



FRENCH COALITION CABINET IS FORMED

Example of Britain Is Followed Closely.

OLD AND YOUNG ARE UNITED

All Nation's History Since Napoleon III Represented.

PERSONNEL IS REMARKABLE

General Gallieni and Admiral La Caze Supplant Civilians in War and Marine and Cambon Has Important Secretaryship.

PARIS, Oct. 29.—A new French Cabinet, headed by Aristide Briand as Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs, came into existence tonight.

Deep Popular Sentiment Felt. The action taken today in forming the Cabinet was the culmination of a deep popular sentiment that at the supreme crisis of the war party division should give way to united action by all the parties in common support of the government.

The resulting coalition is remarkable in personnel, including such venerable figures as Charles de Freycinet, who was one of Gambetta's aides in the upheaval of 1870; Jules Meunier, an ex-Premier, who instituted the protective system of France, and Leon Bourgeois, who is known as the "grand old man of the Radical party."

Elders and Younger Men Represented. The modern element is represented by leaders of all the political groups of the country. Thus the new coalition brings together France's elder and younger statesmen, and in personnel represents all the history of modern France since the fall of Napoleon III.

The new Cabinet also is noteworthy in having the popular military leader, General Gallieni, as the head of the War Office, and Rear-Admiral La Caze as head of the Ministry of Marine, both of them replacing civilians.

The extent of the coalition is shown by the representations from the various parties. The Radical party is represented by M. Bourgeois and M. Combes, ex-Premiers, and Rene Renoult, one of the foremost parliamentary leaders of the party.

Socialist Head Among Members. The Socialist group is represented by Jules Guesde, who has been the Socialist head since the death of Jean Leon Juarez, and by Marcel Sembat and Albert Thomas.

The Democratic left has as members Gabriel Guisthau and Joseph Thierry, while the Radical left has Etienne Clementel as its representative. The Royalist and Clerical element is represented by Denys Cochin.

This embraces all the parties and groups in Parliament, which have been for years arrayed against each other. Freycinet, Meunier and Alexandre Ribot belonged to the old school of moderate tendencies and are not identified with any of the parliamentary groups.

The designation of Jules Cambon, ex-Ambassador at Washington, Madrid and Berlin, as secretary-general to the Minister of Foreign Affairs is another innovation in the new cabinet, as it places an Ambassador of wide experience for the first time in responsible direction of foreign questions.

Selections Quickly Made. The organization of the new Cabinet was rapidly completed during the day. The old Cabinet headed by M. Viviani resigned at 11 o'clock and within half an hour M. Briand had been named.

Miner Leaves 500 Residents of Canyon City Drinkless.

BAKER, Or., Oct. 29.—(Special).—The 500 people of Canyon City were without water, either for drinking or fire protection, all night because a miner unwittingly used up the city water.

GERMANS "FLYING KITES", SAYS BRITON

SUYDENHAM THINKS PEACE HINTS NOT IMPROBABLE.

Desire to Show Neutrals That Allies Will Be Responsible for Continued Slaughter Credited.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Confessing that he had no information which led him to feel certain that current reports regarding peace overtures are true, Lord Sydenham thinks that they are not at all improbable.

"I should say," he says, in an interview in the Pall Mall Gazette, "that the overtures were mainly inspired by the now certain impossibility of German success in the west and the growing difficulties of the misconceived and dangerous advance into Russia. From first to last, the Germans have not won a great military success."

"Without in the least wishing to underestimate the tremendous difficulties that lie before us and the great efforts which are still essential on the part of the allies, it does not seem unreasonable to suppose that the Germans may consider the time has come to fly kites indicating, at least apparently, their desire for immediate peace, although they may have another motive."

"By this I mean a desire to intimidate to neutrals the ally's have arrived at the whole responsibility for the further horrors of war must rest with the allies."

MR. HAWLEY GOES EAST

Member of Congress Does Not Expect to Return for Oregon Primaries.

SALEM, Or., Oct. 29.—(Special).—W. C. Hawley, representative in Congress from this district, left Salem today for Washington to attend the meetings of the joint Congressional committee on rural credits next month.

During the recess of Congress Mr. Hawley has traveled through all of the 17 counties in the district except Curry. Mr. Hawley said he did not expect to return to Oregon for the primary election next May unless Congress adjourns before then. However, he said he would be a candidate for renomination.

