



## WASHINGTON READY FOR MEXICAN MOVE

### Action to Follow Return of Wilson.

## ARMY AND NAVY PREPARED

### Armed Intervention, However, Regarded as Improbable.

## LAST CHANCE TO BE GIVEN

### Troops May Be Employed to Assure Transportation of Food to Starving People—Arms Embargo Is Under Consideration.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—(Special.)—Definite steps toward restoration of peace in Mexico will be taken immediately on President Wilson's return to Washington next week. What specific action the President may have decided on has not been disclosed, but it was authoritatively announced tonight that the executive departments of the Government were preparing to carry out the programme determined on.

Only an unexpected movement in Mexico itself to end the strife, it is said, would further delay affirmative action by the United States to restore constitutional government in the war-torn republic.

### Armed Intervention Improbable.

Armed intervention is not believed to be contemplated by the executive departments. Many officials believe no forcible measures will be required. Persistent reports have reached here that the faction leaders are inclined to yield to the demands of this Government for a peace conference.

Reports are generally credited that a message will be sent to the opposing leaders giving them a final chance to cease hostilities within a limited time and assemble a conference to settle their differences. Possibility of another failure to do so, in view of the last refusal of Carranza to join in a conference with his adversaries, is being considered by the President, it is declared, in formulating a plan of action.

### Army and Navy Ready.

Whether in that event a general embargo on arms exportations will be imposed or American troops employed to assure the transportation of food to the starving people can not be predicted. It is known, however, that the Army and Navy have been preparing and now are ready for any eventuality.

Secretary Lansing said today that the representations sent to Generals Carranza, Villa and Zapata last night, under the name of General Pierce, and returned to Villa Guadalupe, just outside of Mexico City, practically occupying the capital. Roving bands of Zapata soldiers, which have been harassing the railroad, are being driven off, it was said, and garrisons stationed along the railroad.

### Carranza to Hold City.

Charles A. Douglas, who returned to Washington today from Vera Cruz, after conferences with Generals Carranza and Gonzalez, brought assurance that Carranza forces would hold Mexico City after the reconquest, the danger of isolation of the city by Villa and Zapata forces, which existed when they took the town before, having been overcome.

Separate representations have been made to General Zapata regarding the attack upon Allan Mallory, an American citizen, who was detained by Zapata soldiers at Puebla while carrying departmental dispatches. An effort has been made to fix the responsibility for the attack and to assure protection of Americans in future. The message to Zapata was sent through Mexico City.

Carranza's Washington representative tonight made public a report from General Obregon, via Vera Cruz, that he had defeated the main Villa army at an undesignated point between Aguas Calientes and Zacatecas and later occupied the latter place. Obregon said his cavalry was pursuing the Villa troops toward Torreón.

A Red Cross statement tonight said conditions around Hermosillo, Sonora, "are getting worse every day. The government is taking all wheat from farmers without asking, and all flour."

General Gonzalez was not ready to enter Mexico City when he did so early in July, according to Mr. Douglas, but desired to satisfy the Washington Administration. He was forced to evacuate almost immediately, because of the danger of being completely cut off from Vera Cruz by Villa and Zapata forces.

Railroad Patrol Established.  
"General Gonzalez told me," said Mr. Douglas tonight, "that it would have been a relief to have a railroad patrol established."

## ESTATE IS WON BY FAITHFUL SERVANT

### COURT UPHOLDS CONTRACT, THOUGH WILL IS UNSIGNED.

### Agreement Entered Into in Lieu of Wages and Kept for 13 Years Is Declared Valid.

EUGENE, Or., July 30.—(Special.)—Elizabeth Murray worked as housekeeper for James Sanford, an eccentric bachelor, for \$150 a week, until he proposed that she care for him without wages on condition that he would bequeath her his property at his death. For 13 years she carried out her part of the bargain, even after her employer became old and helpless.

At the time of his death the deed, purporting to give his property to his caretaker, was found unsigned. Relatives filed suit claiming the property of their wealthy relative, and offered to pay the housekeeper a sum equivalent to wages during the time she worked. The case was bitterly fought in the courts.

Judge Skipworth today entered a decree, giving Mrs. Murray property in the heart of the business section, valued at \$25,000. No written contract is said to have existed.

"I have never seen a clearer case of faithful performance of contract than shown by this woman," said the court. "Any effort on the part of a jury to compensate her for her time would amount to a fraud on the woman."

