

BERLIN GETS PLANS OF AMERICAN FORTS

"Count's" Indictment for Bigamy May Supply Clew to State Secret.

SOME OF DETAILS KNOWN

Chauffeur in Livery Closely Resembling Uniform Worn by National Figures in Case That Is Filled With Mystery.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—With the indictment today of Max Lynar, also known as Count Max Lynar, London on charge of bigamy, United States Secret Service agents began an investigation of the recent alleged activities of a man who, under the name of Lynar, is said to have done confidential work in this country last June and July on behalf of the German and Austrian governments.

Their investigation embraced a report that detailed plans and sketches of certain fortifications around New York harbor had been sent to Berlin by two secret messengers aboard a steamship which sailed from this port for Rotterdam in July.

Steamship Vainly Searched. This steamship was searched at Falmouth, England, it was reported, for the messengers, whose presence aboard had been cabled to the British Admiralty, but they were not found.

The ship then proceeded to Rotterdam, it was said, where she was searched again by the British there. The messengers were reported to have eluded the British Consul, landed in Rotterdam with the plans of the forts in their possession and proceeded thence to the German capital.

The name of one of the messengers, the steamer on which they are said to have made their trip and the date of their departure from New York and arrival at Rotterdam were in the possession of the Secret Service.

Investigation in Progress. The investigation is being conducted with a view of determining just what plans were carried to Berlin by the passengers and through what agencies they were obtained.

Max Lynar London's application for an American passport was made, it was said, after the departure of this vessel from New York. The man known as Lynar remained in New York after the alleged messengers sailed secretly from this port. It is not known whether Max Lynar and the man known as Lynar were relatives, nor is there anything to connect them further than the similarity in their names.

Months Talk With Chauffeur. The Secret Service agents who have been investigating London's past life have talked with Norbert Fuller, at one time London's chauffeur. Fuller was dressed in livery so like the uniform of the National Guard that he was arrested last July at the instance of a National Guardsman.

Fuller set at rest a report that a chauffeur dressed as a United States soldier had obtained admission to the New York harbor and had made secret plans of them.

When Fuller was arrested his employer wrote a letter to the District Attorney protesting against the arrest. This letter, found today in the District Attorney's files, was signed Rochus M. Zu Lynar. The signature suggested the name of Count Rochus Zu Lynar, a resident of Berlin and well known in diplomatic circles. Count Rochus Zu Lynar is said to be about 60 years old. The prisoner is 45.

A copy of the application for the marriage license issued to the husband, which was used when he married his present wife, shows, the Secret Service men assert, that the prisoner was married under the name of Albert Maritz, Count de Passy, a native of Stuttgart, Germany. He gave his age as 42.

LUSITANIA VICTIM SUES

WOMAN CHARGES "CONSPIRACY" TO CARRY EXPLOSIVES.

Collector Malone, of New York, and Captain of liner Are Mentioned, \$40,000 Damages Is Demanded.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—Mrs. Sarah Lund, of Chicago, whose husband and father were drowned in the sinking of the Lusitania, today sued the Cunard Steamship Company, owners of the liner, for \$40,000 damages for "permanent injuries" sustained by her in that catastrophe.

Her attorney, Frank S. Monnet, alleged in the bill of complaint, filed in the Federal Court, that Mrs. Lund was deceived into taking passage on the ship by statements made on behalf of the company that it was equipped with safety devices, including lifeboats and rafts.

It is alleged that the ship was not legally allowed to carry explosives, but that by a "conspiracy" between Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York, and Captain W. T. Turner, master of the Lusitania, there was a large cargo of explosives in the ship's hold.

The tragedy caused "severe and permanent" shock to the plaintiff, according to the bill, and her clothing was torn from her.

Mrs. Lund's mother was lost in the sinking of the Empress of Ireland. Later a rumor, which proved baseless, had it that the mother survived and with her mind a blank, was known as "Mrs. Fitzgerald" at an English asylum. It was to investigate this story that Mrs. Lund, her husband and her father sailed on the Lusitania.

FLIGHT EVIDENCE IS SEEN

(Continued From First Page)

he built for the age-long protection of frontiers and capitals have now been knocked out from under him and scattered in ruin like the tiny parapets and bastions which children fashion by the shore and which the fringe of a wave reduces to mockery.

