

Most of Historic Chapters Are Replete With Bloodshed and Oppressive Rule.

CAPITAL OF POLAND

OFTEN WAR PRIZE

MANY REVOLTS RECORDED

Independence Regained and Lost at Will of Early Kings, With Russians Continuing Tyranny Through Modern Times.

The history of Warsaw from the 16th century onward is intimately connect that of Poland. The precise date of the foundation of the town is not known, but it is supposed that Conrad. Duke of Mazovia, erected a castle on the present site of Warsaw as early as the ninth century.

Casimir the Just is supposed to have fortified it in the 11th century, but Warsaw is not mentioned in annals be fore 1224.

Until 1526 it was the residence of the Dukes of Mazovia, but when their dy-nasty became extinct it was annexed to Poland.

to Poland. When Poland and Lithuania were united, Warsaw was chosen as the royal residence. Sigismund Augustus (Wassa) made it (1556) the real capital of Poland, and from 1572 onwards the election of Kings of Poland took place on the field of Wola, on the west out-

skirts of the city. From the 17th century possession of the city was continually disputed bethe city was continually disputed be-tween the Swedes, the Russians, the Brandenburgers and the Austrians. Charles Gustavus, of Sweden, took it in 1655 and kept it for a year; the Poles retook it in July, 1656, but lost it again almost immediately.

Freedom Regained in 1702.

Augustus II and Augustus III did much for its embellishment, but it had much to suffer during the war with Charles XII of Sweden, who captured it in 1702; but in the following year peace was made and it became free again. The disorders which followed the death of Augustus III in 1763 opened the field for Russian intrigue and in 1764 the Russians took possession of the town and secured the election of Stanislaus Porlatowski, which ied in 1713 to the first partition of Poland. In November, 1794, the Russians took it again, after a bloody assault on Praga, but the next year, in the third parti-tion of Poland, Warsaw was given to Prussia. much to suffer during the war with

Prusala. In November, 1806, the town was oc-cupied by the troops of Napoleon, and after the peace of Tilsit (1807) was made the capital of the independent Duchy of Warsaw, but the Austrians meized it on April 21, 1809, and kept possession of it till June 2, when it once more became independent. The Russians finally took it February 5, Russians finally took it February 8.

1813. On On November 29, 1830, Russia gave the signal for unsuccessful insurrec-tion, which lasted nearly one year. The ity was captured after great blood-thed by Paskevich, September 2, 1831. Place One of Most Important

Military Rule Severe.

Deportations on a large scale, exe-cutions and confiscation of the do-mains of the nobility followed, and until 1856 Warsaw remained under se-

until 1856 Warsaw remained under se-vere military rule. In 1862 a series of demonstrations began to be made in Warsaw in favor of the independence of Poland, and af-ter a bloody repression a general in-surrection followed in January, 1863. POPULATION GROWTH RAPID The Russians, however, masters of the situation. Executions, banishments to the convict prisons of Siheria and confiscation of estates fol-lowed. Deportation to Siberia and the interior of Russia followed on an unheard-of scale. Scientific societies and high schools were closed; monasteries and nunneries were emptied; hundreds of Russian officials were called in to fill the administrative posts and to teach in the schools and the universiteach in the schools and the schools and the school gal proceedings and even to a steat extent in trade. The name of Poland was expunged from official writings, and, while the old institutions were abolished, the southwest of Petrograd. It stands on Russian tribunals and administrative a terrace 120 to 120 feet above the river, to which it descends by steep slopes, leaving a broad beach at its base. The suburb of Praga is on the right introduced. The institutions were seris were liberated.



Warsaw railroad, while General von Refugees Leave Warsaw Mackensen is engaged in a similar effort in the region of Ivangorod, southeast of Warsaw.

Effect on West May Be Great. The occupation of Warsaw will have The population nevertheless grew rapidly from 161.008 in 1860, 276,000 in 1872, 436,750 in 1887, 758,425 in 1901, to MOST OF PEOPLE REMAIN the effect of releasing large German forces, long concentrated on the reduc-tion of the city, and permit them to VENTION NEXT YEAR. Homebound Catholic Delegates to See turn westward for renewed operations Fair, and Many Will Visit minst the Anglo-French allies. military authorities The British Portiand. SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 5.—The 32d annual convention of the Knights of Columbus ended today, the final busi-mess being the choosing of Davenport, Ia., as the convention city for next year, one ballot being decisive. At the close of the morning session delegates announced that Cincinnati had been practically selected, and that the in-formal choice would be ratified, but Portland. agree tht the fll of the city will hve far-reching effects on the eastern and western war theaters. BANKS AND HOSPITALS MOVE City Is Without Means of Carrying on Usual Trade. WARSAW, by messenger to Petro-

Straw Hat Sale Cool, natty Straws for August days. Get your head under a new one at a fraction of its price: ONE LOT \$3 AND \$4 STRAW HATS 75c \$5 MILANS.....} \$3 MAIN FLOOR

BENSELLING Morrison at Fourth

the city without means of carrying on trade. The chief of police and his staff left the city 10 days ago. together with all the courts and justices of the peace All railway equipment was removed be killed before the close of the season. Milton Interurban Station Burns.