## RECRUIT STANDARD LOWER

### Canada to Accept Defectives Who May Be Developed.

OTTAWA, Ontario, July 30.—A new policy respecting recruits, it was announced today, has been adopted by the Canadian militia authorities. Hereafter men with poor teeth and other minor physical defects will not be rejected, but will be accepted and sent to dental and surgical depots for treatment, after which they will be trained and sent to Europe.

Two inches have been taken off the size standard, and men below size in chest measurement will be taken if the surgeons are of the opinion that training will give them the proper chest size.

## ARIZONA DRYS WIN RULING

### Court Permits Enforcement of New Law, Holding 'Near-Beer' Alcohol.

LOS ANGELES, July 30.—The United States Circuit Court, sitting en banc, denied today application for a temporary injunction to restrain the state authorities of Arizona from enforcing the prohibition amendment to the constitution. The court held that "near-beer" was alcohol, and its importation into the state was a violation of the state constitution.

The suit was instituted by two California breweries on behalf of manufacturers of the beverage in all parts of the country.

## \$27,000,000 War Order Refused.

PASADENA, Cal., July 30.—E. T. Burrows, a wealthy manufacturer of Portland, Me., who is spending the Summer here, announced today he had refused a telegraphic offer to supply \$27,000,000 worth of rifles to the allies.

## VATICAN DELEGATE REACHES PORTLAND

### Prelates Here Greet Monsignor Bonzano.

## ARCHBISHOP GIVES DINNER

### Reception Tendered Visitor at Hotel Portland.

## STATE'S RESOURCES AMAZE

### Building at Exposition, Great Panorama of Forests and Mountains and Growth of Cities Prove Surprise to Noted Guest.

His Excellency Monsignor Giovanni Bonzano, the apostolic delegate from the Vatican to the United States, stopped in Portland yesterday en route from San Francisco to the Knights of Columbus convention in Seattle, to pay a visit to Archbishop Christie and to be greeted by the Catholic citizens of Portland.

It is his first visit to the Pacific Coast since he was sent to the United States four years ago and took up his residence in Washington, D. C., and he has taken the liveliest interest in every phase of his journey.

"The journey has been abundantly worth the time I have been obliged to take away from my work in Washington," he said, "although while I am away I will find that things have been accumulating there that will mean much more work for me for a time. I am glad I have taken this trip, because of the new idea it has given me of the vastness and variety of this wonderful country. I came through the wonderful low, fertile states of the Middle West and was precipitated into a garden of flowers in California.

Unfolding Panorama Enjoyed.  
"And from California up to Portland all the way through the valleys I kept my eyes at the window all the time I could, so I would miss nothing."

His Excellency's eyes sparkled with a reminiscent enthusiasm that conjured up before one's imagination the picture of him "keeping his eyes at the window" as the panorama of the Oregon woods and valleys was unrolled before him.

"I saw, growing, the same tremendous trees—a sort of pine—that I saw in San Francisco in your Oregon building, which is a wonderful structure."

"One can hardly realize the versatility and variety of resources that this country possesses until one has been able to get such a glimpse of it as I have had in the past few weeks."

In the four years of his stay in America the people of the United States have won a warm place in the heart of Monsignor Bonzano.

"Everywhere one goes one finds such a warm welcome."

(Concluded on Page 12, Column 6.)

## INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

The Weather.  
YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 65 degrees; minimum, 33 degrees.  
TODAY'S—Fair and warmer; northwesterly winds.

War.  
Norway neutral officially, but people are angry with Germany. Page 1.  
Pope issues appeal for peace. Page 4.  
Austro-Germans are closing in about Warsaw. Page 2.

Mexico.  
Definite move to be made in Mexican case when President returns to Washington. Page 1.

Foreign.  
Japanese cabinet resigns. Page 2.  
AD WAR ... .. 1723412345

National.  
British supplemental reply nearly ready for delivery to United States. Page 2.  
Two American machines killed in Haiti. Page 1.

Domestic.  
Steamer Eastland seized by Federal officials while en route to Seattle. Page 3.  
Executioner's electric shock ends Charles Becker's life. Page 3.  
Great crowds continue to visit Exposition. Page 5.

Pacific Northwest.  
Roseburg railroad bond issue upheld by Supreme Court. Page 2.  
Court upholds faithful servant's claim to late employer's estate. Page 1.

Portland and Vicinity.  
Monsignor Bonzano, papal delegate, reaches Portland. Page 1.Bryan carries on candidacy query. Page 1.  
Council adopts Daily water meter report by vote of 3 to 2. Page 11.  
J. J. Hill urged to build from Bend to Klamath Falls. Page 9.  
Weather report, data and forecast. Page 15.  
Dodge contract would have paid profits in seven years, says E. A. Kirtz. Page 9.

