



GERMANY TOLD NOT TO REPEAT OFFENSE

President Decides on Terms of Warning.

BERLIN'S OFFER IS REJECTED

Illegality of Attacks Without Notice Is Assumed.

NOTE TO BE SENT TODAY

Disavowal of Intent to Kill Americans on Lusitania and Reparation Still to Be Insisted On With Firmness.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—President Wilson and Secretary Lansing, conferring at the White House today, completed the new note to Germany, giving warning that the repetition of a disaster such as that visited upon the Lusitania, or any violation of American rights on the high seas resulting in loss of American lives, will be regarded as "unfriendly." It will be dispatched tomorrow.

The note is in the nature of a final statement by the United States of the interpretation that will be placed by this Government on future transgressions of American rights, and repeats that the American Government will leave nothing undone to stand by the position it has previously declared.

Illegality of Acts Assumed.

Among the points in the new note are:

1. The assumption by the United States that Germany, by declaring her submarine warfare to be a retaliatory measure against the alleged unlawful acts of her enemies, has admitted that the destruction of unresisting merchantmen without warning is illegal.

2. German submarine commanders already have proved that they can save the passengers and crews of vessels and can act in conformity with the laws of humanity in making war on enemy ships.

3. The United States cannot allow the relations between the belligerents to operate in any way as an abbreviation of the rights of neutrals and therefore any violation of the principles for which the American Government contends, resulting in a loss of American lives will be viewed as "unfriendly."

Demand for Reparation Renewed.

4. The representations which the American Government has made in previous notes for the purpose of intention to sink the Lusitania with Americans aboard and the request for reparation are reiterated with renewed insistence.

5. The American Government realizes the unusual and abnormal conditions which the present conflict has created in the conduct of maritime warfare and is willing to act as an intermediary as between the belligerents to arrange a modus vivendi or any other temporary arrangements which do not involve a surrender by the United States of its rights.

6. The proposals made by Germany to give immunity to American ships not carrying contraband and to belligerent ships under the American flag are rejected with the emphatic assertion that to accept such suggestions would be to admit Germany's right to set aside the American contention based on fundamental principles in international law—that neutrals may travel anywhere on the high seas on nonresisting ships without nationality, even if carrying contraband.

Discussion of Principles Ended.

The note is about 1200 words long. While nowhere in it is there any direct intimation of the course which the United States will pursue in the event of another disaster similar to the Lusitania tragedy, there are emphatic statements throughout the communication pointing out that the discussion of the principles involved has been virtually concluded and that future conduct of German commanders will determine the responsibility for the friendly relations between the two countries.

The statement that future transgressions will be regarded as "unfriendly" is taken in diplomatic usage to preface a break of friendly relations unless reparation and disavowal are forthcoming.

President Wilson, it is understood, has considered fully and at length the construction which may be placed on the implications of the note and is prepared to deal with any new situation that may arise. He is hopeful and confident, however, it is said, that Germany, having already modified to a great extent the practice of her submarine commanders, will not take such precautions as seem necessary to prevent any action that would endanger friendly relations with the United States.

From 8 o'clock this morning until late tonight the President, with the exception of a few hours, spent in recreation, was at work on a copy of the note. Secretary Lansing, who had drafted it, worked on the original and took it to the President tonight, with several changes. The President agreed with Mr. Lansing's suggestions and tomorrow the document will be finally revised in phraseology before starting on its way to Berlin.

NAVY-YARDS ARE CLOSELY GUARDED

SENIORIES CARRY LOADED GUNS SINCE BATTLESHIP FIRES.

Number of Posts Increased Five-fold and Orders Are Given to Shoot if Necessary.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—Although officials at the Philadelphia Navy-yard denied that recent fires aboard battleships had caused them to take extraordinary precautions, it was noticed today that the guards about the yard had been increased to more than five times the usual number. Where there were formerly only three posts there are now 16 and each sentry carried a rifle loaded with ball cartridges. Some of them said they had instructions to shoot if necessary.

The guards at the entrance were also strengthened and strangers passing were closely scrutinized, while near the vessels of the reserve fleet were signs saying visitors were not permitted. On some of the battleships, however, it was said that visitors would be allowed Saturday and Sunday. In addition to the close guard placed around the buildings and warships, extra men have been detailed to guard the aviation field and the guns of the advance base.

The official investigation into the fire on the dreadnought Oklahoma at the yard of the New York Shipbuilding Company in Camden has not been completed, but preliminary reports leave the exact cause a mystery. All the water has not yet been pumped out of the compartment where the blaze occurred, and until this is done it was said the extent of the damage could not be determined.

2297 POLES ARE REMOVED

Success of City's Campaign for Clear Streets Reported On.