Evidence of Flight Everywhere. All around the world evidence of panic and flight—guns stalled in the stable yards of cavalry barracks, and uniforms trampled into the sodden ground, and magazines burst open and belching their contents into the rain; and garrison chapels showing the make-believe marble of dismantled altars to the sunlight that streams through shattered domes.

Under foot the path is plastered with discarded letters and reports. Here a soldier's kit has burst open and all the toilet trifles—bits of comb and looking glass and shaving things—that once made him civilized, are trodden into the mire. Here are the remnants of a pack of playing cards, and here the muddled

pages of a religious book, which the rain has soaked from its binding of black leather.

Moisture has crept into everything and everything gives off the stench of decay and mold. The long, dark passageways leading into the bowels of the fortress are streaming with moisture and the stone floor is covered thick with equipment—knapsacks, belts, overcoats, revolver holsters, cartridges, boots, underwear—and in places where the rain has come in the whole mess is a sodden to a pulp. Nowhere is a trace of the pathos of defeat. All is horribly foul and sickening and all is reeking with the proof that mankind in panic is a filthy animal.

Circle of Forts Explored.

We explored with special thoroughness the great quarter circle of forts lying from 18 to 15 miles to the north and southeast of Warsaw. Among these was the fortification system of Zegze, which, in its outer works, and vaulted underground connections must extend over several square miles.

This system lies due north of Warsaw and the narrow It had not suffered from bombardment, but it had yielded up a magnificent trophy to the Saxons who finally occupied it. Here an entire paragraph had been cut out by the censor. The forts of Zegze seem not to have been bombarded in any part, nor is the ornate garrison church, which lies a golden dome above the treetops, at all damaged.

These forts were evacuated by the Russians on August 3 and here they found much cleaner devastation than they did in any other part of the ring to the north and east of Warsaw, for when the Germans entered the city on August 15 they did not find a single gun. Still they were satisfied, for if the threat of their coming had not been so slow, the Germans could not so readily have completed the ring which cut off the forces at the far more important fortress of Novogeorgievsk from a retreat to the east.

All day we kept plunging a little forward and then slowly turning back, forward again over the northerly part of the plain, and the upshot of this tentative feeling around and being ordered back finally being permitted to go forward again was that we were constantly edging nearer to Novogeorgievsk, which was due to fall in a few hours and which was where we wished to be.

Fortress Doom Worked Out. This was the early morning of August 15—the morning of the night on which Novogeorgievsk was to fall—and from our position on the high way we were seeing fragments of the operations by which the doom of that superb fortress was being worked out. All that we saw was as methodical as civil engineering.

It seemed that a little before dawn there had been a lively shifting of the situation in the basin. The Germans had left their trenches, advanced 1000 yards, and were now in possession of which they now occupied. The Russians were engaged in a leisurely shelling of their abandoned positions, but their hour of glory was over.

More perplexing. So it was evident that at least part of the morning's movement against Novogeorgievsk was drawing to a close.

Bending to the left, we entered the wooded Hermitage of the Duke of Orleans and the French pretender, married Archduchess Maria Dorothea of Austria at Vienna in November, 1908. She retained a reputation for him in Paris in July of last year after years of domestic difficulties. Under the decree granted by the Emperor in 1908, she was to receive \$1,000 a year from the duke, who also was ordered to restore to her money which he had used improperly.

Marriage Viewed as Misfortune. A letter the duke wrote to Emperor Francis Joseph at the outbreak of the war also has been published. In it he asks the ruler of Austria-Hungary to take back the jewels of the Order of the Golden Fleece and refers to his marriage to the Archduchess Maria Dorothea as "the misfortune of my life."

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DUKE RENOUNCES BULGARIAN HONORS

Monarch Told to Retain Jewels of French Order to Keep Alive Remorse.

"SAD DUTY" IS PERFORMED

French Pretender in Letter to Ruler Also Refers to Marriage to Archduchess as "Misfortune" of His Life.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The Duke of Orleans addressed a letter to King Ferdinand of Bulgaria several days ago, questioning the monarch to take back jewels of Bulgarian orders which had been bestowed on him, but the letter was published only the day Bulgaria entered the war. In his communication the duke said: "The attitude of Your Majesty has thought right to take in the present war, contrary to your previous policy, forces me to the sad duty of praying Your Majesty to take back the jewels of Bulgarian orders with which Your Majesty invested me, first upon the death of your venerable mother, and second when Your Majesty was in Paris to point out how much Bulgaria owed to France."