Sports.  
Pacific Coast League results: Portland 3-8, Vernon 1-4; San Francisco 1, Oakland 2; Los Angeles 17, Salt Lake 15. Page 10.  
Multnomah Club invited to compete for griffin championship at Exposition. Page 11.  
Every member of Northwest track team wins right to compete for championships. Page 11.  
Sensations many in state tennis tourney. Page 11.  
Lee's contract with \$10,000 Merchants' and Manufacturers' stake at Detroit Grand Circuit meet. Page 10.

Commercial and Marine.  
All deliveries of wheat higher in local market. Page 10.  
Chicago wheat market rallies after early decline. Page 10.  
Speculation in war stocks in Wall Street slows down. Page 10.  
Lieutenant Colonel Potter, U. S. A., arrives to assume office of division engineer. Page 12.  
Portland buyers tell of methods of Cashier advisory board. Page 4.  
W. J. Bryan addresses throng at Hill Theater on religion and politics. Page 4.

## SNIPERS PICK OFF AMERICAN SAILORS

### Two Killed on Guard at Port-au-Prince.

## ATTACK ON CITY IS REPULSED

### Admiral Caperton Asks Reinforcements by Fast Ship.

## REGIMENT WILL BE SENT

### Committee of Citizens and Officers of Warships Agree on Plan to Police Town—Haitians Restored to Order.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Two American bluejackets were killed last night in an attack by natives on Port-au-Prince, Haiti, held by Rear-Admiral Caperton with 400 men from the cruiser Hancock. The attacking party was beaten off without having approached closer than the outskirts of the city, and order was maintained in the city itself. No sailors were wounded and the loss of the attacking force was not reported.

The dead are William Gompers, seaman, of Brooklyn, and Cason S. Whitehurst, ordinary seaman, of Norfolk, Va.

### Reinforcements Are Sent.

Reinforcements had been ordered to Haiti before word of the fighting was received. The battleship Connecticut will sail from Philadelphia with 500 marines. The Navy transport Hancock, now being overhauled at Philadelphia, also will go to Haiti, it is said, although it is not known what force she will take south.

Admiral Caperton's message gave few details of the fighting. It showed, however, that he had been warned of the intention of the Haitians to attack the city and early in the evening Captain E. L. Beach, of the Washington, commanding ashore, moved his men out to the edge of the city to meet them, leaving strong guards to maintain order in town.

### People of City Disarmed.

The Haitian soldiers and civilians in the city were disarmed yesterday to prevent sniping from the houses.

The attack came at 8 o'clock last night, the bluejacket battalion bearing the brunt of the fighting. From the brush beyond the last houses, snipers opened fire on them. The fire was returned and the attackers were driven off, but not before Gompers and Whitehurst had been killed.

The following summary of Admiral Caperton's terse reports was given out tonight at the Navy Department:

"Admiral Caperton reports from Port-au-Prince that owing to a report that the town would likely be attacked

## Friday's War Moves

THE Russians are now facing the problem of evacuating Warsaw and the surrounding country without losing their armies, while the Austro-German forces are making a supreme effort to get at their lines of retreat. The Teutons are said to have won a partial success in this direction, a Berlin dispatch saying that Field Marshal Von Mackensen, resuming the offensive, had reached the Chelm-Lublin railroad, about midway between those two cities, and that southeast of this as far as the Bug River the Russian front had been "shaken."

The success of General Von Mackensen in taking this railroad after having been virtually stopped by Russian counter-attacks denies at least one line of retreat to the Russians who might still be between him and Warsaw, and also places the Germans in a position to move against the Bug River front should this be decided on.

British military critics, however, refuse to believe that Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces, has not provided for all contingencies or that he was not fairly sure of the safety of his troops before deciding to retreat. He has, indeed, decided to take up a new line, indeed, the news contained in the Berlin official statement that the Germans have crossed the Vistula River southeast of Warsaw, between the Pilica River and Kozienice, leads the military writers to the belief that the Russians already have fallen back in this region and that perhaps even the fortress of Ivangorod has been left to its fate.

There is no news of the situation on the Narw River or of General Von Busio's wider outflanking movement in Kovno province. However, the opinion is expressed in London that as the German plans contemplate a series of attacks rather than a simultaneous one it is likely that they are waiting for Field Marshal Von Mackensen to reach some previously arranged position before they resume their attacks.