An antipole campaign started about a year ago by the city has borne fruit. A report was submitted to Commissioner Daly yesterday showing that since last August arrangements have been made for the elimination of 2297 poles. This has been possible by the agreement between the various public service companies for joint pole ownership.

The committee representing the companies was appointed in August and soon got plans into definite form. In addition to removing unnecessary poles, the committee has arranged so that the various companies use the same poles, thereby doing away with duplication.

UNDERSEA HERO IDENTIFIED

Credit Placed for Sinking of German Battleship in Baltic.

LONDON, July 21.—To Commander Max Horton falls the credit of having sunk the German battleship which was torpedoed in the Baltic July 2 by a British submarine. Thomas McNamara, financial secretary of the Admiralty, informed the House of Commons today that a communication to this effect had been received from the Russian government.

The German battleship which was sunk is believed to have been the Pomern.

Commander Horton previously was in command of the submarine which sank a German destroyer off the mouth of the Ems last October.

GRANDFATHER AIDS LOVE

Canyon City Pair Elopes to Idaho for Secret Marriage.

BAKER, Or., July 21.—(Special.)—When Miss Anna Erma Fields left Canyon City to meet her sweetheart and be married secretly she took her grandfather, Martin A. Lucas, with her, and the wedding was a secret and a success.

She arranged for John M. Muldrick, also of Canyon City, to go by automobile while she traveled with her grandfather by train to Mountain Home, Idaho, where the ceremony was performed. Mr. and Mrs. Muldrick then returned to Canyon City with the grandfathers and the three of the march they had stolen on their friends.

Grandfather Lucas is as happy over the coup as is the couple.

GRAND DUKE IS CONFIDENT

Russian Commander Says Soldiers' Spirit Is Unbroken.

MOSCOW, via London, July 21.—Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russian commander-in-chief, received a deputation representing the municipality here today. He spoke enthusiastically of the spirit of the Russian soldiers, all of whom he said were confident of final and complete victory.

A commission appointed to investigate charges of inhuman methods on the part of the Germans made a report today that they had employed shells with castor oil tips, which were filled with prussic acid.

DARK COLORS IN VOGUE

Dress Fabric Buyers Make Selections From 2000 Shades.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Dark colors will be popular in dress fabrics this Fall, according to the prediction of E. B. Hoagland, of the Textile Color Card Association. Mr. Hoagland reported the color selections by experts to a meeting of the Jobbers' Association of Dress Fabric Buyers here today. The selections were made from more than 2000 shades of cloth received from all parts of the United States.

MEXICANS VIOLATE BORDER AGREEMENT

Forces May Be Asked to Leave Naco.

GARRISON URGES WARNING

Secretary Disturbed by Carranza's Occupation of Town.

CAPITAL STILL CUT OFF

Mexico City Situation Continues to Cause Apprehension in Washington—Decisive Battle May Be Impending.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Occupation of the Mexican side of the town of Naco, on the Mexico-Arizona border, by Carranza forces was brought to the attention of the State Department today by Secretary of War Garrison, with the recommendation that the Carranza commander be requested to withdraw in accord with the agreement entered into last winter that there should be no fighting there.

No action has been taken tonight by the State Department. Secretary Lansing had before him the War Department's recommendation, reports from consular agents on the border, and a protest against the taking of Naco from Enrique C. Lorente, General Villa's agent here.

Americans Again Imperiled.

The international boundary runs through Naco, and when the Mexican factions were contending for its possession bullets and shells were constantly falling on the American side. Through Major-General Scott, chief of staff of the United States Army, Governor Maytorena, for Villa, and the Carranza leader, General Calles, agreed that all military forces should be withdrawn and the town left an undefended neutral port. Secretary Garrison regards the present occupation as a violation of the agreement, likely to lead to renewed fighting and endangering of American lives.

In his protest to Secretary Lansing today, the Villa agent declared that only the absence of Maytorena troops from Northern Sonora to protect Americans in the Yaqui territory had made possible the taking of Naco and the killing of civilian guards and customs employes.

Officials Are Apprehensive.

The situation at Mexico City and surrounding territory continued today to arouse apprehension in official quarters here, no direct word having been received from the capital since reports yesterday that Zapata's forces had reentered the city following its evacuation by Carranza's army under General Gonzalez. There is no official information about General Gonzalez or (Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

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MARRIED RECRUITS MANY

Family Men in British Army Number More Than 843,000.

LONDON, July 21.—Speaking for the Government in the House of Lords today, Lord Newton said that the number of married men at present in the British army was approximately 843,000.

The aggregate cost of separation allowances paid to wives and children of these men has been £25,000,000 (\$125,000,000).

H. S. STONE'S BODY FOUND

Identification of Victim of Lusitania Tragedy Is Complete.

