

TEUTO ARMES AS MAGNIFIC POLAND

Offensive Now Entering Destructive Stage, With Strategic Cities as Prizes.

BATTLE FRONT SHORTENS

Austro-German Advance Executed Under Unfavorable Conditions. Russians Lack Munitions, Officers and Heavy Guns.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN HEADQUARTERS, July 21. (Associated Press.)—The offensive of the allied armies in Poland is proceeding with machine-like regularity, and now has entered the destructive stage of the struggle in South Poland, namely a battle for the possession of the important railroad line connecting Chelm, Lublin and Ivangorod and other strategically important cities.

The Russians, although clinging desperately to every undulation of the water course in the broken, sandy country, have been driven from their advanced position after another and forced to fall back on their last and main line of defense south of the railroad. The long battle line has been shortened considerably owing to the northward movement of the armies, and the Russians thereby have been enabled to concentrate in heavier force. But the same factor frees considerable masses of the allied troops to be used for a concentrated attack against the new line.

The advance had been executed under highly unfavorable conditions. The allies have had to force their way through a wide belt of sandy country, interrupted by frequent swamps. The Russians could not trench in this country with lightning rapidity, while the Austro-German artillery could be moved through the deep sand only when double spanned and with the gunners putting their shoulders to the wheels. Also marching and the observations for the artillery were hampered by wet weather and fog.

Munition and Officers Lacking. The opposing Russian troops are of the first quality. They are handicapped, however, by a lack of artillery and ammunition, and particularly from a shortage of officers, the battalions sometimes being commanded by a single commissioned officer.

The advance is proceeding in three columns. The objective of the easterly column is the Russian barrier south and southwest of Chelm. An Austro-German army is almost in touch with it.

The Austrian Archduke, Joseph Ferdinand's army, operating against Lublin and over which the Russians recently attempted to claim a victory near Krasnik, has passed already the furthest point reached by the Austrian General Dankl's army last August, and is steadily pushing back the Russians.

Before Ivangorod the Russians are fighting furiously in positions barely 10 miles south of the fortress, apparently attempting only to cover their retreat on Ivangorod. This position already has been broken at one point, and its abandonment is imminent. Ivangorod from this side is strong, and an attack against it difficult, but it is less defensible from the east, and the Archduke's advance from that region is its main danger.

Bukovina Fight Desperate. Comparative quiet prevails along the Bug River. The Austrians, by forcing a passage of the river at Sokal and the northward advance of the flank against any attempt at envelopment.

Desperate fighting, although on a smaller scale, is in progress on the Bukovina frontier, the Russians making vigorous attempts to break the northeastern front. An attack the night of the 20th north of Czernowitz, delivered under cover of darkness and in a heavy rain, lasted five hours before the Russians were repulsed with heavy casualties. The cannonading in this battle was plainly heard at Czernowitz.

Ivangorod Fortress Taken. Windau Is Burned by Russians Before Retreat.

BERLIN, via London, July 22.—The War Office today announced that the Austro-German forces which are driving at Warsaw from the south had compelled the Russians to retreat into the fortress of Ivangorod, about 56 miles southeast of the Polish capital. The fortress is now closely invested.

BECKER SEEKS WITNESSES. Friends Not Wholly Discouraged by Words of Governor.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The lawyers of Charles Becker, the ex-police lieutenant, who is sentenced to die next Wednesday for instigating the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, while disappointed at Governor Clegg's announcement that Becker's recent appeal to him has nothing new in it that would cause him to change his judgment, are not discouraged.

They held lengthy conferences today attempting to obtain corroborative witnesses to Becker's statement regarding the \$6000 fund said to have been collected by one of the chief witnesses against Becker, the disposition of including Rosenthal to leave the city. This money, it is said, was collected from East Side and Harlem gamblers, and it is believed that if some of these men come forward and substantiate Becker's statement in this regard an important point will have been gained.

A curious means of communication is the "gram language" as it is in the Congo. These people by this means converse with each other at considerable distances.

MAP SHOWING COURSE OF GERMAN MOVEMENT ON WARSAW.



The curve of the battle line from the Baltic provinces to the Roumanian border, as shown in the above map, indicates the co-ordinate movements of all the Teutonic armies in the general direction of Warsaw. While the Germans due west of the Polish capital still hold their lines along the Bzura and Rawka rivers, in which they have been entrenched for months, the forces in the north are evidently working their way southward, as well as westward. In the southern theater this movement is still more plainly seen. The lines of the opposing armies follow a general northwesterly trend from the region of Czernowitz along the Gnila Lipa and the Bug to a point within Russian Poland. In the sector between the Bug and the Vistula the front sweeps so that the invaders' impetus is carrying them northward.