BRITISH ARMY IS HEALTHY

Percentage of Disease Lower Than in Time of Peace.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—England's splendid sanitation and the unprecedented healthfulness of the British army is a saving feature in England's status in the present war, according to a statement by Sir James Crichton-Browne, an eminent medical authority, before the Sanitary Inspectors' Association today.

"With a larger army in the field than ever before," the speaker said, "the percentage of disease is lower than in time of peace."

POPE PROTESTS AIR RAID

Representations Made to Austria Following Attack on Venice.

ROME, via Paris, Oct. 29.—The Corriere d'Italia says Pope Benedict has made representations to the Austrian government as a result of the recent air raid over Venice.

HOOD RIVER AUTUMN MILD

Flowers Bloom Luxuriously and Breezes Are Balm.

HOOD RIVER, Or., Oct. 29.—(Special).—With Thanksgiving but three weeks distant, rose gardens of the city and valley are in full bloom. Shasta daisies in numerous gardens are still blooming luxuriantly, and several flower fanciers at this late date are exhibiting bouquets of sweet peas.

RATE ATTEMPT PROTESTED

Salem Objects to Portland Lumbermen's Efforts for Preferential.

SALEM, Or., Oct. 29.—(Special).—Efforts of the Portland Lumbermen's Association to gain for Portland preferential freight rates over Willamette Valley points will be regarded as "deliberately unfriendly and in derogation of the welfare of the state at large," in the view of the Salem Commercial Club.

SUFFRAGE NOT INDORSED

Georgia Club and Temperance Women Reject Resolutions.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 29.—After an animated debate the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs today tabled a resolution endorsing votes for women.

COVINGTON, Ga., Oct. 29.—The Georgia Woman's Christian Temperance Union, in annual convention here, today voted down an amendment to the by-laws providing that it should work for suffrage.

ALLIES WARN CHINA AGAINST MONARCHY

Japan Tells Peking to Delay Action.

PEACE IN FAR EAST DESIRED

England, France and Russia Join in Representations.

UNITED STATES IS ALOOF

Chinese Foreign Minister Says Vote Has Been Called For and That Delay in Crowning Yuan Would Invite Rebellion.

TOKIO, Oct. 29.—Official announcement was made by the Foreign Office today that Japan had requested China to postpone the project for re-establishment of a monarchical form of government.

The Foreign Office statement lays emphasis on the assertion that if Yuan Shi Kai maintains the status quo and continues progressive policies order will be completely restored, but expresses the fear that the move to form a monarchy will seriously endanger the interests of the powers, especially those of Japan.

Allies Join in Warning. It is understood that Great Britain, France and Russia have made similar representations. The Foreign Office statement declares an undercurrent of opposition to a monarchy exists among the Chinese, and that it is far stronger than has been imagined. In fact, the Foreign Office says, a feeling of unrest is spreading in all parts of China.

Emphasis is placed on the strong desire of Japan that peace shall prevail in the Orient, especially in this era of war among the people of the Occident. It is said that the warning is vouchsafed in solemn, but not threatening, terms.

The Foreign Office praises the administration of President Yuan Shi Kai, but fears the sudden move to re-establish the monarchy is likely, in view of the widespread opposition, to cause disorders such as would endanger the future of China.

Chinese Say Revolt is Feared. China's reply, made to the Japanese Charge d'Affaires at Jeklin by Foreign Minister Lu Cheng Hsing, is said to have indicated that the government, having called on the people to vote, would not delay action if they decided in favor of a return to the monarchical form. Delay in crowning Yuan, it was said, would cause a revolt and give Japan an excuse to land troops.

Lu Cheng Hsing said that it appeared that there were no votes against reestablishment of the monarchy. Comment: (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