QUEENSTOWN, Ireland, July 21.—The body of Herbert S. Stone, who was a Lusitania victim, has come ashore at Ballybunnion, a small town at the mouth of the River Shannon on the west coast of Ireland, about 150 miles from the point where the Lusitania was sunk.

NATION REMISS IN DUTY, COLONEL SAYS

Unpreparedness Held to Invite Contempt.

SWISS SYSTEM IS ADVOCATED

Universal Military Service Is Declared Necessary.

PACIFICISTS ARE RAPPED

Mother Unwilling to Raise Her Boy to Be Soldier Declared Unfit for Citizenship—Army of 200,000 Is Favored.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—Theodore Roosevelt, introduced today by Governor Johnson of California, his former running mate on the Progressive presidential ticket, as the "world figure—greatest of living Americans," addressed the greatest throng that ever listened to a speaker in this city. Standing beneath the shimmering Tower of Jewels and facing the great Court of the Universe, whose every vantage point within reach of his voice was jammed with men and women, Colonel Roosevelt was the attraction of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition today. His address on "War and Peace" was read from the manuscript, and as he finished with each page it was crumpled in his hand and thrown away.

Adequate Defense Advocated.

For more than an hour and a half, amid constant applause, Colonel Roosevelt declared the theory of peace at any price, and urged an Army and Navy adequate for the proper defense of the Nation. He frequently deviated from his written speech and made interpolations as the thoughts occurred to him. At one time he was disturbed by cries of "Down, down, in front."

Glancing up, Colonel Roosevelt saw a long step ladder on which half a dozen photographers were perched snapping him.

After the applause had subsided he smiled broadly and said: "That, my friends, is the policy of the square deal. That's what Uncle Sam should be able to do, without hurting anybody. He's a contemptible creature if he cannot protect his own."

Worth-While Peace Preferred.

Defining his own stand, Colonel Roosevelt said: "I'm not for war. I want peace, but I don't want peace for Uncle Sam because outsiders don't think him worth kicking."

Just before his address in the Court of the Universe, Colonel Roosevelt spoke for a few minutes to the enlisted men and officers of the Army and Navy in front of the Enlisted Men's Club on the Exposition grounds, where he planted a small poplar tree. When (Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

Wednesday's War Moves

A SERIES of great battles to decide the fate of Warsaw is being fought to the northwest and south of that city. Having successfully retired to positions on rivers and being well flanked by fortresses, the Russians have turned and are fighting desperately to stem the Austro-German onslaught.

To the north, on the river Narow, they delivered yesterday three fierce counter attacks from the fortresses of Rozan, Pultusk and Novogeorgievsk. The Germans, who had taken one out-work of Rozan, repulsed these counter attacks, according to official reports received in Berlin, but apparently have been unable to make any progress southward.

Immediately west of Warsaw, on what is known as the Blonie-Grojec line, the Russians have suffered a reverse and are retreating toward the Vistula. Farther south, the army of General von Woyrsch is making progress toward the same river, which has been reached at one point.

To the south of Lvangorod, Field Marshal von Mackensen, who is directing the offensive between the Vistula and the Bug, has reached the Russian lines and here the greatest of all battles is being fought for the possession of the Lublin-Cholm railway. On the resistance between the two cities, the Austro-Germans are making their biggest effort, probably depends the success or failure of the Austro-German operations. Apparently the Austro-Germans feel certain of the outcome, for it is said that Emperor William, who is at Posen, has sent for the Empress to make a state entry into the Polish capital when it falls.

Things are moving a little more quickly in Courland, where the Germans have met with success all along the line, bringing them within striking distance of Riga, and the roads which supply that town from the south.

The French have made another bid for the valley of the Foch, in the Vosges. They have delivered several attacks which have been partially successful and have captured the heights dominating that valley from the east.

About the same time French airmen dropped bombs on Colmar. Beyond this and a German attack in the Ardennes, which the Germans declare met with success, and another German attack in the forest of Apremont, which the French assert was repulsed, only artillery engagements have occurred along the western front.

The Italian offensive on the Isonzo continues and Rome reports further progress, particularly in Carso plateau.

MORE JITNEYS REJECTED

Poorer Machines Showing Up as Time Limit Approaches.

Jitneys are now being put out of business with a lavish hand by Jitney Inspector Gallup. Saturday noon has been set as the final hour for all machines to have passed the city's examination of machines and drivers. The incompetent drivers and drivers with poor machines have held off on the inspection to the last minute, while the others have gone through the inspection.

As a result, the inspector reports that he is now getting the poorer machines. Yesterday he rejected more machines and drivers than he was able to pass. About 300 machines have passed the test so far and 25 have been rejected. About 19 of the rejections have been this week.

WORKERS ADDRESS WILSON

Complaints Include Disagreement With Secretary of Navy.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Machinists from the Washington Navy-Yard complained to President Wilson today that officials were writing in red ink on the face of discharge cards issued to those who leave to accept private employment a statement to the effect that the men were giving up their posts at a time when the Government needed their services.

