the birth took place.

Princess de Bragazan was formerly Anita Stewart, one of America's beauties. She was the stepdaughter of the late James Henry ("Silent") Smith. Upon his death her mother married Jean St. Cyr about a year ago.

Abbotsford, Scott's Home.

Travel Magazine.

If any other literary man ever owned a home more magnificent than this romantic palace of Sir Walter Scott, the globe-trotters haven't heard of it. From everywhere in Scotland came stones and carvings and metals to adorn it, and the construction of Abbotsford went on slowly and fantastacally, after the fashion of a rambling cathedral. Scott became the sheriff of the county, the King's local representative, and delighted to have the place always crowded with guests. The armory and the drawing room are so rich in curios that many visitors describe Abbotsford as the most interesting museum in Scotland. The novelist's study and his library are just as he left them. The 20,000 books which bank the walls of these two rooms from the floors to the beams of the ceilings did not lose their usefulness at his death; to persons with the proper credentials they are available for circulation.

Portland Wakes Up

NOW for the big double event at Hotel Multnomah for tomorow, Tuesday, November 9—one of which events will mark the awakening of Portland and the beginning of a new epoch in the city's playtime period.

First, the new Gold Room (formerly the Blue Room), newly furnished and decorated in gold, will open permanently for breakfast, lunch, dinner and supper guests.

Second, at 6 P. M. sharp, the Ball Room will open with

A Dinner Dance

The walls will be banked with dining tables and a space reserved in the center for dancing.

Tables by reservation.

Informal.

H. C. Bonces, Mgr.

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HAZEL DAWN

"At Her Best" in This Very Remarkable Paramount Production of Henry Arthur Jones' Famous Play

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And see that the soap you use is Poslam soap, the absolutely safe soap for tender, sensitive skin.

For samples, send 4c. stamps to Emergency Laboratories, 32 West 25th St., New York City. Sold by all Druggists.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

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The General says:—

"There are different ways of speculating—and one of the easiest ways to burn up your money is to buy an unknown grade, a 'just as good' grade on a fake-guaranteed grade of roofing."

Certain-teed Roofing

A man without money or responsibility can "guarantee" anything without running any financial risk—but when the maker of Certain-teed Roofing puts his big manufacturing plants behind his guarantee, it means something to you as the purchaser of roofing—that's why you should insist on Certain-teed.

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