Order on Germans Given. "I tell Your Majesty to take back the jewels, because, alas, I cannot send them, but Your Majesty has only to apply to his ally, who for more than a year has occupied my chateau in Belgium, and for whom my safe can have no secrets. I authorize giving up to Your Majesty orders I can no longer wear."

"Your Majesty will understand I am obliged to warn Your Majesty the day he takes up arms against my country, France, his name will be struck from the chapter of Knights of the Holy Spirit. I do not ask Your Majesty to send back the jewels of the Order of the Holy Spirit, but wish on the contrary that these souvenirs of the France he has betrayed shall keep alive perpetual remorse."

Marriage Viewed as Misfortune. A letter the duke wrote to Emperor Francis Joseph at the outbreak of the war also has been published. In it he asks the ruler of Austria-Hungary to take back the jewels of the Order of the Golden Fleece and refers to his marriage to the Archduchess Maria Dorothea as "the misfortune of my life."

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Austro-German advance by one of the principal railroads to Constantinople.

The writer adds, however, that the Anglo-French forces must be strong and that Italy must co-operate with them.

HINT IS GIVEN ROUMANIA

Berlin Newspaper Says Quick Choice Must Be Made.

BERLIN, via London, Oct. 15.—"Roumania must choose quickly and without hesitation," says the Lokal Anzeiger, referring to the report that Russia had asked for permission to march through Roumania to Serbia's assistance.

"What will Roumania do in such an event?" asks the Lokal Anzeiger, adding that if she imitates Greece and only registers a protest against Russia's marching through, the central powers will remain indifferent.

Sofia advises by way of Vienna say that King Edward of Bulgaria exchanged telegrams with King Ferdinand of Roumania on the first anniversary of the death of King Charles of Roumania, October 1, the Overseas News Agency says.

GREECE TO BE REIMBURSED

Allies Will Supply Funds to Pay for Keeping Up Armaments.

MILAN, via Paris, Oct. 15.—The Greek government is co-operating with the quadruple entente by keeping its army mobilized and by this action alone warding off a possible Bulgarian attack on the base of operations of the expeditionary force.

An Athens dispatch to the Corriere della Sera says that in exchange for this assistance the entente will furnish Greece funds for keeping up its armaments and that the National Bank of Greece already has received a credit of 30,000,000 francs (\$6,000,000) from London and Paris.

BOMB FALLS ON HOSPITAL

Germans Say French Airmen Made Attack for Second Time.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—(By wireless to Tuckerton, N. J.)—The Frankfurter Zeitung, says the Overseas News Agency, reports that a French aeroplane on October 10 bombarded a German hospital at Grand Pre, containing French and German wounded. One bomb shattered part of a bed in which lay a badly wounded French soldier—Louis Fauchon, of the 147th Infantry Regiment. Happily, says the newspaper, the bomb did not explode, otherwise numerous French and German soldiers would have been killed.

"This is the second time that this hospital has been bombarded by the French."

CITY BUYS WATER WORKS

Twin Falls Offer of \$80,000 for System Is Accepted.

TWIN FALLS, Idaho, Oct. 15.—(Special.)—Through an agreement reached today between the City of Twin Falls and the Twin Falls Water Works Company, the latter accepts the city's offer to buy the water works system upon payment of \$80,000 in six months.

This agreement, which has been long in controversy between the city and the company over various matters including the purchase price of the system.

It is a compromise between the \$60,000 offered by the city and the \$90,000 to \$95,000 demanded by the company.

AUXILIARY PLAN, TOO

Unsurpassed Navy With Trade Ships Is McAdoo's Plea.

INDUSTRIAL POWER IS GOAL

Administration Hopes for Appropriation of \$50,000,000 for Merchant Marine That Can Aid Battle Fleet, if Needed.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 15.—A vigorous plea for a Navy which would make the United States able to face any other world power, and a \$40,000,000 merchant marine to be used as a Naval auxiliary in case of war was made by William C. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, in an address before the Kansas City Commercial Club today.

"It is not for aggression that we must have an adequate Navy, but to be able to say to the world that we are prepared to uphold the honor and majesty of this great republic," said the Secretary.

"Fighting equipment alone, though it be of the best, is not the resources and brains of the country can prepare, will not accomplish this purpose," continued the Secretary.