They also complained of a disagreement with Secretary Daniels over a wage readjustment, and asked the President to have their pay increased. The leaders said they would await the President's action.

CAILLAUX ANSWERS CRITIC

Ex-Premier Denies He Ever Advised Peace With Germany.

PARIS, July 21.—Joseph Caillaux, ex-Premier, who has been the target of several attacks since the beginning of the war, today made a statement in his own defense. He declared untrue newspaper articles attributing to him the assertion that France should have made peace with Germany after the battle of Charleroi.

"I am as much a patriot as any citizen of France," M. Caillaux declared, "and nothing could be more fantastic than the declaration printed as coming from me."

DASHING ROBBER IS COLLEGE GRADUATE

Hooper Said to Have Admitted Crimes.

BOAST IS MADE OF RECORD

Captive Scouts Sentiment and Says He Never Killed.

CAREER IS SPECTACULAR

Long Train of Daring Robberies Is Laid at Door of Well-Dressed Young Man Who Hints at Budding Romance at The Dalles.

CHIMES LAID AT THE DOOR OF JOHN AUSTIN HOOPER.
Holdup of Gordon Jacobs, Hornbrook, Cal., netting \$600 worth of gold dust.
Theft of two horses at Weed, Cal.
Attempting a train robbery at Sedro-Woolley, Wash.
Holdup of Oregon City train at Canemah, March 3.
Holdup of Rogue River Bank, at Rogue, Or., netting \$1800.
Burglary of two banks in Grants Pass.
Holdup of telephone exchange at Grants Pass.
Holdup of Southern Pacific depot at Grants Pass.
Holdup of Oregon City electric train, June 2, at Glen Echo Station.
Authorities also believe Hooper may have gone to Yellowstone Park and held up a party of Shriners, July 9.

John Austin Hooper, who was arrested at The Dalles Tuesday night, suspected of being the leader in a series of spectacular and successful holdups in California and Oregon, was brought to Portland yesterday under heavy guard and placed in the Multnomah County Jail.

On the trip to Portland, and in the County Jail, Hooper, who is a college graduate, learned in many ways, and somewhat of a philosopher practically admitted several of the crimes laid to him, and gave evidence that he knew much of the details.

To Sheriff Chrisman of Wasco County, Patrolman Gibbons of The Dalles, Ed Wood, special agent of the O. W. R. & N. Company, and Lou Wagner, special agent for the Portland Railway, Light & Power Company, Hooper made damaging admissions. It is said, to Portland detectives Hooper also uncovered some of his history and deeds.

The prisoner probably will be taken to Grants Pass today.

Alma Mater Kept Secret.

Hooper is a graduate of a college in California, respect for which prompted him yesterday to keep the name a secret for the present. His father, he told one of the special agents, was a United States Commissioner, but he refused to say in which department of the Government. He has a brother who is high in legal circles, and another brother who, he says, follows a rather shiftless career.

A strain of romance was hinted at yesterday when Hooper divulged the fact that a highly respectable girl in The Dalles had become a close friend of his while he was there. She is a working girl, and Hooper said he had purchased a auto at The Dalles which he intended giving to the girl. He steadfastly kept her name a secret, saying she knew nothing of his career.

Reform Idea Scouted.

Hooper scouted the suggestion that the budding romance might have been the beginning of a determination to "go straight."

"No, nothing like that," he answered. "I am a straight-away hold-up man, and I do it on scientific principles. I never took a cent from a poor man; if I did I always tried to give it back."

"Furthermore, I haven't a dead man to my credit or discredit. I don't think it necessary to kill to hold up a man. I can flash this gun or that gun, and turn the trick just as well, and I guess I am cool enough not to pull the trigger. That's where the average holdup man is foolish. However, I guess I can shoot straight."

Prisoner Feels Hazing.

"But I'm glad there have been no murders about here recently, or I am sure I'd be accused of them, and hanging—though I guess it's out of style in Oregon—is no laughing matter."

Though the suspect proclaimed his innocence of the charges in public, one of the Portland detectives is authority for the assertion that Hooper admitted the evasively holdup of Portland Railway, Light & Power Company streetcar at Canemah Park, March 3, and the robbery of the Southern Pacific station at Grants Pass.

Hooper arrived in Portland yesterday escorted by Sheriff Smith, of Grants Pass, and Lou Wagner, Sheriff Smith desires to take his prisoner on to Grants Pass today to stand trial in that city instead of having him sent back to Folsom for breaking his parole. Hooper admitted breaking his parole, granted in October last.

Hooper is also suspected of robbing a streetcar at Glen Echo on June 2 and also of robbing the Rogue River (Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