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The Weather. YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 35 degrees, minimum, 50 degrees. TODAY'S—Saturday partly cloudy and occasionally threatening weather; southerly winds. War. Coalition Cabinet formed in France. Page 1. Lord Sydenham thinks Germany may be flying kites. Page 2. French troops invade Bulgaria. Page 2. Mexico. American troops repulse attack by Mexican bandits. Page 2. Foreign. King George thrown from his horse in France. Page 2. China warned by allies against establishing monarchy. Page 2. Domestic. J. P. Morgan undergoes operation for appendicitis. Page 2. Investigation of German bomb plot continues. Page 2. 75,000 drawn to Exposition Klamath day. Page 2. Sport. Oregon Aggies enjoy first "well rest" in week and are ready for game today. Page 10. Jefferson routes Franklin, 46 to 0. Page 11. Washington State College will play Idaho today. Page 11. Football score predictions made on games to be played today. Page 11. Pacific Northwest. Vancouver dinner marked by enthusiasm. Page 6. Big Seattle fire said to incendiary—One arrested made. Page 7. Quick relief in Western Oregon for cars is demanded to save complete tieup. Page 12. Idaho man slays four in family. Page 1. Commercial and Marine. Milling wheat sells at advance in local market. Page 17. Wheat higher at Chicago on denial of peace rumors. Page 17. Broad and active demand for all classes of steel. Page 17. Steamer Columbia is hit and damaged by rock barge in fog on river. Page 14. Portland and Vicinity. Health Bureau attacked by budget committee. Page 2. Halloween observance at Land Show will be height of week's entertainment. Page 15. Two lots at Sixth and Stark streets optioned for \$275,000. Page 11. Injunction stops trial of John Eastman, grocer. Page 1. Weather report, data and forecasts. Page 13.

WILSON GAY IN COURTING

Bodyguard Spurred as President Goes to Visit Fiancee.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—(Special).—President Wilson spent most of this afternoon at the home of his fiancee, Mrs. Edith Bolling Galt. He went there unaccompanied by even the secret service bodyguard. There were few standing about the little house, and few recognized in the gay-spirited, active man the President of the United States. Mrs. Galt is going out to town tomorrow, and it is surmised she will pay a visit to New York. The President will join her after he casts his vote in New Jersey.

PARTY COMMITTEES CALLED

Democrats Meet December 7, Republicans on 14th, in Washington.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Chairmen of both the Democratic and Republican National committees tonight issued calls for meetings in Washington to select cities for the coming conventions. The Democrats will meet on December 7 and the Republicans December 14.

Kaiser's Million in England Denied.

AMSTERDAM, via London, Oct. 29.—The North German Gazette, the official organ of the German government, denies a report in circulation that Emperor William has a private credit of \$1,000,000 in the Bank of England. (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

AX SWINGS AGAIN IN BUDGET SESSION

Health Bureau Items Slashed.

2 INSPECTORS ARE DROPPED

Attempt to Cut Salary of Dr. Marcellus Fails.

MR. BIGELOW IS LEADER

Major Albee Charges That Two Departments Are Singled Out for Unfair Attacks and Personalities Freely Indulged In.

Commissioner Bigelow headed a crusade with Commissioners Baker and Daly as his aides against Mayor Albee's budget of proposed 1916 expenditures yesterday, until a lively Council fuss was stirred up.

Accusations by the Mayor that the trio forming a majority of the Council were going down the line against the departments of the two Commissioners not in on the "economy triumvirate" were made, denied, reiterated and denied again. Personalities became the rule.

Health Bureau Brings Crisis.

The fogs came after the "crusaders" had waded once more through the budget of Mayor Albee's Health Bureau and on top of the slaughter of jobs made some time ago, added two more scalps to the list, attempted to cut the salary of City Health Officer Marcellus and cut items for supplies with a ruthless hand.

The Mayor bore this all patiently with only occasional protests until the same tactics were started on the next budget, that of the Municipal Court, also in charge of the Mayor. Then he revolted.

Partisanship is Charged.

"Look here now, Mr. Bigelow," said the Mayor hotly, "you are going altogether too far. I object to this proposition of cutting without regard in two of the city departments when the same course is not being followed in the others. One or two departments (and he referred to his own and that of Commissioner Dieck, who are the minority members of the Council), are cut lavishly and items which are identical in other departments are allowed to stand. If you want economy there is no reason why two departments should stand all the loss. It looks to me like a prearranged plan."

"It certainly is not prearranged on my part," replied Mr. Bigelow. "It certainly looks like it," said the Mayor. "You are jumping on two departments and it isn't right."

Mr. Baker Jumps In.

"But listen here," interposed Mr. Baker. "You have submitted budgets with items here which are not needed. (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

WHO MAN SLAYS FOUR IN FAMILY

WIFE'S PARENTS, BROTHER AND OWN BABE SHOT DOWN.

Woman, With Three Other Children, Flees From House and Poses Scour Hills for Murderer.