The direction of the advance, indicated in the map by arrows, shows that a consummation of the Austro-German strategic plan would isolate Warsaw as well as clear the southeastern corner of Galicia of the Russians.

WAR STUFF AMPLE

German Crops Assure Sufficient Food for Nation.

METAL SUPPLY IS LARGE

Country Has Enough Material to Continue Hostilities for Years.

Russian Machine Gun Loss Placed at 15,000.

BERLIN, July 22.—(By wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The Overseas News Agency today gave out the following: Official investigations have established the fact that Germany is amply provided with all raw material necessary to continue the war for a long time to come. Good crops are furnishing sufficient quantities of breadstuffs, vegetables and potatoes. The production of meat is increasing. The production of wool is increasing. There are plenty of vegetable substances to produce all necessary oils and fats.

Reserves of Metal Large. "Of greater importance is the certainty that Germany is producing enough lead to satisfy all demands. Besides the large reserve stores, there are immense quantities of lead pipes, which are easily replaceable with iron. The stores of copper are large enough to manufacture all shells and shells of the war. Even if the production of Germany's enemies that the war will be of long duration should prove true, copper now in private use could be replaced easily with other materials. Statistics show that the amount of copper used in shells, household utensils, pots, plates and boilers is more than 200,000,000 tons, which is sufficient to continue the war for many years.

Russians Lose Many Guns. "According to a newspaper dispatch from Russian headquarters which was passed by the censor, the Russian armies have lost 15,000 machine guns, the greater part captured by the Germans and Austrians and the others ruined by the technical incapacity of the men.

The Russian government has prohibited the mailing of official casualty lists of officers to foreign countries."

TAXES TO BE EXTENDED

ASQUITH AGREES BRITAIN HAS NOT GONE FAR ENOUGH.

Increased Levy on Imports Considered, and Premier Says Exports Must Be on Increased Scale.

LONDON, July 22.—In the present exceptional circumstances the question of further taxation on imports needs serious consideration and the government and the Chancellor of the Exchequer will give the matter early attention, said Premier Asquith today to a deputation of bankers and merchants.

The premier fully concurred in a suggested wider application of the income tax, and in tentative form introduced the idea of broadening the basis of direct taxation.

Premier Asquith said he was in full agreement with the deputation that the country had not gone far enough in

MANY WOUNDED DOWN BY NEW ARTILLERY

Losses Suffered by All Armies Through Errors Known to Have Been Heavy.

REMEDY IS NOT FOUND

Statisticians Study in Vain Effort to Obviate Needless Loss—Uniforms Not Distinctive and Firing Range Is Long.

BOULOGNE, France, July 4.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—There is no doubt that the losses suffered by the attacking armies from the shell fire of their own artillery have been severe in the present war. Naturally, few references to such losses are found in the official dispatches, but men returning from the firing line frequently give accounts of such accidents, a noteworthy instance, as is well known, being at Neuve Chapelle, where in one attack the casualties from this source are said to have exceeded those of the enemy.

Experienced military observers declare that such losses must, in the nature of things, be frequent in modern warfare, and that the remedy is not much likelihood of the gunners being ignorant of the exact whereabouts of their own troops. Yet in the war of Napoleon there were many such mistakes.

Attacks Made by Schedule. In modern warfare, however, uniforms are seldom distinctive except at close sight, and attacking troops try every means to make themselves invisible. When an attack is launched, gunfire is concentrated on the point decided upon and is continued up to an agreed hour, when the infantry charges into the gap made by the artillery. Thereupon the range of the guns is lengthened to strike at the enemy's second line.

From the moment the attacking force reaches the enemy's first trenches the difficulty of accurately placing the gunfire increases, especially with smoke and dust hiding the progress of the troops from the enemy's observers. The gunner should be able to keep partially acquainted with the situation throughout. In one terrible instance almost invariably many of the important wire connections are cut off by the enemy's shell fire.

Complete Remedy Never Found. If the attackers gain an easy victory in the first trenches, they are likely to rush into the second line while their own artillery is still playing on these positions. In one terrible instance on the German front, the attackers found themselves pressed against the German barbed wire entanglements at a point where the preliminary artillery failed to clear away, and the troops in front of these entanglements were mowed down as they struggled to break through the barrier.

Every device known to the textbook has been tried in efforts to obviate the danger of friendly fire, but without any complete success. The losses of the attacking armies are the heaviest from this cause of any of the belligerents.

LETTERS FROM GUATEMALAN PRESIDENT ARE PUBLISHED

OFFICIAL PLEDGE GIVEN

SUGGESTION MADE THAT GERMAN OFFICERS BE NAMED AS INSTRUCTORS AS EFFECTIVE MEANS OF ESTABLISHING ARMY.