According to dispatches, the country around Warsaw which the Russians are leaving to the invader has been put to the torch, while the city itself has been denuded of everything that might be of use to the Germans if it falls into their hands.

It may be some days before the Teutons occupy the Polish capital, if they finally do, for the Russians are fighting more than a rearguard action. In fact, they are still delivering heavy blows at their opponents and are gaining some local successes, principally on the Narw and southeast of Chelm, where they are opposing the efforts of the Austrians to get to the Bug River.

As soon as the present operations against Russia are concluded, whether or not they succeed in destroying any large part of the Russian army, it is expected that the Germans will turn to the west, a movement which, however, will take two months at least. It will therefore be a race between the Teutonic forces and the British and French as to which side will take the offensive in France, where the situation remains as it has been for weeks past, except in Alsace, where the French continue their attacks on positions at Muenster. There has been sharp fighting here, the French advance converging on Muenster from the north and from Metzeral to the southeast of Muenster Valley, in which the town stands on the open road to Colmar.

Bad weather again is interfering with the operations in the Austro-Italian theater.

## BRYAN PARRIES ON CANDIDACY QUERY

### Ex-Secretary Is Not "Expecting" to Run.

## WAR ISSUE IS PREDICTED

### Many Friends Met Among Former Nebraskans.

## PRAISE GIVEN PRESIDENT

### Followers Out in Force as Train to Greet Visitor and Crowds Accompany Him From Depot to Hotel Where Reception Held.

William Jennings Bryan does not expect to be a candidate for president. He said so upon his arrival in Portland last night.

But mark that word "expect." It is Mr. Bryan's own. That is the word he used when one of his friends asked him:

"Mr. Bryan, is it true that you will be a candidate for president next year?"

"No, I do not expect to be a candidate," was his reply.

"But does a man ever expect to be a candidate for president?" he was asked. At this point Mr. Bryan put an abrupt end to all categorical questions touching on his own plans for the future or on the political situation in general.

He declared that he had been so frequently misrepresented that he has acquired a practice of answering all questions intended for the public prints in writing after they were submitted to him in writing.

War Considered Campaign Issue.  
In an informal, off-hand manner he summed up the political situation, however, by declaring that the war will be the big issue of the 1916 campaign—if the war continues.

"It is too far ahead to say what the situation will be next year," he said. "The war question is of all-absorbing interest and it will be an important factor in future political events."

The subject of war brought forth questions regarding his attitude on international relations.

"I have been much misrepresented on this question," he replied. He intimated that he is not such a determined advocate of peace that he believes in peace at any price, but in this connection declared again that whenever he expressed his views on the subject he prefers to put them in writing.

He was exceedingly bitter toward those newspapers that have opposed him and the political principles for which he stands.

"Interests" Declared His Opponents.  
"I am not vain enough," he remarked, "to believe that they are opposed to me personally, for I am but a most humble individual."

"But I happen to stand for certain political principles that are in conflict with the views and the wishes of the grasping plutocrats. For that reason the plutocratic press is opposed to me."

"I appreciate, though, that I have the honest opposition of many honest newspapers, but I can readily distinguish the difference between this and the conscienceless opposition of conscienceless newspapers."

He added that the same "interests" that opposed him 20 years ago are opposing him now.

That brought the discussion around to politics again and led to the inevitable question regarding his own possible candidacy.

He parried all such movements successfully but without committing himself definitely. The farthest that he would go toward defining his position was to declare that he does not "expect" to be a candidate next year.

President Heartily Commended.  
He was reminded that he did not "expect" to be a candidate in 1896, but again he requested that he be given opportunity to reply to further questions of this nature.

Mr. Bryan expressed nothing but admiration and praise for the President yesterday. He referred to him in his speech at Albany, again to friends whom he met on the train coming from Albany to Portland and also after his arrival in Portland last night, in terms of the highest esteem and regard.

"He is a great, fearless man," he said once, and "he is handling the grave problems that demand his attention in a most masterful manner," on another occasion.

Yet Mr. Bryan found promises of support here in Portland last night. Numerous consistent Democrats there were who informed him that they have voted for him three times already and that they are ready to do it again.