BOISE, Idaho, Oct. 29.—William Cameron, of Carey, Idaho, shot and killed Mr. and Mrs. John Adamson, his wife's parents; their son, W. L. Adamson, and his own child, aged 18 months, at the home of the Adamsons tonight.

He fled to the hills, and poses are now in pursuit. Cameron's wife started divorce proceedings against him recently. He went to the home of her parents to see her today, and, falling in this, he killed everyone in the house. Cameron formerly ran a hotel and livery barn in Carey, but was unemployed of late. When he came to his father-in-law's house he entered the kitchen door. Mr. Adamson forbade his entrance and started to eject him, when Cameron began to shoot, first killing his father-in-law and shooting down his mother-in-law, brother-in-law and the baby in turn. When the shooting began, Mrs. Cameron fled from the house with the three older children and no trace of her has been found.

Mr. Adamson was one of the principal owners of the Blaine Co-operative Mercantile Company in Carey, which was run by himself and his sons. The family consisted of four boys and three girls. They came to Carey 18 years ago from Cache City, Utah.

District Judge Dayton, Deputy District Attorney Mowry and a jury of six prominent business men suddenly woke up yesterday afternoon to the fact that they were in contempt of the Circuit Court in proceeding with the trial of John Eastman on a charge of keeping his grocery store open on Sunday.

The situation had arisen through a misunderstanding of the contents of an injunction issued by Judge Gatens earlier in the day, restraining the further prosecution of grocers until the Circuit Court shall have disposed of the appeal of Dan Kellaher, convicted a few days ago and fined \$25.

A jury had been selected after tedious examination and A. C. Roberts, the state's first witness, was on the stand when Judge Dayton was informed of the actual contents of the injunction, of which law had previously heard but the wording of which he had not examined closely.

Friday's War Moves

THE Germans, with their Austrian and Bulgarian allies, are still making an attempt to cut off the retreat of the main Serbian army, which is offering spirited resistance to the invaders. While Field Marshal von Mackensen's force advances slowly from the north the Austrians have crossed the western border of Serbia south of Vlasgrad and are moving eastward and the Bulgarians are marching westward on a wide front from Pirot, which lies southeast of Nish, to Zajecar, to the northeast of Nish.

It is a long way across and the country is difficult to traverse, but the Serbians are bound to defend it as long as possible, as their great arsenal at Kragevatz is situated in this area and they doubtless will hold on with the hope of making an eventual retirement in the mountains along the Montenegrin frontier and in that country.

To forestall this, the Austrians also are attacking in Montenegro, but have made little progress, as the Montenegrins, under their veteran fighting King, have had a long time to prepare for just such an event, and thus far have held all attempts to throw them back. In fact, the Montenegrins hold some strong positions in Austrian territory, out of which they will have to be driven before their own country is invaded.

There is no change in the southern area of Serbia, for as is known, the report that Uekup had been recaptured is not confirmed. The Bulgarians are reported to have recaptured Velez from the Serbs, which would make the retention of Uekup more probable. French troops are said to have occupied Strumitsa and to have penetrated Bulgarian territory about 20 miles.

In what other way Serbia is to be assisted has not yet been disclosed. Some British troops are co-operating with the French in the south, and others are on the way, but where they will be used remains a secret. Kussalia's plans also have not been disclosed, although from German sources it is reported that Roumania is about to throw in her lot with the entente allies and will allow the passage of a half million Russian troops through her territory to attack Bulgaria from the north.

Greece has assured the entente powers that her neutrality remains friendly to them and has pointed out that she already has given them assistance by permitting the landing of their troops at Salonki.

On the other fronts there is little or no change in the situation. In the west artillery engagements remain the chief method of warfare, although there has been some trench fighting in the east the battle is still raging for Riga and Dvinsk, which for nearly two months Field Marshal von Hindenburg has been endeavoring to reach, first from one point and then from another. During the past week the Germans have poured a rain of shells on the Russian positions along a front of 150 miles from the mouth of the Dvina to the south of Dvinsk, but, although the Russians are falling back a little in the north, they have generally held firm and returned shot for shot, which is taken to indicate that their supply of ammunition is now satisfactory.

Through the lake district between Dvinsk and Sventsyany, the Russians are steadily advancing and are approaching the Vilna-Dvinsk railway. In the south they also continue harrying the Austro-Germans by frequent thrusts. Emperor Nicholas and his son are visiting General Ivanoff in this region.