GALVESTON, Tex., July 22.—Support from President Manuel Estrada Cabrera, for the plans of General Victoriano Huerta and associates for re-establishing control of affairs in Mexico, was pledged as early as last February, according to La Voz de la Revolucion, a newspaper of Merida, Mexico, copies of which were circulating. This publication prints what purports to be letters from President Cabrera to General Huerta. In one of these letters President Cabrera is quoted as saying:

"It does not appear difficult to me to conciliate the revolutionary elements so worthily personified in you. As ruler and in my private capacity, you may count on my aid in any possible way to tranquillize Mexico. I am sure you will meet no opposition in Chiapas or Tabasco in carrying out this great business."

Another Cabrera letter, addressed to Jorge Vera Estanol at Los Angeles, after outlining offers of assistance similar to the foregoing, says:

"Permit me to suggest that a number of German officers be named as instructors, as I have them here, and which, in my case, were effective in establishing the nucleus of an army."

The paper also publishes a letter from General Huerta dated New York, April 12, addressed to Estanol, and says:

"While I was in Europe I was in active correspondence with the President of Guatemala, who seems disposed to aid our cause."

Possession of Letters Unexplained. The Merida newspaper gives no explanation of how it came into possession of the correspondence.

LOS ANGELES, July 22.—Jorge Vera Estanol, secretary of the interior while Victoriano Huerta was president of Mexico, has received from President Cabrera, of Guatemala, or anyone else letters suggesting interference with Mexican affairs or the employment of German officers as instructors of an army for Huerta.

"Mexico to get away from revolution and politics," said Estanol, "I am here practicing law."

ORDUNA SAILS WITH 195

SEVEN AMERICANS MAKE VOYAGE ON RETURNING CUNARDER.

PASSENGERS SHOW NO FEAR THAT VESSEL WILL BE ATTACKED ON WAY TO ENGLAND BY SUBMARINE.

NEW YORK, July 22.—With 195 passengers on board, including seven Americans, and with 9,000 tons of general cargo, the Orduna, of the Cunard line, sailed today for Liverpool. There was no attempt to prevent passengers departing, passengers going on board before the steamship departed. All baggage was examined and the hand baggage brought by the passengers underwent a close examination before it was brought on board.

There were no Americans in the first cabin, but in the second cabin were Mr. and Mrs. George Dean, of Worcester, Mass., who are on their way to visit relatives in England; and Hilda D. Hogan, a young woman of Lawrence, Mass., Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Hartley, a young English couple, also from Worcester, Mass., and their 18-month-old baby girl, who was born in this country.

The other Americans, three women and a man, were in the steerage. None of the passengers showed any fear that the Orduna would again be attacked by a German submarine.

HEIR TO \$15,000,000 DIES

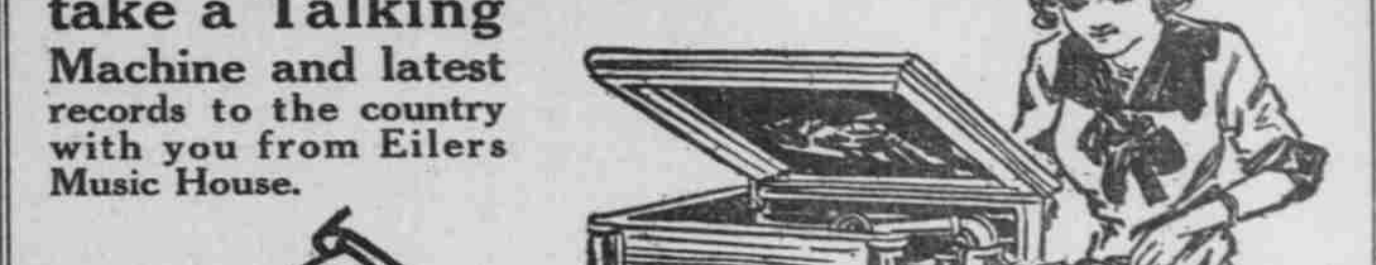
ENTIRE ARBUCKLE ESTATE OF \$30,000,000 ULTIMATELY GOES TO ANOTHER.

NEW YORK, July 22.—Charles Jameson, one of the two ultimate heirs to the \$30,000,000 estate of the late John Arbuckle, died today in Roosevelt Hospital after undergoing two operations for intestinal disease. Mr. Jameson was 45 years old.

The entire estate will now go to William A. Jameson, in case he survives his mother and his aunt.

Senator Chamberlain at Burns. BURNS, Or., July 22.—(Special.)—United States Senator George E. Chamberlain arrived here at noon today. After a meeting with citizens at the Ponamama Hall tonight Senator Chamberlain will leave for Baker.

vacationists take a Talking Machine and latest records to the country with you from Eilers Music House.