The chief of police and his staff left the city 10 days ago. together with all the courts and justices of the peace. All railway equipment was removed from the west bank of the Vistula as were all the machine shops. Russian military hospitals were re-moved with their staff and equipment. The Polish municipal and private hos-pitals are carrying the burden of carry-ing the wounded from the nearby battle MILTON, Or., Aug. 5.--(Special.)--Fire from a cause as yet undetermined burned to the ground the interurban station of the Walla Walla Valley Railng the wounded from the nearby battle

line. All provisions are up to 150 per cent. Sugar, tea, coffee, butter and milk are virtually out of the market, while broad is difficult to procure. There appeared before the central committee today a peasant named Stan-islaw Milefsky, who escaped from the German lines 10 days ago at the village of Krilatka, in the province of Su-warki way Company here today. Starting just before midnight last night the biaze was soon beyond the control of Mil-

walki

trenches. The Russians, he said, were allowed daily only one meal of soup and horse meat and were sleeping on the bare ground. Numbers, he declared,



WOMAN IN

No Dye-Harmless.

If your hair is gray, faded, wispy

is that of the building and records.

Fifty-nine bables, all born of American parents in the Parama Canal one, reached New York the other day aboard the Cris-tokal, Fathers and mothers, vacation-bound, accompanied mest of them.



IGHTS END SESSIONS

Milefsky related that the Germans had taken 5000 Russians from a single community and had forced them to dig

the bare ground. Numbers in the were dying daily of exhaustion. He said the country had been swept clean of provisions and that not a pound of bread had been left for the inhabitants.

Institutions were introduced serfs were liberated. Much rioting and lawless bloodshed took place in the city in 1905 and 1906. BIG WATER CASE HEARD 233 Ranchers of Silvies Valley Ask-ing for Equal Distribution. Big for Equal Distribution.

BAKER, Or., Aug. 5. - (Special.) - merce, university and scientific socie-Claims to water rights involving nearly ties, palaces and numerous places of 75,000 acres of land in Harney County are being presented before George T. District No. 2. in the Slivies Valley From a military point of view, Warsaw hearing now going on in Burns. The is the chief stronghold for the defense hearing is the result of claims made of Poland: the Alexander citadel has by 213 ranchers of the vicinity that the water of Silvies River is not being fair-across the Vistula was defended by a ly distributed. It is expected that the strong fort-Sliwicki. City Important Trade Center.

case will continue for the next three weeks. A shortage of 69,000 acre feet differences of past years to a head. Among the heavy really holders in-terested are the Pacific Livestock Com-Southern Poland, and above its conflu-southern Poland, and above its conflu-

terested are the Pacific Livestock Com-bany, William Hanley and the Willam-ence with the Narew and Bug, which tap a wide region in the east, Warraw Webster and Erskine Wood, of Port-land, are representing Mr. Hanley's in-terests.

A reservoir to store surplus waters Europe. of the river is the aim of a majority Owing of the ranchers.

BURGLAR LEAPS OFF TRAIN Dash Through Car Window Gives Liberty for Three Hours. WALLA WALLA, Wash, Aug. 8-(Special) — Harry Hunter, Spokane burglar, made a flying lesp for liberty through an open car window of a mov-

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Inhabitants Numbering 161,000 in 1860 Total 900,000 in 1914. Manufacture Made Notable by Skill of Workers,

in Eastern Europe.

erected by the municipality or by pri-

its natural resources.

third are Jews.

FRENCH MAKE SACRIFICE

Population Growth Rapid.

more than 900,000 in 1914. More than 25,000 of these are Germans and one-

GOLD WITHOUT PRESSURE.

Must Be Given if Necessary, Lives Goods of This Word in Anny Case, Says Finance Minister.

PARIS, Aug. 5 .- In the course of a mately only 15 per cent to date having

Alexander Bibot, the minister of accompanied the exodus when the finance, took occasion to reviey the German occupation first seemed im-financial situation. financial situation. "On July 31." he said, "there were 6,958,000,000 francs (\$1,391,600,000) of defense issues in circulation. In July alone \$25,000,000 francs (\$165,000,000) to depart. The government issued an order that third-class tickets to any point in the interior of Russia should be given free to all citizens desiring to depart.

detense issues in circulation. In Sury alone \$25,000,000 francs (\$165,000,000 net were placed in the short-term bonds and 222,000,000 francs (\$44,400-000) in the long-term obligations. "Our financial burdens are constant-ly growing. Arms and ammunition cost a great deal. We probably shall have recourse to a long-term loan whereby we can consolidate all our short-term treasury issues. We still have to make a great military and financial effort to make to reach a victorious conclusion of the war. "The public brings in its gold with-out pressure. It is conscious of the Situated in a fertile plain, on a great