"A navy can be no better than its auxiliary, since battle-cruisers and submarines are not built to operate long without renewal of supplies or fuel."

The plan of the Administration, Mr. McAdoo said, is to appropriate \$40,000,000, or possibly \$50,000,000, to be put into a merchant marine to be used in extending the commerce of the Nation in times of peace, but so constructed, equipped and manned as to become immediately the necessary Naval auxiliary.

Mr. McAdoo continued: "I believe an adequate merchant marine, headed by a commission consisting of the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of the Navy and three experienced business men, could make the United States the dominant financial and industrial power of the world. Also it would disprove that time-worn theory that merchant ships cannot be operated under American registry and made to pay profits."

KAISER, ARMENIAN HOPE

WORLD PRESSURE IS URGED BY VISCOUNT BRUCE.

Horror Declared to Exceed Anything in History—Mass of Turks Said to Deplete Massacre.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—There is only one power that can stop the Armenian atrocities and that is Germany," declared Viscount Bryce at a meeting today at the Mansion House, in support of the Lord Mayor's fund in aid of the Armenian sufferers.

He declared that the only remedy was to bring the pressure of world opinion, particularly of neutral opinion, to bear on Germany and urge her to take action.

The horrors of the massacre exceeded anything in the history of persecutions, declared the speaker. Women and children, he said, had been driven across the Arabian desert with whips by the Turks, who went mad and at Trebizond carried their victims out in boats and drowned them.

He declared untrue the excuse offered

"Dress-Up Week"—Oct. 11-16—"Dress Up, Uncle Sam Can Afford It"

"YOU CAN DO BETTER FOR LESS ON THIRD STREET"

Store Opens Daily at 8:30 A. M. On Saturdays 9:00 A. M. Pacific Phone Marshall 5080

Roberts Bros.
THIRD & MORRISON

The Most in Value—The Best in Quality

Store Closes Daily at 5:30 P. M. On Saturdays 6:00 P. M. Home Phone A 2112

A Fine Lot of Women's and Misses'

Stylish Fall Coats

New Plaid and Plain Color Fabrics, on Sale Saturday at **\$5.45**

The assortment at this sale consists of some 60 or more fashionable Fall Coats in the best styles for women and young ladies, full back and belted effects in all sizes in neat plaid and plain color wool fabrics; some with plush collar. They come in shades of green, brown, navy, black, etc. Coats that were made to sell regularly at a much higher figure. On sale Saturday at.....**\$5.45**

CHILDREN'S COATS, shown in zibelines, mixtures and other wool materials. Both fancy and plain tailored styles in all colors and sizes; 6 to 14 years. Regularly to \$10.90, Saturday **\$4.45**

UNSURPASSED OFFERINGS IN Hosiery and Knit Underwear

Vests and Pants for Women, 1.00 **76c**
Grade at.....
Seasonable-weight, fine-ribbed Wool Vests and Pants in desirable styles, but only in sizes 34, 36 and 38. Garments sold at regular \$1 quality, sale Saturday **76c**

Black Wool Pants for Children, 75c **49c**
Grade at.....
A proper garment for this season. Children's fine ribbed Black Wool Pants. Shown in all sizes from 2 to 14 years. A garment of regular 75c quality, Saturday at.....**49c**

Fleeced Stockings for Women, 25c **19c**
Grade, Special at.....
A warm, durable Fleeced Cotton Stocking. Made with reinforced heel and toe and fine ribbed top. All sizes. Best 25c grade. On sale Saturday at.....**19c**

Cotton Stockings for Children, 20c Grade on Sale Saturday **11c**
at low price of.....
A splendid wearing Stocking of medium heavy weight. They come in a fine rib, are fast black and are regularly sold at 20c a pair. All sizes. On sale Saturday at.....**11c**

FREE CIGARS on CIGAR DAY

TODAY, (Oct. 16th) being NATIONAL CIGAR DAY, it's our treat.

With every purchase of 25 Palma de Cuba [Bouquet Size] Cigars, [price \$1.25] a 25c package of 5 cigars of the same brand and size FREE.

With every purchase of 25 Benefactor [Invincible Size] Cigars, [price \$1.50] a 30c package of 5 cigars of the same brand and size FREE.

[For one day only, October 16th, 1915.]

UNITED CIGAR STORES

CIGARS