As the Germans are reported to have sent a part of General von Linsingen's army from this region to the Roumanian frontier to guard against a Roumanian attack on Field Marshal von Mackensen's forces in Serbia, important events are looked for along the Stry and in Galicia.

Turks bombard Odessa. United States protests detention of copper cargoes by British. C. M. Foley, accused as spy by British, on trial in England. Turkish and Russian fleets engage in battle in Odessa harbor.

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HIGHER COURT ENDS TRIAL OF GROGER

Eastman Case Held Up by Injunction.

JURORS DENOUNCE DETECTIVES

R. G. Duncan Regrets Spoiling of Plans for "Clean Up."

"NECESSITY" ISSUE EARLY

Judge Gatens Restrains Officers From Further Arrests or Prosecutions of Grocers Till Kellaher Appeal Settled.

District Judge Dayton, Deputy District Attorney Mowry and a jury of six prominent business men suddenly woke up yesterday afternoon to the fact that they were in contempt of the Circuit Court in proceeding with the trial of John Eastman on a charge of keeping his grocery store open on Sunday.

The situation had arisen through a misunderstanding of the contents of an injunction issued by Judge Gatens earlier in the day, restraining the further prosecution of grocers until the Circuit Court shall have disposed of the appeal of Dan Kellaher, convicted a few days ago and fined \$25.

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Eastman Case Included.

In addition to enjoining the further arrest or indictment of Mr. Kellaher it went on to say that neither he nor any similarly situated should be "further molested" until the determination of his appeal.

There was a hurried conference with Judge Gatens, who held that the order covered the Eastman trial, and then Judge Dayton resumed the bench in his own court and dismissed the jury, making an elaborate explanation of how it had happened that all those engaged in the trial were in contempt of Judge Gatens' court, a superior tribunal.

Mr. Mowry added the explanation that Mr. Kellaher had not intended to interfere with the Eastman trial, in which statement Mr. Kellaher concurred and said that George Hall, attorney for Eastman, had reported that Judge Gatens had said it wouldn't interfere.

Order Not Read Carefully.

Here Mr. Hall explained that he had spoken to Judge Gatens about it, and that the Judge had simply said that the order was there in contempt of court, out of the maze of statements it finally developed that no one had carefully read the order, which had been drawn by the law firm of Hall & Lepper. There were mutual apologies and postponement.

The restraining order was granted with the express consent of the District Attorney's office, Judge Gatens refusing to sign it until Mr. Evans had said positively that he wanted it. It was first reported to Judge Gatens that the District Attorney's office "has no objection." This he refused to accept, saying that no one should undertake to enjoin a public official in the discharge of his duty.

Further Trials Declared Useless.

Finally, Deputy District Attorney Murphy returned with the declaration that Mr. Evans considered that continuing prosecutions would be wasting the public money, as all the cases will hinge on the outcome of the Kellaher appeal.

Circuit Judge Guttenbein has set the hearing of Kellaher's appeal for Saturday, November 6. So far, the restraining order signed by Judge Gatens extends only till the determination of this appeal.

The jury which would have returned a verdict in the Eastman case, had the trial been continued, consisted of W. L. Morgan, T. J. Kaddery, Martin Ready, A. Neppach, A. B. Slauson and C. M. Foley.

A. B. Stoppenbach was excused after he had expressed such an aversion to "steal pigeons" that he declared it wouldn't be safe to let him continue on the jury if the state's witnesses, A. C. Roberts and A. W. Akerhelm, were to sit close to him in testifying.

Juror Excused Without Parley. Mr. Stoppenbach sat next to the witness box, being the first man called. He expressed first strong antagonism to the Sunday-closing law as such. When asked if he would allow the motives of Roberts and Akerhelm to sway him if he was satisfied that the law actually had been violated, he inquired: "Are those fellows going to sit in that box next to me in testifying?" "Yes," responded Judge Dayton. "Well, then, I guess you had better excuse me," he said with considerable emphasis, and his request was granted without further parley.

Mr. Mowry encountered strong opposition to the prosecution all the way through, four of the six men finally selected being strongly opposed to them, and the other two, A. B. Slauson and C. M. Foley, especially the latter, being only lukewarm. Mr. Slauson said, however, that he believed in a day of rest from an economic (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