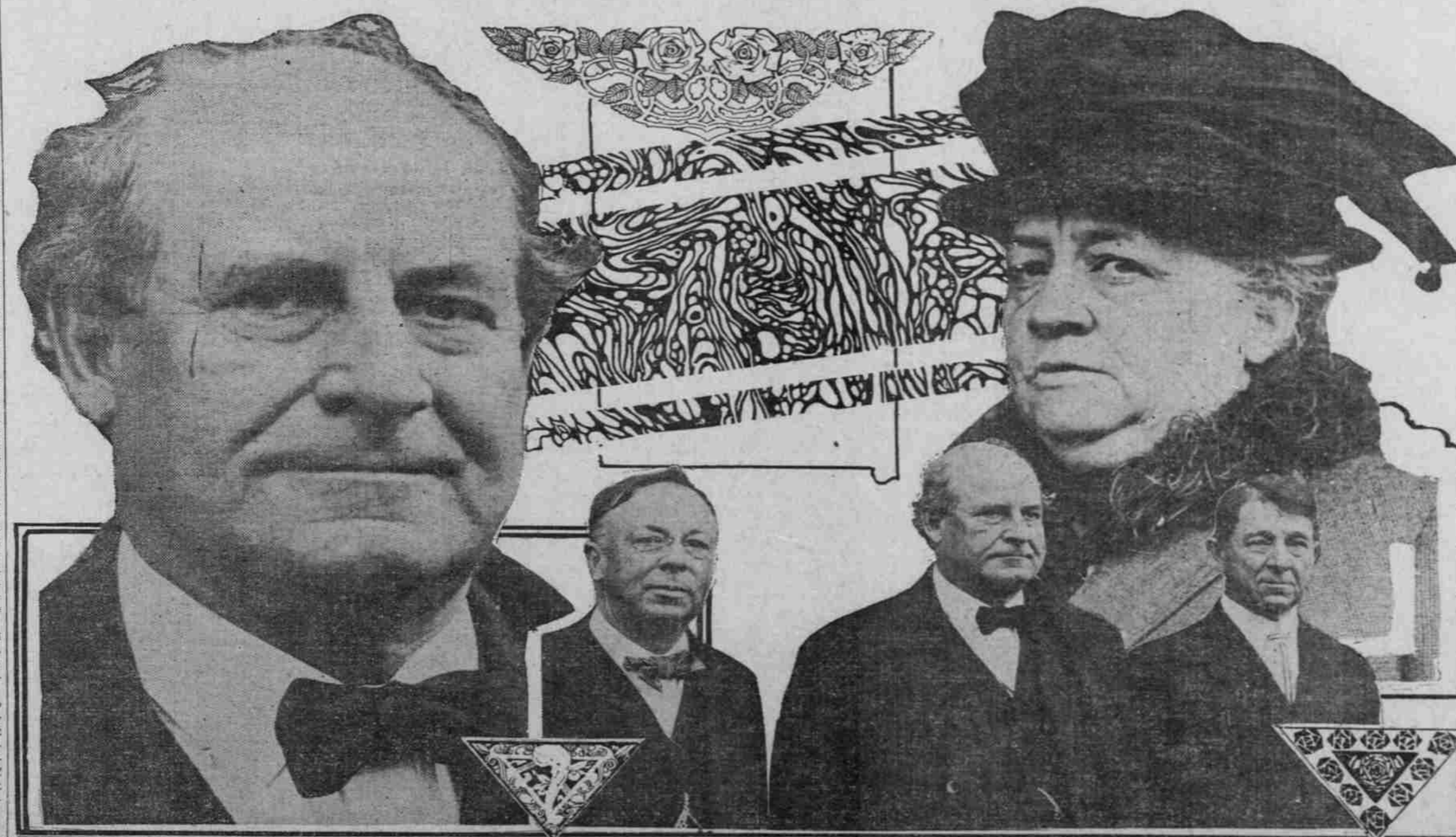
Crater Lake Impresses.  
But flattering comment such as that brought forth nothing more than expressions like "Well! That's fine."

"Thank you," "I'm glad to hear it" and others of similar non-committal nature. There was one subject upon which the ex-Secretary of State talked with freedom and enthusiasm, however, and that was the beauties and wonders of Crater Lake.

On his recent visit to Medford he and Mrs. Bryan were the guests of the Medford Commercial Club on a visit to Crater Lake.

"I never saw a more inspiring sight,"

NOTED DEMOCRAT PHOTOGRAPHED AFTER ARRIVAL IN PORTLAND LAST NIGHT, HIS WIFE AND OREGON'S SENATORS.



LARGE PORTRAITS ARE MR. AND MRS. BRYAN. BELOW—MR. BRYAN IS SHOWN BETWEEN UNITED STATES SENATORS WHO GREETED HIM, GEORGE E. CHAMBERLAIN ON LEFT AND HARRY LANE ON RIGHT.

(Concluded on Page 4, Column 5.)

(Concluded on Page 4, Column 4.)