HERE ARE SOME USED ONES: Several, regular price \$25.00, reduced to \$18.50—Reduced price includes one dozen of the best records (24 selections). One, regular price \$105.00, with \$20 cabinet, reduced to \$73.50—Reduced price includes 36 selections of best records. An elegant, regular price \$200.00 machine, reduced to \$124.75—Reduced price will include 75 selections of records. Also quite a number of others, some old style ones, but good, for \$8, \$10 and \$12, records included.

EILERS MUSIC HOUSE, Broadway and Alder Street, Portland, Oregon. Please send me free illustrations and particulars about the phonographs which you are selling at the unusually low prices as advertised in The Oregonian. Name: Address:

The Jolliest Thing

under the trees, on the veranda, at the seaside and for dancing. EDUCATION! RECREATION! ENJOYMENT! All of these and other machines sent by mail upon receipt of price. Will also be sold on the well-known Eilers easy-payment plan. Some for only \$1 a week, some for \$6 a month, some for \$10 a month. Sent on free trial to Oregonian readers in or out of town.

CUT OUT AND MAIL TODAY

EILERS MUSIC HOUSE, Broadway and Alder Street, Portland, Oregon. Please send me free illustrations and particulars about the phonographs which you are selling at the unusually low prices as advertised in The Oregonian. Name: Address:

AID OFFERED HUERTA

Letters From Guatemalan President Are Published.

OFFICIAL PLEDGE GIVEN

SUGGESTION MADE THAT GERMAN OFFICERS BE NAMED AS INSTRUCTORS AS EFFECTIVE MEANS OF ESTABLISHING ARMY.

TWO MORE MEN ARE KILLED

Fighting began early tonight in a crowd near the plants and a man suspected of being a guard was rescued, by five motorcycle police. Examinations at a hospital showed the man's condition to be serious.

KAISER TOLD FOOD UNFIT

CAPTIVE FRENCH SERGEANT EXPRESSES SELF TO CONQUEROR. Emperor William Compliments Prisoner's Regiment, and Inquires Foremost of Bricks for Diet.

PARIS, July 22.—Albert Avalline, a member of the Paris Opera Company, has just returned from Germany, having been taken prisoner while acting as a stretcher bearer. He tells of a colloquy which he says occurred between Emperor William and a captured French Sergeant. Perceiving the number of the Sergeant's regiment on his collar, the Emperor praised the regiment, saying:

"I know it very well and I think most highly of it." "Not more than I do," replied the Sergeant.

The Emperor then asked what the Sergeant thought of the food supplied to the prisoners.

"We are provided with absolutely uneatable stuff at present," Avalline says the Sergeant responded. "Later on, I suppose, it will give us nothing but bricks."

The Emperor's smile, M. Avalline says, was hoisted at this remark, but the Emperor, unperturbed, passed on.

MAJESTIC THEATER

Today and Tomorrow On Dangerous Paths

Featuring The Popular Broadway Star, Viola Dana

OTHER FEATURES COMING SUNDAY

"Prohibition" The Sensation of the Season.

POSLAM DOES WONDERS FOR SKIN AND SCALP

The intense healing power of Poslam is at your service and for your benefit. Utilize it for any skin disorder serious or slight. Heals stubborn Eczema, Acne, Psoriasis, Scalp-Scald, all forms of Itch including Barber's Itch and Itching Feet. Eradicates Dandruff, Herpes, Removes Pimples, Blackheads, Freckles, Redness, Sunburn. Takes soreness out of Scalds, Hives, Mosquito-Bites, Ivy-Poisoning. Just the right antiseptic treatment for open sore spots, cuts and abrasions.

Poslam Soap imparts the hygienic effects of antiseptic medication with Poslam. Try it for Tetter and Itch.

For samples, send 4c stamps to Emergency Laboratories, 31 West 25th St., New York City. Sold by all Druggists.

MEXICAN LOOTERS SHOT

Carranza General Confirms Reports of 50 or 60 Executions.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., July 22.—General P. Elias Calles, Carranza commander in Sonora, confirmed today previous reports that his soldiers had executed between 50 and 60 Villa troops caught looting stores and residences at Cananea.

Calles also reported that his advance guard was within 12 miles of Nogales, where Governor Maytorena has concentrated all available Villa forces.

FOREIGN RELATIONS CUT

CHAOS SUFFERED HEAVY LOSSES, WAS REPORTED TO THE STATE DEPARTMENT TONIGHT. Quiet was restored and order enforced, the report said, the following day after Carranza's army under General Calles had occupied the town.

The reports that the Carranza government would cut off communication with nations which had no diplomatic agents accredited to him at Vera Cruz created interest and surprise in official and diplomatic circles, particularly in view of the general understanding that foreign governments were awaiting action by the United States toward Mexico before recognizing any government in the republic. It was announced recently that Great Britain definitely had determined to extend no recognition until a government had been recognized by the United States.