Europe. Owing to its position in the territory of Mazovia, which was neither Polish nor Lithuanian, and, so to say, re-mained neutral between the two rival

world in any case. "We must conceal nothing from the country. It is worthy to hear every-thing. Only in dissimulating nothing thing. can we fittingly respond to the coun-try's fine confidence." The bill increasing the limit of na-

tional defense issues was passed.

third are Jews. Warsaw is an archiepiscopal see of the Greek and Catholic churches. The streets of Warsaw are adorned with many fine buildings, partly pal-aces exhibiting the Polish nobility love of display, partly churches and cathedrals, and partly public buildings erected by the municipality or by price

Without Disorder.

MOSCOW, via Petrograd and London tug. 5 .- Hundreds of refugees from Warsaw are arriving here daily. Most of them are without money or means of sustenance and are seeking aid at

MINISTER SAYS PEOPLE BRING larged staff is attempting to supply has been without mall connection with temporary assistance, pending the orthe outside world. ganization of a Russian relief commis

> The refugees say that although the population of the Polish capital was sume operations at Praga, a suburt population of the Polish capital was convinced that the Germans ultimately would occupy the city, a majority of the citizens elected to remain, approxi-mately only 15 per cent to date having the citizens elected to remain, approxi-

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discussion in the French Senate today on the bill to raise the limit of na-tional defense issues which was passed in the Chamber of Deputies July 29 order and the absence of panic which in the Chamber of Deputies July 29 order and the absence of panic which accompanied the exodus when the

"The public brings in its gold with-out pressure. It is conscious of the situation and feels that today no man can save himself by thinking solely of himself. It can only be done by the citizens giving the country their lives if necessary and their goods in this world in any case took the line to the east, temporarily crowding Moscow, Vladova and Brest-

Litovsk. Large Factories Destroyed.

Many of these lost their homes in the outlying portions of Warsaw, the destruction of which became a military necessity.

All the territory immediately to the est of Warsaw, containing large west of Warsaw, containing large factories, Polish estates and peasant dwellings, now presents blackened and uninhabitable areas. Care had been taken that no suburban factories should fall in the hands of

the Germans and be converted to their use. Chief among those destroyed was the \$1,003,000 sugar factory belonging to a Polish lawyer, Eugene Kuruluk, with more than 2000 tons of sugar. city itself. The factories in the although abandoned, had not yet been destroyed when the refugees left.

WARSAW FINALLY TAKEN

(Continued From First Page.) fense, and which extends from Kovno, in the north, due south through Grodno to Brest-Litousk, which is about 100 miles directly east of Warsaw. Each ot the towns mentioned are defended hy modern fortresses and it is her that th ussians are expected to rst at least

grad, via London, Aug. 5 .- In consequence of the cessation of the operation the American consulate, where an en- of postal facilities, Warsaw for 10 days

The vice-governor-general of War saw took prompt measures to organize a voluntary postoffice force and to re-

stop in Portland.

piled up during the two weeks since the departure of the postal authorities

The removal of the state bank and private banks with all their funds left -- With the deer season less than a

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Grade Low Shoes and Pumps

at our Main Store, 129 10th St., Bet. Washington and Alder

HANAN'S Ladies' Low Cuts in patent colt, black calf \$4.85 and tan calf welt soles, formerly \$6.00, now......

LAIRD-SCHOBER & CO.'S AND WRIGHT & PETERS' patent colt,

500 PAIRS WOMEN'S PUMPS, OXFORDS AND EVENING SLIP-

700 PAIRS CHILDREN'S SHOES AND ANKLE TIES in \$1.00 black and tan, sizes 2 to 11. Regular price \$2.50, now \$1.00

black suede and satin welt Colonials and Pumps, short lines,

comprising about 300 pairs. Regular price \$6.00 \$2.85 to \$6.50, now

PERS, sizes 1 to 5. Regular price \$5.00 and \$6.00, \$1.85 priced now at.....



had left the city, however, the exodus beginning soon after noon. Most of the knights and friends will visit the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco, and a large part of the southbound travelers will make a short

Deer Plentiful at Roseburg. ROSEBURG, Or. Aug. 5 .- (Special.)



tired and sleepy all the time, would have cold chills, and my hands and feet would bloat. My stomach bothered me, I had 1 pain in my side and a bad headache most of the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has

BAD CONDITION

done me lots of good and I now feel fine. I am regular, my stomach is better and my pains have all left me. You can use my name if you like. I am proud of what your reme-dies have done for me." - Mrs. MARY GAUTHIER, 21 Ridge St., Montpelier, Vt.

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